

The Daily Sentinel.

RALEIGH, N. C.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1868.

VOL. IV.

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JOSIAH TURNER, JR., EDITOR.

THE DISFRANCHISEMENT RAGGAE.

IT.

Our authority is demanded for the following approximations:

Disfranchised.

Missouri..... 76,000

Tennessee..... 125,000

Texas..... 50,000

Total..... 201,000

Here is the authority:

Missouri.—The *Advertiser des Western*

newspaper through the figures in each

congressional district of Missouri, as com-

posed with "like divisions" in other States,

and as the result of such minute scrutiny

decrees that the number of disfranchised

in Missouri cannot be less than 70,000.

This estimate the St. Louis *Advertiser* as

sets it to be too low, as not having taken

into account the number kept from regis-

tration by exclusive contrary to the dis-

franchised laws themselves, which number

it puts down to 8,000, the smaller

figure which is the one given above.

Tennessee.—The Memphis *Bulletin* (*Radical*) of the 10th ult., in an article called

forthrightly *Reconstruction's* side, says:

"We have shown that there are more

than 120,000 disfranchised voters in the

State of Tennessee."

Texas.—By special orders No. 51, dated

"Headquarters Fifth Military District, State of

Texas, Austin, Texas, October 7, 1868," no person in Texas is allowed to register—

or, of course, to vote—who ever held any

office, or State or City; "it does not matter

in what State he may have held it," and afterwards engaged in the rebellion. "Nor

does it matter," says this order, "whether he took an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not." Under this order disfranchisement reaches in Tex- as from Governors to "slaves," for even pe- lato, if he is known, are banned by name—"Colored waiters," "constables," and so on are disfranchised, and from a careful estimate made up from Pascual's Digest of the number of all the State offices with the number of their incumbents from the admission of Texas into the Union by a solemn treaty, which has been most abominably violated by the Radical party, it appears that the total of disfranchised persons in the Long Sixty State approaches 50,000.

So much from these three States. In this issue will be found an interesting let- ter on the disfranchisement existing in West Virginia, which puts one-half the voting population thereof as disfranchised. Other accounts have from time to time appeared as to this subject, and we shall, which place the disfranchisement in that State at from 30,000 to 25,000.

Now for another reason—the final effect of disfranchisement being the fact that the Radicals are in a minority of the lawful voters of these United States, and on a full count would go to the wall. Here is the official vote at the late Presidential election in twenty-three of the thirty-three States voting:

State, and
Cayenne, Grand
Alabama..... 70,251 70,001

Connecticut, and all its islands..... 10,700

Delaware, and all its islands..... 10,000

Georgia..... 103,523 57,500

Illinois..... 129,141 170,548

Iowa, and all its islands..... 74,000 51,000

Louisiana..... 47,500 97,000

Maine..... 18,292 70,000

Maryland, and all its islands..... 50,442

Massachusetts, and all its islands..... 90,000 100,000

Michigan, and all its islands..... 60,000 60,000

Minnesota, and all its islands..... 20,000 20,000

Nevada..... 8,489 9,739

New Hampshire..... 30,718

New Jersey, and all its islands..... 12,988

New Mexico..... 45,137 63,306

North Carolina..... 12,048 44,167

Total..... 2,059,419 2,057,119

Subtracting 1,000,000 for slaves, we have

957,904 to a total vote of 4,000,000.

Grant's majority is 957,904 to a total vote of 4,000,000.

Of the States yet to hear from, Arkansas,

Missouri, Tennessee, and West Virginia are

rolled up for Grant's majority. Who be-

lieves that on a fair vote, they would do

other than roll up a tremendous Democratic

majority? Close on a quarter of a million

men are disfranchised with them and

on the back of that come Texas, Mississippi,

and Virginia with a quarter of a million

more, is the fact of this exhibit, what

could the other States, Wisconsin, Califor-

nia, Nevada, and Kansas, do for Grant?

Ye seppos, where would you be on a

fair vote? Give you your savings, Africans,

and yet where would you be?

THE CHICAGO GAME MARKET.

The public has not probably an idea of

the value of game as an article of commerce

in our great cities. Take, for instance,

Chicago, which is one of the principal sup-

ply markets for the East, and particularly

for New York. The Chicago Times gives the

following details concerning game markets

in that city:

"There are in Chicago about a dozen

wholesale firms, by whom hunters are kept

in regular employment to furnish them

with game of every sort, from the buffalo

or the bear down to the squirrel or the chipmunk and by whom some hundreds of retail dealers all over the city are supplied. In addition to these, there is an army of excursionists, to whom game is consigned from the country, and who are furnished supplies both to wholesale and retail dealers, the former resorting to whom principally when they have an emergency, to fill up orders for the East. A large number of men are thus enabled to follow hunting as a competition in the Western States. Hunting the game is gradually driven by the steady advance of civilization. Many farmers, engaged in the sport, take a circuit within reach of their houses at night, and often bagging a sufficient quantity of birds to make their day's shooting a profitable occupation."

The region from which our game dealers

obtain the bulk of their supplies comprises

the States of Illinois, Iowa, Missouri,

Michigan, and Indiana. The

two last named States abound in partridges,

wild ducks, and quail; and these

constitute, at the time of the year, the

chief commodity in our markets under the

name of "game."

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Notice.

APPLICATION will be made to the present

President of the General Assembly to incorpo-

rate the "Raleigh Cemetery Association."

NOV. 24-1868.

HOGES.

It is intended to have market at G. T. STROWACH, Commission Merchant.

MORN MEAL.

100 bushels prime.

G. T. STROWACH.

COFFEE.

Another supply.

G. T. STROWACH.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS holding offices against us are

responsible to present the same to the Regis-

ter of State, my Attorney-at-Law, H. B. JEFFREY,

Pacific, Nov 24-1868.

A. H. STROUD.

NOTICE.

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