The Daily Sentinel.

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DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

EXTRACTS

From the Late Message of Gov. Swann, of Maryland.

After alluding to the question of immigration, the Department of Agriculture and Labor, the Maryland penitentiary, and the various internal improvements in the State, the Governor devotes the following portion of this important message to the questions of negro suffrage and negro equality, and the proposed territorial government of the State:

"The impracticability of removing the barriers which, since the origin of this Government, have separated the white and colored races, is becoming every day more and more a fixed conclusion in the minds of the people. The natural repugnance to amalgamation, which existed almost universally before the breaking out of the war, is not in the least modified by the extraordinary efforts, backed by every device of power and intimidation, which have been resorted to, to give fictitious prominence to the negro character, his capacity for development even beyond that of the white race, and his claim to stand on equal ground with the Anglo-Saxon, who founded this Government. The white man can never be educated to believe that the negro is his equal; nor can he be persuaded, unless warped in his heretofore fixed impressions, that the two races can be brought together in political or social fraternization, upon terms of equality, without degradation to his own. I speak of facts as they are presented to us by events daily transpiring. The result of the late election fully sustains the truth of this assertion. In every part of the country the masses of the people are believed to be united in their opposition to amalgamation and negro equality. The instincts of nature and the promptings of a deep-rooted and settled conviction have proved the utter hopelessness of accomplishing by *force* what reason has failed to make apparent; and no verdict has been more conclusively made up by the American people than the exclusion of the negro, at no distant day, from all participation in the governmental control and management of this country. In the early stages of the war, Mr. Lincoln recognized this principle in his effort to provide a home and a country to which emigration might be directed, and the black race properly cared for under institutions of their own.—But this purpose was soon thwarted by fanaticism, directed in the interest of party on the one hand, and a thirst for speculation, looking to individual profit, on the other. The negro was thenceforward the fruitful source of discord and agitation.—The Freedmen's Bureau, with its army of retainers, backed by the Federal power, resulted as a consequence of this failure of Mr. Lincoln's plan of voluntary emigration. Under its bold and persistent teachings, in the lead of an amiable but weak man, the public Treasury was depleted by enormous and wasteful expenditures, producing no compensating return; the negro race, supported at the public expense, became demoralized and defiant, and the danger to the country from the presence of this formidable element was more imminent and threatening than at any former period, and so continues to this day.

Our obligation to clothe the negro with the full privileges of citizenship cannot be claimed upon any reasonable ground, either of justice or humanity. "Equality before the law" and "manhood suffrage" are phrases in no wise applicable to us, whose misfortune it has been to deal with a distinct and peculiar people, whose intrusion into our midst was the result of agencies which imposed no obligation beyond that which affected the rights of person and property, which the negro is now enjoying to the fullest extent under our laws. This Government was never intended by its founders to be shared by the African race; it was no part of our compact of Union. It was a white man's government exclusively. The liberty to exercise the right of suffrage and to hold office was a function of the Government intended to be parted with or not, as the people in the aggregate might determine, in the mode pointed out in their organic law. The negro was under no restraint, after the proclamation of emancipation, to remain a single moment upon our soil, under the guidance of institutions which he did not approve. His freedom was in his own hands. He could enjoy every privilege of citizenship but the right to vote and hold office, which was not recognized as vested and inherent; and it was for him to decide whether it was agreeable to submit to the restriction thus imposed, or to seek these privileges elsewhere. It was no reflection upon us, that we claimed to exercise this power of exclusion, involving in so large a degree our political safety and prosperity as a people. * * *

The sad condition of the Southern States, at this moment under negro domination, forced upon them by agents of the Federal power, will present a grave subject for future adjustment, when the Constitution shall be once more recognized as the supreme law of the land. How far the State constitutions thus formed will stand the test of judicial scrutiny must be determined by the proper tribunals when calmer and wiser councils shall prevail, and our beloved country relieved from the restraints under which she is now suffering.

The Constitution provides that every State shall be guaranteed a republican form of government. Among those who sanctioned this fundamental principle was the State of Maryland. She was one of the high contracting parties to this compact, under which she has so happily lived and prospered. The Federal Union, as it came from the hands of the Convention, was not absolute and unlimited in its powers. It was not intended to be independent of the will of the people, from whom all its powers were derived. The State of Maryland never would have entered into this compact, if her act had been construed as surrendering all power into the hands of an irresponsible, consolidated oligarchy. Her State Government was a subsisting institution at the period of the adoption of the Federal Constitution. It was endorsed by the men of '89 as republican in form. She fought her battles to perpetuate its features. It has undergone no material change since, that could affect its republican character. No State, or combination of States, had any right to make a constitution for Maryland. This high prerogative was left with her own people when the Federal Union was established. It was among the reserved rights which the people never designed to part with. The assumption of this power by Congress would have been the subversion of the most sacred principles of republican government, which the Radical party profess to have so much at heart, and would have ended in its decay and final dissolution. Maryland is not more obnoxious to censure than her sister States in the exercise of her legitimate State powers. She has been charged with inequality in the apportionment of her representation, and with discriminations against the negro race in withholding from them the right of suffrage. Do these justify the interference of Congress and the violent breaking up of her government? The right of a State to regulate her domestic affairs, and to control the privilege of suffrage, has never been questioned until this new era.—But has the Federal Government conformed in all respects to the required standard?—Is her representation in the Senate of the United States equal? Is her bill subjecting ten States to military control, suspending the writ of *habeas corpus* in time of profound peace, and blotting from existence every semblance of civil authority, republican in principle? Is the disfranchisement of the white race, and the transfer of the whole South to the control of the negro, virtually throwing the balance of power into his hands, and neutralising by a minority of negro voters the great States of the North, republican in form or principle? But how is it with our sister States? Are they so perfect or free from defects, *so purely* republican, as to confine this movement to the few Border States, who have heretofore escaped the fury of this ultra party? These schemes of unbridled usurpation have reached their point of culmination. No party can long survive such efforts to retain power. The struggle for negro supremacy in this country must end in defeat. It would be lamentable, indeed, if, after four years of war and desolation unsurpassed in the world's history, the American people should find themselves embarked at this most critical juncture in a fruitless strife to set aside the constitutional guarantees for which they have been struggling, and even to blot out the existence of States, in an effort to throw the balance of power, in the future working of our system, into the hands of the African race.

The change which has been wrought by the verdict of the people in the late elections, certain to be followed by more overwhelming expressions of the public sentiment, will enable us to deal more advisedly hereafter with this negro issue, and will point to enlarged educational facilities, and the security of person and property, in lieu of amalgamation and forced equality with the white race, as the only privileges which in justice to themselves, as well as the peaceful working of our system, can be advantageously conferred upon the negro race.—So soon as this principle is fairly recognized, there will be an end of strife and discord, and not before. The negro, no longer sustained and pampered by the Freedmen's Bureau, withdrawn from the exciting field of politics, and thrown upon his own resources, will glide naturally into habits of thrift and industry; and the wiping out of States, by the total subversion of their local governments, in the interest of a Radical faction, to retain power by the use of the negro, will no longer startle the country by its boldness and effrontery. The people will be at once relieved, and the negro will assume the only status which he can be permitted to occupy, in safety to himself and the Government, which of his own free will he has chosen to adopt. Any other line of policy will only recoil upon those who, turning a deaf ear to the teachings of experience and practical statesmanship, may persist in keeping alive a fruitless agitation.

It cannot be denied that this government was fast approaching, if it had not already reached, the verge of anarchy. No man, whether in public or private position, felt secure in his person or his property. The Constitution was treated with contempt by many in authority, as no longer furnishing the guide of official action. The only power over corruption was held in check and neutralized by the tenure of office bill. The public offices swarmed with men who recognized no head, and boasted of their freedom from accountability, under the protecting wing of Congress; immense armies were held in commission, whose power was used to force negro suffrage and negro equality upon a prostrate people, and subordinate the white to the colored race; States were upon the eve of being seized upon and reconstructed, who had fought the battles of the Revolution, and borne a prominent part in the formation of the very Union which was appealed to to dispossess them of their functions; an immense debt, a large proportion the result of the vilest frauds that had ever disgraced a nation, pressed upon the people; corruption stalked unbridled over the land; the prospect of reconstruction, and a return to Union and brotherhood, under the withering effect of an unmixed military despotism, was more remote than ever; the industrial interests of the country were almost at a stand-still, and the laboring man was paid for his work in a currency forty per cent. below the standard of gold. Such was the picture when, in the last crowning effort to drag the Executive from his high office, and thus perpetuate the power which had been so long wielded by usurpation and violence, the voice of the people proclaimed that the last triumph of extreme Radicalism had been reached, and that henceforward the Constitution would be looked to as the only safeguard of our free institutions."

MISCELLANEOUS.

WM. H. THOMPSON,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
24 Fayetteville St.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

HAS JUST RETURNED from the North with a splendid variety of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, &c.

Repairing done neatly and with dispatch. He has also on hand a fine assortment of CLOCKS, GOLD PENS, POCKET KNIVES, &c.

A NEW FEATURE.

He has in store an elegant lot of CONFECTIONERY and many little nicetics, that will be suitable for the approaching Holidays, and to which the attention of the Ladies, particularly, is invited.

Dec. 10—106-1m.

SPECTACLES!
SPECTACLES!
SPECTACLES!!!
At MOSS', two doors above Market, to suit all ages.
New glasses fitted to old frames.
Save money by carrying your WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY to MOSS', to be repaired.
Dec. 20—115-tf

JUST RECEIVED,
A BEAUTIFUL LOT OF SHIRT STUDS AND Sleeve Buttons. C. V. MOSS.
Dec 24 2 doors above the Market

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS

THOMAS SMITH,
NO. 25 SYCAMORE STREET,
PETERSBURG, Va.
THE LARGEST STOCK OF
DRY GOODS
IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

IN PRESENTING MY KIND PATRONS WITH a memorandum of stock for Fall Trade, I also take occasion to thank them for their liberal patronage, soliciting at the same time its future continuance, assuring them that no effort will be spared to make it to their interest as well as pleasure to make their purchases of me. The following memorandum, though incomplete, will give a sufficient idea of the general stock:

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Black and colored Silks, in great variety; Irish Poplins, Belgian and French Poplins, French Merinos, Barathea, Double Reps, Ottoes, Empress Cloth, Ugenie Biarritz, Valentines, Delaines, Mousselines, single and double width, in all the new shades, Bismarcks, &c., Shepherd and Scotch Plaids.

Embroideries and Laces.

Hamburg Edgings, Hamburg Insertings, Hamburg Flouncing, Needlework Edging, Needlework Inserting, Needlework Flouncings, Nainsook Edgings, Nainsook Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Collars, Swiss and Cambric Collars and Cuffs, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Crape Collars and Cuffs, Silk Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Sets, Real Valentia Collars and Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Cluney Collars and Cuffs, Real Val. Laces, Real Thread Laces, Real Cluney Laces, Real Guipur and Honiton Lace, Real Brussels Lace, Real Bobbin Lace, Point Lace Handkerchiefs, Valentia Lace Handkerchiefs, Imitation Lace Handkerchiefs.

Sundries.

Cloaks, Shawls, in long and square, for Misses and Ladies; Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Bugle and Ribbon Trimmings in large assortment; Jet, Silk and Fancy Buttons, Taffeta Ribbons, Narrow Watered Ribbon for Trimming, Bell Ribbons, Worsted and Alpaca Braids, Mohair Braids, Galoons and Stay Bindings, Corset Splits, Zigzag Braid, Star Braids, Magic Ruffling, Plain and Fancy Hair Nets, &c., Chins and Agate Buttons, Full lines of Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.

Mourning Department.

Gro. Grain and Rept Silks French Merino, Bombazine, Timinse, Canton Cloth, Bearetz, Crapes, Barathea Poplins Empress Cloth, Ugenias, Velourines, Persian Cloths, Cashmeres, Challies, Alpaces and Mohair all of the very best, Loupin's celebrated manufacture.

White Goods.

Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and Striped Mull Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Swiss Muslin, Plain Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, Soft finish Jaconets, Soft finish Cambric, Soft finish Long Cloths, Po Ray Marsailles, &c., Tarletons white and colored, Organdies, Dotted and Figured Swiss, Brilliants, Patent Reps.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

Undervests Drawers, Corsets, Lisle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, German Hosiery in great variety, for Misses Children and Ladies; Ladies' Brown Hose, Ladies' Black and Slate Hose, Kid Gloves in large assortment, white, black and colored, Berlin and Lisle Thread Gloves, in all sizes, Garters, Elastics Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell, Horn and Gutta Percha Combs, Veils in Real Lace, Dotted, Bordered and Bugle-Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.

Domestics.

Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Jeans, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid, Striped and Plain Osnaburgs, Tickings, Denmins, Hickney, Hackaby, Dongrey, Calico in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.

Housekeeping Department.

Flannels, plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Druggets, Rugs and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth, Lace, Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Piano and Table Covers, Table Damask, Stair and Table Oil Cloths, Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Gloss Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marsailles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Diapers, Linen Diapers, Bird eye Diapers, Irish Linen, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

All are respectfully invited to inspect my stock before making their purchases. My conviction is, the true way to success is to secure the interest of your customers by charging the smallest possible profit on goods. This has ever been my motto, and the large business heretofore done encourages me in adhering strictly to it

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.
Oct. 15—59-2w

TANNER'S OIL.
We have in store a large stock of Extra Straits and other grades of Tanner's Oil, which we are selling very low. JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Nov. 20—98-tf Petersburg, Va.

WINDOW GLASS.
A large stock of French and American Window Glass, in store and for sale by JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Nov. 20—98-tf Petersburg, Va.

KALSOMINE.
Kalsomine and Kalsomine Brushes, of the finest quality, for sale low by JORDAN & CARR,
Druggists,
Nov. 20—98-tf Petersburg, Va.

OILS.
We keep constantly on hand a heavy stock of Sperm, Whale, Lard and other
SUPERIOR LUBRICATING OILS,
For steamboats, locomotives and stationary engines, cotton factories, paper mills, saw and planing mills, and all kinds of machinery, which we offer at the lowest Market rates.
JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
corner Sycamore and Wash. streets,
Nov. 20—98-tf Petersburg, Va.

YARBOROUGH HOUSE,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE PROPRIETOR, in returning his sincere thanks to the travelling public for the liberal patronage extended to him during his connection with this Hotel, takes occasion to assure them that no effort or expense will be spared to retain the present reputation of the Hotel as one of the very best in the South.

He is happy to announce that the fall in the price of supplies enables him to reduce the price to

THREE DOLLARS PER DAY.

To citizens coming in to spend a week or more, he will make still greater reduction.

He is prepared to furnish board without rooms at very low rates.

He hopes to have the pleasure of welcoming to the Yarborough House his old customers and many new friends. T. M. BLAIR,
Dec. 12—100-1m Proprietor.

GOOD PRIVATE BOARD, by the day, week or month, at moderate rates, can be had at my residence, near the Railroad Bridge, Hillsboro' Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Dec. 19—114-1m I. BRANSON.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE, &c.

Valuable Property For Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A DEED OF TRUST executed to me, by the late Wm. F. Collins, I will sell, on Monday, the 20th day of January, 1868, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Warrenton, the following valuable property:

The Tract of Land on which the late Wm. F. Collins resided, at the time of his death, situated in Warren County, on the Williamsboro' Road, two (2) miles from Ridgeway Depot, on the R. & G. R. R., and adjoining the lands of Jno. E. Jones, B. M. Collins and others, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-TWO (172) ACRES.

On this Tract is situated the celebrated RIDGEWAY MILLS, which are not surpassed in the manufacture of Flour by any in the State. The Mills are in first-rate running order.

There are on the premises a Dwelling House, the necessary out-houses, barns, stables &c., for conducting a farm. The land is under good fences and in a high state of cultivation, about one-half the tract being in original woods, convenient to the House and Mill.

There is also a fine young Orchard of Apple and Peach trees, well selected, and several young vines of the Scuppernong grape.

Persons wishing to purchase would do well to examine the premises before the day of sale.

Terms made known on day of sale.

MARY COLLINS, Trustee.
Dec. 3—wdswlwdds

Valuable Lands and Mills for Sale.

PURSUANT TO A DECREE OF THE COURT of Equity for Johnston County, at Fall Term, 1867, I shall, on Saturday the 18th day of January next, on the premises, proceed to sell, at public sale, that valuable property, near Boon Hill, in said County, known as

THE KEOCO MILLS,

consisting of fifteen hundred and ninety-five acres of Land, lying near the North Carolina Railroad and within one and a half miles of Boon Hill Depot.

The said lands are the first quality of Cotton lands. About 300 acres are cleared, and have been in cultivation. The rest is in primitive forest, and is well timbered, although a considerable quantity of Pine Timber has been cut off.

The improvements consist of an excellent Saw Mill, with a forty-two inch circular Saw, run by a Jonvals Turbine Wheel, which, for beauty of work and quickness of cutting, is unsurpassed. There is also a tram road from the Mill to the Railroad where there is a turnout. Also a Grist Mill, which will grind 60 bushels of corn per day. Also a Store and Office, a Blacksmith Shop, and four houses for operatives, and

A LARGE AND CONVENIENT DWELLING,

beautifully situated on a hill, containing eight rooms, to which are attached all necessary outhouses and Stables, with two Gardens, one of which contains one of the largest and finest Scuppernong Arbors in the State.

The water on the place is excellent, and it is one of the healthiest locations in the low country.

TERMS OF SALE:

One hundred and four dollars cash; four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars on the 4th Monday in March, 1868, and notes at six and twelve months from the day of sale, bearing interest. For the balance, bonds with approved security will be required, and the title retained until the purchase money is paid. Possession given on the first day of February, 1868.

LOVERD ELDRIDGE, C. M. E.
Dec 7 108-ts Of Johnston County.

For Sale.

WE OFFER for sale a very superior IRON LATHE, (swings 28 inches by 9 feet,) with Gearing and Chucks complete, new and in good order, made by the New Haven Manf. Co.

ALSO, a Daniel's large size PLANER, in good order.

Also SHAFTING and PULLEYS together with a large amount of bent and damaged shafting.

Also a SMALL PLANER, suitable for a Cabinet Shop. Apply to

HARPER JONES & CO.,
Patterson, Caldwell Co., N. C.
Jan. 1—124-3taw2w

COLGATE & CO'S
GERMAN
ERASIVE SOAP,
THE STANDARD OF
EXCELLENCE,
For sale by all Grocers.
Oct. 22—65-1m

STENCIL NAME-PLATES,
FOR MARKING CLOTHING WITH INDELIBLE INK, AND FOR MARKING BOOKS, SHEET-MUSIC, &C.
Everybody should have one! No preparation is required on the cloth. It will not wash out. A prize for ladies! Send for circular and samples.
Address, H. P. HARRIS, SENTINEL OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

FREEER, NEALE & Co.,
J. B. NEALE, GEO. B. FREER, THO. WHITE.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.
Refer to R. H. Smith, Esq., Scotland Neck; Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte; O. G. Parsley & Co., E. Murray & Co., Wilmington; Gen. R. W. Haywood, Raleigh; Gen. Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Colonel John W. Cunningham, Person County; Turner Battle, Esq., Edgecombe; Exchange National Bank of Norfolk; George H. Brown & Co., Washington.
Oct. 2—74

ESTABLISHED 1854.
KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.
KADER BIGGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.
SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.
Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.
Cotton by vessel to Liverpool free of commissions.
Liberal advances made on produce in hand.
TRAVELLING AGENTS: Maj. Jas. M. Hays, of Edgecombe, and Mr. Jos. B. Spencer, of Wilson, who will be pleased to furnish any information or facility to those shipping to us.
Revenue Taxes on Cotton can be paid here in all cases when preferred by shippers, according to recent regulations.
Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4—

J. M. S. ROGERS, W. J. ROGERS.
Late of Accomac County, N. C.
J. M. S. ROGERS & SON,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 23, COMMERCE STREET,
Norfolk, Va.
Will attend to the sale of COTTON, CORN, RAW GRAIN, LUMBER, NAVAL STORES, and all Marketable Produce.
Consignments solicited. Ws
Oct. 2—69-1m

W. B. CREER, } W. P. CAFFERATY, } C. CAFFERATY.
CREER, CAFFERATY & CO.,
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 35 Commerce Street,
NORFOLK, VA.
A supply of Pure PREVIAS GRAND and other Ferolines, BOYE, BAUGHER, BROCKBIER and ESQUIROS, kept constantly on hand.
Nov. 20—91-3m

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. It WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 91
BROOKLYN	1 12
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 65
EQUITABLE	1 24
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.
These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.
Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.
For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to
WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE!
ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.
☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most
LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.
Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.
Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.
WM. H. COIE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.
Information gladly furnished in detail, by
A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 20—116-3m

DRY GOODS.

NEW ARRIVALS.
Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,
AT
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,
No. 21 Fayetteville St.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER
STOCK OF GOODS
to offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Just Received.
70 BOXES GENUINE CYCLET CHEWING Tobacco.
25 bbls Patapsco Family Flour.
60 bushels white Corn Meal.
100 bushels Stock Peas, at $1.25.
10 bbls N. C. Irish Potatoes.
15 do do Flour—good.
10 do do Apples.
10 kegs Old Rock Whiskey, Best Rye Whiskey.
15 do Malaga Grapes.
25 boxes prime Cheese.
50 sacks Ground Alum Salt, at $2 per Sack
W. BOYT. ANDREWS,
Family Grocer and Commission Merchant.
Dec. 16—111-tf 26 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.

JOHN T. DEWEESE,
Attorney at Law and Register in Bankruptcy,
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS except the Bankrupt Courts.
Office in the Standard building.
Raleigh, Dec. 20—116-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

BERLINER MALT EXTRACT!
OR
Dr. Hollender's Beer of Health!
$4 Per Dozen.
AN EMINENT NOURISHING AND strengthening remedy for all diseases of the
BREAST AND STOMACH,
GENERAL WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY.
ALSO,
DYSPEPSIA,
and a great nourishment for convalescents.
MOTHERS, unable to give sufficient natural nourishment to their infants, will find this Extract a remarkable remedy.
It has been examined by the highest Medical authorities and approved to be not alone a very healthy, but extraordinary strengthener, and is successfully used in all Hospitals in Europe and the Northern Cities.
In compliance with the desire of a number of Physicians, we have introduced a second, lighter quality, at
$2,50 Per Dozen.
By this arrangement, every class of the public is enabled to provide this healthy remedy and thereby preserve their health.
PHIL. THIEM,
Sole Agent for North Carolina.

HANS & MICHEL'S
CELEBRATED
LAGER BEER,
BREMEN.
$8 Per Dozen—(PINT BOTTLES.)
A Genuine Imported Article.
PHIL. THIEM,
Sole Agent for America.
Oct. 9—56-3m

JOHN W. HINSDALE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.
PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts, and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 2d Congressional District.
Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
July 25—104-tf

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.
NORTH CAROLINA
ALL STATE
RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)
THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA R. & G. R. R.!

We inaugurated and are the *Great Through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully united the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!
The Great Inland Air Line Freight
ROUTE,
Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,
is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required *so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!
To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consigners to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:
Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:
Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St., Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:
(*Via* Annamessic.) Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent

FROM BALTIMORE:
Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.
C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Agt.
Aug 6-306-tf Raleigh, N. C.

Important Railroad Arrangement.
PASSENGERS can now purchase THROUGH TICKETS at the Office of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, at Raleigh, N. C., via the
Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, to
Memphis, Tenn., Cleveland, Ohio,
St. Louis, Mo., Detroit, Mich.,
Cincinnati, Ohio, St. Joseph, Mo.,
Louisville, Ky., Indianapolis, Ind.,
Milwaukie, Wis., Chicago, Ill.,
Pittsburg, Pa., Columbus, Ohio,
and all principal Cities in the Western and Southwestern States.
Tickets can be purchased either
VIA BAY LINE STEAMERS,
or
Via Weldon and Richmond, Va.,
And
BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH,
From Weldon to all Western Cities.
For Tickets and further information apply to J. M. Poor, Esq., General Ticket Agent, or to A. Jones, Esq., Ticket Agent Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, at Raleigh, N. C.
LOUIS ZIMMER,
General Southern Agent,
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.
JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Trans. Bal. & O. R. R.
R. M. COLE,
Gen. Ticket Ag't, B. & O. R. R.
Oct. 22—65-tf

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
Superintendent's Office,
Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 12th, 1867.
On and after October 15th, 1867, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad as follows:
Mail Train leaves Raleigh ..... 10 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon ..... 5 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon ..... 10 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh ..... 5 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh ..... 6 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh ..... 5 P. M.
The Mail Train will make connection with all point to the
A. B. ANDREWS,
Oct. 15—32-tf Supt. of Trans.
☞ Register and Standard copy tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COOKING STOVES!
COOKING STOVES!!
THE UNDERSIGNED WILL ENDEAVOR TO keep constantly on hand a good assortment of
COOKING STOVES.
The Stoves are bought in lots from the Manufacturer and fitted up here, and hence can be sold and are selling
At Reduced Rates!
He desires to call especial attention to the celebrated BUCK'S PATENT, which he warrants to give satisfaction in every instance.
Buck's Pat. No 6 with pipe and furniture, $30.00
" " 7 " " " 35.00
" " 8 " " " 40.00
Low priced Stoves, from $18 to $25.
☞ Any kind of good BARTER will be taken in exchange. E. H. FOGUE,
Oct 12—97-todim Hillsboro', N. C.

HENRY GWYNN, of Baltimore | E. B. COTTEN, Late of N. C. | WALKER GWYNN, JR., Late of S. Carolina,
GWYNN, COTTEN & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
105 *West Lombard Street*,
BALTIMORE.
☞ Liberal advances made on Consignments Orders for GUANO, MERCHANDISE solicited. Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn, and Hon. Thos. Bragg, N. C.
Sept 30—45-codbwkwtm

DANIEL G. FOWLE. RICHARD C. BADGER.
FOWLE & BADGER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Will practice in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, the United States Circuit Court, the Superior Courts of Wake, Johnston, and Chatham Counties, and in the Courts of Bankruptcy.
Dec. 13—113-6m.