RATES OF ADVERTISING.

TERMS REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily* at the following rates. A *square* will be space estimated at 10 lines or less.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	5,00
Each additional square one month	4,00
One square two months	6,00
Each additional " "	3,00
One square three months	7,00
Each additional " "	3,00
One quarter column "	30,00
One half column "	50,00
One column "	100,00

Regular business cards, 10 nonpareil lines or less, to be charged only $10 for three months.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above. Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $8 each or $10 if charged.

☞ Persons in the City, desiring to insert advertisements, are requested to hand them in as early in the day as possible.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

FRIDAY, JULY 30, 1869.

☞ Theo. N. Ramsay, as Business Clerk, is authorized to make contracts and give receipts, &c., &c.

The weather at Raleigh, N. C., as indicated by the Thermometer at the office of the North Carolina Land Company, Tucker Hall, Friday, July 30th:

9 A. M., 78. 3 P. M., 84.
12 M., 79.

Didn't Sing.—Mr. Williams, who was to give the singular, doubled voiced Concert at the Commons Hall, last night, did not sing, because the Governor would not let him. Farriss, the Keeper of the Capitol, gave him leave, and told him it was no use to see the G[illegible] on the subject; he had advertised in the city papers and was not informed it wouldn't do; but after lighting up last night, and the audience had begun to assemble, and Farriss and Friday had both got their complimentary tickets, the Governor sent word he must not give the exhibition there.

The Concert will come off to-night at the Court House, and we hope the audience will be sufficiently increased to indemnify him against the extra expense his last disappointment has subjected him to.

In the meantime, we suppose this affair will settle the question of "Who's Boss?" of the Capitol and surrounding grounds.

Accou[illegible].—It is suggested that the noise in the Capitol night before last was caused by some taking down and packing up of Littlefield's free bar fixtures, preparatory to their transfer to the Florida Capitol. We don't know.

Benefit of Insurance.—We learn that the family of Mr. James A. Moore, deceased, will receive between twenty and thirty thousand dollars from the Insurance Companies; fifteen thousand of it from the Ætna. We are sincerely rejoiced to learn these facts, as it must have afforded him great consolation in his last hours to feel that the loved ones he was leaving behind him were thus comfortably provided for; and it will endear his memory to them more sacredly to thus enjoy the benefits of his provident care for them.

We were in error, on Tuesday, in stating that a new framed house was being erected on the lot belonging to Mrs. Penny Smith, west of Capitol Square. The building alluded to, is on the corner of the adjacent lot, belonging to Mr. James M. Pool, and is being erected for Messrs. Pool & Uzzle for a Family Grocery. It will be a building of considerable dimensions—sufficiently commodious for the large and flourishing business of the enterprising firm for whom it is erected.

Give their names.—We suggest to the City authorities the propriety of inaugurating some system for labeling the streets. There are not half a dozen streets in the City that have their names on them, and there are not half a dozen persons in the City that can tell the names of even the most public of the streets. It would be a great convenience in many respects to have the names of the streets publicly displayed especially to local reporters.

Thanks.—We return our thanks to a friend at Marlboro', Pitt County, for a club of subscribers to the *Sentinel*. Our lists are gradually and surely increasing by the daily additions made to them from all parts of the State, and we desire to tender our acknowledgements to our friends who have interested themselves in aiding to extend our circulation.

Your Sunday's Dinner.—Ben. Kirkham will have at his stand, (near the *old* Market,) to-morrow morning and afternoon, some No. 1 Beef, Lamb and Mutton, at least, he says so, and he always keeps his word. That's our experience in trading with him. Give him a call, then, to-morrow.

Meeting of Clerks.—We are requested to state that the Convention of Superior Court Clerks, which was called to take place in Raleigh, on Tuesday, August 3rd, has been postponed to the Tuesday following, (10th,) when it is hoped as many as can will attend, to agree upon a uniform method of keeping their Records, and attend to other matters tending to systematize the operations of their office.

The Cyclorama.—This new instrument, for taking photographic views of scenery, is attracting great attention in England. It consists of a camera, provided with mechanical contrivances for automatically uncovering and covering the lens and exposing the plate. The ophthalmos, or eye, is attached to a small balloon, and is sent up without an operator, and at any requisite height, it is started, takes a picture of the surface of the earth beneath it, with all the bearings of the compass accurately marked.

Contempt of Court.—Hi. Walton, colored, was brought up before Chief Justice Dr. T. L. Banks, of Panther Branch District, for stealing a hog from Stunkel, the Dutchman. Stunkel calls his hogs in Dutch, and they will come to no English call. Walton had six hogs, which number was mysteriously increased to eight, just about the time Stunkel missed two. Stunkel claimed two of the eight that were in Walton's pen. Walton denied that they were his. Stunkel proposed that Walton should go a distance in one direction and he, Stunkel, should go in another direction, and both should "call," as a test of ownership. Walton agreed, but on arriving at the pen, flew the track. Afterward Stunkel went to Walton's and, with Mr. Wm. Rand's permission, tried the "call" experiment. Rand turned the hogs out of the pen, Stunkel went a distance and gave his Dutch call, when lo! away went two of the hogs—the two he had claimed—to him. He moved off to a distance and called again, when away they ran to him again. Walton was arrested on a charge of stealing the hogs and tried before His Honor, Chief Justice Banks, of Panther Branch District. Stunkel swore the hogs were his; the above facts in regard to the call was proved; but the Court dismissed the case at Plaintiff's cost, because he did not consider the evidence sufficient to convict Walton, although he believed the hogs were really Stunkel's.

It is reported that Solomon Rand, colored, afterwards bought the hogs of Walton, and proposes to give them up to Stunkel without any other charge than that Stunkel shall pay him for what they have eaten since he bought them; he does this on the ground that he knows they are Stunkel's hogs, and he thinks Stunkel ought to have them.

We admire this generous trait in Solomon Rand, and think that the neighbors ought not to let the whole loss fall on him; but we fear he has "put his foot in it," as his action may be construed into a "contempt of Court," and bring him into difficulty with the Bench in Panther Branch District.

Wide spread Usefulness.—The relief of the wants of the deserving poor, and especially of widows and orphans, whose natural provider has been lost to them, is a subject which has been forced upon the attention of communities, and individuals through all history, and many plans of systematic relief have been discussed.—Great good has been done by the aid thus given to those unable to help themselves; but, after all, charity is not the best way in which such help can be secured. To accept of alms involves, in some degree, a loss of self-respect and independence. What is wanted is some system by which, at small gradual cost, every laboring man may make sure of leaving to his family, when death takes him away, a sum sufficient to keep the wolf from the door. Such a plan is offered to the public in the advertisement of the National Life Insurance Company in another column. The general features of the management of this Company are there noted, and the local agents will cheerfully give any further information as to the peculiar advantages offered. The "National Life" was chartered by Congress less than one year ago; it began business in August last, having then to establish its entire system of agencies, and to distribute information among the people as to its character and purposes. Both of these things have been done; the entire country and the Canadian Dominion are now covered by its general and sub agencies, and liberal advertising has made the name of the Company familiar throughout the land. The result has surprised even its incorporators and officers. In ten months nearly 5,400 policies, covering over $15,000,000 insurance have been issued, this amount of business being nearly double that ever done by any other Company in the world during the entire first year of its existence. Such an unprecedented success should not only inspire unusual confidence in the organization so emphatically endorsed, but be the subject of general congratulation that the new Company has been able to do so much for the future comfort of the families insured. Every family thus protected from want is a proportionate diminution of future taxation, temptation and crime.

Low cash rates, and a plain, business contract of so much insurance for so much money (avoiding all uncertainties of notes, or dividends) are prominent features of the plan pursued by the National Life. Its capital is ample, its Officers and Directors men of unquestioned honor and ability, and its system of business is straightforward and business like. It deserves its success, and it has already taken front rank among institutions of its kind.

See advertisement of P. F. Pescud, the successful and very popular General Agent, for N. C., in another column.

From the Norfolk Daily Journal, July 13, 1869.

New but Reliable.—A new remedy for purifying the blood and restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy action, and invigorating the nervous system, has recently been prepared and is now offered for sale to the public by Dr. J. J. Lawrence, of this city, under the name of Koskoo.

The gentleman by whom this medicine is prepared is not a quack, but a gentleman of well-known integrity in Norfolk, a man of scientific attainments, and a successful practitioner of medicine, and who has gained a national reputation as discoverer of the celebrated remedy—Rosadalis.

This new medicine, Koskoo, bids fair to outstrip in popularity the former preparations of Dr. Lawrence, and become not only a State but a National medicine.

On Saturday last, and for many days past, the sale in the Norfolk office has amounted to hundreds of bottles, and the demand is still for Koskoo, the greatest remedy of modern times.

We wish Dr. Lawrence abundant success in the sale of his health restoring medicines, and feel that in so doing we direct the attention of the public to a gentleman whose merit's deserves liberal and generous patronage.

STATE NEWS.

Death from Plugging Teeth.—A man named Harris died a few days ago in Person county from having his teeth plugged with a poisonous foil or compound. We hear of several others being sick from the same cause. The poison is said to have diffused itself pretty thoroughly in Harris' system. This circumstance should serve as a warning to Dentists to beware of cheap compounds for the teeth.—*Milton Chronicle.*

Killed by Lightning.—Tuesday afternoon a colored man, named David Maxwell, was killed by lightning near Jonesboro, on the W. & M. Railroad. Two others were badly wounded. A coroner's inquest was held over the body of the deceased, and the verdict rendered in accordance with the above stated facts.—*Wil. Star.*

Explosion.—The Goldsboro' *Messenger* says, the head of a barrel, filled with fresh cider, in the store of Mr. Lou's Hummel, blowed out early yesterday morning. "All the cider got spilled."

Struck by Lightning.—The gin-house of Mr. Haywood Ham, of Wayne County, was set on fire by a stroke of lightning on Tuesday last, and entirely consumed. Mr. Ham lost a gin house from the same cause, some eight years since.

Good Seasons.—The papers from all parts of State, speak of refreshing rains for the last few days, by which the crop prospect has been greatly increased.

Another Grab Game.—A gentleman of this city yesterday had occasion to call upon a small negro boy whom he found in the streets, to carry a bag of potatoes to his residence. He made an arrangement to pay the boy for his services when he brought back the bag. In a short time the boy returned with the empty bag and received his reward. The gentleman on reaching home found that no potatoes had been brought there. The young rascal had evidently carried them to his own home and received pay for doing it.—*Wil. Journal.*

Tea Raising in the South.—We learn that Mr N. T. Harris has planted and raised tea with some success on his place in Bladen county for some seven or eight years past. Mr. Harris has now several plants growing finely. This is the first instance we have heard of tea raising in North Carolina.—*Wil. Jour.*

Some time ago we published an article, taken from Mr. Greeley's writings, and furnished by H. H. Helper, Esq., on the subject of tea raising in the South. The article furnished by Mr. Helper attracted the attention of Miss Mattie H. Pearce, of Onslow county, N. C., who at once wrote to Mr. Helper and ourself informing us that for many years tea had been grown on the plantation Maj. Barry, her brother-in-law, in that county. When it was first brought there and by whom, is in doubt. Thirty years ago, Miss Pearce informs us, it was much in favor there and used as a beverage, but its general appreciation seems to have died with that generation. It is now, however, used by Mrs. Barry and highly esteemed by her and her family, the value of which she has learned within a few years. It is a perennial plant and grows without cultivation, flourishing both in sunshine and shade. Aged and experienced farmers, who are familiar with it, give it as their opinion that an acre cultivated in it would produce one thousand pounds of tea. The tea which grows in Onslow, a sample of which Miss Pearce was so kind as to send us, is the species known as the "Bohea" which has a small yellow flower. For a fuller description she refers to the Encyclopedia of Geography, by Hugh Murry, F. R. S. E., revised edition by Thos. Bradford, Vol. II, page 406.

The American Tea Company, we learn from Miss P., have written for specimens of the tea in Onslow, for the purpose, as we suppose, of testing its value as a beverage. The matter is certainly worth an investigation, and we hope it may be made by some North Carolinian. The address of Miss Pearce, from whom we obtained our information, is, Gum Branch, Onslow county, N. C.

We hope Miss Pearce will pardon us for the use we have made of her name, but we could not treat the subject as we wished without. She will furnish the tea green at 75 cts per lb., dry at $1.

Miss Pearce will please accept of our thanks for the tea seeds sent us a few days since.—*Old North State.*

In our younger days, we were acquainted with a tea shrub, in the eastern part of this State, common, we believe in the Northeastern counties as high up the Roanoke as Halifax county, and in pretty general use, especially with those families not so well able to buy "store tea" and coffee for daily use. It was called, in that section Oopon, or Yopon. We drank some once, and didn't like it; but those who were in the habit of using it constantly appeared to be very fond of it, and considered it a very healthy beverage. We remember that the father of a very distinguished lawyer of the present North Carolina Bar, cared a quantity of it every season, and used it himself for breakfast to the exclusion of other tea and coffee. Whether this is the same as the tea referred to in the above extracts, we are not prepared to form an opinion.

Officers Who Hold the Public Funds. So many changes have been made in the assistant treasurers and receivers of public money that a new list is issued for the information of government officers and others. It is as follows:

Treasurer of the United States—Francis E. Spinner, Washington, D. C.

Assistant Treasurers of the United States—F. Haven, Jr., Boston, Mass.; Daniel Butterfield, New York, N. Y.; George Eyster, Philadelphia, Pa.; A. G. Edwards, St. Louis, Mo.; J. D. Geddings, Charleston, S. C.; Charles Clinton, New Orleans, La.; C. N. Felton, San Francisco, California.

Designated Depositaries of the United States—Sam. J. Holley, Buffalo, N. Y.; John L. Thomas, Jr., Baltimore, Md.; Jas. E. McLean, Chicago, Ill.; R. H. Stephenson, Cincinnati, Ohio; James P. Luse, Louisville, Ky.; Wm. Miller, Mobile, Ala.; Joseph Cushman, Olympia, Washington Territory; Henry Warren, Oregon City, Oregon; Thos. Steel, Pittsburg, Pa.; Eldridge W. Little, Santa Fe, N. M.

Count de Chateauvillard, recently deceased) was one of France's most eccentric notables. On one occasion he was asked by a friend, a Marquise, to see her to her carriage. They were at a ball. Going down stairs somebody trod on her dress and tore it. She asked for a pin. The Count took from his scarf a diamond pin worth $600 and presented it to her. She declined, saying: "Oh, Count, it is entirely too valuable." "Is that the only objection to the pin?" "Certainly." This word was no sooner out of the Marquise's mouth than he broke off the diamond, threw it out of the neighboring window, and gave the golden pin to her.

A Murder Verdict Scattered.—It is surmised that the military commission who tried Yerger, in Jackson, Miss., for the murder of Col. Crane, have found the prisoner guilty of murder and sentenced him to death, as the sentence in any case short of capital punishment would have needed only the approval of the commanding general of the district, and this has been forwarded to Washington for approval.

TELEGRAPHIC.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, July 29.—President Grant is here.

A special session of the Cabinet to-day was devoted to accumulated business. Neither Mississippi, Virginia nor Texas affairs were considered.

Postmaster General Creswell is still absent.

President Grant goes to Saratoga on Tuesday.

Delano has awarded the contract for distillery locks to the Tonnesend Manufacturing Company.

The following was transmitted over the French cable to-day:

PARIS, 9 45 A. M.

To the Hon. Sec'y of State, Washington:

The Emperor of the French to the President of the United States at Washington: "I am highly gratified to inaugurate the new line of telegraph which unites France with the United States by sending to you the expression of my good wishes for you and for the prosperity of the United States."

NAPOLEON.

REPLY OF THE PRESIDENT.

The President of the United States to the Emperor of the French.

"I cordially reciprocate your good wishes and trust that the liberal policy of the United States, pursuant to which this cable has been landed, may result in many such means of communications, especially between this country and its earliest ally and friend.

U. S. GRANT."

Revenue to-day $75,000.

Judge Jefferds and Gen Mormon visited Judge Dent to-day and received assurances of his determination to act with the Mississippi conservative Republicans. Gen. Wirt Adams and Judge Hunt of Vicksburg also visited Judge Dent to-day and made the same report.

FOREIGN.

Havana, July 29.—The insurgents are active in the central department. They have destroyed much property about Trinidad. A large band of insurgents attacked Puerto Principe, but after a short struggle, were beaten off with considerable loss.

St. Petersburg, July 29.—The Jews of this Empire have united in a petition to the Czar for an extension of their religious and educational rights.

MARKETS.

Wilmington, July 29.—Spirits Turpentine active at 39. Rosin dull for all grades. Crude Turpentine $2,70 to $3. Tar $2.

New York, July 29.—Cotton quieter. Sales 800 bales at 34. Flour dull and declining. Superfine State at $5,85 to $6,35. Southern, common to fair extra $6,90 to $7,40. Wheat closed heavy and declining. New amber, Southern choice at $1,70. New Ohio red, first received this season, $1,70. Corn dull and heavy at 1 to 2c. lower. Mixed Western 90. Lard steady. Whisky $1,10. Rice steady. Carolina 8 to 8½. Sugar easier. Naval stores quiet.

Governments close excited and advancing. 62's, 24½. Southerns dull and steady. Money easy at 6 to 7. Sterling dull 9½ to 10½. Gold firm at 36½.

Baltimore, July 29.—Cotton steady. Flour quite scarce. Wheat dull. Prime to choice red 50 to 60. White 60 to 70. Corn dull. White 81 to 81,12. Oats 63 to 67. Pork $34. Bacon active and advancing. Rib sides at 18½ to 19. Shoulders 15½ to 16. Whisky firm at $1 15.

Liverpool, July 29.—Cotton a shade firmer and higher. Uplands 12¼. Orleans 12½ to 13¼.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

Washington, July 30.—The through Northern and Eastern New Orleans mails of Monday last, and through mails from points between New Orleans and Clarksville were burned in the Dubdo Creek catastrophe.

Gov. Toucey is dead.

Grant sees the Secretaries privately.

No regular Cabinet and no visitors admitted.

The policy of the President regarding the Mississippi and Texas elections will be governed by future events.

FIGHT ON A STEAMER.

Rock Island, Mo., July 30, M.—Ruffians on a steamer for Dubuque attempted to occupy the cabin. The crew and passengers resisted when a fight followed and eight persons were killed.

FOREIGN.

London, July 30.—The Ministry stated, in the House of Commons, that the present relations between England and Mexico, prevented the Government from officially advising holders of Mexican bonds in prosecuting their claims.

Paris, July 30.—La Liberte reports that the Spanish Minister here has information that the disturbances in Spain, just commenced, are not ended, but the Carlists in Paris deem their cause lost.

Madrid, July 30.—Carlists agitators are dispirited. A plot to assassinate the Capt. General of Caledonia has been frustrated. The Carlists, from the Ciudad Rod, fled to Alcalia valley, pursued by the troops. Several of the Carlists have been sentenced to death.

MARKETS.

New York, July 30.—Money steady 6 to 7.—Sterling 9½. Gold 36½. 62's 24½. N. C.'s 55½. New 51½. Va's ex-coupon, 58½. New 61. Tenn's ex-coupon, 63; new 57; La's, old 69. Levees 64½.

Float 5 to 10 cents better. Wheat a shade firmer. Corn creeping. Pork dull at 33½. Lard dull. Coffee dull at 20½. Spirits Turpentine shaky at 42½. Rosin dull.

Liverpool, July 30, M.—Cotton a shade firmer. Uplands 12¼. Orleans 12½ to 13. Sales 12,000 bales. For the week 101,000 bales.

London, July 30, M.—Consols 93½; Bonds quiet and steady at 85½.

The Chinese.—The San Francisco *Herald* says there were lately three thousand Chinese in one house in that city—the old Globe hotel.

The hotel is rented by Dr. Low Ci Jab, a Chinaman; and it is supposed he has never less than 2,000 persons lodging in it at one time. Men, women, and children, are huddled together without regard to sex, and as many as ten or twelve perhaps different families are to be found in one room. From the filthy, smoky condition of the house, the continual accumulation of foul air, and the dreadful stench arising from the yard, which is directly in the centre of the building, the wonder is that its occupants have not become, before this, fit subjects for the coroner's jury.

The *Herald* complains of the character of the Chinese, and of the attempts of American demagogues to make politicians of them.

There is a growing feeling of indignation in this community at the utter disregard, not only of decency, but of all our laws, recently exhibited by the Chinese. It is horrible to reflect that politicians are pursuing a course that renders it even possible for these creatures to obtain a share in our Government—perhaps a controlling interest in our elections. For a long time past they have exhibited a peaceful, almost a submissive spirit, rarely committing any graver offence than pilfering expensive trifles; but suddenly they have changed their conduct; and for months past the courts have been burthened with investigations of their crimes—investigations that come to naught; for these people have no regard for the sanctity of an oath, and perjure themselves by wholesale. They have introduced into our Christian city all the barbarous practices of their native land; they do not hesitate to hatch conspiracies, abduct and assassinate, and what is worse, they employ an organized band of braves to slay their enemies or rivals, and gauge the reward according to the punishment that may be inflicted upon them. A Chinaman can be hired to assassinate, even with the death penalty staring him in the face, and can coolly stipulate for the price of his neck to be paid to his relatives in case he is hung.

The Chinese Immigration Scheme.—The Memphis *Appeal* intimates that the subscriptions towards the Chinese immigration scheme set on foot by the late Convention do not come in as rapidly as expected. Of $100,000 necessary to make up the capital of the society, however, $60,000 had been subscribed up to the 21st.

Immense Loss.—The farms along the entire breadth of the valleys of the Colorado, Brazos and Guadalupe rivers, in Texas, have been entirely swept away by the recent floods. The estimated damage on the Colorado alone is $3,000,000.

Special Notices.

"Fresh as a Maiden's Blush" is the pure peachy Complexion which follows the use of Hagan's Magnolia Balm. It is the True Secret of Beauty. Fashionable Ladies in Society understand this.

The Magnolia Balm changes the rustic Country Girl into a City Belle more rapidly than any other one thing.

Redness, Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Blotches and all effects of the Summer Sun disappear where it is used, and a genial, cultivated, fresh expression is obtained which rivals the Bloom of Youth. Beauty is possible to all who will invest 75 cents at any respectable store and insist on getting the Magnolia Balm.

Use nothing but Lyon's Katharon to Dress the Hair. July 24-dawlm

☞ **Philosophy of Marriage**—A New Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to Live and What to Live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood Generally Reviewed; The Cause of Indigestion; Flatulence and Nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically Considered, &c. These lectures will be forwarded on receipt of four stamps by addressing:—Sec'y Baltimore Museum of Anatomy, 74 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md. June 12-'69-eod-1y.

Dutcher's Lightning Fly-Killer! Death to the Living! Long live the Killers! Sold by Dealers Everywhere! June 29-d1m.

The Marriage Ring.

Essays on the Errors of Youth, and the Follies of Age, in regard to Social Evils, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge.—Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. may 21-dawlm

STATE NATIONAL BANK, RALEIGH, N. C.

Jno. G. Williams, *President.*
Wm. E. Anderson, *Cashier.*
Samuel C. White, *Teller.*

PRICE OF BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (G. B.)	40
" Cape Fear	33
" Charlotte	10
" Lexington, (old)	24
" do Graham,	60
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	20
" Thomasville	21
" Wilmington	16
" Commerce	3
" Washington	11
" Fayetteville	4
" Clarendon	5
" Yanceyville	40
Miners' and Planter's Bank	20
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 20, old	50
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	60
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	6
Greensborough Mutual	25
Virginia Bank Notes, about	22
South Carolina "	23
Georgia "	130
Gold	127
Silver	55
Old Coupons	93
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	63
Old Stock	
Exchange on New York	49
R. & G. Railroad Stock	20
N. C. Rail Road	110
Ral. Gas Light	100
Ral. National Bank	100
State National Bank	

Raleigh National Bank of N. C.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

CHARLES DEWEY, President.
W. H. Willard, Geo. W. Swepson,
W. J. Hawkins, A. S. Merrimon,
R. S. Tucker, R. W. Pullian,
F. A. Wiley, Cashier,
J. C. Blake, Teller.

Deals in Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, Government and other Securities. Uncurrent Bank Notes bought and sold.

Quotations for North Carolina Bank Notes, from Raleigh National Bank of N. C., Jan. 16, 1869.

Bank of Cape Fear	34
" Charlotte	40
" Clarendon	3
" Commerce	16
" Fayetteville	12
" Lexington, (old)	2
" " (new)	2
" Lexington, payable at Graham	25
" North Carolina	40
" Roxboro'	55
" Thomasville	20
" Wadesboro'	30
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
" Wilmington	38
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	38
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	34
" " " " (new)	34
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	7
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank	40

Jan. 16-tf

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY

WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	40
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	45
" Wadesboro	30
" Wilmington	40
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	25
" Graham	24
" Lexington (old)	3
" " (new)	3
" Commerce	17
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	15
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	61
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	30
Miners' and Planters' Bank	42
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	40
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	5
Virginia Bank Notes average about	40
South Carolina " "	35
Georgia " "	25
N. C. Railroad Stock	20
N. C. R. R. Dividend Scrip	80

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Remittances for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

March 30-tf

300 ladies' very fine kidd H and Leghorn Straw Hats, latest styles, just received and for sale at 50 and 75 cts ea. July 17-d1w. MRS. ISAAC OETTINGER'S.

Best sugar cured ham of the season. At W. C. STRONACH & CO. July 15—tf

For Sale.

One fine horse. One Top Buggy and Harness. Apply to J. R. or W. B. DUNS, Jr. Forestville, N. C., July 22-d1w

Kiln dried grits. Very white and sweet. W. H. JONES & CO., July 15-tf. Auction and Com. Merchants.

For rent. The Mansion, with or without furniture. July 22-d1f MRS. R. W. HILLIARD.

Real hair curls and wefts. For sale by PRIMROSE, PETTY & NEWSOM. June 22-tf

ÆTNA

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

JANUARY 1ST., 1869.

Assets $10,462,531,75.

Amount of Income 6,227,071.

SURPLUS OVER LIABILITIES 2,675,999,48.

THE Ætna is the LEADING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY in North Carolina.

Largest amount of Losses to Widows and Orphans!

The Largest Revenue to the States. And has by far the largest number when compared with 58 Companies reported officially by the Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts it will be seen that the Ætna ranks as one of the first Companies of the Continent. But two of the fifty-eight Companies permitted to do business in New York and Massachusetts had so large an income for the year 1868; but two had so large a number of Policies in force, but one among all those incorporated under the laws of the State of New York had so small a per centage of Expense to Income during the year 1868.

Its expenses are lower than most Companies', and consequently its ability to make and pay liberal dividends to the insured is greater than that of most other Companies. It is one of the great Companies of the land in Income, in Assets, in Number of Policies, in Amount Insured, in Solidity and Strength, in Soundness, Cheapness, Promptness, and Success. Persons contemplating this mode of investment in the future as in the past would do well to examine the claims of all and take a policy accordingly.

NEW POLICIES ISSUED IN 1868.

Ætna	issued	13 337.
Brooklin	do.	2 108.
Connecticut Mutual	do.	11 060.
Equitable	do.	11 986.
National U. S. (organized in 1868)		2 233.

W. H. CROW,
Gen'l Ag't for North Carolina and part of Virginia.

May 3-3m

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@25
" BALT. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	6@7
BUTTER	30@40
COTTON	31@33
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	35@40
CORN, New	1 10@1 20
COFFEE	23@30
EGGS	12@15
FLOUR	7 00@12
FODDER	1 00@1 25
HERRINGS	4 50@5 50
HIDES—Green	8@8½ pr. lb.
" Dry	14@16
HAY pr. cwt.	80@75
LARD	22@25
MEAL, New	1 10@1 25
MOLASSES	85@95
NAILS	6@8
PEAS—Stock	1 00@1 20
" White	1 20@1 40
POTATOES—Irish, New	1 00@1 50
" Sweet	75@90
RAGS	3@4
SALT—Fine	3 75@4 00
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	11@12
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	30@35
ONIONS	75@1 00
BURAP OATS	75@1 00
BEESWAX	25@30
WALLETS	40 00@40 00
SHUCKS	75

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS,

CATAWBA COUNTY, N. C.

This celebrated watering place, formerly called the North Carolina White Sulphur Springs, will be open for visitors on Tuesday, the first day of June next.

Being situated in the northwestern part of the State, in a country remarkable for its beauty and healthfulness—these, together with the virtue of the waters, make it one of the most desirable watering places to be found.

The mineral waters of these Springs are the White and Blue Sulphur and Chalybeate or Iron, and they possess all the finest qualities of these waters, and are sovereign remedies for all diseases of the liver, bowels, stomach and kidneys, eruptions of the skin, scrofula, weakness, debility dyspepsia, rheumatism, &c.

The proprietor having spent a large amount in additional buildings and improvement generally, these Springs are now in a fine condition, rooms large and pleasant, and good oneses containing from two to six rooms each, well arranged for either large or small families.

Good TEN PIN ALLEY, BILLIARD TABLES and other amusements.

FINE BATH HOUSES, for Cold, Plunge or Shower Bath, Sulphur bath, Hot or Cold.

A GOOD BAND OF MUSIC

Will be at the Springs the entire season, and a good Physician permanently located for the benefit of invalids, who will have every attention.

Having secured the services of Mr. J. McCraven, of Virginia, who has had much experience and stands high as a Hotel keeper, visitors may rest assured that my table will be supplied with the best the market can afford, and everything done that will add to their pleasure and comfort.

The cars on the Western North Carolina Rail Road will leave Salisbury for Hickory Station, the Springs' depot, every morning, (Sundays excepted,) in connection with the North Carolina Railroad, avoiding stoppage or delay at Salisbury, and arrive at Hickory Station in time for breakfast, where good hacks will be in readiness to take passengers over a beautiful, well-shaded road to the springs—a distance of six miles.

As an inducement for families and parties to spend two months or more, I have concluded to put board down at the following low rates:

BOARD!

For one single month,	$50 00
For two or more months, $40 per month, or at that rate.	
For week,	15 00
Per day,	2 50

Children under ten years of age and colored servants, half price. No charge for infants or children under two years of age.

J. GOLDEN WYATT, Proprietor.

may29-d&wlaug12

ROSADALIS

Purifies the Blood.

For Sale by Druggists Everywhere

Sept. 5-dawwly.

PRIME WHITE MEAL.

ONE HUNDRED BUSHELS NICE MEAL

JUST RECEIVED BY

July 17-tf. DOUGLAS BELL.

Davidson College,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY, N. C.

The thirty-third collegiate year will begin September 1, 1869.

Preparatory department discontinued.

For Catalogue, or other information, apply to the President, Rev. G. Wilson Sentelle, D. D., LL. D.

By order of the Faculty,

July 7-w3t W. G. RICHARDSON, Ch'n.

MISCELLANEOUS

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are of a truly marvellous character. Inveterate cases of Scrofula, where the system seemed utterly given up to corruption, have yielded to this compound of anti-strumous virtues. Disorders of a scrofulous type, and affections which are merely aggravated by the presence of scrofulous matter, have been radically cured in such numerous instances, in every settlement in the country, that the public do not need to be informed here that it is in most cases a specific and absolute remedy.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive agents of our race. Often, this unseen and natent enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and natent enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and natent enemies