THE SENTINEL.

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr., EDITOR.

MONDAY, JANUARY 11, 1869.

DIGEST OF NEWS.

Gold closed in New York, Saturday evening, at 135@135¼

Cotton was quoted at 29c.

North Carolina Bonds: Old 66¾, New 61@62

The "Disabilities" of Hon. S. F. Phillips and R. W. Best, Esq., have been removed by Congress.

The "governor's" paper announces that the "Trustees of the University" have determined to establish a branch of the institution for the benefit of the negroes. We presume that "Prof." Brewer will be transferred to the "branch."

The full Conservative Municipal ticket was elected in Asheville on the 1st inst. Thos. D. Johnston, Esq., is Mayor.

The Asheville *News* announces that Dr. McDowell, one of the contractors on the Eastern Division of the Western N. C. Railroad, threw the "first dirt" on this side of the mountains on Wednesday, the 31st ult., and that other contractors are preparing to commence work on the Road, in Buncombe County, in a few days.

An audacious correspondent of the New York World pretends to give a summary of General Grant's opinions of public men. Thus, he says Washburne is a strictly honest man; Fessenden, the ablest statesman in the Senate; Sumner, a finished orator who would not have been chosen by any other State but Massachusetts; Phillips is not accredited with any great honesty of purpose; Butler is not so bad as he is said to be; McClellan is an able soldier, a good citizen, and a pure man; Morgan, a mere bag of dollars; Rawlins is a man of the very highest order of intellect; Greeley, a great exaggerator, but a true man; Beecher would be a better preacher if he were less a politician, and a better politician if he were less a preacher; Dana (C. A.) is susceptible to flattery; Bennett has made his paper famous by making it infamous; Raymond is a Jumping Jack; Seward possesses very great ability, but very little principle; Weed is a corrupt politician; Logan wears the mantle of Stephen A. Douglas. The General is said to be in favor of a general amnesty, and to admit what he calls the inevitable necessity of negro suffrage.

The average price of gold, at the close of the fourth year of "peace," is higher than the average price of gold at the close of the second year of the war. Of such is the kingdom of Radicalism!

Senator Henry Wilson, at a Christian Temperance Convention, held at the "Hub" the other day, said that "during the last ten years he had traveled ten thousand miles, but he had nowhere seen as much drunkenness as in Massachusetts." Godly, pious Massachusetts!

Christmas was settling day in Oglethorpe Co., Georgia, between the planters and negro laborers. The negroes cleared for the year's work from $100 to $120, all of which, it is said, in an hour after it was paid, was *spent in the nearest store* for every imaginable article, from a flute or melodeon to a yard of osnaburgs, or a pair of breeches.

John H. Surratt's case has been dismissed by the Washington Grand Jury, on the ground that he was included in the recent amnesty proclamation of the President.

The London *Times* thinks that the year ends with the most "precarious peace" the world ever saw. Not only in Europe is peace precarious, but judging from what is transpiring in Arkansas, Georgia and Virginia, it is "precarious" here. Perhaps that was the kind of peace that was meant all the while they were saying "let us have" it.

The chaplain of Auburn prison, New York, won't preach to the convicts any longer, because the State has a Democratic Governor. It is rumored that Collards is an applicant for the Chaplaincy of "our" Penitentiary, and will pray for anybody—"for a consideration."

More than seventy-five thousand dollars worth of real estate have been sold in Loudoun county, Va., within the past ten days.

The scene of operations of the recent negro disturbances in Virginia is the farm of General Henry A. Wise, lately ordered to be restored to him by the Government.

Colfax, at a New England dinner the other day, made, as usual, a spread-eagle speech. It was about American citizenship. What a blessed thing it is in Virginia, Mississippi, and Texas. It confers a great many privileges on the people of those states.

A desperado in Wisconsin recently cut to pieces two men, and was proceeding to carve a third when he was shot dead. All this at a festive ball. The name of the place thus honored is, appropriately, Battle Axe.

Hon. James A. Bayard, now serving out the Senator Riddle's term in the United States Senate, by appointment, will be re-elected to-morrow for the balance of the term, which expires on March 4th. For the full term following his son, Thomas F. Bayard, will probably be chosen.

Messengers have arrived at Washington with the vote of the Electoral Colleges of Vermont and Maryland, which were deposited with Mr. Wade. All the States have been heard from now, except those on the Pacific coast. The messenger for California started, but died at Panama of small pox contracted on the steamer. When he found he was about to die, he delivered his papers over to some friends with a power of attorney authorizing them to deliver them to Mr. Wade. There is no law making the power of attorney valid in this matter, and, as the case is unprecedented, it will probably require some action of Congress to place the vote of California legally in the hands of Mr. Wade. Nevada has not been heard from yet. The messenger from Oregon is reported snowed up in the Rocky Mountains.

THE NATIONAL *Intelligencer* asks the following pertinent questions: Who can frame a better Constitution than the Constitution of the United States? Are not checks and balances better than oligarchy? Is it not wiser to trust written law than to trust the fluctuating and mad winds of Party? Are we not safer with the independent functions of an unimpaired Presidential office and Judiciary than we should be under the consuming and despotic will of a Directory? Are not the inspiring rights of the States as many safeguards of the Republic? Are not these the inspirations of patriotism, the centrifugal tendencies of our great machine, as essential as against possible absolutism? Is not free speech, is not free thought, better and more to be encouraged than slavish fear and mean submission to the will of a many-headed tyrant?

"AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR A SYSTEM OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION," &c., &c.

This act, printed by order of the Legislature, is before us, in the shape of a *small* pamphlet, or book, of *forty-two pages*. "Prepared by the Superintendent of Public Instruction" is prominently paraded at the head of the bill. W. W. Holden, D. A. Jenkins, H. J. Menninger, Henderson, Adams, W. M. Coleman, C. L. Harris, and S. S. Ashley, by the act, constitute the "Board of Education."

The book says that Pilgrim Ashley prepared the bill. It is well that he did so before his encounter with the Supreme Court, for that so exhausted the old man, that we have not laid eyes on him since.—John Brown and Harper's Ferry! but he fought well. The Court could do nothing with him. Except the Chief Justice, the whole Court are said to have quailed before old raw-head and bloody bones, and when the Court appealed to the people in the Legislature, then the spirit of old John Brown prevailed. Pilgrim had the victory. It is true that, like old John Brown, he was finally overpowered, but he was not subdued.

Say what you will, mankind love heroism; they love the brave. John Brown, John Ragland, Pilgrim Ashley and Marshal Ney have given us as high examples as history affords of heroism and courage. John Brown, with seventeen men—two of them free niggers—seizing upon the arsenal at Harper's Ferry, in the very presence of Gen. Scott, and the Army and Navy of the United States, was heroism which every man must admire, though every good man must condemn. Brother Pepper, let us sing "Old John Brown's soul is marching on!"

On a different theatre, but alike in moral courage, was the set and conduct of Ashley, the Pilgrim. A stranger from Cape Cod, and as much a stranger to the people of North Carolina as was John Brown to the people of Virginia, he enters our Capitol, and plants himself in the room, not by courtesy, but by law, dedicated to Justice and the Supreme Court. The Court kindly, but formally, by note, asked the Pilgrim to allow them to sit in their own room. The Pilgrim refused. The Court, in column, and with courage, as we have before described, marched in, showing heavy "umbrels" and sharp pointed steel. Five Judges, the Clerk and the Grand Marshal of the Court—the two last armed *cap a pie*—confront the lion-hearted Pilgrim. The Court, vanquished, retire and call for the people of the House. They come, 73 in number, on the second day of the fight, just like Buell did to the rescue of Grant at Shiloh. They come in time to save the Court.—Ashley went down, but, never mind, old hero! you fought the courageous fight. The Court may hate you for your insolence, but they feel a fearful admiration for your heroism.

Hark! Pilgrim, Hark! Heard you not, as you fell, the agonized voice of the carpet baggers? Oh! how they shriek, like freedom, "when Kosciusko fell." From the Rio Grande to the Potomac, their wailing is heard. In Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, Florida, and old Virginia, (out of the Union,) the mourful intelligence of your fall will carry sadness to every carpet bag heart. *Brother* Pepper! this is a mournful occurrence, and and unfortunate as the first great battle of Manassas, but it was so heroically fought on the carpet bag side!—Let us sing again "old John Brown's spirit is marching on," while carpet bag Ashley is proud of the laurels he won, in the Capitol, over the Court!

But, really, to the book of forty two pages: Who ever reads it for something new, original, striking or startling will be disappointed. There is, it is true, rather a novel and startling speculation in Theology, and a dissertation on swamp lands and the government of children, eight years old. As to the Pilgrim being the author of the bill, we are disposed to doubt it. He is no more the author of it than Senator Burns, of Chatham, is the author of the Penitentiary Bill. He (Senator Burns) never put that clause in allowing Cebe Harris and the Committee to purchase 8,000 acres of land, much of it as poor as Lassiter's, that was sold to Gen. Littlefield. No, we say it never entered Mr. Burns' brain to do that. It was *suggested*. We think Gen. Littlefield and one of his friends knew such a clause would be in the bill before Mr. Burns did. So, there are some things in the Pilgrim's bill, or book, of forty two pages, which never entered his brain, except by *suggestion*.

Now Section 104 of the book is clearly his. It is from Plymouth Rock. It reads so: "The school authorities of any City, Town or Township may, when they shall deem it expedient, establish a separate school or schools for the instruction of children and youth of African descent," &c.

Section 124 seems to be much like that clause in the Penitentiary bill, allowing C. L. Harris and the Committee to buy land. It reads thus, substantially: The Superintendent shall report to the Governor annually, &c. * * * The Governor shall transmit such report, &c. * * * The Secretary of State shall bind 500 copies and deliver them to the Superintendent, who shall deposit twenty copies in the Library of Public Instruction, furnish one copy to the Commissioners of each county, one copy to each University, College and Normal School in the State. The remaining copies shall be distributed, one to the State Library of each State and Territory, (this is a saving clause for Old Virginia, out of the Union,) and the others to such cities, Institutions of learning and persons, as he may deem proper. The Legislature shall order at least *five thousand* pamphlet copies to be furnished the Superintendent, who shall forward one copy to each District Library, and shall distribute the remainder, as he may deem advisable, to school officers and other persons.

If Gen. Littlefield will establish a Book-binding establishment with the *Standard* office, under this clause, without the aid of Judge Brooks, the *Standard* office can be supported.

Section 9 contains the Swamp Land speculation. "The Board (says this section) shall be invested with full power to adopt all necessary ways and means for draining so much of the swamp lands to be surveyed, as they may think capable of being reclaimed, and, after they shall be surveyed, to contract for construction of canals, ditches and other works necessary for the purpose of reclaiming the same, upon such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the Board; the contractor giving bond with security for the faithful performance of the agreement."

Shade of the Penitentiary! what *are* you doing in this bill, "prepared by the Superintendent of Public Instruction?"

Gov. Holden, Cebe Harris, D. A. Jenkins, H. J. Menninger, S. S. Ashley, Hendrson Adams and W. M. Coleman should be kept out of the land and bond business, after the sale of the North Carolina Railroad bonds at 65, and the purchase of 8,000 acres of "squirrel and kildee land" at one hundred thousand dollars for a Penitentiary site!

We have just heard of the election of the Rev. S. N. Whitson, *alias* Collards, as City Collector, and our pen refuses further comment, for the present, upon the theological speculations of the Pilgrim's *book*, or the bill itself, so-called.

Providence and our pen permitting, we will recur to the subject in a day or two,—perhaps to-morrow.

Legislature of North Carolina.

SENATE.

SATURDAY, Jan. 9, 1869.

The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock.

Mr. Long presented a petition from certain Physicians of Lexington, praying the General Assembly to pass some law to enable that Profession to collect accounts, by giving them such a lien as is provided for laborers. Referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Graham, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported favorably on the following bills, viz:

Bill to compel Executors and Administrators to discharge their duties; ordered to be printed.

Bill to create a Mechanics' and Laborers' Lien.

Mr. Smith, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported favorably on the following bills, viz:

Bill for the relief of Jesse R. Weaver;

Resolution for the relief of T. H. Alexander, of Tyrrell;

Resolution for the relief of A. J. Johnson, of Onslow.

Mr. Brigden, from the Committee on Finance, reported favorably on the bill for the relief of the Sheriffs of Pasquotank and New Hanover.

Mr. Moore, of Carteret, from the Committee on Corporations, reported favorably on the bill to incorporate Beaufort Harbor Steam Ferry Company.

Mr. Barrow, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported a substitute for the bill to allow Executors and Administrators to sell for cash. Placed on Calendar.

Mr. Graham, from the Committee on the Judiciary, asked to be discharged from the further consideration of a bill requiring Executors of deceased persons to give bond, (this provision having been incorporated in another bill.) Concurred in.

Mr. Grahage, from the Committee on the Judiciary, asked to be discharged from the consideration of the bill concerning the listing of taxes in the several townships.—Concurred in, and the bill was referred to the Committee on Finance.

NOTICE OF BILLS.

By Mr. Shoffner: Of a bill to establish the line between the counties of Alamance and Chatham, and between Alamance and Guilford.

By Mr. Robbins: Of a bill to enable Plaintiffs to bring suit in the Superior Courts, in their own counties, instead of the counties of Defendants, as now required.

By Mr. Bellamy: Of a bill to prevent obstructions to the passage of fish up the waters of Town Creek.

By Mr. Rich: Of a bill to construct a Branch Railroad from the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, to run through Onslow, Greene and other counties.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

By Mr. Rich: A bill to establish a Reform School for juvenile offenders. [This bill authorizes the Governor to appoint the Board of Commissioners, annually. Chairman of the Board to receive a stated salary; his Supervisors to receive $3 per diem and expenses: Said Board, with the assistance of the Superintendent of Public Works, are authorized to purchase a tract of land, in the county of Wake, not to exceed 200 acres, and to erect suitable buildings.] Referred to the Committee on Penal Institutions.

By Mr. Shoffner: A bill for the relief of Executors and Administrators, who have sued in their representative capacity. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. Rich: A bill requiring the Officers of the Railroads, in which the State is interested, to make full and complete returns of the operations of said Road. Referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Martindale: A bill to change the time for holding the Courts in the counties of Hyde and Martin. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

THIRD READING OF BILLS.

Bill to establish a Ferry across Neuse River, passed.

Bill to incorporate Lebanon Lodge, in the County of Columbus, passed.

Bill to amend an act concerning the government of Counties:

On motion of Mr. Barrow, it was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Bill to incorporate the Woodlawn Manufacturing Company:

On motion of Mr. Respass, it was postponed until Thursday next.

Bill to incorporate the Madrine Mining Company. Postponed until the 18th of January, on motion of Mr. Welker.

Bill to incorporate Carolina Lodge, at Anconville. On motion of Mr. Respass, postponed until the 18th of January.

Bill to incorporate Mt. Olive Lodge, in the county of Wayne, passed.

Bill to incorporate Kalica Lodge, at Wadesboro, passed.

Bill to incorporate the Hebrew Benevolent Association at Charlotte, passed.

On motion of Mr. Parker, the rules were suspended, and the resolutions authorizing the Treasurer to pay the necessary expenses of witnesses summoned before the committee on Corruption was taken up and passed its second reading.

Mr. Rich gave notice that he should introduce a substitute for the resolution to allow the witnesses the same pay as allowed by the Federal Court.

Mr. Davis presented a report from the Commissioners of Montgomery county.—Referred to the Committee on Townships.

A message was received from the House, transmitting the following resolutions:—

Resolution proposing to raise a Joint Committee to investigate the purchase of the trait of land for the Penitentiary site;

Resolution requesting the Representatives in Congress from this State to use their influence to secure an appropriation to improve the Cape Fear navigation.—Adopted.

RATIFIED.

Bill to amend the charter of the city of Wilmington.

Resolution in favor of the Sheriff of Tyrrell county.

On motion of Mr. Bellamy, the Senate adjourned until Monday, 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SATURDAY, Jan. 9, 1869.

House called to order at 11 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Long, of Chatham, of the House.

Journal of yesterday read and approved.

Mr. Hinnant, from the Committee on Enrolment, reported the bill to amend the charter of the city of Wilmington as being correctly enrolled. It was signed by the Speaker and transmitted to the Senate.

Leaves of absence were granted to Messrs. French and Renfrow.

Mr. Downing presented a memorial from his county Commissioners. Referred.

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

By Mr. Ingram: A resolution that, from and after Monday next, this House shall hold night sessions. Lies over.

By Mr. Malone: A bill declaring it a misdemeanor for county officers to speculate in county claims. Referred.

By Mr. Hodnett: A bill to amend title 20, Civil Code of Procedure, and to satisfy stays of executions, granted by Justices of the Peace, in certain cases.

Mr. H. said that he had called the attention of the Code Commissioners to this matter, and, at his request, they had prepared this bill. They thought with him, that the bill should pass at once; therefore, he moved to suspend the rules and put the bill on its several readings.

Mr. Vest opposed the suspension of the rules. He thought all action on such bills should be postponed until they should see what the Supreme Court decides in regard to the Homestead.

Mr. Hodnett again urged the importance of the bill. He thought something should be done, at once, to prevent the sacrifice of the property of the people. Their property was being levied upon and sold every day for a mere song, &c.

The question recurred upon the motion to suspend the rules, which, being put to a vote, was carried, and the bill passed its several readings; when,

Mr. Estes moved to print and refer to the Judiciary Committee, with instructions to report on Tuesday next.

Mr. Malone said, in explanation of the bill, that it was merely a copy of the old stay law in regard to this matter.

After a lengthy debate, the motion to refer prevailed by a vote of yeas 71, nays 20.

By Mr. Ingram: A bill to authorize the Commissioners of Anson county to levy a special tax. Referred.

By Mr. McCaskill: A bill for the relief of W. A. Gentry, Sheriff of Stokes county.

By Mr. Robinson: A bill to authorize the County Commissioners of Clay to release persons from the payment of double taxes. Referred.

A message from the Senate was received, informing the House, where they originated, of the passage of the following bills, to wit:

Resolution asking our Representatives and Senators in Congress to use their influence to have all the old mail routes reopened and revived;

Bill amending the charter of the city of Wilmington;

Resolution instructing the Code Commissioners to prepare and report compilation of charters, acts, &c.

They were ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Estes presented the claim of Hardie Reynolds, which was referred to the appropriate Committee.

By Mr. Durham: A bill to amend an ordinance, entitled "an ordinance to change the jurisdiction of the Courts and rules of pleading therein, and ordinances and acts amendatory thereof." Referred.

By Mr. Robinson: A resolution giving the Superintendent of Public Instruction the West room, third story, of the Capitol, lately occupied by the Supreme Court.

On motion, the rules were suspended and the resolution was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Estes, the rules were suspended and House bill No. 37 was taken up, ordered to be reprinted, and re-referred to the Finance Committee and made the Special order for Wednesday next, at 12 o'clock.

On motion of the same, the Revenue bill was made the special order for Wednesday next, at 1 o'clock, and every day thereafter, until disposed of.

CALENDAR.

The bill, incorporating Jonesville Lodge, No. 227, A. Y. M., in Yadkin County, was taken up and passed its several readings.

Senate bill, appropriating $30,000 to the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum, was next reached and passed its third reading, by a vote of yeas 89, Nays 1.

House bill, No. 143, incorporating Lee Lodge, No. 252, A. Y. M., at Taylorsville, Alexander County, was taken up and passed its several readings.

Mr. Gunter's bill to prevent the distillation of grain, (unfavorably reported upon by Committee,) was taken up, and, on motion, the report of the Committee was concurred in.

On motion of Mr. Estes, the House then adjourned until Monday next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

VIRGINIA JUDGES—RECONSTRUCTION.—A Washington letter in the Baltimore *Gazette* says:

"Judge Harris and a number of other Virginia officials are here endeavoring to have their political disabilities removed before they shall have been removed themselves by military orders. A proposition is now pending to remove the political disabilities from all judges of Virginia—a measure deemed expedient to prevent confusion in the judicial proceedings of that State, and arrest the career of Judge Underwood in turning convicts loose upon the community."

THE EXTENSION OF SUFFRAGE IN TENNESSEE.—*Nashville*, Jan. 7.—In the lower branch of the Legislature to-day, Mr. Ryde introduced a bill providing for a State convention to amend the constitution so as to extend the right of suffrage to those who are not disfranchised. An animated debate on the bill is anticipated to-morrow.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } JOHNSTON COUNTY.

SUPERIOR COURT OF LAW, FALL TERM, 1868.

Ezekiel Young and wife, and others, vs. B. B. Tomlinson and others.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that B. B. Tomlinson and the heirs at law of Geo. H. Tomlinson, deceased, defendants in this cause, reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore, on motion, ordered by the Court that advertisement be made for six weeks successively, in the Raleigh *Sentinel*, notifying the said defendants of the filing of this petition and that, unless they appear at the next term of this Court, and answer the petition, the same will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte as to them.

Witness P. T. Massey, Clerk of said Court, at Office, the sixth Monday after the second Monday in August, A. D. 1868.

Nov 23-w6w P. T. MASSEY, Clk.

MARRIED:

At Wellington Hill, Moore County, N. C., on the 7th of January, by Rev. J. W. Avent, Mr. Lemuel H. Greene to Miss Lurrie J., daughter of E. R. Partridge, Esq.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA,
NICE LAGUYRA,
PRIME RIO COFFEE,
ALSO,
FINE GUNPOWDER TEA,
DELICIOUS IMPERIAL TEA,
GENUINE OOLONG TEA,
Just received and for sale by
DOUGLAS BELL.
Jan. 11-tf.

PRIME FACTORY CHEESE!!
Twenty Prime Cheeses just received by
DOUGLAS BELL.
Jan. 11-tf.

BACON! BACON! BACON!!!
Very nice Hams. Sides and shoulders for sale by
DOUGLAS BELL.
Jan. 11-tf.

ROCK SPRING SCHOOL,
Preparatory to Wake Forest; or any Other College, or for Business.

THE FIFTH SESSION OPENS JAN 25th. 1869.

EXPENSES: Board, Washing, furnished room, wood, $60 per session; Tuition in Classical courses $2; in Business course $20. Payments made half in advance, half first of April.

Students board in the family with the Principal and are subject to such discipline as may be necessary for moral, as well as intellectual, culture.

The services of an experienced teacher in the English department have been secured, and boarding facilities have been enlarged by new building.

Location 8 miles Southwest of Hillsboro, on the N. C. R. R.

Circulars sent on application to the Principal, at Rock Spring, Orange Co., N. C.

M. M. CATES, A. B. Principal.
A. F. CATES, Assistant Principal.
Jan 11-w2w.

For Sale.

NO. 1 CYPRESS HEART SHINGLES, 6 inches wide, 21 inches long, delivered anywhere on the N. C. or Western N. C. R. R., in lots to suit.
WALKER, JONES & CO.
Newbern, Jan. 9-1m

For Sale.

25 SHARES RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL Road Stock.
W. E. ANDERSON,
Cashier.
Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 9th, 1869-tf

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

I OFFER FOR SALE, LOW, the following property, located on the line of the Chatham Railroad, viz:
34-horse Steam Saw Mill, Location and Fixtures.
4 or 5 Improved Lots in the Town of Haywood.
75 Build ng Lots containing ½ to 1 acre in do
2 Small Farms and Tan Yard, near do
4 or 5,000 acres Virgin Long Leaf Pine Land.
Stock of General Merchandise, at excellent stand.
JNO W. SCOTT.
Haywood, Chatham Co., N. C., Jan. 9-w3t

FOR SALE.

A first rate PORTABLE STEAM SAW MILL and ENGINE, of 15 horse power, all iron, on wheels, tires 6 inches wide.
The carriage can be moved by two good horses.
W. H. JONES & CO.
Jan. 9-tf Auction and Com. Merch'ts.

THEATRE.

TUCKER HALL.

JNO. TEMPLETON, Lessee & Manager.

BY GENERAL REQUEST

Of the citizens of Raleigh, and owing to the MARKED SUCCESS of the

STAR COMPANY OF THE SOUTH,

A few more GRAND PERFORMANCES will be given,

SATURDAY, 9th, MONDAY, 11th,
TUESDAY, 12th, WEDNESDAY, 13th,
THURSDAY, 14th.

THE LAST GREAT SENSATIONS, IN ORDER:

RAILROAD AND CARS on the STAGE,

FANCHON, the Cricket!

ALICE VANE'S charming Personation.

MAZEPPA!

KATE RAYMOND and Beautiful Horse.

CAMILLE!

LADIES' GALA NIGHT!

SENSATION BILL!

All the Stars.

These are the best Dramatic Exhibitions given in the South attracting large and fashionable audiences nightly.
Jan. 9-14th

VALUABLE STORE
ON FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
FOR SALE.

ON THURSDAY, the 28th inst., at public sale, on the premises, I will sell, to the highest bidder, that valuable STORE BUILDING, formerly occupied and owned by Mr. SARLING, and now occupied by A. D. ROYSTER, Esq.

Said building is of brick and two stories high. It contains two rooms below and three above stairs,—the former admirably adapted for business, and the latter suited for a family. On the lot are a two-story Kitchen and other out-houses, with a small garden, &c.

The property is, every way, most eligibly located, and the stand is well-known and popular.

Terms made known on day of sale.
J. E. APPLEWHITE.
Jan 2-td.

HYCO MALE ACADEMY,
H. A. ROGERS, PRINCIPAL.

THE EXERCISES of this Institution will be resumed on the 2nd Monday of February, 1869, and continue 20 weeks.

It is situated a mile from Hester's Store, two miles from Bushy Fork, N. C., and near the semi-weekly Mail Line from Hillsboro', on the N. C. Railroad, via Leasburg and Milton, to Ringgold, on the Richmond & Danville Railroad. Pupils coming by Train, either way, or from the Eastern or Western part of the State will be furnished with conveyance by the Mail Agent at Hillsboro', to T. H. Fuller's, Esq., who will send them a distance of 3 miles to the Academy.

The neighborhood is pleasant and healthy—the community noted for its morality, there being Methodist, Baptist and Presbyterian Churches in the vicinity ready of access. Pupils will be required to attend Preaching on the Sabbath.

TERMS PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Tuition in Primary Department,	$10
Higher English,	15
Latin and Greek each,	5

☞ Maimed soldiers will be charged only half the ordinary price of Tuition.

Pupils will be received any time during the Session and charged till the expiration of the same. No other deduction made except in cases of protracted sickness.

Boys can be prepared for College or the business pursuits of life.

Board, with good families, convenient to the Academy, at $10 per month, including Washing, Fuel and Lights.

The last School year closed the 13th November, forty-five students having been enrolled during that time. Competent Assistants will be employed, if necessary.

Patrons are solicited to visit the School frequently, and see how the Pupils progress.

REFERENCES.

S. W. Hughes, Prin. Hughes' Academy; Rev. S. Lee, Prin. S. F. In., Leasburg; Rev. S. A. Stanfield, Milton, N. C.; Rev. J. F. Simpson, N. C. Conference; Jas. Richardson, Mt. Carmel, Va.; Wm. A. Bradsher, Bushy Forx, N. C.; J. B. Pleasant, Boxboro', N. C.; A. F. Hester, Hester's Store, N. C., and the patrons generally.

Let those who have sons to educate correspond with the Principal, at Hester's Store, Person Co., N. C.
dec 21-1m2m

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mount Vernon Seminary,

SEVENTH SESSION commences on the first Monday in January, 1869.
Board $8 per month.
Tuition $5 to $20.
For full particulars, send for Circular to
Rev. A. J. EMERSON,
Mt. Vernon Springs,
Chatham Co., N. C.
Jan. 2-w3t*

A. J. BURTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WELDON, N. C.

Will attend the Courts of Halifax, Warren and Northampton.
Jan 2-3*

THE COTTAGE HOTEL.

THIS HOUSE IS NEAR THE CENTRAL DEPOT, RALEIGH, N. C.

It is now being refitted and furnished for the accommodation of the travelling public.

TERMS:
Good Board at $2 per day.
On longer time as per contract.

Do you wish to save the expense of Omnibus and Drays? Then come to the COTTAGE HOTEL.

Do you wish to save all anxiety of "being left" by the Train? Then come to the COTTAGE HOTEL.

Do you wish GOOD FARE, A CLEAN BED, and a QUIET PLACE? Then,

Come to the 'COTTAGE HOTEL.'.

MISS MONROE wishes simply to suggest that having been connected with the management of the EXCHANGE HOTEL, of this City, for a number of years, during the palmy days of its former prosperity, she flatters herself that she shall be able to give satisfaction to the patrons of

THE COTTAGE HOTEL!

Jan 6-3tds3tw

SALE OF LAND.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } DAVIE COUNTY.

PURSUANT to an order of the Superior Court, at Fall Term, 1868, I will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Mocksville on Thursday, the 14th day of January, 1869, a Tract of Land containing

About 425 Acres,

Known as the Home Place of Joseph Howell, deceased. A credit of six months will be given for the purchase money, the purchaser giving bond and approved security on the day of sale; and the title retained until the money is paid.
Dec 29, 1868-td4t H. B. AUSTIN, C. S. C.

Important Sale of City Property!

WILL BE SOLD, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 13th day of January, the following City Lots, viz:

Part of Lot 80, bounded on South by Davie St., on East by Blount St., containing about one-fourth of an acre.

Also, Lots No. 14, 15, 20 and 21—being an entire square.

This property will be sold in quarter-acre lots.

Terms.—One-fourth cash; on the balance six months credit,—bond with approved security being required.
R. C. BADGER,
Jan 2-td Trustee.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are of a truly marvellous character. Inveterate cases of scrofula, where the system seemed utterly given up to corruption, have yielded to this compound of anti-scrofulous virtues. Disorders of a scrofulous type, and affections which are merely aggravated by the presence of scrofulous matter, have been radically cured in such numerous instances, in every settlement in the country, that the public do not need to be informed here that it is in most cases a specific and absolute remedy.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver. These facts make the occasional use of the *Sarsaparilla* as a preventive advisable.

It is a mistake to suppose that so long as no eruptions or humors appear, there must be no scrofulous taint. These forms of derangement may never occur, and yet the vital forces of the body be so reduced by its subtle agency, as materially to impair the health and shorten the duration of life. It is a common error, also, that scrofula is strictly hereditary. It does, indeed, descend from parent to child, but is also engendered in persons born of pure blood. Low living, indigestion, foul air, licentious habits, uncleanliness, and the depressing vices generally, produce it. Weakly constitutions, where not fortified by the most constant and judicious care, are peculiarly liable to it. Yet the robust, also, whose turbid blood swells the veins with an apparently exuberant vitality, are often contaminated, and on the road to its consequences. Indeed, no class or condition can depend on immunity from it, nor feel insensible to the importance of an effectual remedy.

In *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, for Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Ears and Eyes*, and other eruptive or visible forms of the diseases caused primarily by the scrofulous infection, the *Sarsaparilla* is so efficient as to be indispensable. And in the more concealed forms, as in *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and other affections of the muscular and nervous systems, the *Sarsaparilla*, through its purifying power, removes the cause of the disorder and produces astonishing cures.

The sarsaparilla root of the tropics does not by itself achieve these results. It is aided by the extracts combined with it, of still greater power. So potent is this union of healing virtues, *Syphilis or Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. *Leucorrhea or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases* in general, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by the invigorating and purifying effect of our *Sarsaparilla*. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, often dependent on the accumulation of extraneous matters in the blood, have their remedy also in this medicine. For *Liver Complaints*, torpidity, inflammation, abscess, etc., caused by rankling poisons in the blood, we unhesitatingly recommend the *Sarsaparilla*.

This medicine restores health and vigor where no specific disease can be distinguished. Its restorative power is soon felt by those who are languid, *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and filled with *Nervous Apprehensions or Fears*, or who are troubled with any other of those affections symptomatic of weakness. Many, after taking it for *General Debility*, have written us of the youthful vigor imparted to their nervous system, which seemed buoyant with that prolific life they thought had departed on the advance of age. Others, whose fountains of life were as always sterile, acknowledge their obligations to it for an obvious change.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in no case injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgements we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

SOLD BY
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, and P. P. PESCUD, Raleigh; and all Druggists and Dealers everywhere.
dec 19-eodw4m.

Office N. C. Mutual Home In. Co.,
RALEIGH, N. C. JAN. 8TH, 1869.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE N. C. MUTUAL Home Insurance Company are earnestly requested to meet at the office, one Door South of the Raleigh National Bank, at 7 o'clock P. M. Monday.

Prompt attendance is requested
By order of the President,
W. H. MURDOCH,
Jan. 9-2t Temporary Sec'y.

LAW SCHOOL IN RALEIGH.

THE undersigned having removed to Raleigh, will resume the exercises of his L. A. W SCHOOL in this city, on Monday, the 18th day of January, 1869.

He will be assisted, occasionally, by his sons K. P. and R. H. BATTLE.

Particular attention will be given to Pleading and Practice under the Code of Civil Procedure.
Dec 29, 1868-tw WM. H. BATTLE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

To the People of the Southern States.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3, 1868.

When the pure medicinal restorative, now so widely known as Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps, was introduced into the world under the endorsement of four thousand leading members of the medical profession some 20 years ago, its proprietor was well aware that it could not wholly escape the penalty attached to all new and useful preparations. He, therefore, endeavored to invest it with strongest possible safeguard against counterfeiters, and to render all attempts to pirate it difficult and dangerous. It was submitted to distinguished chemists for analysis, and pronounced by them the purest spirit ever manufactured. Its purity and properties having been thus ascertained, samples of the article were forwarded to ten thousand physicians, including all the leading practitioners in the United States, for purposes of experiment. A circular, requesting a trial of the preparation and a report of the result, accompanied each specimen. Four thousand of the most eminent medical men in the Union promptly responded. Their opinions of the article were unanimously favorable. Such a preparation, they said, had long been wanted by the profession, as no reliance could be placed on the ordinary liquors of commerce, all of which were more or less adulterated, and therefore unfit for medical purposes. The peculiar excellence and strength of the oil of juniper, which formed one of the principal ingredients of the Schiedam, together with an unalloyed character of its alcoholic element, give it, in the estimation of the faculty, a marked superiority over every other diffusive stimulant as a diuretic, tonic and restorative.

These satisfactory credentials from professional men of the highest rank were published in a condensed form, and enclosed with each bottle of the Schnapps, as one of the guarantees of its genuineness. Other precautions against fraud were also adopted; a patent was obtained for the article, the label was copyrighted, a fac simile of the proprietor's autograph signature was attached to each label and cover, his name and that of the preparation were embossed on the bottles, and the corks were sealed with his private seal. No article had ever been sold in this country under the name of schnapps prior to the introduction of Wolfe's Schiedam Schnapps, in 1851; and the label was deposited, as his