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THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM R. PELL, } SEATON GALES, } EDITORS.

TUESDAY, JULY 7, 1868

THE INAUGURAL.

Most of our Daily readers will, ere this, have read the Inaugural Address of Gov. Holden, delivered in the Capitol Square, on the 4th inst., before a portion of the General Assembly and an immense concourse of the newly enfranchised blacks. It is a well written document, rather long for the occasion, and without the directness and vigor of the author's best editorials.

It contains nothing new, nothing which the regular readers of the *Standard* have not seen produced before, in every conceivable form. In temper, it corresponds with that evinced in all his public papers while Provisional Governor, and the public know sufficiently well how he has carried out his pledges and how he has illustrated his professions of friendship and good feeling for the people of the State.

In this document, as in all others he has written, Gov. Holden has shown that he is simply a politician, a strong partizan politician, without the ingenuousness, the genius or the forecaste of the statesman,—that he has no keen perception of the real tendencies of the popular will, of the adaptation of the best measures to an end, or the effects of measures before they have been tried,—that he is no inventor of great measures and has no aptness in emergencies, all of which are so necessary to a statesman. *He* must keep near shore and follow the beaten track, or he becomes bewildered.

To those acquainted with the history of his political life, his defence of Radicalism and the new Constitution, in this address, so utterly adverse to all his former teachings, will not surprise them. He talks of rebels and of rebellion, as if he never was a rebel—of Unionism, as if he had been executed for his Union principles. What has been decided by *a party*, as to principles or measures, he attributes to the people, although he knows that every one of these principles or measures are still hotly contested and may be changed or overthrown. The enforcement of the fanciest doctrine of human equality upon the people of North Carolina, by the unconstitutional votes of a semi-barbarian race, he calls the voice of the people, and boldly announces the old partizan cry "to the victors belong the spoils."

No one is astonished at the enunciation from him, "Every office and every employment in the State, from the most inferior to the highest, is filled by the votes of the people." To this Conservatives will not object, if the Radicals will allow that all the offices are filled by those who are capable, honest and virtuous. As they have made such a poor beginning in these respects, they may expect the people to displace them, as soon as possible, for their incompetency and wastefulness. Conservatives will, however, receive with special favor the declaration that, among Radicals, "there will be no social proscription." Whether this means that the Radicals will not proscribe Conservatives, *socially*, or that white Radicals will not proscribe negro Radicals, *socially*, is not very transparent.

"Gov. Holden is not in favor," &c., of putting white and black children in the same schools, nor white and black militia in the same companies, nor does he think the Constitution requires it. We, of course, will not object in this, and we hope the constitutionality of acts *requiring* this separation will not be tested before the Courts. We hope he is also prepared, now, in view of the rapid tendency to miscegenation, to urge the General Assembly to interdict most strenuously the cohabitation and intermarriage of the white and black races.

Nor do we object to a proper organization of the militia. Yet we fear the most serious consequences from the arming and equipping of portions of the "loyal" black and white militia. "It is the duty of the Executive to see that the laws are faithfully executed and to preserve peace among the people," is certainly correct, and that "the people of North Carolina are proverbial for their law abiding disposition," has been demonstrated most clearly since the close of the war. Under the operation of conflicting laws against the old customs of the people, and of a partial administration of an unwritten military code, both on the part of the Freedman's Bureau, and of the military proper, in the midst of an admitted provisional civil code, the peace of the community has been singularly preserved; and it is preserved, where neither the presence of the Bureau nor Military were found, although, at no time, have there been more than 2,000 Federal troops in the State. We trust that the General Assembly will look closely into these facts and set up to their teachings. They teach us, palpably, that the presence of Military in the State, in any form, is wholly unnecessary for the preservation of peace and order. If the Executive and the party in power really want peace, the facts of the past ought to convince them that all that is needed, is the wise and prompt administration of the civil law by competent officers. An armed militia must be a source of irritation and trouble. It is adverse to all our ideas of peace, order and liberty. Moreover, impoverished as our people are, will the General Assembly incur the enormous tax which will be required to keep it up?

The Inaugural speaks patriotically enough in insisting upon the preservation of the credit of the State. Every citizen must feel the importance of this. But how can this best be done, in the impoverished condition of our people? For three successive years, since the war, the productions of the State, our only source of wealth, have fallen more than one-half below our former ability. The poverty of the people, their actual ability to pay in cash any lawful claim upon them, is fifty per cent. less than it was the first year after the war. Such property as our people have will not bring, at public sale, one-tenth what it would before the war. The wheat crop, upon which so many relied the present year, has been a failure,—not being half a crop,—and although the cotton and corn crops at present look well, the continuance of the present drought, for any length of time, would prove destructive to them. To meet the large increase of the regular State expenses under the new *regime*, and the most moderate provision for the schools, will more than exhaust the people's means, at present. If, in addition to this, provision is made to pay the interest on the State debt by taxation, who can estimate the amount of suffering and sacrifice to be entailed on our distressed people? Let the General Assembly carefully ponder its steps upon the subject of taxation.

The address speaks pleasantly about forgetting the past, and about meeting those who come among us, kindly and courteously. We appreciate and sympathize with the verbiage of the address in this particular, but the practice of the author shows he means more than he says. We discard wholly the idea of acting unkindly and uncourteously towards those who come to settle with us, and to share with our sorrows and our joys alike, in our efforts at recuperation. The activity of a man we do not consider, but his character, his objects in coming among us, are to be considered. If men come among us, as is evidently the case with many, simply to seek and to fill office, because the manipulations of party render office more accessible to them than to our own people, and show that their object is not to promote the interests of our people and of the State, but their own, we are utterly opposed to them. In many cases, there are men of such doubtful morals, whose characters, *at home* rendered them unacceptable to their own people, and whose examples and associations, since they have been among us, have been so demoralizing and disreputable, that we cannot commit the safety and interests of the State to them. But where they are *known* to possess character and qualifications, *and are identified with North Carolina interests*, we have no prejudices against them, because of their birth. This part of the address will be regarded, as it was intended, as an apology for the Yankee allies of the Governor,—the carpet-baggers with whom he has linked his destiny.

THE DIFFERENCE.

The contrast between our native colored people, and the carpet-baggers who have forced themselves into position by negro votes, is remarkable. In every instance, where an opportunity is afforded the carpet-baggers to manifest an illiberal and despotic spirit towards our native gentlemen, who, in all the elements of intelligence, worth and reliability, are vastly their superiors in the most numerous and influential walks of life, we have observed that the colored representatives are far more liberal and exhibit a spirit far more becoming.

This contrast was strikingly exhibited in the Senate, on yesterday, in the cases of Mr. Sweet, of Craven, and A. H. Galloway, of New Hanover. Mr. Sweet was intolerant, contending that the Reconstruction Acts, though unconstitutional, were the supreme law of the land, and must be obeyed. Mr. Robbins' reply must have shivered him, if truth could make an impression. Galloway, on the other hand, insisted that he was in favor of the admission of every Senator who had such credentials as *he* had, and was ready to ask the removal of all their disabilities. He did this, he said, although the party of Mr. Robbins was disposed to put his race under the ban,—but it was simple justice and right. Such magnanimity only shines the brighter, though exhibited by a native colored man, when put in contrast with the illiberal, ungenerous, partizan course of a Yankee new-comer in the State, who could not have been elected but by the agency of negro votes.

Gov. Worth.—Gov. Worth retired gracefully from the Executive office on Wednesday; yielding to a force which could not be resisted, he yet entered his protest against the usurpation which displaced him. This is what we expected of him; he has acted as became the Governor of an honored old commonwealth which has been compelled, temporarily at least, to yield up its existence at the hands of the destroyer. We are glad that he protested against the right of the military to remove him, for we believe that he is still the lawful Governor of the State and his protest may possibly serve a useful purpose in the future.

Gov. Worth came into office at a most critical period in the history of the State—at a time when the office was beset with more difficulties than any of his predecessors ever encountered. That he should have given universal satisfaction was scarcely to have been expected. Yet few chief magistrates have been more successful, and few have carried with them into retirement the confidence and respect of the virtuous and intelligent proportion of the people in a higher degree. He will doubtless feel relieved of an onerous burden, and enjoy more happiness as a private citizen than when burdened with the responsibilities of the Executive office. Such, at least, is our wish, and the wish of thousands of friends in every part of the State.—*Old North State.*

U. S. Senator.—We learn that Governor Swann has determined to appoint William Pinkney Whyte, Esq., (a member of the Baltimore bar,) United States Senator, to fill the unexpired term of Hon. Reverdy Johnson, Minister to England. The third Congressional District of Maryland will now be competed for strongly between Governor Swann, Messrs R. J. Brent, John Stewart and C. J. M. Gwinn, as to who shall be the successor of Gen. Phelps.—*Worcester Shield.*

The Cotton Tax.—The exact phraseology of the law repealing the cotton tax having become a matter of dispute, a certified copy of the act has been procured from Washington by the *Journal of Commerce*.—The law reads, all cotton grown in the United States after the year 1867 shall be exempt from internal tax, and cotton imported from foreign countries, on and after November 1st, 1868, shall be exempt from duty.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

MONDAY, July 6, 1868.

The Senate was called to order at 10½ o'clock.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Branson, of the City.

A. H. Galloway, (negro,) presented a resolution relative to the removal of disabilities of certain persons in this State. Lies over.

Mr. Burns offered a resolution, proposing the appointment of a joint committee to examine into and report the condition of the Auditor's Office. Lies over.

Mr. Robbins moved the following, as a substitute for his motion, which was pending when the Senate adjourned on Saturday, to wit:

"That the Committee of Investigation be required to ask the opinions of the Judges of the Supreme Court of North Carolina upon the following questions, to-wit:

1st. Has the amendment to the Federal Constitution, known as Art. 14, any force or effect, yet, as a part of the organic Law?

2nd. Has that clause of the 3rd section of the recent Act of Congress, re-admitting this State to representation in Congress, which declares that certain classes of citizens shall be deemed ineligible to office, any binding or legal force and effect in this State, as a co-equal State in the Union?

3rd. Have the Reconstruction Acts of Congress, or any of them, any legal force and effect now in this State, upon the question of the eligibility to office, under the present State government, of such classes of citizens as would be under disability by the Howard Amendment?

4th. Is the present government of this State still provisional only in its character?

And that said Committee be instructed to include said opinion or opinions in their report."

Mr. Robbins supported the resolutions in a speech of great force, followed by Messrs. Blythe, Sweet, Rich, Lassiter, Welker and Galloway (negro,) in opposition.

The question recurring on the substitute, it was lost.

On motion of Mr. Robbins, the ayes and nays were called on the original motion; which was rejected, as follows:

Yeas.—Messrs. Barnes, Beeman, Love, Melchor, Mason, Purdie, Robbins, Wynne, Winstead, and Wilson.

Nays.—Messrs. Barrow, Bellamy, Brogden, Burns, Blythe, Cook, Davis, Eaves, Etheridge, Eppes, (negro,) Forkner, Galloway, (negro,) Hayes, Harrington, Hall, Hyman, (negro,) Legg, Lassiter, Long, Martindale, Moore, of Carteret, Moore, of Yancey, Rich, Respass, Richardson, Smith, Shoffner, Sweet, White and Welker.

A message was received from the House, transmitting sundry papers, to wit:

A bill providing for the qualification of officers elected under the Reconstruction acts. Read first time.

Also the report of the Joint Committee on rules for the government of intercourse between the two Houses; which was adopted.

On motion of A. H. Galloway, (negro,) his resolution, relative to election frauds in Caswell county, was taken up and adopted.

The bill repealing that part of an act, which requires the Public Treasurer to give a duplicate bond, came up, and, on motion of Mr. Brogden, the rules were suspended and the bill passed its several readings.

Mr. Brogden introduced a resolution, authorizing the publication of twenty copies of the Inaugural Address of Governor Holden delivered on the 4th of July.

Mr. Etheridge moved to amend, by including the remarks of Lt. Gov. Caldwell, and to increase the number of copies to fifty; which amendment was accepted and the resolution adopted.

The resolution of Mr. Robbins, declaring that the fundamental condition in the Omnibus Bill, which seeks to restrict the right of the State hereafter to regulate suffrage, to be without legal force or effect in this State, came up.

Mr. Robbins supported the resolution in one of the most powerful, eloquent and impressive speeches we have listened to. The Senate and large audience listened with the most profound attention and with unabated interest. The Reporter cannot attempt a report and hopes that Mr. R. will furnish it for publication.

At the close of Mr. R's remarks, Mr. Barrow called for the previous question, which was agreed to, and,

On motion of Mr. Robbins, the ayes and nays were called. The vote stood as follows:

Nays.—Messrs. Barrow, Beasley, Bellamy, Brogden, Burns, Blythe, Cook, Davis, Eaves, Etheridge, Eppes, (negro,) Forkner, Galloway, (negro,) Hayes, Harrington, Hall, Hyman, (negro,) Legg, Lassiter, Martindale, Moore, of Carteret, Moore, of Yancey, Rich, Respass, Richardson, Smith, Shoffner, Sweet, White, Wynne, Winstead, Welker—32.

Ayes.—Messrs. Barnes, Beeman, Love, Melchor, Mason, Purdie, Robbins, Wilson—8.

On motion of A. H. Galloway, (negro,) the Senate took a recess until 4 o'clock this afternoon.

"HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES."

MONDAY, July 6, 1868.

The House was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Branson, of the city.

Mr. Morrill, of Brunswick, appeared, was qualified and took his seat.

Mr. Estes presented a memorial from Cooper Hutchins, of Duplin, in reference to the payment of taxes. Referred to the Committee on Claims, when such Committee is appointed.

RESOLUTIONS, &c.

By Mr. Gunter: A resolution requesting the Governor to furnish each member a copy of the Constitution and Ordinances of the late Convention. Adopted.

By Mr. Hodgins: A resolution, that the Commission, who were appointed by the late Convention to codify the laws, be invited to address the House, in Committee of the Whole upon the subject.

By Mr. Blair: A resolution postponing the collection of taxes in Randolph, due for the year 1868, until the first day of November.

Mr. Hodnett moved to insert "Cherokee" in its provisions.

After some further discussion, Mr. Blair withdrew the resolution, as the matter would be covered by a general bill.

By Mr. Abbott: A joint resolution authorizing the Governor to appoint a Commission of three to examine into the Literary fund, including the University,—said Committee to have power to send for persons and papers.

Mr. Durham did not see the necessity of such a measure. We had a Superintendent of Instruction, whose business it was to transact such matters. The Commission would have to be paid, at the expense of the State. Why not authorize the Speaker of this House to appoint a committee to report on such business? That would be no additional expense to the State, if a special committee was really necessary. He, therefore, was opposed to the resolution.

After some debate between Messrs. Abbott and Durham, Mr. A. consented to modify his resolution, by authorizing the Speaker of the House to appoint a committee of three to make an examination. The resolution was then adopted.

By Mr. Sinclair: A bill entitled "an act to change the method of electing the Judges of the several Superior Courts."

[This bill provides for the election of the Superior Court Judges, by the electors of each Judicial district, instead of a general election.]

Mr. Justice, of Rutherford, moved to lay it on the table.

Mr. Sinclair called for the yeas and nays. The call was sustained and resulted in the House refusing to sustain the motion to table, by a vote of yeas 46, nays 50.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, the bill was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, when appointed.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, his bill, to provide a new term of the Superior Court in Caldwell county, was taken up and put on its second reading and passed.

The bill was then read for the third time, adopted, and ordered to be engrossed and transmitted to the Senate.

By Mr. White: A bill in regard to the collection of arrears of taxes from the securities of deceased Sheriffs, allowing until Jan. 1st., 1869, for such collection.

The bill was put on its second reading and adopted; when

On motion of Mr. Seymour, its third reading was postponed until to-morrow.

By Mr. Kinney: A bill to amend the charter of the Davidson Copper Mining Co. The bill passed its second and third readings, and was ordered to be engrossed and transmitted to the Senate.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Mr. Sinclair's resolutions came up, in regard to raising a Committee to investigate the charges against Mr. Jones, recently elected Judge.

The Chair decided that the name of the gentleman, whom the resolution charges with misconduct, should appear.

Mr. Sinclair was then allowed to insert the name, when

Mr. Seymour said, that, as a member of the legal profession, whose character is measurably dependent upon the character of its members,—and as one of the party who elected the Judge referred to, and which does not desire to sustain any of its members in any dereliction of duty,—and as a citizen of the State of North Carolina, and, as such, interested in the purity and respectability of its Judiciary, he had no desire to interpose any obstacle to the investigation desired; but there are reasons, known to many members of this House, which it is not necessary for me now to give, which render it expedient to postpone a vote on this matter. I, therefore, move that the consideration of it be postponed until Thursday morning next.

Mr. Sinclair agreed to the postponement, and the chair announced it the special order for that day.

Mr. Abbott, from the committee appointed to draft rules of order, reported that they had not been able to submit a set, but would do so this afternoon. He moved that when the House adjourn, that it adjourn until 4 o'clock this afternoon. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Moring, the House then adjourned.

[Note.—In last Friday's proceedings, Mr. Stevens, of Craven, was reported as a negro. It was a mistake of the Reporter's. Mr. S. is a white man.]

DIED:

At Trinity College, on the 21st ult., Dr. C. F. Graves, in the 45th year of his age. He was in his usual health three days before; some time [illegible] he went out to his potato patch, [illegible] a few steps distant to sit down, and fell, saying at the time to his son who was near, that he was struck with the palsy, and that they should hasten to carry him to the house. He never spoke afterwards. He seemed to be perfectly conscious of everything about him, showed perfect intelligence in his eyes, and could, to some extent, communicate with his friends by signs. A little after night, on the 21st, he died gently and calmly, as one who enters peaceful sleep.

Dr. Graves was a regularly educated Physician, and was eminent in his profession; he was not only thoroughly learned and great in practical skill, but was so kind and considerate, so affectionate and attentive, that his very presence acted as a charm upon his patients. Rarely has a Physician been so much beloved and so much missed as Dr. Graves. As a man, he was in every sense a refined, christian gentleman; noble in appearance, elegant in manner and genial in soul, he was the delight of the community. As a husband and father, he was devotedly attached to his family, and perhaps the country affords no finer example of peaceful, loving, refined social life than his cherished home. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn his loss; their affliction is great, and though surrounded by many warm friends, earth has given no consolation for such a bereavement as theirs. As a Christian, Dr. Graves had been for many years a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church, and latterly especially, had been living a devoted, prayerful life. Doubtless his peace was fully made with God. His funeral was preached at High Point to an immense congregation. The body was buried with Masonic honors, and was followed to the grave by the largest concourse of people that has ever been seen on such an occasion in this country. Trinity has lost a physician in whom she had perfect confidence, and a man that would have been an ornament to any community. He's gone, but his memory will long live in this village.

C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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THE NEXT SESSION of my School will commence on Monday, the 13th July, to continue five calendar months.

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JNO. T. WOMBLE,
Raleigh, July 7-1w*

JULY, 1868.

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E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING, M. D.,
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W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

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June 30-1m.

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Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance, remainder at the end of the session.

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June 15-tf President.

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June 19 4w

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J. T. WICHE,
July 2-eod1w Sec. Board Trustees.

Wilmington Journal, Norfolk Journal, Danville Times, Charlotte Democrat and Wadesboro Argus publish four times each, and send bill to Rev. Dr. Craven, at Trinity.

Henderson Collegiate Institute, HENDERSON, N. C.

FRED A. FETTER, A. M., Principal.
CHARLES FETTER, A. B., Assistant.

THE FIFTH SESSION of this Institution will open on Wednesday 1st Jan. 1868.

Course of study designed to prepare boys for any University, or for business.

TERMS:

Per Session of 20 weeks—half in advance, balance on the 1st September:

Tuition and Board (with the Principal,) fuel and lights included, $115.00.

Each Student is required to furnish a pair of blankets, a pair of sheets, a pair of pillow-cases and his towels.

Circulars sent on application.
June 16—3awlm

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE SECOND SESSION of the School of the Rev. Dr. MASON and Mr. S. G. RYAN begins

For instruction in the Classical Department, including the branches of English education, $30 per Session.

For English branches alone $25 per session.

One half the Tuition money to be paid in advance.

Mr. RYAN proposes also to receive into his family, as boarders, not more than ten boys.

Board for the whole year of 10 months, $200, or $47 per month.
June 30-3tawdw

CLINTON MALE ACADEMY.

THE TRUSTEES OF THIS INSTITUTION desiring to establish permanently a School of the highest character have engaged the services of Professor B. F. GRADY and E. McLEOD, Esq., and now offer to the public a Seminary worthy of their patronage. Where the Principals are known, no words of commendation need be said in their favor. Long experience in teaching, united with those qualities indispensably requisite to the proper training of the youthful mind, render them eminently fitted for the duties of friend and instructor.

The situation is remarkably healthy; the community is universally regarded as uncommonly moral, intelligent and pleasant, and offers, therefore, many and superior inducements to parents and others, who are compelled to entrust the education of their sons or wards to others.

Any information that may be desired in regard to terms, &c., will be furnished with pleasure by either of the Teachers, or by the Trustees.

By order of the Board of Trustees,

A. A McKOY,
June 27-1awdw Secretary.

VINE HILL ACADEMY,

Scotland Neck, N. C.

THIRD SESSION begins July 16th. Tuition $40 and $50. Board and tuition, including every thing except washing, $125.

Address J. M. LOVEJOY.
July 1-2awdw

North Carolina Military and Polytechnic Academy, HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE SECOND TERM of the Session of 1868 begins July 1st.

Cadets will be received at any time during the session.

For circulars, containing full information, address Gen. R. F. COLSTON,
June 1-3awlm Superintendent.

SELECT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

THE next session of Mrs. V. C. Howell's Select School for Young Ladies will commence July 13th, 1868, and continue twenty weeks. English Branches, French and Music thoroughly taught.

For particulars, address Mrs. V. C. HOWELL,
July 2-3awdw Raleigh, N. C.

R. H. GRAVES' SCHOOL, WILLIAMSBORO', N. C.

COURSE OF STUDIES: Ancient Languages and English Branches, including, if desired, the higher Mathematics and Book-keeping.

TERMS:—For Tuition and Board, per session of 20 weeks, one hundred and thirty dollars in advance. Each Pupil providing for himself, one pair of blankets, one set of Pillow cases, washing and lights.

The Fall Session of 1868 opens on Monday, 13th of July.
June 30-2w1m

Select Boarding and Day School, HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, Principals.

THE FALL TERM OF 1868 opens July 24th and closes Dec. 19th.

Circulars furnished on application.
July 6-2awlm

S. H. HORNER'S Classical and Mathematical School, OXFORD, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION will open the THIRD MONDAY IN JULY.

Terms as heretofore, except that no Stage fare between Oxford and Henderson will be charged to Students, either coming or returning.
June 26-2w*

WATERING PLACES.

HOT SPRINGS, BATH COUNTY, VA.

James A. McClung ..... Manager.
R. G. Tardy & Co. ..... Proprietors.
J. E. Williams ..... Resident Physician.

NOW OPEN TO VISITORS.

THE HOTEL HAS BEEN RECENTLY ENLARGED, and new Baths constructed. No expense or effort has been spared by the Proprietors to render this famous watering place as comfortable as possible to all visitors.

The Hot Waters here have been well known, for more than half a century, to possess, in a wonderful degree, tonic, alterative, detergent and stimulating properties, and have been justly celebrated for the cure of Rheumatism, Gout, Diseases of the Liver, Skin, Bladder and Womb, Paralysis, the result of injury or serous effusion, Contraction of Muscles and Joints, Diarrhœa and Dyspepsia, accompanied with Sore Mouth and Tenesmus.

Route from the North, via Orange and Alexandria Railroad, to Gordonsville; thence via Virginia Central Railroad to Millboro' or Covington Depot; thence by Trotter & Co's Stage Line over Turnpike Road to Hot Springs. Distance from Millboro' 20 miles, from Covington eighteen miles.

Route from the South, via Richmond or Lynchburg, and Virginia Central Railroad, to Millboro' or Covington.

Board $3 per day; $20 per week; $75 per month.

For descriptive Pamphlets and Circulars, apply to S. C. TARDY & CO.,
Post Office Box, 317, Richmond, Va.

Or to J. A. McCLUNG, Manager,
June 18-tjuly15 Hot Springs, Va.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS, Catawba County, N. C.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medical properties of the waters, both Sulphur and Chalybeate, unrivalled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests, and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the Springs, a distance of six miles over a beautiful well shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season. Board $50 per month; $18 per week or $3 per day. Children under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath house complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and sulphur baths cold or hot.

J. GOLDEN WYATT,
Proprietor.
Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co., N. C.
June 1-6tw3m.

SWEET SPRINGS,

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA,

WILL BE OPENED for the reception of visitors JUNE 20th, and, as heretofore, will be kept as a strictly first-class hotel. Passengers from the South will take Tenn. & Va. R. R. to Bonsack's, Botetourt, where first-class coaches will be in readiness to convey them to the Springs, at Board $3 per day. June 12-tAwg5

MISCELLANEOUS.

SELLING OUT AT

NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded to offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,

AT

NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.

A. MLINE,
Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett sts.
June 25-1m Raleigh, N. C.

MANUFACTURER OF

GOLD AND SILVER WARE.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.
June 1-3m

COLGATE & CO'S

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.

For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 28—tjm

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

WHITE GRANITE DINNER WARE,
GLASS GOBLETS, TUMBLERS AND WINE GLASSES,
BOWLS AND PITCHERS,
WATER PITCHERS.

Just received and for sale,
J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis.
Raleigh, N. C., June 30, 1868.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE THIRD session of Mrs. A. H. Gorman's school for girls and boys will commence on the fifteenth day of July next, at her residence in this city.

Terms: Three dollars per month, or fifteen dollars per session of five months—half pay invariably in advance.
July 2-4t.

Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Stock.

I WILL SELL, ON THE 10TH OF JULY next, at the Office of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company, in Raleigh, THIRTEEN (13) SHARES of Stock in said Company, belonging to the Trustees of Wake Forest College.

JAS. S. PURIFOY,
July 4-4ds* Treasurer.