The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 31, 1868. NO. [illegible]

The Daily Sentinel.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

At a great Seymour and Blair meeting, in Cincinnati, on Friday night last, Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton, Mr. Pugh and others made speeches. We make the following extracts from Mr. Pendleton's speech—the entire speech being too long for our columns.

Mr. Pendleton said:

I have had occasion lately to speak of the proceedings of the New York Convention. I approve them all. (Cheers.) I approve the platform; I approve the nominations. The platform announces the principles for which we have so zealously struggled. I have enumerated them before:

Fidelity to the Constitution!
Fidelity to the Union!
Fidelity to the rights of the States!
Fidelity to the liberty of the citizen!
Fidelity to the principles of free government!

Fidelity to that policy in matters of finance and taxation which, by paying the five twenty bonds in legal-tender notes, will lift from the shoulders of labor the burdens which oppress it; and by equality of taxation will make it to reap the just rewards of patient and cheerful industry. (Applause.) Governor Seymour and General Blair have each explicitly declared that they cordially approved those principles. (Applause.)—Our candidates realize all we expect in pure, patriotic, able, cultivated Christian statesmen. I have known Governor Seymour well. I knew him throughout the trying scenes of the war. I have closely watched for many years his course, and his opinions; and I tell you in all sincerity, this night, that he is the first statesman in America.—And that we can commit to him more safely than to any other man the destiny of our Government in these troublous times. Self possessed, cool, calm, sagacious, moderate, tolerant—he will unite deliberation in council with vigor in action; and seeking nothing but the enforcement of the Constitution, he will bring us back to Union and peace and happiness under the shadow of its wings. (Applause.)

INDICATIONS OF THE CAMPAIGN.

I am glad you came here in such numbers to-night. I am glad to see that the men crowed this great outpouring of the people. I am glad to recognize so many of our political opponents among your familiar faces. The spirit which animates them fills my heart with hope. It is not the enthusiasm made to order by the *claqueurs* of politics, nor yet the zeal engendered by party discipline. It is a spirit of thoughtful and anxious inquiry, of boding fear. It shows that the public calamity weighs heavy upon the public mind. It shows that the management of public affairs excites their apprehensions. It shows fear—shall I say a conviction—that the great powers of Government have fallen into unworthy or unskilful hands, and are being wielded now rather for the advancement of a party than for the good of the country. (Applause.) My friends, I desire to recall what we have in common. I will not speak to you in any partisan sense. We stand in exactly the same position. We are fellow-countrymen, fellow patriots. We have the same lives to lose. The same liberties to win, the same dangers to avoid. We have the same interests, the same hopes, the same fears. We have the same country to love, the same institutions to preserve, the same liberty to enjoy. We ought to be—we are alike honest in our motives, thoughtful in our investigations, and sincere in our convictions. (Applause.) I believe in the principles of the Democratic party. I desire to woo you to embrace them. I believe they will maintain our liberty and perpetuate our Government. You have been, perhaps for a long time members of the Republican party. You have given to it your love, your confidence, your votes, your money, your exertions. You have installed it in absolute power. It has had uncontrolled sway. How has it answered your expectations? Has it satisfied your judgment? (Voices, "No," "No.") Answer this question not to me. Answer it to your own conscience, and to your God. (Applause.)

QUESTIONS AT ISSUE.

The two great questions now which politics are now divided are, a restoration of the Union and the management of the finances and taxation.

Has the policy of the Republican party satisfied your first demands on either?

Voices, "No, no."

RETROSPECTION.

Let me recall to you the retrospect of a few years. We were told that the object of the war was to enforce the Constitution and to maintain the Union. Mr. Lincoln told us so in his inaugural address. Mr. Seward told us so in his despatches to foreign ministers, and in his invitations to Senators and members to return and occupy the seats they had left. Congress told us so in its resolutions and laws. Every recruiting officer who desired to be Colonel of a new regiment—every candidate who desired to hold offices—told us so. It was this inspiring thought of devotion to the Constitution and the Union—the old Constitution which Washington, such Franklin and Madison made, the old Union which was the bond of peace for seventy years—which brought volunteers to our ranks, and collected that mighty host under whose tread the very continent seemed to shake. This was continued till the very end of the war.—When Mr. Lincoln met the Southern Commissioners at Fortress Monroe, in the spring of 1865, he expressly declared to them that he only required that they should lay down their arms, recognize the abolition of slavery, and return to the Union; that no other condition should be demanded. We were told that illegal force impaired the relations of the States to each other; that the force must be removed, and the relations would of themselves be restored. The war was brought to a close. Johnston surrendered to Sherman. The last man laid down his arms. The last gun was given up. The State governments were then in full operation and vigor; they had remained unchanged; they performed all the functions of government in the preservation of civil society. Some of the office-holders had fled; some had been killed, some were liable to internecine punishment; but the forms of government were there, and the State Constitutions were, as binding as they ever had been. General Sherman carried out to their legal conclusion the principles upon which the war was commenced. He conquered armies, he subdued hostile forces. He cut with his sword the knot which tied the States of the Confederacy together, and having established their relations to the Union, he said to his prisoners: "Go to your homes in peace."

This was Union—this was loyalty—this was enforcing the Constitution—this was executing Federal law while it maintained the rights and powers and dignities of the States unimpaired. This was a fitting conclusion of the war. It asserted Sherman's ability in statesman to be equal to his vigor as a soldier. The terms of that pacification will remain, for all time, the monument of his wisdom, and foresight, and moderation. Its rejection has been the source of many troubles. But the President of the United States, and the party which elected him, were not satisfied. They annulled its terms. They insisted upon the appointment of Provisional Governors—that the ordinances of secession should be repealed—that slavery should be abolished—that the Confederate debt should be utterly repudiated—and promised that then the States should be restored to their position in the Union. All was done. The States were recognized to have sufficient vital power to assent to an amendment to the Federal Constitution, and to bind their people for all time. Congress and the President quarrelled—and when Congress met in 1865, he had not the power, and Congress had not the disposition, to recognize the restoration of the Union. A change had come over their party schemes—visions of power and a revolutionized Government had flitted before their eyes. (Applause.) Six months elapsed—and the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution was proposed. You are familiar with its provisions. Citizenship in the States was to depend upon the will of the Federal government, not of the States—the rule of representation was to be changed—so as to reward the admission of negroes to the elective franchise, and to punish their exclusion. The ban of proscription in the States was to be put upon all who had aided in the rebellion, and to question the validity of the public debt—in the manner I shall do to-night—was to be treated as a crime. If this were adopted by a vote of the Southern States—these States which now they tell you had committed suicide six years before—they had promised their Senators and Representatives should be admitted to Congress. Six months again elapsed, and another change had come over them. The Radicals had triumphed. The Reconstruction acts were passed. Their State Governments, which had been so often invited to perform the highest acts, were abolished. Military despotisms were set up in their stead. The mainsprings of order, the protection of life, liberty, and property—the establishment of new Governments founded on different principles were committed to the charge of a military officer, backed by the short, sharp process of martial law and drum head court martial. (Cheers.)

WHAT IS NOW PROPOSED.

Eighteen months elapse. A Presidential election approaches. All the large Northern States—even Indiana—almost openly pronounce their defection. The Radicals are alarmed—they fear defeat. They must make up from the re-organized States at the South wherever they may rise at the North. They pass a law regulating the Electoral College—determining what votes shall and what shall not be counted in the election. They declare that none of the old States are States—that no Electoral votes shall be counted except from States which have been re-organized since the Spring of 1867,—which have adopted new Constitutions—which have adopted negro suffrage—and which have been admitted to representation by the Congress. Do you understand the meaning of those provisions? The State of Alabama, two months since, rejected altogether the Constitution which was submitted to a voters. Her people, yet that same rejected Constitution is put in force by Federal arms, and she is admitted to representation because it is believed that by its adoption colored male voters will be disfranchised that their electoral vote will be carried for the Radicals. (Ban, and cheers.) Mississippi also rejected the Constitution submitted to her people, but as the oaths of that Constitution are still so stringent, and the whites might give a Democratic majority, she is denied representation, and her electoral votes are not to be counted. Virginia is supposed to have white population enough to adopt or reject her Constitution, and then in either event to give the electoral vote to the Democratic candidate, and her name is immediately stricken from the list. Texas has not been sufficiently humiliated, and for her a new military organization is to be created, as you have read in to-day's papers. And now, what do you think about the State of Ohio? Well, she is a pretty good State, and I think can take care of herself. (Cheers.) The fourteenth amendment has been declared, within two days, to be adopted—Ohio and New Jersey, before their votes were counted, before the other States had ratified, by solemn act of their Legislatures, withdrew their assent to the amendment. Established constitutional lawyers assert they had the right to do so. No man will affirm the question is without doubt; notwithstanding the amendment is declared to be adopted by the votes of these two States—and it is already hinted that Maryland and Kentucky will be, by mere brute force, excluded from the vote for President, on the pretext that their representation has not been made to conform to the new rule established by that amendment. My friends—my Republican friends—are you satisfied with this condition of things? (A voice, "No, no.") Is this the reignration your party promised? Are you willing that this gigantic civil war should end in this disgraceful scramble for mere power? Are you willing that the lives which were lost, the blood which was shed, the money which was spent, the high hopes which were excited, should have no other end but this pitiful party scheme?—Are you willing that the fate of American liberty, the high interests, moral and material, involved in a restored Union, should thus be made subservient to mere party success? I cannot believe that you are satisfied with the Republican party in this.

WHAT NEXT FROM US.

They tell you that the work is accomplished—that the Union is restored; that whatever is wrong will be speedily righted by the States. Do not be deceived. This is not so. This is not so. This is one act in the drama. We are in the midst of the revolution. It is driving on with accelerated speed. Its leaders can not stop it, its demons can not direct. They, they are not yours. They will be consumed in the flames which they have lighted. If they succeed in gaining power by this means, they will to-morrow devise new purposes and new powers, and deride them by [illegible]. The spirit of revolution is instinctive. It slumbers, it only [illegible]. It pauses, but only to gain accelerated speed.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

GENUINE IMPORTED WINES & LIQUORS.

CHAMPAGNE OF THE YOUNGEST

Charles Heidsieck
Henry Esquis
Henry de Rheims
Heidsieck
Choice Old Supporting on draught and cases.

Port, Madeira and Sherry in cases.
Pure French and Apple Brandy.
Rye and Corn Whiskey.
Holland Gin.
Jamaica Rum.
Blackberry Wine.

W. H. JONES & CO.
July 16-tf Auc'rs & Com. Merchants

Corn! Corn!
2,000 bushels corn in store.
July 28-tf Auc'rs & Com. Merchants

Cheese! Cheese!
Just received a lot of Choice Factory Cheese.
W. H. JONES & CO.
July 28-tf Auctioneers & Com. Merchants

Seed Wheat!
CHOICE MARYLAND SEED WHEAT
A limited amount.
W. H. JONES & CO.
July 22-tf Auc'rs and Com. Merchants

BACON.
Also on R. C. Hams, Sides, and Shoulders. Also Western Shoulders, very cheap.
W. H. JONES & CO.
July 16-tf Auction & Com. Merchants

Sugar! Sugar!
An assorted supply just received.
W. H. JONES & CO.
July 20-tf

J. R. HUNTER & CO.
COTTON FACTORS,
Produce Commission Merchants,
CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.

Will sell in this market or NORFOLK and PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON (Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grain, Flour, Fruit, and all staple articles of Produce.

Liberal advancements made on cotton shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.

June 19-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS & C. RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELL-ING, ERUPTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, TETTER, ERYSIPELAS, SCALD HEAD, ULCERS IN THE NOSE AND THROAT, GENERAL DEBILITY,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, among many hundreds of just citizens, testify to its wonderful efficacy:

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and reliable Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. ROOKE, M. D.
A. SITES, M. D.
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.
E. BARNES, M. D.
S. W. KING, M. D.
R. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to healthy condition of IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

It is not a Secret Quack Remedy! The effects of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,
BALTIMORE, Md.,
(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1.25 PER BOTTLE.

For Sale wholesale by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
20 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.
Jan 21-1y

SWEET SPRINGS.

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA.

WILL BE OPENED for the reception of visitors JUNE 20th, 1868, and, as heretofore, will be kept as a first-class watering place. Passengers from the South by take Train at Keyser, for Hotel Station, where direct stage connection will be in readiness to convey them to the Springs.

Board $2 per day.

NOTICE.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER made in the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Wake County, at May Term, 1868, in the case of J. K. Rogers, Jr., vs. Rogers' Heirs, &c., I will sell, at the Court House door, in the city of Raleigh, on the 20th day of August, 1868, at the hour of 12 o'clock M., all the real Estate of the late Silas Rogers, subject to the widow's dower.

Terms—Twelve months credit.

The above tract contains about 200 ACRES, and is about six miles North of Raleigh, on the road leading to Gaston.

The widow's dower will be laid off previous to the sale, and the purchaser will get possession on the 1st January, 1869.

This July 18th, 1868.

JOHN H. ROGERS,
July 18-6w Commissioner.

VINE HILL ACADEMY,
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE EXERCISES of this Academy will be resumed on the 1st Monday in August, and continue forty weeks.

Tuition and Board can be had in private families at reasonable rates.

For Circulars containing terms, &c., address
JOHN E. EDWARDS.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D.
WM. B. ISAACS, M. D.
H. C. CARELL, M. D.

DIRECTORS.

John Haywood, Jno. H. Clitborne,
John Ehringhaus, Jno. Gatling,
William H. Pell, Jno. A. Williams,
Thomas Crowell, Jno. Nichols,
Samuel Ashe, Jno. Rex Kennedy,
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Charles D. Heartt, Jno. C. Palmer,
William Wills, Jr., Jno. Stanly,
Thos. J. Brooks, Joseph Selby,
James A. Smith, Jno. Gatling, Jr.,
E. H. Chambers, Jno. C. Haywood,
W. B. Tyler, John C. Winslow,
Wm. Edwards, R. S. Jones,
A. Y. Stokes, A. P. Aloll,
E. H. Liberty, Geo. E. Badger,
William H. Winder, W. S. Ashe,
LEWIS C. HARDY, Sec'y.

Jan 23-146-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. R. S. PRIMROSE & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,
NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

CHESYLIC SOAPS,

SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

Manufactured under License solely by

JAMES BUCHAN & CO.
100 Elizabeth Street, New York.

CRESYLIC OIL, will be sold at reduced rates for the above purpose, to new buyers only, upon such available references as may be required. Orders under letters patent, extensive compounds are being manufactured by the above firm, whose Family Soaps have been in use for many years, and are highly recommended.

Sheep Dip.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

Creolin Ointment.

WALTER CLARK,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and the Counties Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Jan 29-146-6m

DRY GOODS.

SELLING OUT AT NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH AND consequent inability to give proper attention to business, I am compelled to close out my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware.

NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.

A. KLINE.
Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.
June 26-1m

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS AT S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN

in PRINTS at 12½ to 15 cts.
and all PRINTED GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Ginghams for Boys and Men.
Also, a full stock of HOSIERY and BANDS, &c.
A choice stock of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—36-tf

HARDWARE &c.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIALS,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLASS AND GLASS
ALSO,

Agents for the sale of
Sure and Reaper Mill Scenes,
Belting Cloth,
India Rubber and Leather Belting,
Circular Saws, from Verandahs,
Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

Call. Two doors below Southern Express Office.
April 30-tf

GLASS PRESERVE JARS.

STONE JARS,
JUGS AND CHURNS,
OLD DOMINION NAILS,
MOULDING, BEAD,
JACK AND FORE PLANES

Just received at
THOS. H. BRIGGS',
July 10-tf

RALEIGH

SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY

AT

FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

All orders promptly attended to.

THOS. H. BRIGGS.
July 10-tf

C. W. H. HUTCHINGS & BRO

MANUFACTURERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

SADDLES, HARNESS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, Whips, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES

Of every description, always on hand.

Nov. 27—36-tf

DR. JORDAN,

OF NORFOLK, VA.

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS.

By a combination of the remedies of the late Dr. Grosse, of New York, with a treatment adopted by himself, he has devised such new and invaluable remedies for the above diseases, that he can now cure with certainty.

Consultation free.

Office at Mr. Mordecai's, Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 13-1y

Important to Printers.

A GOOD PRINTER capable of commencing a good Weekly paper, or rubber character with other habits, of a sentimental turn, some capital, and a willingness to work, can hear of a permanent engagement by addressing Editor, care of Sentinel office.

The necessity for the above notice arises from the fact that the proprietor of a weekly paper, in this city, is about to sell.

SENTINEL.

PRINTER'S NEWS INK.

FOR THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PRINTING INK, manufactured by the late Dr. Grosse, of New York, write to address, inquire any other treatment ever instituted.

He had devoted much time and trouble to Female Complaints, and discovered a remedy, with gratifying results. His discovery of the most invaluable character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best resorts for patients of similar class in the American Continent.

Norfolk, Va., June 26-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

Is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and upwards, made from COTTON AND FINER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application.

W. H. ASTEN & CO.,
Jan 29-1y 100 Maiden Lane, New York City.

FRESH PEANUTS

at dozen 5 lb. Cans (Qua.) $4 00 per do.
" 6 lb. " " 5 00 "
ALL WARRANTED FRESH.

The cans are sealed and can be used again.

R. H. PETTUS,
Feb 13-1y Hillsboro, N. C.

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TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY!

44 Fayetteville Street.

FINE IVORY HANDLED DINNER KNIVES,
Knives, Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons,
Steel Knives and Forks for Family use,
and a select stock of Cutlery generally.

All Warranted First Class.

C. W. H. HUTCHINGS & BRO

MANUFACTURERS.

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Consultation free.

Office at Mr. Mordecai's, Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 13-1y

SLAVES WANTED.

We will contract for, or purchase 50 MARKET HANDS on arrival.

500,000 Best White Oak Staves,
200,000 White Oak Rhd.
100,000 White Oak Heading,
50,000 White Oak Hoops (sawed),
50,000 White Oak Rhd.

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered.

The Yards, from September to January next, Dismissions, and full particulars for getting the raw property, furnished on application to

CHAS. L. KELLY & SON,
Norfolk, Va.