THE SENTINEL.

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr., EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13, 1870.

BEE CULTURE.

There are not as many bee stands in all North Carolina as there ought to be in one Congressional district. Our addresses to the people, within the last twelve months, have not been confined solely to the profligacy and corruption of State officials under the present administration, but Bees, Sheep, Clover, composting and Agriculture generally, come in for a share of our remarks.

In Halifax, last Summer, we saw, at a mill, one of Langstroth's bee hives from which 40 pounds of honey had been taken and sold for ten dollars, and the miller declared it was the easiest money made at the mill. This we consider a strong argument in favor of bee culture, for millers are proverbial for making their money easy.

Every man who has a home and runs a plow should have a bee house also; and he who has no bees, should buy a stand during this month, and by August, with tolerable luck, he will have three, four, or perhaps, five stands.

The best investment for a poor man is in bees; it requires small capital, and no other investment pays so heavy a dividend.

Alamance is among the small counties of the State yet it loses annually $53,440 and fifty cents by not raising one pound of honey to the acre. No wonder they were hard up for money to pay taxes last year, when it is remembered that it is neither much of a cotton or a tobacco county.

The population of Lynn, Massachusetts, are devoted to shoe making—that of Weathersfield to raising onions. Kowno, a town on the Niemen in Russia, is as fully employed in raising bees and honey as the people of Lynn are in making shoes, or those of Weathersfield in raising onions. There the bees engage the attention of men, women and children, and from the linden tree which grows in the surrounding country, the best honey in the world is produced.

Honey and bees-wax form very important items in the export trade of Russia. In 1828, at Tschernigow, an agricultural and bee school, or college was established by the crown, where boys undergo a course of practical instruction on the science of bee culture.

The annual income to Russia from bees-wax and honey, is $2,250,000. Our country can beat Russia in both bees and sheep. In Russia both bees and sheep are housed throughout the long winter, here we are not necessarily obliged to incur this expense. If the people of Russia took no more care of their bees and sheep than we do in this country, they would lose the breed of both in two seasons.

A Republican State Senator from the Dismal Swamp country, informed us some time ago, of an instance in which sixty gallons of wild strained honey was taken from one bee tree in the swamp.

Dismal Swamp and other Swamps in the Eastern part of this State are favorite resorts for bees.

If carpet bag Hobbs had in Russia, the bees which he purchased with the 300,000 acres of Swamp Lands, he could sell them for as much as he paid for the land and save the honey for himself.

We are glad to see that there is a growing interest on the subject of bee culture in this State. People are learning a great deal about bees more than they ever knew before. Considerable attention, in many parts of the State, is being paid to artificial colonies, and also to the non-swarming system of bee keeping. Messrs. Hunter and Shultz of Salem, who are engaged extensively in the propagation of the best breeds of the honey bee, foreign and domestic, have proved to a demonstration that bees may be most successfully and profitably raised in this State, and they will furnish any information to any person applying to them on the subject of bee culture. While in Salem, a few weeks ago, we visited the Apiary of Messrs. Hunter and Shultz, where we saw eighty of Langstroth's patent hives, occupying about one-tenth of an acre of space.

Their stock is composed of the Italian, the American, and hybrids. They can send them by express wherever desired, without detriment or danger. The Italian is considered the best honey maker, and are much more docile than the American. It is said they can climb honey from the red clover, which the American bee cannot.

Dr. Beall, Senator from Caldwell County, has also turned his attention to bee culture and we think he went home after the adjournment, with a high head-dress on him, and taking with him a newly patented bee hive, known as the "American patent,"—We hope the Doctor will enlighten his constituents on the subject of bee raising, as well as on Radical and "Ring" rascality.—We have one of these new patent hives, which we shall try this Spring and report [illegible].

A Chicago politician, says an exchange, has failed to recover on a note given him by [illegible] to keep out of the canvass.—The court decides such a contract against the public morals.

[illegible] many things done nowadays that are decidedly against public morals, and yet they are daily practised.—[illegible]

several counties in this State to institute inquiry into this matter, and when it appears that men have thus dishonestly and illegally taken a bribe in any shape or form, to defeat the wishes of the people, or even corruptly to receive a gratuity for the performance of an act which it was their duty to perform, let them be exposed and held up as examples to be shunned by all those seeking public positions.

This huckstering and trafficking for office ought to be checked. If a candidate for any official position expends as much or more money to procure it than the legal income of that office, it is reasonable to infer that he intends to use the influence the position gives him, illegally, to reimburse him for the outlay. For instance, Deweese says he spent $12,000 in his Congressional campaign, and the next thing we hear of him is selling cadetships, and how many times he may have received bribes for his vote, can never be known to the public.

We say again, let our Grand Jurors "diligently inquire" into these things in our State. Let them inquire if any valuable consideration, directly or indirectly, has been given or promised, for appointments to take the census in any of the Counties; whether, in violation of law, deputyships are or have been promised by persons running for county offices, or other irregularities of this kind. All these corrupt practices ought to be exposed and punished, because the people have to pay the money, let who will get it.

LIST TAKERS AND ASSESSORS FOR THE SEVERAL TOWNSHIPS IN THE COUNTY OF WAKE.

RALEIGH.—J. W. Harrison, list taker; W. C. Upchurch and M. A. Prendergrast, assessors.

NEW LIGHT.—H. R. Chappell, list taker; Allen Bailey and John Pierce, assessors.

OAK GROVE.—John T. Coleburgh, list taker; Roland Gooch and H. W. Nichols, assessors.

BARTON'S CREEK.—W. W. Wynne, list taker; George Bogden and R. A. Thompson, assessors.

WAKE FOREST.—A. L. Davis, list taker; S. R. Gill and T. C. Smith, assessors.

LITTLE RIVER.—A. J. Nowell, list taker; J. R. Todd and G. A. Bunn, assessors.

CEDAR FORK.—M. W. Page, list taker; R. H. Slater and Jas E. Moring, assessors.

HOUSE'S CREEK.—Isaac H. Rogers, list taker; J. S. Williams and J. J. Lynn, assessors.

ST. MATHEW'S.—G. W. Wilder, list taker; C. W. Williams and W. G. Riddick, assessors.

MARK'S CREEK.—J. W. Marshbourn, list taker; G. W. Scarboro and H. W. Rhodes, assessors.

WHITE OAK.—C. S. Jinks, list taker; A. C. Council and B. H. Howell, assessors.

SWIFT CREEK.—Allen Adams, list taker; L. D. Stephenson and W. H. Pope, assessors.

ST. MARY'S.—Henry Utley, list taker; W. R. Pool and Simeon M. Williams, assessors.

BUCK HORN.—D. H. Gardner, list taker; H. C. Lashley and William Booth, assessors.

MIDDLE CREEK.—J. L. Johnson, list taker; W. W. Clements and G. H. Alford, assessors.

PANTHER BRANCH.—Linn Banks, list taker; J. L. Britt and Josiah Parrish, assessors.

LA GRANGE, April 11, 1870.

JOSIAH TURNER Esq:—In the SENTINEL of the 4th, your Oxford correspondent P. A. L. complains of my having obtained interest paying orders—for county claims held by me; in regard to these claims they were not bought up at a discount as suggested, but for bridges built in the fall of 1867. I paid for the labour that did this work for the county—as soon as it was completed. Your Oxford Correspondent was at that time Chairman of the Finance Committee and recommended the claims allowed by the then existing good old County Court system which he is so partial to. I needed the money—the County unable to pay, I proposed to make these orders payable the 1st of October and November next, bearing interest from the 8th March past only—Mr. Editor I cannot see any thing to complain either of me or the Commissioners. I am no advocate of the present abominable system of management of the affairs of Granville, God knows.

Your friend,

S. S. ROYSTER.

MAJ. ROBBINS IN DAVIE.

This gentleman made a telling speech in Davie last Tuesday. We learn from parties who heard him, that the crowd was larger than has been seen in Mocksville for many years, and that his speech was most happily received. The good people of Davie are wide awake and almost unanimous for the re-election of Maj. Robbins to the State Senate.

We are really glad to hear this, for we feel sure that no better selection can be made—no more efficient, honest, and zealous servant of the people can be had in this senatorial district than Maj. Robbins, and we therefore congratulate the people of Davie on the excellent selection they have made in holding upon him as their standard bearer in the coming campaign. We most heartily endorse their choice, and assure them that the good people of Rowan will not be behind when the time comes to do honor to one who has faithfully served them. So far as we are able to judge, Rowan is equally united in favor of Maj. Robbins; there is no division in the Conservative ranks on this score. The people of Davie county have declared him to be their preference, and if there are any in Rowan (we do not know that there are any) who have heretofore hesitated from any cause as to whether they would support him for the Senate this summer, we can say to them that they need not hesitate any longer, for we feel assured that he will now be the candidate and that those who shall hear him this summer will be more than glad to support him.—*Salisbury Examiner.*

THE DRY EARTH TREATMENT OF WOUNDS.—The Philadelphia "Star" says: Dr. Hewson, a well known physician of this city, and an advocate of "the dry earth treatment of wounds," concerning which there was such a lively discussion some months ago, in the case of the lamp-homicide of Annie Peoples, has continued this method of treating wounds with very favorable results. In a late medical journal he cites a case of compound fracture of the leg, the limb being kept at rest by means of sand bags. In the absence of these dry earth was substituted, which had the effect of [illegible] the offensive odor of the wound, and their use was continued with the most happy results; the earth was [illegible] every [illegible] hours. Again [illegible] a man afflicted with [illegible] which had resisted all other treatment was [illegible] cured by being buried up the neck [illegible] for about 20 minutes.

For the Sentinel.

HILLSBORO', April 9th, 1870.

Editor Sentinel—DEAR SIR:—I see from the *New York Herald*, under date of the 2nd of April, 1870, headed "Double Execution," and in the *Standard*, an article which, I think, does great injustice to our Sheriff, and, at the same time, reflects upon the Commissioners of the county.

The writer of the above article, is giving an account of his visit to the condemned men, says, "I found them confined in an upper dungeon which was reeking with a foul stench, loathsome enough to engender disease. It was the peculiar oder of the negro, intensified by filth and made intolerable, even for a few moments, by its combination of charnel house and putrified smell that was horrible and sickening.—How these wretches existed in health, or how it is they were not prostrated with disease is truly wonderful. From the inmates of the jail, I learned that two or three negro women, one of them *enciente* and now under sentence of death, were for a considerable period confined in the same cell with the black murderers where the most immoral and beastly crimes had taken place. The women now occupy another dungeon in common with three male negro criminals, where, I am told, they exercise and practice their lecherous desires without any restraint whatever. To such an extent was this carried, that one of the women, a handsome mulatto, had to be taken from the dungeon and kept in a passage way for the want of a more secure place of confinement."

Had the writer of the above article taken as much pains to enlighten the public, and give a true version of the whole affair, as he was to *create* a sensation, there would have been no need of this communication. Had he told the reasons, why it was that the "dungeons" emitted such a foul stench, or why it was that women and men were confined in the same cell, we would not complain; but as stated by the *Herald* and *Standard's* correspondent, the public may conclude that there is gross and culpable neglect on the part of the public functionaries of Orange county, but such, I assure you, is not the case, the authorities here, particularly the Sheriff, have used the utmost care in regard to the wants and comforts of the criminals, as the crowded state of the prison will admit. We had in jail, at the time, some ten or twelve prisoners, four under sentence of death, two women and two men, one man who had been implicated in the murder of Blalock, with Young and Gun, had sworn that he would take the life of Gun whenever he got an opportunity, so it would not do to confine him with Young and Gun, as they had implicated him, and there is but two small cells in the jail, so the Sheriff could not do otherwise than confine them as above described.

In regard to the "filthy and loathsome condition of the jail," we simply say that it is not true, it is true, however, that the "negro has a peculiar odor," or there is an "odor peculiar to the negro," but will not Greely, Sumner, Wilson & Co., be shocked at the astounding assertion of the *Herald's* correspondent, that there is an "odor peculiar to the negro," and will not the U. S. Senate resent the indignity and order a Committee of inquiry. And what, too, will become of our "beloved" and war like Governor's paper, thus to give circulation to so foul a slander that there is "an odor peculiar to the negro," notwithstanding in former times they might be "fed well, worked well and whipped well."

In former times, we had seldom more than two or three persons in jail at a time; but now every jail in the State is crowded to its utmost capacity. This is not strange when we look at facts—the poor uneducated and ignorant negro—when he is taught by the "Legislative Address" (said to have been written by a now Judge of the Supreme Court of N. C.) to steal "hogs" when they are fat, and "corn in the field," will follow the teachings, the Courts must punish, and hence the jails are crowded—and the "peculiar odor."

In regard to "the execution" being "a badly bungled affair, from beginning to end," and "the tortures of the wretches were terrible, which might have been avoided, if a proper scaffold had been erected, &c," I would say that our people have not become thoroughly identified with the New York Code, although it cost the people of State $20,000 to copy it. Nor do we profess to have any "experienced hangmen" here, as not until of late, we had much need for them; and we do earnestly hope we will never be under the necessity of sending "for an experienced hangman." The Sheriff on this occasion, discharged his stern, yet painful duty, as well, under all the circumstances, as could have been done by any one; he but followed the sentence of the Court, "to hang them within the jail until they were dead." The height of the room, allowed him to give them, but little drop, and if they were "tortured," it is the fault of the New York Code and not the Sheriff.

Yours, &c.,

JUSTICE.

A PUBLIC DICTATOR.—WHAT WE SHALL PUBLISH AND WHAT WE SHALL NOT.—We are sometimes led to believe from the repeated acts of folly which some men are wont to indulge in that the outside limits have assuredly been reached, until some last final act overleaps the barriers and throws all former performances in the shade. We find the following order on the minutes of the City Court yesterday morning:

Ordered, That owing to the omission of many cases by the press of the city in the Court proceedings, and the retention of others, thereby making a partial report of its action, it is hereby ordered that the proceedings of this Court be either published in full or totally omitted.

And thus has the fiat gone forth; thus are we bid—the publishers of an independent newspaper are ordered to publish this or they shan't publish that. Do we heed? Will we submissively obey? Hear our reply. We tell Judge Cantwell that we shall in future continue to be the judges of what we shall or shall not publish; that his word is by no means *law* with us; that when we want his advice we will ask it; and that we care as little about his *orders* as to our publications as we do for his "bulls of excommunication." Let him again thunder forth his sentence excluding us from his Court; we will continue to publish anything important that occurs in regard to his Court and we will omit what we see fit.—*Wil. Journal.*

Chinese printers are the latest novelties in San Francisco. A local paper says: "Among the passengers by the last steamer from China were five first-class Chinese compositors, educated in an English institution at Hong Kong. They set type from "copy" written in English, and are said to be exceedingly expert. One of them will probably remain in San Francisco, while the other four are under an engagement to proceed to New York, where it is said they will train a number of their most intelligent countrymen in the art they have so effectively acquired themselves."

It is understood that General Canby will be [illegible] and ordered to Washington.—We are willing to see him attempted [illegible] provided his [illegible] will take him out of the State.—*Norfolk Virginian.*

STATE LINES.

There can be no doubt that the intent of the Radical party is to obliterate State Lines, and to establish upon the ruins of the extinct sovereignties a strong Central Government. Their entire political action is based upon this design, and day by day, as the old landmarks of the Constitution are swept away, their purpose becomes more apparent and their operations more effective towards the accomplishment of the proposed end. In the South there is no such thing as State Sovereignty, while at the North it exists only because the opportunity has not yet arrived to strike the blow there. The Fifteenth Amendment will afford that opportunity; and then will be seen what value is to be attached to the threats of defiance uttered by Northern Senators and Representatives in Congress. The question of Negro suffrage will come up in those States for decision and settlement. Will the white people there submit to its affirmative enforcement? Will they succumb to the Powers in authority, or will they resist so flagrant an outrage upon their State rights and State sovereignty? These are questions we are not prepared to answer; but we fear that there is not virtue enough nor strength of Principle enough left at the North to beat back the tide of fanaticism, or repel the waves of Tyranny which are flowing over all this land. We fear that the friends of Constitutional Liberty are too weak in numbers, too weak in influence to stay the flood. The Vallandighams, the Pendletons, the Seymours, the Voorhees, and other true men of the North have lost the power which they once had for good in their Section, while such knaves and fools as Butler, Sumner, Wilson, Grant, Wade and others of that ilk, wield a powerful influence for evil over the masses of the North. When Vice usurps the place of Virtue, and Knavery triumphs over Patriotism, what hope can there be for Liberty? Hence, we must be prepared for the worst. We must not be disappointed if the last vestige of free Government is swept away, and a powerful Despotism set up in its place.—Perhaps the patriotism and courage of the North may be aroused in time to avert so dreadful a catastrophe. Let us hope and pray that it may. Without their aid we are powerless. Still we must not despond; but give our energies, our labor, and our encouragement to the cause. It is the cause of Justice. It is the cause of Country. It is the cause of the South. Let us not desert it.—*Banner of the South.*

AN INCIDENT.—There is a sound of "revelry by night" as one walks down St. Charles street, and the toned light shining throught the parti colored glass doors and windows gives rise to impressions of a pleasant time within—Sometimes a musical laugh will mingle its cadence with the strains of tuned instruments, and a female voice, burdened with melody, complete the enchantment that there holds rivalry. Men have a strange way of going to such places. It is possible that the bright eyes of pretty waiter girls have some attraction. It is certain one gets the most delightful beverages there. These considerations may have attracted a certain married gentleman thith er one night. At all events he was there, and by the merest accident in the world was holding a little chat with a pretty waiter girl when suddenly he felt a soft tap on the shoulder, and heard:

"My dear, I should like to speak to you."

He knew that soft, musical voice, he had heard it many a time, and until then always welcomely. He turned pale, though, then, and shivered a little. "Yes, my dear," and followed quietly to the door.

A carriage stood in waiting, and the man went home with his wife *N. O. Picayune.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

By a young man, who has had several years experience, a situation as Book-Keeper, or Salesman in some mercantile house. Satisfactory references given.

Address, BOOK KEEPER, Concord, N. C.

ap 13-1w

FOR MOLASSES.

Send your orders to WORTH & WORTH, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Who have on hand,
500 Hhds, new Cuba Molasses.
200 Bbls " "

ap 13 d2w

FRESH ARRIVALS OF SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

HAVING REMOVED AT LAST TO MY NEW store (D. C. Murray's old stand) I am now opening an entire new stock of Spring & Summer Goods, which I now present to my friends, customers and the public generally, comprising a full assortment of

LAWNS, JACONETS,
CHALLIES, PRINTED DELAINES,
CALICOES, CALICOES, CALICOES,
BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED DOMESTICS,
STRIPED AND PLAID HOMESPUNS,
HICKORY SHIRTINGS.

A FULL LINE OF NOTIONS,

HOSIERY GLOVES AND TRIMMINGS,
HEMSTITCHED, TAPE BORDERED AND LAWN HANDKERCHIEFS,
RIBBONS, TRIMING VELVETS,
JACONET, CAMBRIC, CHECKED MUSLIN AND NAINSOOKS.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR GENTS, LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,
TRUNKS, VALISES, AND SATCHELS, &c., &c., &c.

My stock having been purchased at the lowest Cash figures I am determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest (if not cheaper) for Cash only. All I ask is to give me a call and satisfy yourselves.

M. ROSENBAUM,
D. C. Murray's Old Stand.

ap 13-tf

PROPOSALS FOR DIGGING A WELL.

Proposals for digging a Well in the Eastern Ward, will be received by the undersigned until Saturday, the 21st instant, at 12 o'clock, M. Bidders will state how much per foot for digging and walling a Well to be six feet in diameter, and to have at least five feet of water—wall to be eighteen inches thick, of good rock.

By order of the Board of Commissioners:
W. H. MARTIN, City Constable.

apl 12-1d

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE SUPERIOR Court of Wake County, made at Special Term, 1869, I shall sell at public outcry, at the Court House door, in the City of Raleigh, at 12 o'clock, M., on Thursday, the 12th day of May, 1870, the following valuable tract of land in the city of Raleigh, and bounded as follows: On the North by Lane street, on the East by the lands of Gen. Bryan (trustee), on the South by the part of said lot allotted to Mrs. Jones for her dower, and on the West by East street, containing about thirty-six acres, being the property of the late B. H. Jones.

The whole of the property, [illegible]

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. cash—balance on a credit of twelve months with approved security, bearing interest from date.

J. S. BUNTING, S. C. C.

April 12-d17tdsw.

MISCELLANEOUS

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,
SUCCESSOR TO BRIGGS & DODD,
DEALER IN
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
IRON AND STEEL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES, COLORS, OILS,
GLASS,
and all kinds House Furnishing Goods.
ALSO,
AGENT FOR THE SALE OF
BURR AND ESOPUS MILL STONES,
"Anchor" Bolting Cloth,
RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTING,
STEAM ENGINES AND SAW MILLS,
CIRCULAR SAWS,
Iron Fronts, Verandas, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Works
No. 10, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

RALEIGH SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY.

All orders promptly attended to.
THOS. H. BRIGGS, Proprietor.
April 12

BRADES.
12 Box Brades Celebrated Cast Steel Hoes.
25 " Ewells Hoes.
At T. H. BRIGGS.
ap 12-tf

SPLENDID STOCK OF
Ames' Shovels and Spades,
Simmons Grub Hoes and Axes,
Simmons Mattocks and Picks,
Just received by T. H. BRIGGS.
ap 12-tf

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK of Machinist Tools. Call and examine them at BRIGGS.
ap 12 tf

LYNN ADAMS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
GROCER,
COTTON FACTOR, COMMISSION, SHIPPING AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,
AND DEALER IN
Iron, Hardware, Plows, Shoes, Dry Goods and Cotton Yarn,
No. 5 Market Square, South Side,
RALEIGH, N. C.
ap 11-tf

100 BUSHELS SWEET POTATOES IN store and for sale by LYNN ADAMS.
ap 11-tf

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF N. C. MADE SHOES for sale low.
LYNN ADAMS.
ap 11-tf

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF IRON. The largest and best selected stock in the city.
LYNN ADAMS.
ap 11-tf

SUGAR, COFFEE, BACON,
LARD, MOLASSES, FLOUR.
Powder and Shot, Snuff, Tobacco, Corn, Meal, Nails, Horse Shoes, Crockery, Tin Ware, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Horse Collars, Wagon and Plow Hames, &c., in store and for sale low. All I desire is a call or an order from my customers and the public.
LYNN ADAMS.
ap 11-tf

ELGIN WATCHES
MANUFACTURED BY
THE NATIONAL WATCH COMPANY,
Pronounced by DEALERS throughout the country to be the BEST TIME KEEPERS now offered to the public for
LADIES' OR GENTLEMEN'S USE.
They combine improvements not found in any other Watches of either Foreign or American make. Ladies desirous of purchasing a handsome, strong, and correct timepiece will find the elegant Watch bearing the trade mark of
"LADY ELGIN,"
to be all that they desire. Inquire of your Jeweller for the LADY ELGIN.
NO MOVEMENTS RETAILED BY THE COMPANY.
Business Office and Salesroom National Watch Company,
159 and 161 Lake Street, Chicago.
mar 19-d2m

WANTED.
An active Partner, with a capital of Ten to Fifteen thousand dollars in an established wholesale business.
With such an one, advantageous arrangements may be made by Addressing S., Baltimore Post Office.
ap 12-d6eodswkw1t

NOTICE.
A meeting of the Stockholders of "The North Carolina Centre Iron and Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the Company in Philadelphia Pennsylvania, No. 125 South 4th Street at 2 o'clock P. M., on Tuesday the 17th day of May proximo for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for any other business.
THOMAS GRAHAM, Chairman of Committee of Corporators.
ap 11-d1awlw

SPRING MILLINERY.
I DO NOT BUY MY GOODS UNTIL THE latest French Styles arrive.
I am receiving and opening a large and beautiful stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER MILLINERY GOODS;
Consisting of
LADIES' HATS,
BONNETS,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS,
&c., &c.
All at reasonable prices.
The Ladies are especially invited to call and examine my stock.
MRS. M. E. BEASLEY,
Over Pescud's Drug Store.
ap 8 d2m

DICKSON COTTON SEED.
For Sale. Just in time for planting.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Auction & Com. Merchants.
ap 9-tf

FOR SALE.
30 Reams wrapping paper.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Com. Merchants.
ap 9-tf

BOARD.
ON MARTIN, NEAR FAYETTEVILLE ST., next door to the Messrs. Battles' Law Office. Terms reasonable.
N. H. THOMAS.
ap 11-tf

DRIED VENISON AND BEEF HAMS.
Just received another supply of Dried Venison and Beef Hams and prime N. C. Bacon.
JAMES E. FOWLE.
ap 7-1w

FOR RENT.
TWO COMFORTABLE ROOMS [illegible] Stories in a quiet part of the city. Possession first of April. Apply at TELEGRAPH OFFICE.
mar 29-dtf

ATLANTA DEPARTMENT,
Southern Life Insurance Co.,
(OFFICE ATLANTA GEORGIA.)
GEN. JNO. B. GORDON, President.
PROGRESS UNEQUALLED BY ANY SOUTHERN COMPANY.
Over $1,000,000 of Insurance applied for Monthly.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL $1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL $250,000.
ASSETS JAN. 1, 1870, OVER $650,000.
Dividends to Policy Holders July 1st 1869, 40 per cent.

OFFICERS:
HON. B. H. HILL, GEN. A. H. COLQUITT, Vice Presidents.
A. AUSTELL, E. W. HOLLAND, Finance Committee.
W. C. MORRIS, Secretary.
R. A. ALSTON, Supervisor of Agencies.
J. H. MILLER, Gen. Agent, Augusta Ga.

Insures Lives and pays losses promptly. Its principal business is with Southern States and to them it appeals for patronage. It has ample means to fully protect policy holders and pay all losses.

DIRECTORS AND STOCKHOLDERS:

Gen'l John B. Gordon, President,	Atlanta Georgia.
E. W. Holland, Banker,	" "
A. Austell, President National Bank,	" "
Hon. B. H. Hill,	Athens Georgia.
Col. Wm. Johnson, President C. C. & R. R.,	Charlotte, N. C.
Gen. Wade Hampton,	Columbia, S. C.
W. A. Caldwell, Esq.,	Greensboro, N. C.
Hon. Robt. Toombs,	Washington, Ga.
Gen. A. H. Colquitt,	Savannah, Ga.
Gen. Johnson Hagood,	Barnwell, S. C.
Col. Jno. B. Moore,	Sumter, S. C.
Gen. Jno. S. Bratton,	Yorkville, S. C.
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AT the request of General Jno. B. Gordon, President, Atlanta Department, I have come to your State to bring prominently before you the claims and merits of the Southern Life Insurance Company. It is under the control of as honorable and as responsible men as there are in the land. It is managed in the most prudent and economical manner and will deal justly and fairly with all.

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We send no money away to enrich foreign capitalists but every dollar of premium (less expenses) is INVESTED IN THE STATE FROM WHICH IT IS DERIVED.

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J. H. MILLER, General Agent.
mar-19-1m.

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J. J. Horton of same State, reiterates the same import. [illegible]
Orders promptly attended to [illegible]
[illegible]
jan. 13-3m

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[illegible]
[illegible] purchase of Corn. [illegible]
april-3w