

PATENT OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Advertiser* at the following rates. A square will be inserted at 25c per line; a column, 15c per line. One square and half, 35c per line; one column, 25c per line; one-half page, 50c per line; one square one week, 3.00; each additional square one week, 2.00; each additional column two weeks, 2.50; one square one month, 8.00; each additional square one month, 3.00; one square two months, 10.00; each additional square three months, 12.00; each additional column, 4.00; one-quarter column, 2.50; one-half column, 4.00; one column, 7.00; regular insertion, 15c per line or less, will be charged only 10c for three months. All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices of advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25c per cent higher than the above charges. Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above. Court advertisements inserted 8 weeks for \$7 each or \$10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1867.

CAPT. R. A. SHOTWELL, of Newbern, is our authorized agent to receive subscriptions and advertising for the *Sentinel* in Craven, Carteret, Jones and Onslow. He will spend the summer at Morehead City and Beaufort, and will give us the news from that section.

REGISTRATION.

Whites	Blacks
Hay's Store (Wake)	76 32
Lincoln (2 precincts)	328 211
Rowan (complete)	1,667 954
Chowan (complete)	527 619
Warren	371 1,486
Wayne (thus far)	854 816

THE MILITARY COMMISSION.

UNITED STATES VS TOLAR, POWERS AND WATKIN.

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 28.
Duncas J. McAllister, *sicca*: Is a farmer; lives eleven miles N.E. of Fayetteville. Known John Armstrong, (an important witness for the prosecution) and his general character for truth; it is not good; has known it for some time.

Cross Examined: John Armstrong is about thirty-five or forty; he used to belong to Mrs. Jennie Armstrong. Her plantation is in my neighborhood. John has lately been living at her son's. Have heard his character called into question by Mr. Stuart, Mr. Murphy, Mr. McCoy, Wm. Murphy, Mr. Pemberton, McPhail, McAllister, and several others. Stuart spoke of John Armstrong swearing to a lie about an account against his former master. Heard Mr. Murphy speak of John Armstrong in connection with cattle stealing, and said he would swear to anything. Also, since Sherman's army came by, heard Murphy say that John Armstrong volunteered his services to swear falsely in regard to a mule.

Heard McCoy, who was an officer in the County, say frequently that John Armstrong was unworthy of credit. Heard Wm. Murphy say lately, that he would not believe John Armstrong. Also heard several others to the same effect. Witness was not in Fayetteville when Boice was killed. Is an acting Magistrate in the neighborhood, where John Armstrong came from.

Re-Direct: Have heard the character of persons above named say that the character of John Armstrong for truth is bad; also several others; have never heard anybody say it was good.

Questioned by Court: John Armstrong was never arrested for stealing cattle, nor for sufficient evidence. There were deserters from the confederate army near Fayetteville, during the war, who frequently stole cattle. There are some negroes witness would be here on oath as quick as a white man, but, generally, he would give preference to a white man's oath.

[Upon a sworn affidavit, introduced by Capt. Tolar, Griffin Chance (*nigro*) was ordered by the Court to be summoned as a witness for the Defense.]

Garrison & Deming, *sicca*: Reside in Fayetteville. Witness' business place is at L.B. Davis store. Was at the market house while Boice's trial was going on; only remained a few minutes; then went back to upper story of Davis' store; looked out of the window and saw Boice on the pavement; he looked like he was just recovering from a fall. The window was raised. The noise attracted witness' attention, and he looked out the window. Saw a pistol go off and Boice fell; saw the flash and smoke. Boice was on the pavement then, about the middle of it, near the S. E. corner of the market house. Heard him say "stop putting me" or something like that. The pistol was about two feet and a half from his head and to his right and left. There was a compact crowd to his rear, which was in motion. Can't say who fired the pistol.

Witness went down and saw Capt. Tolar there, after Boice was killed; he was in the market house. Saw Lebood Davis on the walk, between his store and the market house. Saw Sam Phillips there, after the pistol fired. Don't recall seeing a single weapon there that day except the one that shot Boice.

To the Court: Was R. M. Orrell a Captain of local police in 1865?

Question: Was made by the Prosecution, which objections were presented by the Court.

Witness is acquainted with the hand-writing of R. M. Orrell, and testifies that an order pronounced in Court was signed by Capt. Orrell.

It was decided by the Court that the order should not be received as evidence.

Cross Examined: Have been living in Fayetteville for the last fifteen or sixteen years. The day on which Boice was killed we, rather cool, say so, it was windy. Went over to the market house to hear the trial, but was not admitted. There were twenty or thirty persons there at that time. It is about three-quarters of an hour after Boice went to the market house, that Boice was killed.

Witness looked out at the window, when the ladies got into the carriage and saw Tolar, Powers and others go out. Didn't notice any excavations from the crowd; saw Powers have a look; no one make a sound upon it. When Boice was killed, L. B. Davis was standing in the same way, before the window on the side of his store and the market house. Saw him there when witness returned; saw Tolar standing under the market house, talking with some one.

While over there, witness heard Isaac Beckton (*nigro*) say "Capt. Tolar shot him." Never saw Tolar bearing a pistol. Am not a mason.

Re-Direct: L. B. Davis was near the same spot when witness passed him both times. Heard Beckton say "Capt. shot him." Capt. Tolar was then about thirty feet off. There was a crowd waiting between Beckton and Tolar, in about the same tone of voice that Beckton spoke.

Questions by Court: Witness was about six feet from Beckton, when he made this remark, between him and the market house. Court adjourned to Thursday, 11 o'clock, A.M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Cotton Gins, Pump Presses, Horse Powers, Labor Saving Pumps, &c., Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern, N.C.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething: American Office, Fulton St., N.Y.

The Great Southern Blood Medicine: Dr. Lawrence's (Wilson, N.C.) Compound Extract of Rosmaris: Williams, Haywood & Co., Raleigh.

Bitting's Old Rye Whiskey: Fullam, Jones & Co., Fayetteville Street.

NEW SOUTHERN BOOKS.—We are indebted to the excellent and enterprising Publishers, Edward J. Hale & Sons, No. 16 Murray St., New York, for a copy of "Dabney's Defence of Virginia, (and, through her, of the South.)" We have not had an opportunity of inspecting its contents, but, from the high reputation of the author, we have no doubt that it is all that could be desired. It is gotten up in beautiful style, and reflects the highest credit upon the *spiritual* of the Miss. Hale. The volume (duodecimo and bound in cloth) will be mailed free of postage, \$1.50, and a liberal discount will be made to the Trade and to Agents.

The Messrs. Hale will issue, next week, "The Diary of a Southern Refugee, during the War, by a Lady of Virginia."

HUMORS OF REGISTRATION.—An individual, rather more than half was over, presented himself for registration, in this City, on Wednesday.

The usual question was proposed:

"Did you hold any office before the war, sir?"

The bibulous applicant, doubtless recalling some of his *ante-bellum* glories, responded, with a hiccup, that he had "once been a fox hunter, and that if kept him from voting, he couldn't help it and didn't care a red."

MUNICIPAL.—A regular meeting of the Board of Commissioners was held on Wednesday evening. Present: Wm. D. Hay wood, Esq., Mayor; Messrs. J. D. Royster, J. M. Betts, J. A. Moore, B. F. Cheatham, D. L. Royer, J. J. Overby, R. H. Battle and P. G. Overby, Commissioners.

The proceedings of the last regular meeting were read and approved.

Sundry accounts of City Night Watch, amounting to \$20,753, were allowed.

Mr. Gwin, Esq., Org. petitioned the Board to reduce their fees from \$400 to \$300, for the present year; and, on motion of Mr. Betts, it was ordered that the rent be reduced at the rate of \$300 per year, from the 1st of July last, with the understanding that the improvements referred to in their application be not removed.

Mrs. S. Putney was refunded \$4, on City Tax-exemption.

On motion of Mr. J. J. Overby, a Committee was appointed, consisting of Messrs. J. J. Overby, P. Gwin, and B. F. Cheatham, to consider with Gov. Worth and ascertain if the City can have the use of the buildings in the Baptist Grove, for the purpose of keeping the Fire Engine.

Mr. J. J. Overby offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

"Resolved, That section 1st, of chapter 6, concerning the market, be amended by striking out Saturday, and inserting on every Saturday, from 9 o'clock in the week,

The Police was instructed to enforce the ordinance prohibiting the throwing of stones or other missiles upon the streets and side walks, the "bean shooters" having become a nuisance.

All boys found running at large, on or after the 29th inst., will be taken up under the ordinance and sold.

THE CAPE FEAR.—The Wilmington Journal says:

"This present summer has been one of the most remarkable in the annals of W. N. Carolina. Aug. 29.—P. M.

The Brownsville Rancher has published a copy of an order of Beauregard to the Chief of Police, directing the arrest of Catholic priests crossing from the American to the Mexican side of the river, holding them subject to his disposition.

Gen. Reynolds has established a quarantine between Brownsville and Corpus Christi.

The Board of Health of this city reports 20 deaths from the yellow fever yesterday.

STRONG MINDED WOMEN ON THE HAMPOKE.—New York, Aug. 29.—P. M.

Susan B. Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton will soon leave for Kansas, where they will advocate female suffrage till the election.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—P. M.

Custom receipts for week ending 24th, were \$3,000.

The Speaker, Colorado has arrived after two weeks absence.

REVENUE FOR 1864-5.

Gen. Emory commands Gen. Canby in the command of this Department.

A Court-martial is to be convened at Lexington on the 1st of September, to try Gen. Stuart, on a charge of absence without leave.

MARKET.

New York, Aug. 29.—P. M.

Cotton heavy, \$600 bales, etc.

FLOUR, State \$6.75-\$11.00; Northern \$9-\$11.00; Wheat flour, Southern \$11-\$12.00.

CORN mixed Western \$1.12-\$1.13.

Pork steady, Gold \$1.41, 5-10 Companys \$1.14.

BAKING POWDER, Aug. 29.—P. M.

Cotton flat, annually 27.

Wheat flour, fair to prime \$1.25-\$1.35.

Corn lower, White \$1.05, Yellow \$1.14-\$1.15.

Bacon, shoulder, \$1.12-\$1.14.

MEAT, \$1.75.

WILMINGTON, Aug. 29, P. M.

Spices Turpentine, saltpeter, Rose water, etc.

WILMINGTON, Aug. 29.—P. M.

Customs receipts for week ending 24th, were \$3,000.

LITTLE GIRL LOST IN THE MOUNTAINS.—We published a few days since a paragraph giving an account of a little girl who went out from her father's house in the evening to look for the cows and was not seen again for nine days. We learn from a gentleman from Augusta county that she spent the entire time of her absence in a place called Pattersonville: "He was very bold, intelligent, and expressed himself with much confidence. He advised his colored friends not to work for the rebels next year, but to let the lands grow up in bushes, and then the black men will break up the planters and get their lands, mules, etc. He went strongly in favor of secession. He said he never saw a white man riding in a four-wheeled buggy that he didn't want two of the wheels—thus he never saw a man with two marks that he didn't want one of them, or two coats that he didn't want one. He wanted to see the white woman come to the wash tub, and the white man to the milk pail, plow and hoe. He wanted to build up the black man and pull down the white man."

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LAWRENCE ASYLUM.—During our brief stay in Raleigh, we visited this institution, and were shown through the different wards by H. Harvey Moore, Esq., (the right man in the right place,) Steward of the institution. We were much pleased to find everything kept in the best manner,—the floors all clean, the calls comfortable, and the inmates appearing neat. Dr. Fisher, and his able corps, deserve the thanks of the people of the State for the faithful manner in which they discharge their arduous duties. May the officers of this movement to the wisdom and liberality of our State remain in charge, so long as their health and age will enable them to work in the human cause of rendering comfortable the unfortunate sons and daughters of our State. —*Goldwater Star.*

The Philadelphia Press says:

"A Republican Congressional committee is now sitting to investigate the horrors of Andersonville, Libby, Belle Island, Millen, and other rebel prison pens, and to prove and publish to the world the wanton violation of the laws of nations practiced by the rebels."

We dare say the committee will execute their order, and will "prove" what they were appointed to prove. But such *ex parte* investigations will deceive no honest mind. It will be remembered, ton, that a proposition to inquire into "the horrors" of Fort Delaware Johnson's Island, Camp Chase and the like was voted down.

The contest for constitutional liberty is to be fought in the North. Our Radical friends tell us they would prostrate ghosts by the authority of the sword. They would secure good government by organizing States with the blacks in the foreground. They would promote harmony by disfranchising large classes of white men. Liberty is blighted under the shadow of the tyrants. It cannot be maintained by coining with an ignorant rabble unaccustomed to power as ignorant rabble unaccustomed to self-government. It cannot flourish when men, well versed in affairs, are sweepingly excluded from all participation in the government. —*N. Y. Times*, Aug. 27th.

NEURON IN THE NORTH.—On the night from Buffalo to the other day we saw a very well dressed and respectable looking American citizen of African descent, apply for a birth on the sleeping car. He was very promptly refused the privilege, and had either to stay behind or sit up all night. While in bed, was arguing this case, a white passenger, whom he knew as an old-time anti-slavery active, stepped up to the agent and said at all events, in his view, that negro obtain a birth adjacent to his. Now, we do not purpose at this time to enter into any argument about the prejudice to color or antagonism of race, or instinct of Caucasianism, as whatever it may be. We merely wish to remark that if the incident had occurred in South Carolina the railroad agent would have been compelled to pay a fine of at least \$200. For that was the ruling of Dixie on public occasions in Georgia. The agent however, said no one can make a small speech, and so he did. —*N. Y. Times*, Aug. 27th.

The Buffalo Courier says that Sheriff is the young man ever mentioned for the Presidency, but thinks he will be bold enough before the thing is ended.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Thursday Afternoon Dispatches.

THE ORDER OF GEN. GRANT, BELIEVING SHERIDAN.

Washington, Aug. 29.—M.

The following is the order relating to Sheridan:

In compliance with the instructions of the President of the United States, Major General P. H. Sheridan, will, on receipt of this order, turn over his command to the Breckinridge General Charles Griffin, the officer next senior to himself, and proceed without delay, to Fort Leavenworth, Missouri, and will relieve Major General Hancock, in command of the Department of Missouri.

On being relieved by Major General Sheridan, Major General Hancock will proceed without delay, to New Orleans, La., and assume command of the 1st Division of the Army of the Mississippi, and the Department of the Gulf.

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