

THE SENTINEL.
LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1863.

MIDDLE WARD.

REUNION AND BLAIR CLUB.
Boston, Sept. 9, 1863.

In accordance with the resolution passed at the last meeting of the Central Seymour and Blair Club, the Democrats and Conservatives of the Middle Ward assembled at the Court House, last evening, for the purpose of organizing.

On motion of Mr. Douglas Bell, B. F. Chestnut, B. F., was requested to take the Chair temporarily.

Maj. Stetson Gage explained the object of the meeting; when, on motion, a Committee of three were appointed to select officers for the Club. After a short consultation, the Committee reported, through their Chairman, Mr. Bell, that the following named gentlemen were agreed upon, viz:

President—Maj. Stetson Gage.

Vice Presidents—H. T. Glascow, W. H. Harrison.

Secretary—A. N. McKinnon.

Treasurer—Col. C. B. Root.

Amid applause, Mr. Gage took the Chair, and, in a clear and argumentative address, demonstrated that one less interests and our only hope of restoring Constitutional Union were centered in the National Democratic party.

The Constitution and Constitution of the Central Club were then adopted.

Thursday evening was then set apart as the night for the regular meeting of the Club.

On motion, a Committee of two were appointed to select speakers for the next meeting. said Committee consists of Mrs. Douglass Bell and Jas. A. Collins.

On motion, the Chair was directed to appoint a Committee to solicit subscriptions, and a Committee on Finance.

The following gentlemen compose the Committees:

On Membership—J. W. Watson, T. H. Peoples and R. H. Bradley.

On Finance—Herbert Bragg, C. C. Crow, S. P. French, Jas. R. Williams, Jr., and P. M. Donaghay.

On motion, the meeting then adjourned until Thursday night, 17th instant.

A. N. MCKINNON,
Secretary.

CONVENTION OF THE 4TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Franklin Abies with Enthusiasm!

A GLORIOUS MEETING!

Abie Speeches, &c., &c.

Pursuant to call, the delegates from the respective counties composing the 4th Congressional District assembled in Convention at Franklin, on the 10th, inst., and were called to order, on motion of Mr. L. M. Conyers, of Nash, by electing Col. J. W. Sharp, of Johnston, temporary President, and on motion of Maj. Hill, of Franklin, Maj. Chas. M. Cook, of Franklin, and Robt. M. Farquhar, Secy., of Granville, were appointed temporary Secretaries.

The election of Mr. T. Brown Venables of Granville, the respective counties were called, and representatives chosen from each.

Mr. Whitaker, of Johnston, moved that a Committee of three from each county be appointed to recommend permanent officers for this Convention. It was adopted, and the following gentlemen appointed:

Nash—W. H. Rowland, Maj. L. M. Hughes, W. G. Wheeler.

Orange—Col. W. L. Saunders, Maj. J. W. Gadsen, T. M. Argue.

War—C. B. Root, A. T. Mial, Lina L. Warner.

Warren—Col. W. A. Jenkins, Peter Davis, Wm. Hickox.

Franklin—A. C. Perry, Dr. E. A. Crump, Gov. J. B. Littlejohn.

Chatham—John J. Jackson, J. A. Alston, J. T. White.

Granville—C. H. K. Taylor, Wm. H. Jenkins, B. A. Copehart.

Johnston—Wesley Whitaker, J. W. Hodges, Z. I. May.

On motion of Mr. Argue, of Orange, the Convention adjourned until 2 P. M.

On motion, it was Resolved, that each county should cast the same number of votes, as it had representatives in the Legislature.

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On Membership—J. W. Watson, T. H. Peoples and R. H. Bradley.

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On motion, the meeting then adjourned until Thursday night, 17th instant.

A. N. MCKINNON,
Secretary.

The Convention was called to order.

The Committee on permanent organization submitted, through its Chairman, Dr. E. A. Crump, the following report:

For President and Secretary: The same of the temporary organization.

For Vice-Presidents: Peter R. Davis, of Warren, J. Q. DeCarteret, of Wake, J. A. Alston, of Chatham, L. M. Conyers, of Nash, Jones Watson, of Orange, John W. Hodges, of Johnston, J. T. Littlejohn, of Granville, and Col. W. F. Green, of Franklin.

On motion of Dr. E. A. Crump, it was Resolved, That "we should require a two-thirds majority to decide a nomination."

Mr. Argue, of Orange, then proposed to go into an election for Candidates for Congress—which was agreed to, and the Convention took a vote for the respective delegations to deliberate.

The Convention coming to order, the vote of the counties was called, and six ballots were held, and

Mr. Farn H. Rogers, having obtained upon the 6th ballot, the requisite number, upon motion, it was declared, amidst much enthusiasm, unanimously elected, as the Conservative Democratic nominee for Congress.

The Convention then proceeded to the election of a Presidential Elector, for the District.

On the 4th ballot, Col. W. H. Green was declared the nominee for Elector for the District, which nomination was declared unanimous.

On motion, a Committee of two from each county was appointed to suggest gentlemen for Sub-Electors for the counties. The appointment was made, and, on motion of Mr. Basbee, of Wake, the Convention adjourned until 7 o'clock, P. M.

Read the attractive announcement for the Fall Fair of Messrs. Lucas L. Lester & Co., No. 244 Baltimore St., Baltimore.

School of Medicine—University of Mary land: Geo. W. Mittsberger, M. D. Dean.

Splendid imitations for the Fall Trade: Mr. Rosenthal, Fayetteville Street. Give him a call and examine his varied and elegant stock.

Editorial Notice.—The Rev. William Lacy, who we are sorry to learn, is about to leave North Carolina for a home in Virginia, will present a powerful sermon, before the Young Men's Christian Association, in the Baptist Church, on Sunday night. Mr. Lacy has been President of the Association, and it was fitting that he should have been invited to address them, inasmuch as he is about to leave the City.

We excuse much Editorial matter, to day, on account of our abnormally crowded columns.

SIXTY.—The ability and authorship of the article signed "Sparta" have secured its insertion. The author is alone responsible for what he says. It is a trenchant paper.

Gov. Vance passed through this City, yesterday morning, en route for Halifax, where he speaks to-day.

Gov. Graham and P. R. Duffy, Esq., addressed large and enthusiastic audience at Greensboro, on Tuesday night. The effect was glorious.

Gov. Graham will address the people of Forsyth, at Winston, on Tuesday, the 25th inst., and of Stokes, at Davyton, on Thursday, the 27th, day of October.

An immense Republican meeting was held at Connelton, Indiana, last Saturday. The total attendance was 10,000.

How the Mass. State Rep. represented the Georgia Legislature.—The Whigs are doing specious work in the Georgia Legislature. The Whigs are doing specious work in the Georgia Legislature.

The action of the Georgia House of Delegates in excluding negroes from that body, on the ground of insubordination, has produced no surprise here, as it was known, long in advance, that such a movement would be made under the direction of the Radical committee of Congressmen, who considered that Southern should be a strong base in the Northern canvas, as showing the Radical party was not favorable to negro equality. It required a great deal of bucking and biting before the carpetbaggers of Georgia could be induced to move in it nothing but their own political interests. In resisting the popular they argued that the negroes, and family understand that they were being used merely as tools and could not then be in danger than join the Radical party. This was, however, was regarded as sufficient when compared with the great advantage which the Radical party in the North to us, in demonstrating to the world that the Democratic speakers lied when they charged their opponents with favoring negro equality. This is the key to the action of the Georgia Legislature.

The Radical wits were then discovered to be the most vicious tricks of the Radicals. How well their colored allies reflect.

Radical papers are doing all the talk.

From the Cincinnati Register,
THE RESULT IN MAINE AND VERMONT AS A CRITERION FOR OHIO AND OTHER STATES.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON—THE CONFEDERATE DELEGATION.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11, 1863.

The Tennessee delegation have had an interview with the President, but the details are unimportant. They are to have another interview, when the Committee will communicate the result to the Tennessee delegation.

The delegation expresses its satisfaction with the progress of events. They are, however, very anxious about the safety of Federal troops in Tennessee, and with the enforcement of the laws and the prosecution of criminals.

THE FALLING OFF IN THE REPUBLICAN MAJORITY.

WICHITA, Sept. 11, 1863.

The falling off in the Republican majority was owing not to the Democracy polling a larger vote than usual, but simply to the failure of thousands of Republicans to vote. Their majorities were so overwhelming in both States that they can not risk losing the election by staying at home.

Now did we have any such election in Ohio? If the Democrats made a gain of forty thousand votes from the previous year, and nearly carried the State, but how did they do it? Was it because the Republicans of Ohio failed to vote, like their brethren of Vermont and Maine? Far from it. The Ohio vote was fourteen thousand greater than had ever been thrown. The circumstance never occurred before, but it was greater than ever cast, even in a Presidential election. The Republican vote was brought out to the last man. Their reserves were all in—nobody was left behind. The graveyards were swept. Now, does it follow that no man should be allowed to remain at home? The result of the election in Ohio was that Elliott of Tennessee, whose premises were used for a polling place, under a flag of truce, was beaten, and the Federal soldiers, having to march out of town, were compelled to give up their旗帜. This is the reason why the Republicans are so numerous in Ohio.

James M. Marshall, of Bogalusa, strongly recommended by leading men of both parties, is appointed by Buchanan Superior for Mississippi, and George W. Johnson, of New Orleans, for Louisiana.

Com. George M. Dix has advised, that the Indian troubles at Fort Davis, Arkansas, originated with drunken Indians and a few Confederates.

Att. Gen. General Justice, of the U. S. Supreme Court, has advised, that Elliott of Tennessee, whose premises were used for a polling place, under a flag of truce, was beaten, and the Federal soldiers, having to march out of town, were compelled to give up their旗帜. This is the reason why the Republicans are so numerous in Ohio.

The report of the Tennessee legislature delegation is published. The burden of it is to impress upon the South, that the result of the election in Ohio was that Elliott of Tennessee, whose premises were used for a polling place, under a flag of truce, was beaten, and the Federal soldiers, having to march out of town, were compelled to give up their旗帜. This is the reason why the Republicans are so numerous in Ohio.

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