TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

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THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM H. PELL, | SEATON GALES,
EDITORS.

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1868

CONGRESSIONAL NOTION.

Our telegraphic news on Saturday morning, as we expected, gave the intelligence of the passage of the Omnibus Bill, admitting North Carolina, with other States, to representation in Congress, upon certain conditions. The majority in favor of the measure leaves no ground to expect that the Presidential veto will avail anything; we therefore expect that, unless the President desires to make a record upon some new point, not hitherto noticed, in his previous vetoes, he will retain the bill the usual time, in order that it may become a law without his signature. The expectation on the part of some, that he will sign the bill, seeing that opposition is useless, is not warranted by anything the President has said or done, and would indicate that he had abandoned the high ground he has heretofore assumed, in regard to the plan of Congressional reconstruction.

Within a short time, therefore, we may expect the inauguration of the new dispensation of government forced upon the Southern States by Congress, by the installment of the new officers elected and the assembling of the Legislature. No impediment created by the status of the officers elect, or dependent upon a proper construction of the acts of Congress, will, we presume, be allowed to interfere with the new order of things.

Those who are opposed to the principles of the new Constitution, or to the officers appointed to execute it, by a manly and consistent effort, and in a legitimate way, endeavored to defeat them. From the moment it was ascertained that Radicalism had prevailed over Conservatism in the election, by fraudulent and illegitimate means, as most believe, there has been no universal acceptance of the results of the election by all the Conservative people, and a determination to endure, what they could not cure, by an honest and legitimate effort.

The intimations thrown out by the Radical press, and in the verbal slanders of carpetbaggers and scallawags, that the Conservatives were boiling over with rage against them,—that they were bent upon revenge,—or that any of them were disposed to gratify malice against individuals, are wholly false and without a shadow of foundation. The only revenge which any Conservative desires to gratify, is the entire reversal of Radical principles and Radical measures and Radical rulers in North Carolina, whenever it can be done at the ballot-box. That the day will come, when this will be done, we have no doubt, and its coming will be the sooner and the more certain, just in proportion as the Radicals are vindictive or domineering or oppressive in their course. The only possible chance for Radicalism to maintain itself in this State, is by the exercise of prudence and forbearance by their opponents, and by showing, if possible, ability and disposition to promote the peace and the prosperity of all classes and conditions of the people. An opposite course will only unite, more determinately and persistently, all the elements of opposition to Radicalism in the State.

"A LIE WELL STICKS TO is as good as the truth" seems to be the motto of those creatures who are constantly endeavoring to inflame the minds of Congress and of the people of the North against the true white men of the South, by silly and malicious stories of persecution of "loyalists," outrages by "rebels," &c. The utter and base falsehood of these stories is only equalled by the mean, malevolent, degraded and cowardly spirit which prompts them. The contemptible malice of these calumny venders,—and it may be added, the credity of the Northern Jacobins to gulp down their lies, however infamous or monstrous,—blind the whole crew to the logical sequence of their slanders, viz:

If there be the state of things in the South, which they describe, *they are responsible* for its existence and its non-suppression. The Radical party set up military tyrannies in the South, with unlimited powers, and ample men and resources at command. If crime and outrage are flagrant in the land, the Radical political military governments in the States of the South have been remiss and remiss in their duties in allowing such things, and are, therefore, not only egregious and contemptible failures, but actual *conniverS at this* "oppression and persecution *of Union men!*"

The truth is that these creatures have guilty consciences. They find that they deserve execration, and their waking and sleeping visions are phantomed with all sorts of horrors.

DURING THE WAR, Grant was first, up preached with the tempting offer of a nomination for the Presidency. He replied that he did not want any civil office; that he did not know anything about politics, and did not expect ever to learn anything about them; that there was but one office within the gift of the people that he would like; and, when the war should be over, he intended to run for *Mayor of Galena*, "in order to have a side-walk built from his house to the post-office." Doubtless, he had another object in view,—the repeal of municipal ordinances (if there are any) preventing *fast-driving* in the streets. From the way *Galena* voted the other day, however, Grant would have stood a poor chance, even for Mayor in his own town.

THE PUTATIVE Legislature elect of Louisiana is so destitute of a local habitation and a name, that a General Order has been issued by the District Commander, calling for the post-office address, &c., of its members.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The business of Life Insurance, from small beginnings, has grown to be one of the most successful and important enterprises of this age and country. It is probable that the aggregate assets of the Insurance Companies of the United States now exceed several hundred millions, and the annual tax for insurance upon the people of the United States equals the annual tax of the government for revenue. Where Insurance Companies are conducted upon proper principles, it is not only a legitimate business, but one in which the people at large have a great stake. Amid the constant fluctuations of wealth in this country, where many are rich to-day and poor to-morrow, Life Insurance becomes a positive duty, and a necessity, to every one who has the responsibilities of a family or other dependents, who may be reduced to want upon his or her decease.

In this State, Life Insurance has been prosecuted with great vigor by the various Companies which have established agencies among us, since the war. The business has increased enormously. All the Companies have a good reputation for promptness and reliability and many of our citizens have been profitably employed as Agents. We have heard it estimated that $1,000,000 are now paid annually for premiums on life insurance, most of which is sent out of the State, to be returned again at intervals in the payment of losses.

Our readers will observe that notice has been given, in our columns, that application will be made to the approaching General Assembly for a charter for the North Carolina Life Assurance, Annuity and Trust Company. The idea is an admirable one, and the principle upon which it is proposed to operate will commend it to the favorable consideration of the people. Many of our most substantial citizens will doubtless connect themselves with the enterprise. Up to the beginning of the war, the Life Insurance and Mutual Fire Insurance Companies of this State were doing well. Their responsibility was undoubted and their business was rapidly extending. If the results of the war proved fatal to them, they only shared the misfortunes of all others affected by that unfortunate event. We think the time has arrived when similar institutions should be revived among us, based upon undoubted responsibility and conducted upon safe principles.

WAKE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

Numbers of our people express themselves warmly in favor of forming a County Agricultural Society, preliminary to the formation of a State Society, and also Clubs in each Captain's District, for the promotion of the agricultural, mechanical, manufacturing and commercial interests of the County and State. It is necessary that this ball should be started and kept moving, until the important design shall be carried out fully.

We are asked to request gentlemen throughout the County, who feel interested in this movement, and who desire to aid in its promotion, to leave their names at the *Sentinel* office, preparatory to the call of a meeting to form the County Society.

NORTH CAROLINA MINERALS.—The Editors of the Wilmington *Journal* have seen, at the office of Col. E. D. Hall, a number of specimens of various North Carolina minerals and precious stones, collected by Mr. Jno. Lasperet, in the counties of Gaston and Rutherford, and by him presented to Col. Hall. The *Journal* says:

Among these specimens we noticed the following precious stones: Amethyst, serpentine, rutile, beryl (identical with the emerald), gold in quartz, lazulite and chalcedony. There were also garnets (both precious and common), sulphate of copper and gold, Iceland spar, argentiferous galena, specular iron ore, sulphate of barytes (largely used in the manufacture of white paint), corundum (used for polishing precious stones and machinery) and black oxyde of manganese, (extensively used for bleaching and dying purposes in the manufacture of sheetings and calicoes.")

These few specimens, says the *Journal*, alone are sufficient to testify how rich North Carolina is in mineral wealth. We trust the day is not far distant when her productive and rich natural mines will be thoroughly operated and developed. A little capital is all that we need.

ONE CAN READ, now a days, in the morning New York papers, the occurrences of the previous day in London or Paris, hours previous to the publication of the Paris or London papers containing the same news! A writer in *Figaro* (French paper) tells how "at 7 o'clock in the morning, fifty miles from New York," he read an account of the races, on the previous afternoon, for the Grand Prix de Paris, before the *Patrie* and other papers had distributed their copies in the suburbs of Paris. Truly, we live in an age of marvellous achievement.

THE BOGUS Lieutenant Governor elect of Louisiana is a negro.

The New York *Citizen* says "there is not a single principle dear to constitutional liberty the Radicals have not been violating, and without excuse, since the close of the war. But it needed the extreme case of this Mr. Woolley, and the extreme action of Gen. Butler in regard to it, to make the quiet people of the North wake up and realize that the last vestiges of their liberty are lost, unless this tyranny can be crushed, and crushed at once—just at the point to which it has succeeded in advancing."

Robert E. Withers, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Virginia, is about 54 years of age. He was Colonel of the 18th Virginia (Confederate) Infantry. For the last two years he has been editor of the *Lynchburg Daily News*. Gen. Walker, the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor, also served in the Confederate army, and, as Brigadier General, commanded at one time the "Stonewall brigade."

HOW POOR CHILDREN ARE TREATED IN LOSE AND GODLY NEW ENGLAND.—"I found," says a sworn official, whose duty it was to make examination and report, "one thousand children employed in factories, generally of low condition, ignorant in many cases of their own ages, deprived, in great part or altogether, of the school privileges which the law requires."

DEMOCRATIC DISTRICT MEETING.

At a district meeting held in the Court House at Asheville on the 20th inst., Maj. Mont. Patton was called to the Chair, and W. C. Waddell and R. M. Stokes were requested to act as Secretaries.

The Chairman briefly stated the object of the meeting to be to appoint Delegates to represent this Congressional District in the National Democratic Convention, to be held in New York, on the 4th of July next.

Gen. T. L. Clingman, being present, was called on, and, in a short and appropriate speech, urged the people to lay aside all former party prejudices and co-operate with the Democratic party at the North—the only party now organized there for the restoration of the Southern people to their Constitutional rights and liberties—to defeat the Radical party in the Presidential election next Fall. He deprecated the idea of creating dissensions at the South by forming a third party, for trivial and really unimportant reasons, based, mainly, on opposition to, or preference for, party names. The Democratic party at the North proposes to put the Southern white people on equality with the Northern white people, in the Union, and to that party alone can the South now look for relief from the oppression and degradation which the Radical party is now forcing upon them.

Gen. Clingman was followed by N. W. Woodfin, Esq., Capt. N. Kelsey, Col. W. M. Cocke and Col. D. Coleman, all of them urging the hearty co-operation of the Southern people with the Northern Democratic party, for the restoration of our country to peace and prosperity under a sound Constitutional Government. These gentlemen represented the old line Whig and old line Democratic parties of former and happier days, as well as the extreme Union and Secession men of latter days; but they were all now united in one harmonious effort to save our country from that anarchy and ruin which must result from the present policy (outside of the Constitution) of the Radical party. The patriotic sentiments uttered by these gentlemen should have been heard by every honest white man and woman in the country, and certainly deserved a larger audience than was in attendance.

Capt. Kelsey then introduced the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

The delegates chosen from counties of the seventh Congressional District, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the National Democratic Convention, to be held in the city of New York, on the 4th day of July next, being met in Convention, according to previous notice, at Asheville, on the 30th of May, A. D., 1868, do

Resolve, That it is expedient that the Democrats and Conservatives of this Congressional District be represented in the said National Democratic Convention.

Resolved, That the exigencies of the American people, of all sections, demand the best efforts of patriotism to save Constitutional liberty, now in imminent peril, from the assaults of Radical Republicanism; and to this end, all patriots, of whatsoever former political opinions, should rally together, with united hearts and efforts.

Resolved, That we joyfully congratulate our countrymen, on the defeat of the Articles of impeachment against the President of the United States; and hail it as a harbinger of hope that there is still left sufficient public virtue in the country to preserve its Constitution and the liberties of the people.

On motion, the meeting proceeded to elect two delegates, to represent this Congressional District in the Democratic Convention to be held in the city of New York, on the 4th of July next; and in case of their inability to attend said Convention, two alternates be also chosen by this meeting. Whereupon

Mr. R. G. A. Love, of Haywood, nominated S. McD. Tate, of Burke, as a delegate, with J. W. Wilson, his alternate.

Capt. Kelsey, of Madison, nominated Hon. T. L. Clingman, as delegate, and Col. W. M. Cocke, his alternate.

These nominations were unanimously confirmed.

Although the meeting was not so large as was expected, it was composed of leading representative men of the District, from all of the old parties, and the greatest harmony of feeling and sentiment prevailed.

On motion the proceedings were ordered to be published in the Asheville *News and Farmer*, and the Raleigh *Sentinel* and Wilmington *Journal* and *Star* be requested to copy.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

M. PATTON, Ch'm.
W. C. WADDELL, R. M. STOKES, } Sec'ts.

The custom of allowing the bride a monopoly of the wedding presents was not adhered to at a recent fashionable wedding in St. Louis. The groom was substantially remembered in a special *douceur*, the donor of which was the bride's mother. In a silver pitcher was a plain-looking bit of paper, which was found to be, by those who had the curiosity to examine it, a check in his favor for $25,000.

The Jacobin newspapers say the Democrats want *somebody* as a candidate for President. Right. They do not want a political nobody, whom Wendell Phillips calls a "speaking trumpet" through which such insignificance as Washburne makes himself heard.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL FINE SALT!

4,000 Sacks LIVERPOOL SALT, of favorite brands,—say "Worthington," "Verdons" and "Deans,"—daily expected, which we offer low to the trade of Raleigh.

McILWAINE & CO.,
June 15-7t Petersburg, Va.

Louisburg Female College,
FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to

T. M. JONES,
June 15-tf President.

DR. JORDAN, OF NORFOLK, VA.,

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS.

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever instituted.

He has devoted much time and treated Female Complaints, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. Skin diseases of the most inveterate character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.

North Side of the best retreats for patients or others desiring the American Continent.

Norfolk, Va., June 15-tf

THE EXHIBITION OF 1868.

THE DAYS OF ROMAN CHIVALRY ECLIPSED!

Lions Conquered by a Woman!!

Royal Bengal Tigers Subdued!!!

The Monsters Lions in the Streets of Raleigh!

One Day Only, Monday, June 22, 1868.

COLONEL C. T. AMES'
NEW ORLEANS
MENAGERIE,

CIRCUS
AND
TROPICAL AVIARY.

A TRIPLE CONFEDERATION, almost illimitable in its resources, and more gorgeous and elegantly equipped than any kindred Exhibition extant.

The corps active numbers THIRTY-SEVEN ACCOMPLISHED ARTISTS, male and female representatives of the most elegant, graceful and pleasing Olympian Sports, including Equestrianism, Gymnastics, Pantomimics, Acrobatics and Athletics.

Among the most distinguished of the Troupe are

M'lle ESTELLE ZOYARRA,
VICTORIA DE LEE,
Madame ELIZABETH,
Mr. THOS. WATSON,
Mr. W. NAYLOR,
Mr. LEWIS CARR,
Mr. HORACE SMITH,
Signor TIBBS,
Mr. E. WINNE,
Mr. E. GOODING,
Mr. E. BANKER,
Master GEORGE,
The CASTILLION BROTHERS,
Master FRANK,
And the two intensely HUMOROUS CLOWNS,
BOB SMITH AND JOHNNY LAWTON.

The Zoological Department

Is of immense magnitude, and embraces hundreds of

WILD BEASTS,

Of almost every species and geographical range, from the ELEPHANT of the burning desert of Africa, to the WHITE BEAR of the Arctic Seas, or the BISON.

Of our own Western Wilds. To this is added an unusually large AVIARY, of most beautiful and brilliant Birds and Fowls Monkeys, Apes and Baboons, in countless numbers, and every tribe.

A BAND OF MUSICIANS,

That acknowledge no superior in the rendition of true harmony, led by the Lion Bugler, J. KINSLOE.

Performing Horses Trick Ponies, Educated Mules, Acting Monkeys, Sagacious Dogs, etc

THE ONLY
Lion Enchantress in the World!!!
THE BEAUTIFUL AND FAIRY-LIKE

Signorita Ella Eugenie,

and the distinguished Naturalist and accomplished Tiger-slayer HERR ELIJAH LENGEL, accompanies this Colossal Combination, and at each Exhibition display their miraculous power and indomitable courage, by entering the dens of the

Tigers,
LIONS,
PANTHERS
AND
LEOPARDS.

For List of Animals and general particulars, see Pictorial Posters, Descriptive Bills, Bulletins, &c.

The GRAND PROCESSION, on the morning of the day of exhibition, will be unusually gorgeous and grand. In it will be borne two Elephant Cars. On the top of one will be EUGENIE, surrounded by LIONS! On the other, seated side by side, LENGEL and a Royal TIGER, the only one of his species that ever permitted himself to yield to the will of man.

Bear in your mind, that this is strictly a Southern enterprise, and the Proprietor and Managers pledge themselves that the disreputable, or at least questionable, style of advertising attractions they do not present, shall in no instance be resorted to by them, but that every promise made to the public shall be kept to the letter.

Admission 75c. Children 50c.
Open at 2 and 7 p. m.

☞ This Company will exhibit at GOLDSBORO, on Saturday, 20th, and at WELDON, Tuesday 23rd inst.

June 15-1wdwtsw

MISCELLANEOUS.

YOUNG'S
BOARDING HOUSE,
NEAR THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Board, per Day, $2,00.

Liberal deductions made on Board by the Month. Rooms large, comfortable and well furnished.

FARE GOOD.

June 6-1m

For Sale.

A NICE LITTLE FARM, within two miles of the City. Comfortable Dwelling, Gin House, Gin and Cotton Press and necessary out-buildings, and a nice young Orchard of select Fruit.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 5-tf Auct'rs and Com. Merchants

LARD,

400 lbs. North Carolina Lard.
June 4-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

For Sale.

TWO FIRST RATE COTTON GINS, 45 and 50 Saws to the Gin.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 5-tf Auct'rs and Com. Merchants.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

THE SUBSCRIBER has just returned from New York, with a splendid collection of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS.

The largest and finest assortment of FRAMES ever brought to this place.—in which pictures will be placed at prices to suit the times.

GALLERY—Second door from Tucker Hall.

June 4-3m J. W. WATSON.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

EVERY ARTICLE necessary to a gentleman's complete outfit can be obtained of

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,
CLOTHIERS,
OPPOSITE TUCKER HALL,
Raleigh, N. C.

June 4-tf

JUST RECEIVED!

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS,
FINE BLACK ALPACA SACKS AND FROCKS,

A new lot of very superior

WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS,

Very desirable in warm weather.

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S FURNISHING STORE,
Opposite Tucker Hall,
June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED.

A NEW LOT OF
FINE DRESS SHIRTS,

All sizes. A perfect fit guaranteed in every instance.

All persons in want of such a luxury should call and supply themselves at once.

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Opposite Tucker Hall.
June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MANUFACTURER OF
GOLD AND SILVER WARE.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.
June 4-3m

ESTABLISHED 1854.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Gener Commission Merchants.
NORFOLK, VA.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

Refer to A. M. McPheeters, Esq., Hon. Thos. Bragg, and Hon. R. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. T. Mial, Esq, Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Hill Louisburg; Gen. Joshua Barnes, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and Messrs. John Myers & Son, Washington.

Norfolk, Va., June 2—tf

1868. SPRING STOCK. 1868.

BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,

AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs, Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

Office Seaboard & Roanoke R. R. Co.,
PORTSMOUTH, VA., June 4, 1868.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

IT HAVING BEEN REPORTED that the freight on Meats to Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, by the Seaboard Inland Air Line, via Portsmouth, is higher than by other routes, notice is hereby given that the rates of this line have not been increased, and that freight of all descriptions will be carried as low as by any other line, with the advantage of Express speed, by this the ONLY DAILY LINE between the Carolinas and the North.

Should any overcharge be inadvertently made by billing Clerks, it will be promptly refunded on application to

JAS. McCARRICK,
Traffic Agent,
June 8-3w Portsmouth, Va.

GUANO! GUANO!

The Genuine Peruvian!

ANOTHER LOT TO-DAY RECEIVING!

Ninety-two dollars and fifty cents per Ton. Five cents per pound, by the Bag.

June 6 tf DOUGLAS BELL.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, $9,000,000. No. POLICIES 52,700.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,984,769,51.

In these days of competition between Life Insurance Companies, each claiming the company he represents to be the best. Without saying anything in favor of any Company, or, by simple assertion, anything in its favor, the ÆTNA begs leave to refer to the annexed table, compiled from the official and sworn statements of twenty of the leading Companies in America, made to the Insurance Commissioners of the State of New York, and shows the ratio of expense to each $100 received by each Company, for the three years ending January 1, 1868.

It will be seen that the expenses of the Ætna are much less than any other Company; and after the average is struck, the ÆTNA, in 1865, saved $10.41 out of each $100 received—more than the average; in 1866, $7.17, and in 1867, $4.90. The receipts of the Ætna were, in 1865, $1,655,309; in 1866, $1,522,376, and in 1867, $1,129,447. Consequently, its savings in the three years were $172,317 39, to which add 7 per cent. interest to July 1, 1868: $199,287 55, making a grand total of $371,604 94 saved over the average of all other Companies.

This is the measure of success, as applied by the Hon. Elizur Wright, the greatest of American actuaries, to all Companies, and simply means that the Company which RATIO of expense to receipts shall come to the least, is the best able to pay large dividends to its policy holders. That the Ætna is the Company, these comparisons of official statements plainly show.

Official Statement showing the Expenses and Losses by the Twenty Largest Insurance Companies in America.

[FROM THE NEW YORK SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.]

NAMES.	Expenses and Claims paid out of each $100 of Income. 1865.	1866.	1867.	3 Years Average.
Connecticut Mutual	$ 33 87	$ 25 38	$ 28 90	$ 29 38
Charter Oak	32 62	29 26	28 20	29 36
Equitable	37 16	30 98	26 31	31 48
Globe Mutual	38 16	35 67	32 92	35 58
Germania	49 23	47 38	41 12	44 24
Guardian Mutual	40 07	31 20	36 50	35 59
Home	35 98	37 41	34 55	35 98
Knickerbocker	42 05	42 58	35 87	38 76
Mutual Life	38 84	30 03	32 75	33 54
Mutual Benefit	31 33	32 62	27 39	30 44
Manhattan	34 89	31 50	33 23	32 16
Mass. Mutual	38 44	35 44	36 40	36 42
New England Mutual	40 31	30 85	29 44	33 53
New York Life	37 09	28 26	29 48	31 61
North American	32 61	23 49	24 71	26 94
Phœnix Mutual	37 96	30 97	29 80	32 91
Security	37 14	36 30	33 70	35 71
Union Mutual	30 00	29 98	26 96	28 98
Washington	42 26	40 40	44 77	42 48
Average of 19 Companies	37 11	33 51	31 56	34 06
The "ÆTNA"	26 70	26 39	24 66	25 58
Difference	10 41	7 12	6 90	8 48

The ÆTNA income for 1865 was $1,655,309, on which $10 41 per 100, SAVED $172,317 39
" " " 1866 " $1,522,376, " 7 12
" " " 1867 " $1,129,447, " 6 90

To which add 7 per cent. compound interest to July 1, 1868 199,287 55

Giving a Total Saved by the Ætna in 3 years of $371,604 94

In proof of these statements, the official reports can be seen, by all who wish, at the

Raleigh Branch Office.

June 1-tf W. H. CROW, Manager.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, in all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 30 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a safe business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of loss, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
ÆTNA
BROOKLYN
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL
EQUITABLE
MANHATTAN

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States, in its relations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina.
Jan. 1—12t-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS.
LIFE AND ENDOWMENT.

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☞ Part of the premium loaned, and no *loss or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year.

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Information gladly furnished to agents, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., March 22—1868-6m