TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, twelve months	$10 00
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" three "	1 50
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" six "	1 50
" three "	0 75

THE SENTINEL.

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr., EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 7, 1869.

JUDICIAL CORRUPTION.

As yet we have but little signs of Judicial corruption in North Carolina. The Judiciary is always the last branch of the government to be corrupted. Judicial is sure to follow political corruption, in any and in all countries. Political corruption in North Carolina is more common than copies of the new Constitution, and you can find the former in many a house where you cannot find the latter.

The undertaking of the Editor of the *Standard* to put through the Chatham Railroad bill for $100,000, or a less sum, as proven before the Committe on Fraud and Corruption; the location of the Penitentiary on Deep River; the loan of money to members of the Legislature, are all evidences of legislative fraud and corruption, with which the people are familiar.

The evidences of political corruption in the Executive are as common as blackberries. Governor Holden's life is but one continuous example of political profligacy, falsehood and fraud, and the willingness of certain persons to fall in with him, in his plans and schemes, is conclusive evidence of their profligacy, falsehood and deceit.

Judge Rodman, Judge Reade, Victor Barringer, Judge Cantwell, Judge Settle and John Pool, have expressed more abhorrence of Holden and his political villainy, than any seven men of the State. When Judge Settle attended the first black and tan meeting held in this city, his friends apologized for him, saying "that he was there to put on the brakes, he was no Radical; he had influence with Holden and he had gone to the Convention to exercise it."

At a subsequent meeting, when Pool, Settle and Goodloe broke with Holden, and Pool wrote that unsigned address, Judge Settle was heard to denounce Holden, and say he should take the stump against him and his faction. Holden did not whip him in, but persuaded him in. These gentlemen, like the Lieutenant Governor, Caldwell, have been heard to apologize for having voted or co-operated with Holden.—When Governor Worth was elected over Holden, the Lieutenant Governor apologized in a public speech for having voted for the latter "Holden," he said, "was no choice of mine. I voted for him because I thought it was the best policy. Those who know me know that Holden was never one of my favorites, either as a politician or a man."

It is a common thing for many of the educated scallawags of the State to show their conservatism by declaring in conversation that they have "no confidence in Holden; they are not Radicals," &c. We believe there is no official in the State, except carpet-baggers, who have not expressed a want of confidence in Gov. Holden since his election. Holden, and their want of confidence in him, is the staple of their conversation when they find a Conservative or Democrat to talk with.

But enough of Legislative and Executive corruption. We were talking of Judicial corruption. We can mention some Judicial acts which smack of corruption; the political corruption of certain Judges is so strong and apparent, that it will require some effort on their part to *free* and divest themselves of it on the Bench. Judicial history well authenticated, teaches that Judges may do dishonorable acts as men, and yet administer justice between man and man as it is proper to be done. There is great want of confidence on the part of the people in the Judiciary of the State. When the Judges relied upon 80,000 ignorant negroes for their election and went round canvassing with such an unconverted and unconvicted thief as Judge Alden—the people lost confidence; they weakened in their faith.

We tell the people to hope on; even with Tourgee on the Bench they need not despair. So late even as the reign of Elizabeth, a Chief Justice of England was, in early life, a highway robber. John Popham was Solicitor General, and gave such satisfaction in conducting the Queen's business, that she recommended him to the House of Commons, and he was chosen Speaker.

Campbell, in his life of the Chief Justice, says, "that when Popham quit the road he gave a magnificent feast to his five-booting friends, at which he had some fine old Gascony wine, and those who drank of it said it was captured at night on its way to the cellar of an Alderman of London." The facts rest upon undoubted authority that Popham would sally out at night and rob travellers of their money and valuables. Yet this same man became Chief Justice of England, and sat at the trial of Sir Walter Raleigh, and behaved much better than Lord Coke, who prosecuted, for Coke, in that trial, acted more like a brute than a man.

Except severity to prisioners, no reproach rests upon Popham as a Judge. He was called the "hanging Judge." A man charged with highway robbery is said to have stood little chance for acquittal before him. In this way, says Campbell, "he thought to make atonement to society for the evil example he had formerly set."

We don't know how our Judiciary can make atonement for the evil example they have set. They can't do it by denying the truth of the "solemn protest." If they can satisfy the people that they only meant to vindicate the dignity of the Court, and not to punish political opponents, it will go far to relieve them of the just opprobium under which they now lie.

THE IRREPRESSIBLE CUFFEE IN WASHINGTON.

The National Capital bids fair to eclipse all Yankeedom in devotion to the nigger. The Mayor of that many-scented village could not go to Getrysburg without taking a tud blooded nigger with him as an escort for his daughter. There was a row in the Getrysburg hotel when the notorious Mayor Bowen marched into the dining room, followed by his daughter, leaning on the arm of an unsavory representative of all nught, who was formerly a waiter and dish washer. The ladies and gentlemen who were in the dining room rose and quitted it at once. The scene developed some strange inconsistencies on the part of rad cal apostles. One of them Morton, of Indiana, positively refused to chaperon Bowen's nigger around the hotel, and some of the ladies who accompanied this radical Senator quitted the tables in disgust when the odors of Ethiopia were brought in close proximity to them. This nigger is a member of the City Council of Washington. Where this nigger mania is going to end it is hard to tell. Thank Heaven we are so far free from it in this city. But in the city of magnificent distances there will not be a chance for a white man in a short time. We may probably hear of a wedding in high life—Miss Bowen, daughter of the Mayor of Washington, led to the altar by Mr. George Augustus Price, formerly known as Pompey. What a comment on our boasted civilization.

We clip the above from the New York *Evening Telegraph*, as one of the signs of the drift of Radical doctrines in regard to negro equality. Similar paragraphs in the newspapers from all sections, and an appeal case now before the Supreme Court of our own State, are all indices of the natural result of Radical teachings on this subject. The white race in this country have a natural and unconquerable aversion to the idea of social equality with the negro, and so patent is this fact, that when the Radical party in the South took hold of the negroes to make them the tools and instruments of their own elevation to power, they seduously and vehemently declared that they were as much opposed to the admission of the negro to *social* equality as their opponents could possibly be. They only advocated the clothing of the newly emancipated race with the franchise of the ballot and of his "rights before the law." To prevent alarming the fears of those whites whom they hoped to carry with them in their efforts for ascendency in the State governments, they even induced the negroes to take up the refrain, and declare they did not seek social equality with the whites. In this State, the Democrats and Conservatives charged upon the leaders of the Radicals that the tendency of their doctrine and actions was to force upon the whites a social as well as a political equality, or that, on the other hand, they were dealing disingenuously and hypocritically with the negroes, who, notwithstanding the public declarations on the subject, were looking forward to a total abrogation of all distinction between the races, and were looking to the Radical party to effect this abrogation.

The fact is, the idea of political and civil equality—the rights to the same hotels, the same Railroad cars, the same steamboats, theatres, schools, churches and other public places, carries with it the other little remnants of eating and marrying together, and makes the claim to equality, in all things, before God and man, complete.

Jim Harris, the negro Radical leader in this part of our State, declared that the negroes did not seek social equality with the whites, in doing which Jim thoroughly nullified himself; for how can he, or how *dare* he, get up before an audience of negroes and declare that they are equal in all things with the whites before God and the Law, and are *not* equal before a roast pig or dish of pork and turnips? How can he or Holden or the other leaders of the party consistently say, "you are our equals, in the jury box, at the polls, on the cars, in the church, anywhere, and everywhere, but in the social circle and at the social board.—We will meet with you, mingle with you in all these other places, but you smell so bad, or there is something about you so disagreeable in person or manners, that I cannot sit at the table with you or allow you to rest your weary limbs on my parlor sofas."

The whole drift of the radical doctrine, and treatment of the negro, is to perfect equality of races, social and otherwise, and so palpable is the fact that many, as in the case of the Mayor of Washington, alluded to, see it and acknowledge its force, and act upon it. The Radicals here feel the force of it, but they are too hypocritical to carry out the legitimate conclusion to which it leads, and hence we see them shrinking back from the association of their negro allies in public, but acting out the true doctrines of their party teachings only in mid night Leagues, and other secret associations, for the purpose of retaining their hold and influence on the gullable and simple negro for their own advantage. They would not, on the 5th, in this city, even join with the negro in the procession, because their refusal might have the tendency to check the negro's aspirations for perfect equality in all things, and to blind those whites whom they hope to induce to aid them in retaining their present hold of power, to the real tendency of the means they have adopted to secure their own advancement.

The negro will see this in time; for the radicals will either have to kick the negro out, like Grimsom did, or accept gracefully the situation, like Bowen, and go the "white animal," wool and odor.

There are rumors of a serious break in the Republican party. It is reported that Senators Sprague, Ross, Fowler, Henderson, and perhaps one or two others, will hereafter refuse to act with the Republican majority in the Senate; while Chief Justice Chase is now said to be in full sympathy with the Democrats.

UNIVERSITY RAILROAD.

Yates, of the Charlotte *Democrat*, telegraphs us to know if the decision of the Supreme Court kills all Railroad appropriations, and maintains its restriction of 66⅔ cents as a limit of taxation.

Ten days ago, the *mandamus* obtained by this corporation against the Treasurer to compel him to issue the bonds of the State as provided by the Legislature for the building of this road, was argued and the case closed. To-day, the case is re-opened by the Court, and all Railroads chartered by the late Legislature can appear by counsel; the purpose being to make this decision govern all other cases of a like character.

What the Court will do, brother Yates, the Lord only knows. We can tell you what it ought to do. The Representatives who chartered these Roads and committed the people and property of the State to build them, will do little of the paying. They were elected by force, fraud and the sword.

Last fall, the Editor of the *Standard*, received a fee, some say, of $100,000 to put one of these roads through, which called for an appropriation of $2,000,000. He is said to have spent $8,000 for whiskey, wine, segars, sugar, lemons and treating the "hands." His grog shop was kept in a room of the Capitol, convenient to the members.

To build these Roads will require a tax greater than the Constitution allows. It strikes us as the plain duty of the Court to declare the charter for these roads, one and all, unconstitutional and void "from turret to foundation stone."

DISTRESSING SALES IN ORANGE.—We heard much talk of 20,000 acres of land advertised for sale by the Sheriff of Orange, to be sold on Monday last. The Sheriff gave us the list of land to be sold. Omitting town lots we could count only 8,658 acres. The sale was not completed on Monday; one day was not sufficient to work so much ruin. The lands we are told did not average more than one dollar and thirty cents per acre, and yet some of the best lands of the county were sold. There is no chance under the Sheriff's hammer to get anything like the true value of lands.

Hester's Real Estate Agency and Lottery is the only place and way to get the real value of your lands. We hope Hester in his next grand drawing will have fewer sewing machines, and in their stead have prizes of Guano, Bonedust, Plaster Lime &c.

SUPREME COURT.—The Court met at the usual hour; all the Justices present.

The following opinions were delivered:

BY PEARSON, C. J.—State vs. Cherry, from Gaston county. Judgment reversed, and *venire de novo* awarded.

David Schenck, *ex parte*, from Lincoln county. Order reversed, *procedendo* to issue.

BY READE, J.—Murphy vs. Merritt, from Sampson county. Error, judgment here for plaintiff for costs.

State vs. Davis, from Chatham county.—No error, judgment affirmed.

BY RODMAN, J.—Brown vs. Commissioners of Washington, Beaufort county. Judgment reversed, *venire de novo*.

McAden vs. Bannister, from Lincoln county. Judgment affirmed.

BY DICK, J.—Valentine vs. Hollamar, from Hertford county. Judgment reversed, *venire de novo*.

Saluns vs. Martin, from Gaston county. Judgment reversed, petition dismissed.

Justice Settle, having been absent, delivered no opinion.

Upon motion, the case of University R. R. Co vs. W. W. Holden, Governor, and D. A. Jenkins, Treasurer, was re-opened for argument and case set for Friday next.

DAVIDSON COLLEGE.—A correspondent of the Western *Democrat*, giving that paper an interesting account of the recent commencement exercises at Davidson College, speaks in the following flattering terms of the address on the occasion, of our talented and accomplished townsman, SEATON GALES, Esq.:

"The oration before the two Societies was delivered at the request of the Philanthropic Society, by Major Seaton Gales, of Raleigh, N. C. As a nephew of both of the famous Editors of the world renowned *National Intelligencer*, Major Gales could not help promising his audience an address replete with all the marks of culture. And his audience declared, with one consent, that he fulfilled his promise right honorably. His aim was to convince the heads and to assure the hearts of the young men of our country that they ought not to desert their native State to seek their fortunes amid other scenes than those that now surround them. The sons of North Carolina had showed that they were willing to die in and for their native land even when they thought that they could not live in it as they ought to live. One who had had experience in military as well as in civil forms of life, now besought those to live in their country whom Providence had spared to live for it. With much power of illustration, with great purity of diction, and with a most dignified and graceful elocution, he orator urged that no where in the Union were the highest rewards of enterprise to be found in such proximity and profusion as right here in our old North State."

During the epidemic of intermittents in the West this season, the whole immense stock of Ayer's Ague Cure became exhausted, and the producing power of his Laboratory was found inadequate to meet the demand. Many who knew its extraordinary virtues for the cure of *Chills and Fever*, paid exorbitant prices for it to those who were fortunate enough to have a supply on hand. Some of our neighbors paid ten dollars for a bottle, while the regular price is but one, and assure us it was on the whole the cheapest remedy they could buy, even at that figure. They praised it for two qualities; first, that it cures, and last that it leaves the health unimpaired.—*Iowa Standard*.

Among the recent discoveries at Herculaneum, in the excavation of the ancient city, are 14 vases of different sizes—a candelabrum, a lamp, several dishes of glass and burnt earth, the marble statuette of a fawn and and two broken tables, one of marble and the other of slate.

A man in Norwich, Ct., has demonetized a lot of toads, which keep his garden clear of insects.

Judge Jere. S. Black will be sufficiently recovered to leave Louisville this week.

REMARKABLE CURIOSITIES.—Mrs. Helen M. Key, of Louisville, Ky., a corresponding member of the New Albany Society of Natural History, has recently presented to the Association several exceedingly interesting Indian relics, found by herself in Arkansas and Mississippi. One of these is a fine specimen of Indian pottery ware, which was taken from an excavation in a mound in Washington county, Mississippi. The mound is an ancient burying ground, and every shovel full brought out human skeletons, with bowls, pipes, and cups of various shapes and sizes, made of clay and sand. The specimen presented by Mrs. Key is in the shape of a vase of rather graceful form, full of rude finish, about 6½ inches high, and 7½ wide at its greater diameter. A small cup of a funnel shape, about three inches high, of the same kind of pottery, was found by Mrs Key in Arkansas, and accompanies the vase above mentioned.—The other specimen is a brick about 6½ inches long, 3½ inches wide, and 1½ inches thick, which was taken by Mrs. Key from a pavement, found two feet below the surface of the earth, in Washington county, Mississippi. The pavement was about 18 feet wide and 20 feet long, composed of curved or fluted brick, of different colors, some being black, some gray, while others were red, and all were as hard as limestone.

LIFE OF A PRINTER.—The following strange, eventful record of a journeyman printer's life is taken from an exchange, which paper asserts it correct to the letter. It develops what a man can do if he likes, and what queer, enterprising, and unselfish fellows, the majority of printers are:

"The life of a printer is, to say the least, one of variety. I left home at the age of nine, and was apprenticed to the printing business at thirteen; since then I have visited Europe, been in England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales and France, in Canada, Nova Scotia, Labrador, South America, West Indies, and all the Atlantic States of the Union, from Maine to Louisiana—have lived in twenty-seven cities and towns of the United States. I have been a sailor in the merchant service, and have sailed in all the manner of crafts—ship, barque, brig, schooner, sloop and steamer—in the regular army as a private soldier, deserted, and got shot in the leg. I have studied two years for the ministry, one year for an M. D., traveled through all the New England States, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Virginia, as a journeyman printer, generally with little else than a brass rule in my pocket. I have been the publisher of three papers—one in Boston, one in Roxbury, Mass., one in Maine. At one time I had $7,550 in my pocket of my own. I have been married twice, and am now nearly twenty-six years old!! I have been a temperance lecturer, and proprietor of a temperance theatre."

The disease, known to the ancients as leprosy, is making sad havoc among the inhabitants of the Sandwich Islands. This scourge attacks old, middle aged and young of both sexes. In one group may be seen an aged woman, stalwart man in the prime of life, the girl in her teens, the schoolboy and child of four years of age, all bearing the distinctive and never to be forgotten marks of leprosy. The ears of one are swollen, another's hands are deformed, the fingers being drawn into the palms of the hands and one or more joints gone from each finger, while another's face is so swollen and disfigured that his own friends find it hard to recognize him. There is no cure for his horrible affliction. Its victims are all sent to an island devoted entirely to their occupation, and are compelled to remain there for life.

The Portland *Mirror* has heard of a parish in Massachusetts where "fine music" was wanted, and the discussion of the subject was compromised by allowing each person to subscribe as he preferred for the support of the preaching or of the music.—After the society had been canvassed, it was found that $1,700 was subscribed for singing, and $1,800 for preaching! Some signed $25, $50, and $100 "for singing—not a cent for preaching!" Accordingly, a choir was hired to come out from the city every Sabbath to perform in the Orthodox Congregational Church on Sunday. Some of the wags who were aware of this arrangement, not having a mind to contribute to this musical entertainment, absented themselves from Church till the close of the introductory exhibition.

A DISLOYAL OLD NIGGER.—A lady who overheard the conversation, relates to us the following incident:

Our informant's cook has a son; a small boy, whom she sent to pick berries. The weather was very warm, but the boy buttoned himself up closely in the remnant of a Yankee overcoat. When he returned his mother observed it and accosted him—

"What you ware dat thick coat for, sich a hot day as dis?"

"'Cause, mammy," replied the loyal boy, 'de Yankees dessin."

"You're a little fool," said the indignant old mammy; "do you s'pose de Yankees got as much sense as we 'Mericans has?"—*Montgomery (Ala.) Mail.*

The Massachusetts legislature, this year, chartered twelve new Railroad Companies. Their names and capital are as follows:—Bedford, $150,000; Taunton and Providence, $600,000; New Bedford and Taunton, $850,000; Taunton and Attleboro', $300,000; Hopkinton Branch, $200,000; Monadnock, $50,000; Athol and Enfield, $500,000; Amesbury, $150,000; Salisbury, $100,000; Essex Branch, $200,000; Massachusetts Central, $3,000,000; with leave to increase to double that amount; Holyoke and Westfield, $200,000 to $350,000.

A gentleman from Leicester, England, who arrived in Minneapolis, Minnesota, recently, only sixteen days from Liverpool by way of Boston, has bought five thousand acres of land in Kandiyohi, where he will settle. He passed through Canada West, but was not favorably impressed with its appearance.

A negro Alderman was present at the Gettysburg celebration, and was refused admission to the hotel. Having, during last winter, waited on a distinguished congressman who was in Gettysburg at the time, he applied to him to use his influence in his behalf with the hotel man. The representative declined to interfere, and the darky stayed out in the cold. The Mayor of Washington, who was present, did his best for the negro, but he failed to stir the landlord.

A "director's car" has been recently put on the Hartford and New Haven road, which is quite a curiosity in its way. The machinery which propels it is entirely concealed from view, and as it moves along the rails is an object of great curiosity. It is about a quarter the length of an ordinary passenger car, has four wheels like a coach, and the inside is elegantly furnished.

The King of Prussia has presented to the Viceroy of Egypt a splendid porcelain vase, six feet in height, from the Berlin manufactory. The ground color is blue and the handles bronze, the whole being richly gilt and decorated. The base is ornamented by a picture after Steinbruck's design of "The Elves," from one of Tieck's fairy tales.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

40 BUSHELS BLACK PEAS.
Received to-day, on consignment.
July 7-tf W. C. STRONACH & CO.

University of North Carolina.

THE FALL SESSION of this Institution will commence on the 15th day of August prox and continue twenty weeks. Preparatory and Normal Departments, and a general course of University Lectures, will be opened. Entire expense in lading board $85 to $100.

At the same time one Junior and one Sophomore, free of charge, to a limited number of residents of the State. Apply to the President,
SOLOMON POOL,
July 7-13wstd Chapel Hill, N. C.

North Carolina College,
MT. PLEASANT, N. C.

THE next Scholastic Term of this Institution will begin August 25, 1869.
Moderate expenses, including Tuition Board, Washing, Fuel, &c., for 10 months, $150 or $162. For Catalogue or Circular, apply to
REV. LOUIS A. BIKLE A. M.,
July 7-tm Acting President.

Kittrell's Springs Female College,
GRANVILLE COUNTY N. C.

THE FALL SESSION WILL BEGIN ON THE first Wednesday in July, and continue 20 weeks.
The services of the best Instructors secured. Terms reduced.
For full particulars, apply to
Rev. C. B. RIDDICK President,
July 7-tf Kittrell's Springs, N. C.

Davidson College,
MECKLENBURG, COUNTY, N. C.

THE thirty-third collegiate year will begin September 2, 1869.
Preparatory department discontinued.
For Catalogue, or other information, apply to the President, Rev. G. WILSON McPHAIL, D. D. LL. D.
By order of the Faculty.
July 7-wst W. G. RICHARDSON, Cl'k.

Proposals.

PROPOSALS will be received, for one week, at the office of the N. C. Agricultural Society for furnishing Lumber for 80 lls, for enclosing Track, &c., at the Fair Grounds. Specifications may be obtained by application to the subscriber, to whom all proposals should be addressed. J. BRINTON SMITH,
July 7-1w Secretary.

THE NEXT REGULAR MEETING OF THE Central Agricultural Society will be held in the town of Henderson, on Saturday, the 10th of July, as business of great importance will come up for the consideration of its members from Granville, Warren and Franklin Counties.
July 6-d1w W. W. YOUNG,
Ch'm Executive Committee.

W. C. STRONACH & CO.,
GROCERS AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND AGENTS FOR THE
Great Merchants Union Tea and Coffee Company.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING a first-class stock of Teas and Coffee, consisting, in part, of

3 Cases Oolong		3 Cases Imperial.	
2 "	Gunpowder.	2 "	Young Hyson.
1 "	Eng. Breakfast	1 "	Hyson.
		1 Case Japan.	

French Breakfast, Union Java, and Old Government Java Coffees.
We are prepared to furnish the trade with all grades of Tea at Importers prices.
July 6 tf

New River Mullets.

5 BBLS. FRESH MULLETS.
10 bbls. new Herrings.
July 5-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON.

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the Board of Commissioners held this evening, it was
ORDERED, That all persons owning dogs in the city apply to Major Martin, Chief of Police, and procure a collar for the same, and in the event that they do not do so within ten days from date they will be captured.
J. J. CHRISTOPHERS,
Raleigh, July 5-tf Clerk.

CAPE FEAR ACADEMY.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION of this Academy will open on the 1st of October next. A few boarders will be received in the family of the principal.
For Circulars containing full information, address, H. E. COLSTON, Principal,
July 5-d3t Box 106, Wilmington, N. C.

'NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS.'

READ!

THE
NATIONAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

JAY COOKE & CO.,
GENERAL SOUTHERN AGENTS,
E. S. TURNER, - - Manager,

Has issued in the first Ten Months of its existence, 5,395 policies, insuring over

$15,000,000;

being double the business of any other Company in the world during the first year of its existence.

The Company affords its policy-holders PERFECT SECURITY by its cash capital of One Million Dollars, and guarantees to the insured, by its low rates of premium, LARGE DIVIDENDS IN ADVANCE, or a REVERSIONARY DIVIDEND of 100 per cent. by its return premium plan.

Apply for Agencies and Policies, to
P. F. PESCUD, Raleigh,
General Agent for North Carolina.
CHAS. E. JOHNSON, RALEIGH,
Medical Examiner and Referee for N. C.
july 5-tf

ORGANIZED, 1868. QUADRUPLED, 1869.

FOUR LARGE SHOWS IN ONE.

A COLOSSAL AGGREGATION OF
OLYMPIAN SPORTS AND NATURE'S WONDERS,
COL. C. T. AMES' NEW ORLEANS
CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.

The only organization of the kind extant, projected and equipped with Southern capital, managed and directed by Southern men, and its perambulations confined to the Southern States, and by far the most elegant attractive and satisfactory exhibition now traveling.

COL. C. T. AMES, ... PROPRIETOR,
DOC CHAMBERS, ... BUSINESS MANAGER,
CAPT. J. L. BREESE, ... TREASURER.

The entire combination will exhibit at

Raleigh, Thursday, July 15, 1869, at 2 and 7, Afternoon and Night.
ONE DAY ONLY.

Introducing a series of Entertainments pre-eminently beautiful, novel and interesting, effected by

A SCORE OF BEAUTIFUL LADIES,
The most fascinating, accomplished and elegant in the Arenic Profession.

A LEGION OF MALE ARTISTS
That have but few equals, and no superiors in phases of daring and agility.

A DUO OF LION TAMERS,
Male and Female, the personification of miraculous and incomprehensible courage and fortitude.

A MOST EXTENSIVE MENAGERIE
Of rare Wild Beasts, of nearly every known species, and of every geographical range from the Frigid to the Torrid Zones.

A HERD OF TRAINED HORSES
Schooled almost to the point of rationality. Miracles of equine accomplishments.

CLOWNS, MUSICIANS, AND COMEDIANS,
Brimfull of rich humor, ravishing harmony and acceptable facetiæ, together with all the necessary adjuncts to render it the largest, most complete and rationally interesting amusement Combination before the Public.

THE GRAND STREET PROCESSION
Will eclipse in Gorgeous display, extent and novel features, anything which will be the

TURNING LIONS, BENGAL TIGERS AND LEOPARDS LOOSE
Nothing of the kind ever before witnessed.
For description, see Company publications.

Will exhibit at Charlotte, Monday, July 12; Salisbury, Tuesday, 13th; Company Shops, 14th; Raleigh, 5th; Hillsboro', 16th; Greensboro', 17th; Danville, 19th.
july 5-dTATAwst

MISCELLANEOUS.

TURNER & STRAYHORN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
HILLSBORO', N. C.

Will practice in the Courts of Orange, Person and Alamance, and in the Supreme Court.
July 3 tf

4 BOXES EACH, ORANGES and LEMONS, This day arrived at
july 3 tf W. C. STRONACH & CO.

ONE TIERCE PREPARED RICE,
For sale by
july 3-tf. W. C. STRONACH & CO.

GOLDEN and SILVER DRIPS,
For sale by
july 3 tf W. C. STRONACH & CO.

A GOOD STOCK OF CANNED and FANCY Groceries, at
july 3-tf W. C. STRONACH & CO'S.

3 BBLS MACKEREL, and one tierce Cod Fish To arrive at
july 3 tf W. C. STRONACH & CO'S.

G. T. STRONACH,
MARKET SQUARE, RALEIGH, N. C.,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES, LIQUORS, SADDLERY, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c.,
Bags and Bails Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, &c. july 2-tf

WHISKIES, WHISKIES.
5 bbls. Bumgardner.
6 " Jones' Pure Rye.
10 " Pure N. C. Corn Whiskey.
20 " Common Grades.
Just received and for sale by
G. T. STRONACH,
July 2-tf Commission Merchant.

KEEP COOL.
ICE CREAM and CAKE! No. 15 Fayetteville Street.
KEEP COOL!
Water-Ices and Cakes. Fentress' old Stand!
Ladies are respectfully invited to all.
Families supplied at short notice.
Also, a fresh supply of Confectioneries. For sale by N. S. MOSELY, Ag't.
Raleigh, July 2-1w

"The Old North State Forever."

ENCOURAGE HOME ENTERPRISE!

THE NORTH CAROLINA
HOME (FIRE) INSURANCE
COMPANY,

HAS NOW BEEN in operation five months, and the liberal patronage it has received induces it to be

A SUCCESS.

AMOUNT LIABLE FOR LOSSES, $184,000
$20,000 deposited with the Public Treasurer as security to Policy Holders!
Rates moderate and all losses promptly adjusted and paid!
This Company, organized upon the most liberal principles, appeals to the people of North Carolina for support,—guaranteeing, in return, protection against loss or damage by fire, and negotiating its agencies

AT HOME!

JAMES H. FOOTE, Pres.
W. H. MURDOCH,
july 2-tf Ass't Sec'y and Local Ag't.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Brilliant Scheme for July 10th, 1869.

THIRD SMALL DRAWING,
TO TAKE PLACE AT
TUCKER HALL,
RALEIGH, N. C.,
July 10th, 1869.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.
Hon. Sion H. Rogers Raleigh, N. C.
Cyrus P. Mendenhall, Greensboro', N. C.
L. C. Latham Plymouth, N. C.
James H. Foote, Raleigh, N. C.
Dr. J. H. McCracken, Raleigh, N. C.
J. N. Hanner, " "

The third explanatory drawing of the N. C. Real and Personal Estate Agency, will come off in this City, on the 10th July next. Below, we append the scheme, which is a brilliant one, and clears, as will be seen by a mathematical calculation, one prize for every ten tickets.

2,750 TICKETS AT $1 00 EACH!

Send for tickets immediately, and enclose postage stamp to prepay letter.

LIST OF PRIZES.

Prize	1	Rosewood Piano, 7 Octave round Corner, Tremaine Bros., New York,	$650 00
"	1	Fine Top Buggy,	350 00
"	1	China Tea Set,	82 50
"	1	Chamber Set,	25 00
"	1	45 yards Brussels Carpet,	135 00
"	1	45 " "	135 00
"	1	25 " 5 Ply Carpet,	10 00
"	1	30 " Matting,	18 00
"	1	20 " Carpeting,	45 00
"	2	1 Sewing Machine, each,	120 00
"	1	1 Green silk Dress,	40 00
"	5	1 Acre, Building lots, $50 each near St. Mary's,	250 00
"	1	1 Lady's Gold Watch and Chain, elegant	110 00
"	1	1 Silver Pudding Spoon,	20 00
"	1	1 Music Box,	125 00
"	1	15 yards Oil Cloth,	24 00
"	1	25 " Striped Carpeting,	25 00
"	1	40 " White Matting,	35 00
"	1	1 Saratoga Trunk,	18 00
"	1	1 Morocco Satchel,	7 00
"	5	10 yards Gingham, each,	25 00
"	10	1 Elegant Fan, each	50 00
"	6	1 Gent's Hat, each,	30 00
"	1	2 Table Cover,	5 00
"	1	1 Muslin Dress, 10 yds., each	30 00
"	1	1 Dress Watch safe,	5 00
"	1	" Inkstand,	5 00
"	2	1 Dressing Case, each,	15 00
"	1	1 Glass Tea set, 6 pieces,	5 00
"	1	1 Parian Toilet Set, nine,	5 00
"	1	1 Toilet Set, Bohemian,	5 00
"	1	1 Wine Set,	5 00
"	1	" "	5 00
"	1	1 pair Silvered Glass Goblets,	5 00
"	1	" " " "	5 00
"	1	" " " "	5 00
"	1	1 Silvered Glass Salver,	5 00
"	1	" " "	5 00
"	1	1 pair Glass Celery Stands,	5 00
100	"	at $2 each,	200 00
92	"	at $1 each,	92 00
262	Prizes		$2,750 00

Persons ordering Tickets will please address,
"RECRETARY N. C. REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE AGENCY," RALEIGH, N. C.
With stamp for return postage enclosed.
June 15-d1w3w.

Select Boarding and Day School,
HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH and MISS KOLLOCK will resume the exercises of their School on Friday, 23rd July.
Circulars forwarded on application.
June 25-w1m