RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily* Sentinel at the following rates, viz: A square will be [illegible] at the rate of one dollar per square of twelve lines or 144 inches.

| | |
|---|---|
| One square, one week | $1,00 |
| Each subsequent insertion less | 50 |
| One square two weeks | 1,50 |
| Each additional square per week | 2,00 |
| One square three weeks | 2,00 |
| Each additional square two weeks | 2,50 |
| One square one month | 3,00 |
| Each additional square one month | 5,00 |
| One square two months | 12,00 |
| Each additional | 6,00 |
| One square three months | 14,00 |
| Each additional | 7,00 |
| One quarter column | 35,00 |
| One half column | 60,00 |
| One column | 75,00 |

Regular business cards, 10 nonpareil lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in less than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on a particular special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

# THE SENTINEL.

## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

FRIDAY, APRIL 10, 1868.

FOR CONGRESS,

SAMUEL T. WILLIAMS,

OF GRANVILLE.

### Mr. Ashe's Appointments.

Hon. Thomas S. Ashe will address his fellow-citizens, at the following places:

Yadkinville, Saturday, 11th.
Dobson, Monday, 13th.
Germanton, Wednesday, 15th.
Salem, Thursday, 17th.

*CONSERVATIVE CANVASS.*

Col. E. D. Hall, candidate for Lieut. Governor, will address the people at the following times and places, viz:

Hertford, Perquimans county, Thursday, April 14th.
Elizabeth City, Pasquotank county, Wednesday, April, 15th.
South Mills, Camden county, Thursday, April 16th.

*SAML. T. WILLIAMS, ESQ.*

The Conservative candidate for Congress in this District will address the people at the following times and places:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Earpsboro, (Johnston,) | Saturday | April | 11. |
| Pittsboro', | Chatham | " | 14. |
| Dorsett's, | " | " | 15. |
| Harper's X Roads, | " | " | 16. |
| Bear Creek, | " | " | 17. |
| Hillsboro', | Orange | " | 18. |
| Oxford, | Granville Monday | " | 20. |
| Brassfields, | " Tuesday | " | 21. |

### Grand Conservative Mass Meeting at Henderson, on Friday, 17th. of April.

All Conservatives, and others, who feel an interest in the welfare of our noble old commonwealth, and who desire to co-operate in a united effort to defeat Radicalism and vindicate the honor, integrity and conservatism of North Carolina, are respectfully and earnestly solicited to attend a Mass Meeting and Barbecue at Henderson, on Friday, 17th. of April. Speakers of great ability and popularity will deliver addresses on the vital issues of the day. Come, Conservatives, one and all!

THE REGISTRATION lists will remain open for two days longer. REGISTER! REGISTER! The white man, who neglects this duty, commits a great crime.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—See Court notices from Wake County.

Rye and old Government Java Coffees, Raisins, Yeast Powders, Family Flour in Sacks, &c.: Douglas Bell.

Fifty Hhds New Crop Cardenas Molasses: Upchurch & Dodd, Market Square.

See notice to Consumers of Gas: C. B. Root, President Raleigh Gas Company.

REGISTRATION on yesterday footed up as follows: Whites 49, Blacks 29. This makes the re-sult, for three days: Whites 122, Blacks 80.

REGISTRATION AT MORRISVILLE.—Owing to the inclemency of the weather, there were no applications for registry at Morrisville, on Tuesday. On Wednesday, however, the white men came up manfully. Twenty-two whites and one negro were registered—mostly from the precincts of Laws' and Oak Grove. All of these, except the negro and one white man, (so-called,) will vote against the infamous Constitution.

REGISTRATION in Newbern for two days: Whites 190, Negroes 169.

RICE BREAD.—If there be any one thing in dieteries more necessary and more essential to health than another, it is *good bread*. Our friends, Bradley & Christophers, Fayetteville Street, have just commenced furnishing an article that is really superior to anything in the line ever furnished from a Bakery in this city before. It is light, white and wholesome, and is prepared in various forms,—loaf, rolls, twist and buns. It may be obtained from Messrs. Bradley & Christophers at all hours of the day, but will always be on hand, hot and fresh, late in the afternoon. This is emphatically one of the *improvements*, which we are pleased to record and commend.

THE LADIES of the Smithville Memorial Association of Cumberland county have purchased a beautiful iron fence for the Confederate Cemetery at that place. The Cemetery contains 55 bodies, and is situated upon the third line of breastworks upon the battle field, and has been named, by the ladies, "Chicora Cemetery."

COAL.—Fraps has Boston Ice,—plenty of it,—in mammoth blocks, pure, clear, refreshing. He sells it at five cents per lb. or at four cents, when purchased by the quantity.

THANKS to A. Munroe, Esq., of Kinston, for a Club of sixteen subscribers to the *Sentinel*. This is the third or fourth time that our active and excellent friend has sent in within a few weeks.

### *INTIMIDATION OF VOTERS!*

The only instances of threats and intimidation that we hear of are employed by the white and black Radicals towards colored men, who dare to exercise the privilege of thinking and voting for themselves. There are many negroes who would refuse to follow the blighting (?) behests of the treasonable Secret Leagues and their arrogant self-constituted masters, if they were not kept in a state of fear by menaces, public and private. We hope that all such cases will be promptly reported. We tell all colored men, who are thus threatened, to act as their convictions of right and duty dictate. They will be sustained by their friends.

Thomas Green, of Hillsboro, a worthy and sensible colored man, and the only one, who, at the last election, voted the Conservative ticket, in that town, has been the object, ever since, of constant menace and persecution at the hands of black and white Radicals. On Wednesday, the following profane and incendiary "warning" was conspicuously posted in Hillsboro, and is doubtless the emanation of a negro secret League:

"NOTICE FOR THOMAS GREEN.

A d—n Conservative son of a b—, we understood you were out with Conservative lot, but d—n your time if you don't look out you will catch h—, sure. We heard you cussed very near quitting it in Shakot and if you dont mind you will catch it in Hills Boro shure enough and that Right. If you go to Conservative meeting we protest you, you had better stay away to them is that hour for great will be your Destiny. This is the last of our example. The next time we will tell you your pill on good behavior.

*Postscript*—You pimp son of the son of Esau and who sold his birth right for one mess of meat and so now you have sold your wife and children and yourself for a drink of Liquor and have come to be a Conservative best licker

Thom, I would not give a d—n for your Back in a few days, you Conservative son of a b—"

We have advised Thomas, who handed us a copy of this shameful paper, to submit it to the Military authorities. They are charged by Gen. Canby with such matters, and, we presume, will do their duty in the premises.

Let Thomas, and all similarly situated, do what they think right, *without fear*. The cowardly villains, who make such threats as the above, will yet be ferreted out.

P. S. Since the above was written, we learn that Col. Bomford, the Post Commander, and Col. Charr, of the Bureau, have both very promptly acted in the foregoing case. Steps were taken by them, at once, and commendably, which will lead, we hope, to the detection and punishment of the guilty parties concerned in this nefarious menace, and to Thos. Green's ample protection.

NEGRO MASONIC LODGE.—We learn that, under a dispensation granted from the Grand Lodge *of New York*, a negro Masonic Lodge has been organized in this City. We do not belong to the ancient and honorable Masonic fraternity, and, therefore, know nothing of its system of government. What jurisdiction has the *New York Grand Lodge* in *North Carolina?* Is it the purpose to Africanize Masonry in the South, as well as everything else? Will not the Masons be prompt to resent this impertinent intrusion?

CAN'T DODGE.—Turner of Harnett, tries hard to evade the damning charge that he received over $100 mileage for coming only 30 or 40 miles to the Mongrel Convention. He says that he had a right under the law, to go *via* Fayetteville and Wilmington.—*But did he so go?* No, he came the thirty or forty miles, *in his own buggy*, to Raleigh, and charged for *five hundred and twenty-four miles*, at 20 cents a mile! Hood, the negro preacher from Cumberland, did the same thing. Of such is Radicalism!

A FRIEND writes us from Wilmington that registration, as it is being conducted in that county, is worse than a farce. Negroes, notoriously under age, are allowed to register. He adds: "To-day (Tuesday) the negroes are having everything their own way. The whites will rally to-morrow and next day."

THE GREAT MEETING IN WILMINGTON.—The *Journal* gives a glowing account of the glorious Conservative rally in Wilmington. The speech of Col. Cowan is especially lauded as an effort of great eloquence and power. We have not a doubt of it. There are few more gifted and gallant champions of the Right than Robert H. Cowan.

WE HEARD several negroes talking on the street, a day or two ago, when one remarked, "Well I have heard of better times coming, but I can't see it yet. It is all I can do to get along." A young lad replied, "Cheer up, we shall have better times when we ratify the Constitution." We should like to see how this can be done? This is what the white Radicals have told them, but we defy any of them to demonstrate it.

GOOD SPIRIT IN GREENE.—We learn that Col. Kenan and Col. Humphrey addressed the people of Greene, at Snow Hill, on Saturday last, with telling effect. We hope that Greene will give a good account of herself in the coming election.

CONSTITUTIONS.—We have frequent applications for copies of the new Constitution. The Executive Committee had a large number printed, and they have all been sent to the several Counties. We have none on hand.

BADLY SOLD.—We learn that as the X. P. G. was getting off the train of yesterday, an urchin, who was selling the "Hold-on Record," either not knowing him, or not having the fear of that august individual before his eyes, offered to sell him a copy! He didn't buy.

THE X. P. G. has returned to Raleigh, leaving his appointments in the Western counties to take care of themselves.

THANKS to W. J. Ellis, of Fulton, Davie county, for a club of ten subscribers to the *Sentinel*.

WHICH IS BETTER, a system of State government, devised by Gaston, Macon, Daniel, Moorehead, and other *North Carolina* patriots, or a system devised by New England adventurers, based upon Yankee notions and prejudices, adapted to New England states, and adopted by scallawags and negroes!

From the New York World.

### THE REAL REACTION.

Who any longer doubts the setting of the tide? Let him look to Connecticut! When one short month ago the wave first broke in angry thunder on the granite ledge of New Hampshire, the Radical office-holders and contractors and impeachers affected to mistake its voice of doom for a casual surge of the political sea. This is in their public prints they did. But to the private haunts of those who shape their party end another and a very different spirit ruled. *There* were dismay, anxiety, and a fanatic desperation prompting to any measures by which the rising tide might haply be stayed ere its avenging billows should sweep over and sweep away the fabric of moral despotism and political corruption called Government of the Union by the Rump of a Congress.—By universal consent it was felt that the elections of April in Connecticut would be the crucial test of the power of this despotism and this corruption to check the Real Reaction of the American people to American principles. On those elections all the resources of the most opulent party this country has ever seen were lavished. Money was poured into Connecticut from all the great centres of Radical power. The High Court of Impeachment sate in judgment upon every office-holder in the sturdy little State, bidding him tremble for his head, for the eye of Wade, the coming man, was upon him. And as if all this were not enough, the "General of the Armies," as the *Tribune* with an insolent parade of military power pompously describes him, was leashed out thus but loose upon the field to threaten with the terrors of the sword and to palsy with the prestige of the great name won for him by the sacrifice of thousands of heroic lives. All that Radicalism could do—more than all that Americans bred in the traditions of American freedom had ever dreamed an American party would dare to attempt—was done. And now the answer comes.

The wave that rose in New Hampshire, sweeps in victory over Connecticut. The voice of the people that daunted these bloated tyrants of an hour in March, dames them in April. The cohorts that came down to the battle gleaming in purple and gold, in the purple of place and the gold of corruption, where are they to-day? "The might of the Gentile, unmoved by the sword Hath melted like snow in the glance of the Lord!"

To Connecticut, which speaks to-day, the West will answer with Wisconsin to-morrow. The "Real Reaction" has set in; and in its triumphant and avenging progress neither banded wealth, nor the glamour of great names prostituted to petty ends, nor any living thing, shall avail to stay the coming of the people once more to enjoy their own.

GOOD FRIDAY AND EASTER.—This is "good Friday,"—a day sacred in the Christian calendar, as commemorative of the Crucifixion of our Savior. There will be divine service and a sermon in Christ Church, at the usual hour of service, this morning.

*Apropos* to Easter,—the anniversary of the Resurrection—we find, in an exchange, the following account of a singular custom, which attends it:

"In almost all Christian countries the custom still prevails of eggs being given as a present at Easter time. In Germany they are generally hid by the older people in the garden, under the young gooseberry bushes and other early plants, when they are looked for by hosts of little children, and great is the joy at finding one of peculiar richness in ornament, for they are all decked in gay colors and covered with gold and silver devices. In France, the eggs, although still so called, have degenerated into costly boxes of bon-bons or even more expensive presents, which are exchanged by friends according to the French proverb, that "little presents keep up friendship." In Russia alone they have maintained their sacred character, and are given with the words, "Christ is arisen!" Everybody, at home or abroad, has a supply of Easter eggs about him; every passer by is thus accosted, and the two eggs are knocked against each other. The owner of the harder one, which has succeeded in breaking the other, carries off both. In spite of this association with the season of Easter and the sacred character given to the custom by the Greek church, these eggs originated in the far East, and are of heathen nature. In the Orient the egg is well known to be the symbol of the primitive state of things, of the creation which developed the germ of all things. Now there the new year begins still, as it has ever done, with the Spring equinoxes, and the festive occasion is celebrated by the giving away of eggs. At this period, when the year and all nature begin anew, gilt and gaily painted eggs are sent from friend to friend as tokens of the renewal of all things. From there the custom found its way to the western part of Europe, where for centuries the year also began with the opening of Spring, and the egg remained an appropriate symbol. Since the time when Charles IX of France first fixed the beginning of the year upon the first of January, the custom has gradually lost its ancient signification, but Easter eggs are still well known in all parts of the world."

WE LEARN that at the public speaking at Newport, on Saturday last, old Congleton, the Radical nigger candidate for the Commons, in Carteret, was charged with stealing a hog, some years ago, in Onslow Co., and had to leave that county in consequence thereof. The charge was so well sustained that the old rascal had reluctantly to acknowledge the fact.

We also learn that it was charged upon Moore, the nigger candidate for the Senate in that county, that he had stolen a plated from J. Henry Davis, Conservative candidate for the Commons, and that he was present and did not deny the fact.

What a beautiful pair of law makers! Oh! North Carolina! "how are the mighty fallen!"—*Newbern Journal of Commerce.*

CONNECTICUT OR GRANT.—"Should the Republicans achieve success in Connecticut," said the excellent T. W. only yesterday, "it must be ascribed to the potency of Grant's name." By all means. And now the Republicans having "achieved" a most satisfactory thrashing in Connecticut, *that* must be ascribed to the *impotency* of "Grant's name." Grant, *by the Tribune*, informs us on Friday that the "loyal nation demands the conviction of the President." Connecticut on Monday responds that the "loyal nation" declines to be bullied out of its common sense by Gen. Grant or by the *Tribune*, or by the *Tribune* using Gen. Grant, or by Gen. Grant using the *Tribune*.—*New York World.*

WHICH IS BETTER, the *old* Constitution of our fathers, under which we have lived and prospered, or the *new* Constitution, which obliterates all the ancient and honored landmarks, and provides for a TAXATION, which will crush the people to powder, and which is designed to have the effect of transferring the property of our people into the hands of NORTHERN SPECULATORS?

THE VOTE upon the new Constitution will be taken the 21st, 22nd, and 23d of April. Be sure and VOTE AGAINST IT.

From the National Intelligencer.

### GENERAL GRANT'S DICTATORSHIP.

Several days have elapsed since the New York *Tribune* published, in an unusually conspicuous manner a statement that General Grant had "announced it as his opinion that the only hope for the peace of the country is the success of the pending impeachment." The *Tribune* probably on the same authority, says: "He (Grant) *feels* that the national security demands the removal of the President," and, as if to hold in *terrorem* over the Senate the potent and menacing sword of "the General of our armies," then *Tribune* adds: "When the General of our armies entertains this conviction, *there is no room for doubt as to the duty of the Senate.*"

That the *Tribune* had authority for this statement is to be inferred from the unusual prominence given to its publication. The fact that this statement has not been denied by General Grant is an evidence that the *Tribune* spoke by authority, and that the *Tribune's* comments and deductions are approved by "the General of our armies," in whose name they are uttered. General Grant thus allows himself to be placed in a new attitude, not only of most flagrant insubordination to his superior military officer—the President of the United States—but of blatherical menace to the Senate of the United States! Has Grant, he too, taken it the Senators out to decide?

Even in these days of demoralization, when those occupying high and honorable positions permit themselves to become subservient tools of the leaders of reckless revolutionary conspirators, it is almost incredible that the General of our armies should have been lured by their blandishments to consent to abase himself to such a depth of moral degradation. Yet General Grant has not denied the imputation. The cloak of reticence will not suffice to cover this authoritative announcement of his opinions and feelings. He must decide it now, or forever after hold his peace, and be adjudged upon the record that he allows the *Tribune* to speak for him.

The idea of menacing the Senate of the United States in this manner is most monstrous. The revolution is not yet complete. "The General of our armies" is not yet dictator. He has not yet authority—and, thank God, not yet the power—to say, under the menace of the sword, to the Senate of the United States, "Do this!" and it shall be done. The Senator who would yield to such menace from an insubordinate inferior military officer, or from a military officer of any grade, is unworthy of the name of an American citizen. The Senator who would be influenced by such a threat from "the General of our armies," or from any one whatever, invokes the scorn and contumely of his constituents and of the whole country.

The failure of General Grant to deny emphatically and in his own name this monstrous charge of the New York *Tribune*, must be taken as evidence of his endorsement of the whole statement, and of the menace to the Senate. If he had drawn his sword and marched his cohorts to the doors of the Senate to compel them, *vi et armis*, to obey his mandates, it would be scarcely worse.

The comments of the presses that have hitherto sustained General Grant are indicative of the storm of popular indignation that must surely be invoked by such a revolutionary and dictatorial announcement.

The New York *Times* (Rad) says:

"Such a declaration, put forward as the opinion of General Grant in his military capacity—in the opinion of the 'General of our armies,' with the direct and avowed purpose of dictating the verdict of the Senate, (and this is the form which the *Tribune* gives it)—would be equivalent to the issue of a military order. General Grant might as well march his troops to the door of the Senate at once, and order them to convict and remove the President, as to make use indirectly of his military power for the accomplishment of the same object."

The New York *Citizen* (hitherto a strong advocate of Grant) says:

"On behalf of General Grant, we hope and believe there is no syllable of truth in the *Tribune's* statement. And on behalf of the American people, we most earnestly pray, if this atrocious averment shall prove true, that President Johnson may have the firmness to exercise his unquestionable prerogative, even if it be the last act of his official life—by revoking General Grant's commission, and erasing the name of this great mutineer to be stricken from the muster rolls of our army. If this be true, General Grant is already assuming the part of Cromwell, and it is time for all men who value our free system of government to prepare themselves for resistance to this threat of military usurpation. Never could men die better than facing odds in such a quarrel. But we utterly refuse to believe at present, and can never be brought to believe, without positive evidence, that General Grant can have so far forgotten his oath and duty, both as a soldier and citizen. The statement looks to us like a reckless electioneering canard, designed to influence the contest in Connecticut. But on what melancholy days must we have fallen, when such a canard as this can be considered popular, or likely to secure more votes to the party putting it forward."

*THIS*

"WHO WILL PLOT FOR THE HEADS OF ABE LINCOLN AND GEN. SCOTT?"—*W. W. Holden, June 5th, 1861.*

*THAT*

"Our beloved State will once more put on the garments of prosperity; and our people will be contented and happy through the long ages reserved for the existence of the government which Washington established, and which Lincoln labored and died to preserve!

Fraternally yours,
W. W. HOLDEN, President.
JAS. H. HARRIS, 1st. Vice Pres.
A. H. JONES, 2nd. Vice Pres.
C. W. McKEE, Sec'y.

(Closing sentence of the address to the U. L. A. in N. H. January, 31, 1868.)

*THIS*

WHICH IS BETTER, a Government administered by intelligent and virtuous native WHITE MEN, or a Government administered by beefy squatter, ignorant Africans and impudent aliens of mixed blood?

THE SAME and paramount issue is SHALL NEGROES, or WHITE MEN RULE NORTH CAROLINA? All other issues are secondary and subordinate, and should be kept so.

*PUBLIC SPEAKING.*

The candidates for the Legislature, and for the different County offices, will address the people at

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Morrisville, | Friday, | April 10 |
| Franklin's, | Saturday, " | 11 |
| Sorrells, | Monday, " | 13 |
| Hayes' Store, | Tuesday, " | 14 |
| Oak Grove, | Wednesday, " | 15 |
| Thompson's, | Thursday, " | 16 |
| Laws, | Friday, " | 17 |
| Forestville, | Saturday, " | 18 |

RUFUS K. FERRELL,
March 17th, 1868. Sheriff.

# TELEGRAPHIC.

## Our Afternoon Dispatches.

THE RESULT IN CONNECTICUT.

HARTFORD, April 9.

The collected returns from the State make the Democratic majority 1,956.

THE TRIBUNE.

WASHINGTON, April 9.

On the assembling of the Court, after hearing of the Interval Rules called other [illegible] among them Blodgett who testified regarding his removal from the Postmastership of Augusta. He knew nothing to bring the fact that he had been suspended.

Butler asked for a certificate that he had been given for Blodgett's suspension.

The Defence made the point that inadmissible was outside of the charges against the President.

Mr. Curtis, counsel, joined with Judge Curtis and opened his argument.

NEW YORK, April 9.

Gold 136. Virginia 66. Tennessee 73. Cotton active and excited and declined half cent, at 25c. for Uplands.

Turpentine easier, 48. Rosin steady at $2,50 for strained.

Cotton irregular, but excited.

## Our Midnight Dispatches.

[SPECIAL TO THE SENTINEL.]

### Immense Conservative Mass Meeting at Charlotte.

### 2,000 WHITE MEN IN COUNCIL.

### GREAT ENTHUSIASM AND ZEAL PERVADING THE ASSEMBLED MULTITUDE!

*Large Concourse of Ladies in Attendance!*

CHARLOTTE, April 9, P. M.

Col. H. C. Jones, Jr., President of the meeting introduced Mr. W. H. Bailey, who for two hours exposed the wicked purposes of the Radicals and their worse than wicked purposes against the State.

Col. E. E. Shober was then introduced, and for an hour and a half he enchained the audience with a powerful argument against the Radical Constitution and their purposes against the country.

Judge Osborne was then introduced, who for an hour poured forth a strain of eloquent indignation and argument, as he only can do.

The Brass Band in attendance discoursed stirring music during the intervals.

The torch-light procession to-night was the largest demonstration of the kind ever seen in Western N. C. Hundreds of white men were in ranks, the transparencies well gotten up, with appropriate mottoes, dignified and respectful, yet indicative of the determination that this must be a white man's Government. Some were of an amusing tendency, with a representation of Holden riding the negro and spurring on to the Gubernatorial chair, and President Cowles on his way to Congress, with a bale of snake-root on his back. Another represented the Yankee member of this County to the Convention, on his return trip from New Jersey, in war times, with a carpet-bag full of brass buttons for Confederate soldiers.

Such enthusiasm was never before displayed in this State, as the procession moved along, with an ex-Confederate band of music playing inspiring airs, under the stars and stripes of our country, with the ladies, in large numbers, on the side-walks, from windows and balconies, viewing the scene.

All admit the mass meeting to be a success, and the Radicals look disgusted and admit their chances in this county to be hopeless.

Speaking is now going on in the Public Square.

Western North Carolina calls on the white men of the East to rally to our common mother, and rescue her from impending degradation.

COMGRESS—IMPEACHMENT.

WASHINGTON, April 9, P. M.

No business before the impeachment.

Mr. W. W. Wood, of Alabama, who had been in the Union army, testified regarding Mr. Johnson refusing his office, because he was in favor of Congress.

Defence opened. Mr. Curtis spoke until nearly 4 o'clock, when, at his request, the Hall being larger than he was accustomed to, the Court adjourned, without division.

The Senate went into Executive Session and adjourned.

FROM WASHINGTON—JUDGE CURTIS ARGUMENT—HOLDEN.

WASHINGTON, April 9, P. M.

Judge Curtis was listened to throughout with marked attention, especially by the members of the Court. Some of his remarks were startling. He left it with the Senators whether they were acting in a Legislative or Judicial capacity.

The substance of the first Article, on which the eight charges were based, was that the removal of Stanton and the appointment of Thomas was intended to be a violation of the tenure of office act and the Constitution. He denied both propositions, and, among other authorities, he quotes statements of members of the Conference Committee.

Schenck, in making the report to the House, used the words "terms of service." It might as well be said that a King completed the term of his predecessor, who had died, as to say that Mr. Johnson was serving our Lincoln's term.

He proceeded, showing that the heads of departments were the voice and hands of the President.

He argued that the heads of departments did not, in fact, could not come immediately under the Tenure of Office bill—that these vacancies were understood by the Senators, and he noticed the absurdity of charging the President with high crimes and misdemeanors for acting in accordance with the publicly expressed views of Senators.

The argument that the President's action was in accordance with precedents and the intention, was too compact in its sinews for any demolition.

Backpedaling his arguments, to prove that the President could not be impeached for an act designed to procure a judicial decision, he quoted Butler to show that the Managers admitted this view, they said the remedy in that case was perhaps not an impeachable offence, if made with that motive, and not accompanied with a defiant message to the Senate.

Judge Curtis's speech was a matter of note, how they should be notified.

The Congressional Executive Committee have declined taking steps to induce Holden to withdraw from the North Carolina Gubernatorial race. The alleged cause of non-action is the absence of many members.

Gen. Thomas listened to Curtis speech.

They say that Bayne, the negro of the Virginia bill notoriety, was visited Gen. Grant, directed and told he would get no votes in Virginia, unless he adopted a certain policy.

Grant rang for an orderly, through whom Bayne was informed, that Grant had given him all the time he had to spare.

Grant has issued no orders regarding the "Klan."

VIRGINIA CONVENTION.

RICHMOND, April 9, P. M.

Another resolution to invite Congressional Rules was defeated.

A resolution to adjourn on the 17th, adopted.

Bates was among the spectators to-day.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 9, P. M.

Cotton opened active, excited and decidedly higher, but closed quiet and nearly the same. Sales of 2,000 bales at [illegible] closing [illegible] buyers over 30.

Wheat dropping.

Sterling 9[illegible].

Cotton firm at 40.

BALTIMORE, April 9, P. M.

For sale.

SUPERIOR RYE WHISKEY, [illegible] per gal. in bond, by the case.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
March 16—tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

SPECIAL NOTICES

BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED SHEETINGS

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY

REAL WINDOWS

SOOTHING SYRUP,

CHILDREN TEETHING DISTRESS

MARKET AND MANUFACTURE

Mated and Marble in your Parlors

Orders for Bank notes

Barrels for oysters

Life and Fire Insurance

Raleigh Money Market

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.

Raleigh Market

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON
" BALT. & WESTERN
LEAF OR HOOG
" NETT
BUTTER
COTTON
CHICKENS, Spring
" Grown
CORN
COFFEE
EGGS
FLOUR
FODDER
HERRINGS
HIDES, Green
IRON
HAY
LARD
MOLASSES
NAILS
PEAS
PEARL HOMINY
" White
POTATOES, Irish
" Sweet
SAGE
SALT—Fine
" Ground
SUGAR
TALLOW
VINEGAR
MULLETS

REMARKS

Cotton active and higher, quoted from [illegible] cents better. We quote [illegible] to-day (Monday) at 24 and 25.

Butter scarce and in demand at good prices.

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. STRONG,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. G. HAWKINS,
W. S. GULICK, Cashier.
G. J. IRGENEL, Teller.

Drafts in lots of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at higher prices. Packages sent by Express COD to be returned promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT MARCH 21, 1868.

Bank of Cape Fear,
" Charlotte,
" Clarendon,
" Cornelius,
" Fayetteville,
" Lexington, (old,)
" " (new,)
" Lexington, payable at Graham,
" North Carolina,
" Roxboro',
" Thomasville,
" Wadesboro',
" Washington,
" Tarboro',
" Yanceyville,
Commercial Bank, Wilmington,
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,)
" " (new,)
Greensboro' National Insurance Co.,
Merchant's Bank, Newbern,
Miner's & Planter's Bank,
Jan 18-109-tf

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP, EXCELLENCE, For sale by all Grocers. Jan 22—3m

NOTICE!

Will be sold, at the Court House door, in the City of Raleigh, on Saturday, the 11th day of April next, the land belonging to the estate of Nicon Rogers, dec'd, lying in Wake County, on Reeves Gum branch, containing about 40 acres.

ONE THOUSAND ACRES,

well adapted to the cultivation of CORN, COTTON, WHEAT, &c.

The land will be sold in twelve or fifteen Tracts, one of which is subject to the widow's dower. Terms made known on day of sale.

GEO. W. NORWOOD.
Mar 5—wtd

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, JOHNSTON COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, FEBRUARY TERM, 1868.

T. T. Jones & Co. vs. Chas. D. Lord. } *Original Attachment.*

It appearing to the Court that the defendant is a non-resident, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Raleigh *Sentinel*, for six successive weeks, notifying the said defendant to be and appear at the next term of our said Court to be held for the County of Johnston, at the Court House in Smithfield, on the 4th Monday in May, 1868, and then and there to replevy and plead; otherwise judgment will be rendered against the property levied on, condemned to sale for plaintiff's debt.

P. T. MASSEY, Clk.
April 4-w6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, JOHNSTON COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, FEBRUARY TERM, 1868.

Logan McLean vs. Andrew J. Leach. } *Original Attachment.*

In this case, it appearing to the Court that the defendant is a non-resident, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Raleigh *Sentinel*, for six successive weeks, notifying the said defendant to be and appear at the next term of our said Court to be held for the County of Johnston, at the Court House in Smithfield, on the 4th Monday in May, 1868, and then and there to replevy and plead; otherwise judgment will be rendered against the property levied on, condemned to sale for plaintiff's debt.

Witness, P. T. MASSEY, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Smithfield, the Monday of February, 1868.

P. T. MASSEY, Clk.
April 4-w6w

MISCELLANEOUS

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

GREAT FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A CRECHE!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible—if you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CRECHE'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CRECHE'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CRECHE'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CRECHE'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CRECHE'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, step or you stop at Creche's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word, and sell them what I mean, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CRECHE'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CRECHE.
April 8 2w Fayetteville Street.

JUST RECEIVED.

STARCH,
STEARINE SOAP,
EXTRA C. SUGAR,
CRUSHED SUGAR,
POLVERIZED SUGAR,
COMMON BROWN SUGAR,
LARD,
SODA,
PICKLES,
COFFEE,
SOLACE TOBACCO,

A. H. HARRISON.
Raleigh, N. C. Fayetteville St.

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP.

EXCELLENCE, For sale by all Grocers. Jan 22—3m

Universal Neuralgia PILL

Speedy Cure

NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES

It is the UNFAILING remedy in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two or three PILLS.

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this

WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the advanced cases of Chronic Neuralgia still greater improvements are seen, many years standing, affecting the entire system, in one for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost always effects the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can safely be used with

PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of MOST DISTINGUISHED PHYSICIANS, who give it their unanimous and emphatic approval.

Sent by mail on receipt of price and postage:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| One package, | $1.00 | Postage 1 cents. | |
| Six packages, | 5.00 | " | 6 " |
| Twelve packages, | 8.00 | " | 12 " |

It is sold by all wholesale and retail druggists, drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
130 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.
Jan 28—120 Sundays.

Hey! Stop! Hey!

HATS! HATS! HATS!

100 HATS! HATS! HATS! For sale by

April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.