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THE SENTINEL.



JOSIAH TURNER, Jr. EDITOR.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 13, 1868.

GRANTS POLICY.

The author of the letters of denouncing the source of the Nile; the origin of the ethiopian prophecies; and the name of the man who offered personal violence to William Patterson, Esq., are all subjects that have puzzled the brains of *quid satis* and *antiquaries*, as well as staggered the logic of historians and philosophers, for less than many years; and mankind have been tormented by many learned disquisitions on each of these questions, without drawing a single peg that secures the curtain of mystery and uncertainty that hid their true solution from an anxious world. But the interest on these momentous topics has measurably died away, and mankind were beginning to settle down into dull and melancholy quiet, when it was announced to the world that GRANT HAS A POLICY.

Don't mistake the purport and significance of the words. The idea is not intended to be conveyed that he has insinuated life into *Ama* or Brooklyn, or the Connecticut Mastiff, or any of the other "old and established," nor even taken out a policy in the new "National" which Jay Cooke is the main feature, (always excepting the liberal rules on which it insures.) This is not what is meant—nothing of the sort—the important idea and broad meaning of the words we have put in small caps, is, that President Grant has a policy—a firm and well-defined *policy*—an exterior and ultimate end and aim in regard to Virginia, Mississippi, Texas, as well as to Cuba, Ireland, Spain and, perhaps, "the rest of man kind."

The question is: What is that policy? This question perplexes friends and opponents alike. Virginia does not understand it as Tennessee understands it; the *Herold* thinks it is one thing, and the *Tribune* thinks it another; Col. Ryan and the Cuban Junta thought it meant sympathy with Cuba three months ago; four weeks ago they had occasion to alter their opinion; and while the world stood with its mouth open, wondering which opinion in regard to his policy was the true one, two corners of the wall are slightly tilted at once, the one disclosing a strong hint of negotiation with Spain for the purchase of Cuba, the other, a pretty strong disposition to recognize the Cubans as belligerents.

Virginia pitched into the late canvas under the impression that she had at last gotten a clue to the President's policy, and that it was "universal suffrage and general amnesty." Tennessee understands it as Tennessee understands it; the *Herold* thinks it is one thing, and the *Tribune* thinks it another; Col. Ryan and the Cuban Junta thought it meant sympathy with Cuba three months ago; four weeks ago they had occasion to alter their opinion; and while the world stood with its mouth open, wondering which opinion in regard to his policy was the true one?

LOOK ON THIS SIDE.
The form of the Governor's proclamations on public affairs is familiar to us all; but here is the form of another sort of proclamation, by "Our beloved," not so familiar, and we give it as a specimen of how things are done by His Excellency, outside of the routine of his public official duties. It is a *seriou*s copy of the original, leaving out only the name of the appointee:

To All whom it may Concern:
Know ye, by this commission, that by virtue of the power vested in me by the Grand National Council of U. L. of A., we hereby constitute and appoint

John G. Blackall, a deputy member of the Grand State Council, and confer upon him full authority to initiate proper persons into the secrets of the U. L. of A., and install officers of Councils, within and for the State of North Carolina; to supervise and instruct the same, and to such other and further acts as may be necessary for the advancement and good of the League, and in accordance with its laws and regulations, hereby regulating the said — — — to promptly report to this Grand Council all of his doings by virtue of this dispensation.

Given under our hand and the seal of the Grand State Council, at the City of Raleigh, N. C., this 5th day of July, 1867.

W. W. HOLDEN,
Grand President.
W. R. RICHARDSON, Gr. Rec. Secy.

From the Charlotte Times of yesterday.

DEATH OF JUDGE OSBORNE.
We are pained to announce this morning the death of our distinguished citizen, the Hon. James W. Osborne. He died at his home in this city on yesterday, at the hour of 11 A. M. Although the death of Judge Osborne, in view of his precarious health for some weeks past, was not entirely unexpected, his demise on yesterday threw over our whole community a sadness and gloom never before witnessed here at the loss of any one individual. He was a man without guile, and numbered his friends among all classes and conditions of people.

Judge Osborne, from his earliest entrance upon the theatre of active life, has engaged a large share of public attention. His genial manner, his rare talents, his personal eloquence, his purity of purpose and his zeal in every good work, all combined to gain him popular applause, and to attach him to the wheel and fates of the land. He has filled many high positions—all with eminent ability; and against his fidelity the breath of suspicion has never uttered even a whisper.

He goes to the grave in the 59th year of his age, in the full vigor of his intellect, crowned with honor and good deeds, and blessed with the hopes and promises of the life that is to come.

His funeral was announced to take place from the Presbyterian Church at 4 o'clock, P. M., yesterday.

REMARKABLE RAILROAD ESCAPE.—A most narrow escape from a deadly accident is reported to have occurred at Camden one day last week, attributable to the presence of mind of a brakeman. As a large excursion train on the Camden and Atlantic road neared the crossing, the flagman signified that all was right, and the heavily loaded train kept on. When it was near the crossing, a special train on the Amboy road came in sight around the curve, approaching at high speed. The flag-man instantly displayed the red flag, but neither train could stop. Most fortunately, one of the brakemen on the excursion train had the remarkable presence of mind to cut the train and put the brakes down on the cars cut off, which so slowed them that a gap in the train was formed just as the crossing, and the Amboy train dashed through, and no injury was done. But for this the loss of life and mangling of bodies that must have occurred would have been fatal beyond description. There were 2,000 persons on the excursion train.

The Country Around Gettysburg.—An archaeological investigation of the country around Gettysburg, conducted by a foreign antiquarian, has proved the walls of a former long entrenchment by residents that the battle field of Gettysburg had, in the distance just back the scene of a bloody struggle between the Indians or some unknown Indian tribe. This fact was attacked by the examination of the military implements of the combatants, and the remains of shell lead in what is known as the Indian Field, about a mile southwest of Round Top and of the National Cemetery. These pieces are found starkly imbedded in the soil over the whole area of territory which was the scene of the battles in 1863. They consist of some arrow heads, battle axes, war clubs, shields, &c. Some of them have been disinterred from their tomb of centuries and placed on exhibition in the college for the present.

We did not like this indication much, and felt loathsome in endorsing the "policy," but when we heard the horsemen of the Standard shouting over Walker's election, and claiming it as an achievement of triumph, we concluded to take the subject further under advisement; perhaps we could sustain the policy, after all.

We were strengthened in this course when we saw Tennessee following in the footsteps of Virginia, and the Standard "driving for Senter"—the Conservative Republican candidate—"before the election." We knew the Standard to be a sincere friend of the administration; at least it said so; and we concluded we did

got "the policy" of the President then, and prepared to "go it with a rush" for President Grant, universal suffrage and general amnesty. But disappointment seems in the lot of poor sanguine mortals in these low grounds of sorrow. No sooner had we donned the armor to fight for the firm establishment of "the policy" than here comes the letters of Cabinet office endorsing Stokes, and declaring that the Radicals were the only true Republicans of Tennessee, and that the weight of the administration would be added to the success of this state. We should have felt much worse at this than we did, if it had not been for the hearty laugh we were bound to indulge in (parton the levity) at seeing the Standard man suddenly revealed with his unmentionables in an unbuttoned condition when this new dash of light alone upon him.

Now, we are more in the dark than ever; we mean it regard to "the policy," and we most especially ask the *Standard* to help us out. We are very anxious to become orthodox in our political creed, therefore we most especially propound to the Editor of the *Standard* the following interrogator:

1. Will it do to stick to Senter any longer?
2. Will it be safe to "declare for" Dent before the election in Mississippi?

3. Is it according to "the policy" to advocate the removal of disabilities as a consequence of universal suffrage?

We hope the *Standard* will enlighten us specially on the last subjects, lest some new development will put the subject in some other phase.

OUR SHORT CATECHISM.
What is the chief end of man? To love his country, his kind, and to vote the Democratic ticket.

What is the chief end of the Radical party? The black and white.

Who was the first man? Adam.

Who was the first Radical? The devil.

Who was the wickedest man? Moses.

Who was the meanest man? Governor Brownlow.

Who was the most patient man? Job.

Who imitate him? The people of the South.

With what did David slay Goliath? A sling.

What is slaying our Rump Congressmen? Gin Sir g.

Who kept back a part which belonged to others? Annasius and Sapphira.

Who stole the golden wedge? Achas.

Who stole the golden spoon? Beast Butler. Selah.

Who loved Uriah's wife because she was white and pretty? David.

Who loved Dinish Brown because she was black and ugly? Thaddeus Stevens.

Who were struck dead for telling lies? Annasius and Sapphira.

Who is in danger of a similar visitation? Grant.

Who permitted innocent blood to be shed? Pontius Pilate.

Who did likewise? Stanton, Bingham and Holt.

Who were destroyed for their wicked practices? The anti-slaveryites.

Who deserve the same fate? The Jacobins of the Radical party.

Who destroyed the temple at Jerusalem? Nebuchadnezzar.

Who destroyed the temple of freedom at Washington? The Radicals.

Who repaired the temple at Jerusalem? Cyrus the Persian.

Who will repair the temple of freedom at Washington? The Democratic party.

Why do the Radicals love the negro? Because instincts and negro customs harmonize.

Who was cast into the den of lions? Daniel.

Who ought to follow suit? The Abolition party that broke up the Union.

Who sucked the wolf? Romulus and Remus.

Who sucked the life blood of the nation? Radical vampires.

What did Romulus and Remus found? The seven hills city of Rome.

What did the Radical party found? A military despotism—selah.

What was the Jacobins of France? Liberty.

What word did the Jacobins of America use to deceive the people and to conceal their wicked practices? Loyalty.

What became of the French Jacobins? They excommunicated their crimes on the scaffold and on the block.

What will become of the American Jacobins? They will be sent to the Dry Tortugas.

Why was Noah chosen commander of the Ark? Because he was a Dernier.—Grenoble (Pa.) Republicans and Democrats.

HOW THE JAPANESE USE PAPER.

The Japanese use paper for a great variety of purposes. A recent traveler states that he saw it made into material to resemble leather and skin, that it was very difficult to detect the difference. With the aid of peculiar varnishes and skill painting, paper made excellent trunks, tobacco bags, cigar cases, saddles, telescope cases, the frame of microscopes; and he even saw and used waterproof coats, made of simple paper, which did keep out rain, and were as supple as the best India rubber. The Japanese use neither silk nor cotton handkerchiefs, towels, handkerchiefs, paper napkins, &c. They are made of paper, and are very cheap.

Japan is a country of paper, and is said to be the greatest paper manufacturer in the world.

They have a paper money, and a paper coin.

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