[illegible]

The estimated majorities in 11 townships, [illegible] results in favor of the Radicals [illegible]

GRANVILLE.

[illegible]

ROWAN.

SALISBURY, 12 M.

In Rowan Shipp's majority is 450—a gain of 200. The Conservatives all elected.

ALAMANCE.

Graham gives the Radicals 600 majority [illegible]

GUILFORD.

11 o'clock, A. M.—In Guilford county the Conservatives are 200 ahead, and three precincts to hear from; gain of 600, if the gain is not reduced by the three precincts.

FRANKLIN.

[illegible]

Cedar Rock, 78 Conservative gain.

Cypress Creek 38 Conservative majority.

[illegible]

MECKLENBURG.

A dispatch from Mecklenburg says, the Conservative majority will reach 500.

Charlotte, Mecklenburg county, Conservative majority 48, Conservative gain of 163.

CASWELL.

[illegible]

ORANGE COUNTY.

Hillsboro', Shipp 221, Graham 267, Rogers 300; Senate, Graham 162, Jones 161, Guthrie 237; House of Representatives, Strudwick 161, Atwater 245, Hall, independent 201, Phillips 260, Rad. Hawkins 207, Harris 232.

Easter's Precinct, Phillips 15, Shipp 33, Graham 36, Jones 21, Atwater 35, Strudwick 35.

Durham's Orange county, Ship 231, Phillips 27.

High Point, Guilford county, Radical majority 53, Conservative gain.

A telegram from Greensboro' says "we shall carry the county by a small majority."

WESTERN COUNTIES.

A dispatch from Salisbury says, all the counties on the Western N. C. Railroad have gone Conservative by large majorities.

ROCKINGHAM.

This county, we learn by a telegram, has gone Conservative by about 400.

HERTFORD.

BOYKINS, VA., Aug. 5.

Murfreesboro' goes 36 Conservative majority. Hertford county gone Conservative, will give vote in the morning. L.

WILSON COUNTY.

WILSON, Aug. 5.

The Democrats carried this county by 773 majority. J. W. Dunham elected to Legislature.

HALIFAX.

This county has gone Radical by about 2,000, which is a falling off.

CARTERET.

As far as heard from Carteret is Conservative by a majority of 160, the Radicals think it will be finally 100.

CHATHAM.

The Conductor on the Chatham R. R. reports Chatham Conservative by 600 majority.

DUPLIN.

Conservative majority 690.

NEW HANOVER.

WILMINGTON, August 5.—Shipp gains about 1,000 on Seymour's vote in this county. We elect McClammy to the Senate with Galloway, and think to secure one member of the House. We elect a Conservative Commoner in Brunswick. S.

NASH.

This county gives 400 majority for the Conservatives.

GUILFORD.

GREENSBOROUGH, Aug. 5.

Ed. Sentinel:—The entire Conservative ticket elected in Guilford. Gilmer and Moore for the Senate have the county, the former with over 200, and the latter with about 160 majority. Conservative gain 619 over the Presidential election.

Leach carries Davidson. The Conservative ticket elected there; gain about 1100. S.

CHATHAM.

Editor Sentinel:—Pittsboro, Conservative gain 159. Cape Fear township, over 200. The county has gone Conservative by at least 600 majority. In Buckhorn, where those young men were arrested and thrown into prison without trial, all, black and white voted Conservative.

MOORE.

A passenger brings intelligence from two precincts in Moore county, in which the Conservatives have a majority of 148; large Conservative gain, over 500.

HILLSBORO', N. C., Aug. 5.

MR. MOORE, SENTINEL Office:—I was arrested by Lieut. Hunnycutt this morning.

J. TURNER, JR.

LAWLESS ARREST OF THE EDITOR OF THIS PAPER.

The above telegram announces the fact of the arrest of Mr. Turner, Editor of this paper, by order of Gov. Holden. No cause for the arrest has been assigned, indeed, none exists. The arrest has been made with a two fold view. One to gratify the malignity and vulgar vanity of an upstart who is Governor of the State by accident, and the other, to suppress the voice of this press in its exposition and denunciation of the crimes and outrages of Holden and his co-conspirators against public and private liberty. This is intended as a blow at Mr. Turner, personally, because Holden hates and fears him, and at public liberty, by putting down the press.

The Governor has not the pretext that Mr. Turner belonged to the *Ku Klux*; he knew he did not, indeed, that he never belonged to any secret society. So far from belonging to this society, or any society like it, he has denounced it and its outrages with unsparing hands, at the same time he denounced Union Leagues and their crimes and outrages.

The object of this arrest is that suggested above, and it is as cowardly as it is mean and revengeful.

We tell Mr. Holden, he is shouldering a load he will find it tolerably hard to carry, and unless we mistake the measure of Mr. Turner he will see Mr. Holden [illegible] in law, unless he is [illegible] which is not improbable. In that event, he will have [illegible] friends, who will vindicate his memory and the rights of [illegible] Mr. Holden.

[illegible]

[illegible] WAR OF THE [illegible]

We have told the people [illegible] to be seen whether these desperate men will, in due time, be brought to justice.

Their plan could not have succeeded for twenty four hours, if they had not been "backed" by the President, and hence, one of their most important steps was to *prepare* the mind of the President to sustain them. This they did by making the most false, infamous and slanderous representations to the President about the people of the State. They told him that the great body of our people were hostile to the State and Federal government, and that they were secretly making war on them by and through the *Ku Klux Klan*; they represented that the *Ku Klux Klan* was a tremendous rebellious organization and that it embraced the leading and most influential citizens of the State—that these citizens participated in this alleged organization and directed its operations. They greatly and willfully exaggerated the number and character of outrages perpetrated, and attributed them in most instances to unfounded motives and causes. They said that Union men and negroes could not live in any safety in the State. They made these and other like representations in the most fervid and fearful manner and for the purpose of inflaming and poisoning the mind of the President against our people. They told him further, that unless there was armed interference, the Union people and the negroes especially, could not vote yesterday—they made these representations not once, but often. Holden, Settle and others went to Washington about a month ago on purpose to confer with Pool, Abbott and others and invoke the armed aid of the President.

The President heard these false and infamous representations with a willing ear and promised to "back" them in their war upon our innocent and unoffending people, and forthwith the desperado Kirk is brought from Tennessee and the work of crime and outrage begins upon a scale at once monstrous and fearful. The Constitution and laws of the State have been subverted and the writ of *habeas corpus* set at nought, and many of the best citizens of the State have been arrested and are now held in armed close custody in places where the heat is almost suffocating—others have been arrested and hanged to make them confess—others have had cocked pistols placed against their head for the like purpose, and like outrages have been and are being perpetrated without number.

We speak what can be proven to the satisfaction of any Committee of Congress, or a judicial tribunal and by witnesses whose veracity cannot be questioned, that the President was informed by gentlemen of the highest public and the purest private character, persons whose love for the Union cannot be questioned, persons whom the President knew and in whom he knew he could confide, that the representations made to him by these conspirators against the people of this State, was false, slanderous and unfounded—that the number and causes of crimes and outrages were exaggerated, and that Union men and negroes were as safe here as anywhere in the Union. The President simply referred to what he had heard from Settle and others and was inexorable.

It was then suggested that there could be no justification for making whole innocent communities suffer for the guilty, and that the alleged offenders were few in number—but the President said that whole communities were responsible for offenders, and said further, that if Holden's armed movement was resisted, he would devastate the whole country where alleged offences had been committed. The President in pursuance of his promises to Holden & Co., has sent large numbers of well appointed troops here to be ready to obey his orders if the people should resist Holden's despotism.

How the President can justify his acts before the American people, we can't see. What he has thus done in and for North Carolina, he may do for New York or Massachusetts or any other State, and the cause of North Carolina is their cause.

Our people would be willing for the American people to hear of them through the United States troops here and their officers. The people were glad when the troops came—they felt that through them they had some protection for life at least against Holden's militia and tyranny. The people believed that these troops and their officers had the impulses and courage of civilized men, and that they would not allow brutal and savage murder in their presence. The people were glad to see the troops sent by the President—but they condemned the motive that prompted the sending of them. We are for the present helpless and fall upon the American people of all parties, having lives, liberties and property like ourselves to be protected or destroyed, to come to our aid.

We have not written these words for the purpose of creating sensation; our honest purpose has been and is, to let our helpless and fearful condition be known to those who may any day be brought to suffer like the people of North Carolina.

THE HABIT OF THE WORLD.—A man's first care should be to avoid the reproaches of his own heart; his next to escape the censures of the world. [illegible]

FRANCE'S PET SOLDIERS.

THE ZOUAVES, THE CHASSEURS D'AFRIQUE, [illegible]

[From the [illegible]]

Besides the [illegible] of which [illegible] has lately been given, the French army contains the following special corps:

THE ZEPHYRS.

They resemble the Zouaves in their uniforms, arms, and equipment, and their organization and drill are almost the same; [illegible] military [illegible] It is by no means the case with the zephyrs—They are simply a corps of culprits and jail-birds. If a soldier of the French army commits a vulgar and dishonoring crime, that is, if he robs, steals, cheats, or proves to be a coward, he is condemned to serve on the galleys; but if he only commits what might be termed a genteel crime, that is, if he commits manslaughter, or insults a woman, or is insubordinate than he is condemned to serve in the corps of the zephyrs. They are permanently stationed in Africa, and the discipline among these rather dangerous and desperate characters is terribly severe. Every officer has the right to kill a zephyr on the spot should he show the least sign of insubordination, and to this circumstance they owe their name, which they have adopted themselves to express thereby how little value their lives are, which they might die out like a [illegible]. Their official appellation is Corps of Punishment, and they now number several thousand men. They paint themselves with blue ink all over their bodies in the most fantastical manner, and even the hardest punishment could not put a stop to this singular amusement, to which they seem to have taken, because they are not permitted to have caps, and get no pay. When General Pelissier was offered the command in the Crimea he accepted it only under the condition that the zephyrs would accompany him there, and that, if they should behave well, they were to be pardoned and permitted to return to their regiments. They were sent there, and their success was complete.

In the battle near Tractir, the Russians had formed a square which the Sardinian cavalry had vainly attacked, when General Bosquet, who then commanded them, advanced the zephyrs.

Some English officers requested him not to sacrifice his men uselessly, but General Bosquet made them a speech which commenced, "You sons of hell," and closed with "forward to the attack." With the war cry, *Vive la Mort*, instead of *Vive l'Empereur*, they swept into and over the Russian bayonets like a whirlwind, and soon their yataghans had made such a terrible havoc in the Russian lines that the most desperate exertions of the Russian officers were unable to avert defeat.

THE CHASSEURS D'AFRIQUE.

These are a cavalry corps consisting of four regiments. They carry a long rifle, two revolvers, and a sword, and are all mounted on select horses of the best Barbary blood. Their continuous service in Africa amongst and against the Bedouins has made them superior riders, and they perform all the feats on horseback in which the sons of the desert excel, and will ride at full gallop, turn in the saddle, and fire to the rear with precision. They also distinguished themselves during the Crimean war. General Allonville, who commanded a corps of 1,500 Chasseurs d'Afrique, attacked with them 12,000 Russian dragoons, the favorite cavalry corps of the Emperor Nicholas, on the plain of Sebastopol, and defeated them so completely that their commander, General Corff, committed suicide from shame.

THE TURCOS AND SPAHIS.

These are native African or Algerian corps, and consist exclusively of volunteers. The Turcos are light infantry, and come more particularly from the mountain regions of Algeria.

The Spahis are a cavalry corps, and are recruited amongst the Bedouins. Both the Turcos and Spahis are Mohamedans, but their officers are mostly Frenchmen. But they are not at all prohibited, on religious ground, from advancing to the highest military positions, and one of them, General Jussuf, now occupies a high position in the French army. There are three regiments of Turcos, or about 10,500 men, and three regiments of Spahis, or about 3,600 men.

THE FOREIGN LEGION.

There is at present but one regiment in existence containing representatives of all nationalities. The words of command are given in French. The officers are half French, half from other European nationalities. In their contracts with the French government it is distinctly understood that they are not obliged to serve outside of Algeria, and particularly not against their respective native countries. But they fought, nevertheless, in the Crimea, in Lombardy and in Mexico.

FAMILY CARES.

Ask the father and the mother, weeping over the coffin of their first-born and only child, whether they regret that the child was born. Ask them the same question in after years, when that little life has come to a thread of gold running through their experience. If they give an affirmative answer, I will be silent. No, my married friends—you who will shrink from accepting the choicest privileges bestowed upon you—you are wrong; and if you live, you will arrive at a period where you will see that there are rewards and punishments attached to this thing. What is to sustain you when in old age—the charms of youth all past, desire extinguished, and the grasshopper a burden—you sit at your lonely board, and think of the strangers who are to enjoy the fruit of your most fruitless life? Who are to feed the dwindling affections of your heart, and keep life bright and cheerful to its close, but the little one whom you rear to manhood and womanhood? What is to reward you for the toils of life, if you do not feel that you—your thoughts, your blood, your influence—are to be continued in the future? Do you like the idea of having birthlings, or those who are anxious to get rid of you, about your dying bed? It is not worth something to have a family of children whom you have reared, lingering about your grave, with tears on their cheeks and blessings on their lips—tears for a great loss, and blessings on the hallowed influence which has trained them in the path of duty, and directed them to life's noblest ends?

DIDN'T UNDERSTAND FRENCH.—The following story is told of an [illegible] Englishman in Paris, who did not know a word of the polite tongue: [illegible] himself in a restaurant [illegible] on the bill of fare, and polite waiter brought him a fragrant plate of beef soup. When it was disposed [illegible] The waiter brought him a vegetable soup. [illegible]

IMPORTANT TO PLANTERS

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED DIRECT from Liverpool fifty tons of the celebrated

COTTON ARROW TIE

[illegible] half the Cotton crop [illegible]

These Ties are said to be the best Tie in the market. We will fill orders at the lowest market price.

Liberal discount to the trade.

DREWRY & BARKLEY, Ag'ts., Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 109 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

July 30-d3m

"HERO," "GEM" and MASON'S improved Fruit Jars for sale by GEO. E. LOUGEE, Agent.

July 28-tf

BRASS PRESERVING KETTLES, assorted sizes, at GEO. E. LOUGEE'S.

July 25-tf

MILCH COW FOR SALE. Warranted to give two gallons milk daily. Apply to DOUGLAS BELL.

GENUINE PORTO RICO MOLASSES at W. C. STRONACH & CO.

July 23-tf

CORN.

CLEAN, SOUND CORN, in sacks. W. H. JONES & CO.

July 30-tf

PITTSBORO' SCIENTIFIC ACADEMY.

C. E. DENSON, Principal.

The Eleventh Session begins Monday July 25th, 1870.

Students are prepared for any class in College, or may take a through Commercial course for Business. Scientific Department supplied with Cabinets, Chemicals, Philosophical Apparatus, Charts &c. Engineering taught practically. Full course of Lectures.

TERMS REDUCED to $75 and $80, Currency per session of 20 weeks, for Board and Tuition. Access daily from Haywood, Chatham R. R. Address, Principal, for Circular.

July 8-d1wsowlm

JUST ARRIVED.

A splendid line of Irish Linens of all prices. At PRIMROSE, PETTY & NEWSOM'S.

ju 23-tf

BUFF AND PRINTED LAWNS. At PRIMROSE, PETTY & NEWSOM'S.

ju 23-tf

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF HAIR NETTS. At PRIMROSE, PETTY & NEWSOM'S.

ju 23-tf

BUFF LINEN LAWNS. At PRIMROSE, PETTY & NEWSOM'S.

ju 23-tf

PEARL BUTTONS, PEQUE FRINGES, PEQUE FRINGES, ROSETTS &c. At PRIMROSE, PETTY & NEWSOM'S.

ju 23-tf

BUILDING LOT FOR SALE.

I WILL sell on reasonable terms a half acre lot, adjoining the lot on which I shall build.

July 27-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

SUMMER COOKING STOVES. Price $2. At GEO. E. LOUGEE'S.

July 25-tf

CHARCOAL FURNACES for sale by GEO. E. LOUGEE.

July 28-tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY FIVE HUNDRED Bales Cotton. LYNN ADAMS.

July 29-tf

Long Looked for Come at Last, Nicholson's Regenerating Bitters

ARE JUST WHAT THE PEOPLE HAVE LONG LOOKED AND WISHED FOR.

Why will you suffer with

RHEUMATISM

When you can be cured by using a few bottles of REGENERATING BITTERS.

Why will you suffer with that awful scourge to mankind

SCROFULA

When you can be cured by using a few bottles of Regenerating Bitters.

They are not a "vile fancy drink" (as most Bitters) but an excellent alterative, expectorant, tonic and appetizer.

$1.00 per Bottle.

For wholesale prices all Druggists and Merchants will address J. M. NICHOLSON, YADKINVILLE, N. C.

July 25-w1m

A YOUNG LADY OF SEVERAL YEARS EXperience, and a graduate of a well known established Institution, desires a situation as teacher in a private family or school.

She is qualified to instruct in the highest English branches, Music, French and Latin. Good references given. Address, BOX 14, Warrenton, N. C.

July 11-1w

BATTLEBORO SCHOOL.

Boys prepared for College. Located on the W. & W. Railroad.

Tuition: English $15; Classical Studies $20.

Good board can be had in the village at $10 per month.

Session Commences Thursday, August 11th. For Further particulars address CICERO W. HARRIS, Principal, Battleboro', N. C.

jy 26-1w-daw4w.

NOTICE OF SALE.

WAKE COUNTY, In the Probate Court.

Martha Ferrell Adm'x of John Ferrell, vs. George W. Ferrell and others. — *Petition to sell land for assets.*

In pursuance of a decree made in the above entitled cause on the 7th day of July, 1870, I will expose to public sale, at the Court House door in the City of Raleigh, on Saturday the 20th day of August, 1870, the following tracts of land, situate in Wake county, viz:

One containing 165 acres, adjoining the lands of Wm. O'Neal and others, subject to the widow's dower in 127½ acres, being the tract on which the late John Ferrell resided.

One containing 66 acres, adjoining the lands of Jesse Penny, W. W. Cooley and others. This tract will be divided and sold in two or more separate parcels. The interest of the said John Ferrell in and to the dower land of Polly Benny.

TERMS: One fourth cash; balance on a credit of six months.

MARTHA FERRELL, Administratrix.

July 24-w6t

THE NORTH CAROLINA COTTON GIN THE BEST AND CHEAPEST.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTfully inform his friends and the public, that he is manufacturing the above Gin from the very best materials, in the most approved plan, with an eye to durability and service. These Gins are warranted or the money will be refunded.

After 20 years experience and the general satisfaction of my former patrons, I feel confident of pleasing any that may favor me with orders as this Gin is equal to any made North or South, and freight may be saved by purchasing at home, and ready returns had if the Gin does not give satisfaction.

ORDERS SOLICITED EARLY TO INSURE DELIVERY IN TIME.

Repairing done at moderate prices.

[illegible]

SAMUEL [illegible], Raleigh, N. C.

[illegible]

CHATHAM, N. C.

[illegible]

ju 15-eo[illegible] R. H. [illegible]

ARROW TIES!

[illegible] FOR BALING COTTON.

250 TONS, [illegible]

IMPORTED DIRECT FROM LIVERPOOL.

WE OFFER TO THE FARMERS AND MERCHANTS OF THE STATE THE ARROW TIES, which are now so universally known and approved throughout the Cotton States, as the

Neatest, Strongest and Most Easily and Quickly Applied of any Tie Known in the Market.

[illegible]

Prices as low or lower than GOOD TIES can be bought [illegible]

Liberal Arrangements made with Merchants and Dealers.

DEROSSET & CO., Agents for North Carolina.

WILMINGTON, N. C., JULY 27 1870 dswlm

"THE GOOCH COTTON TIE"

FOR BALING COTTON.

THIS TIE has been largely used and has given universal satisfaction as the BEST and most ADJUSTABLE TIE made. Farmers will find it to their interest to call and examine the Gooch Cotton Tie before buying any other.

July 30-d3m UPCHURCH & DODD, Agents.

MERCHANTS

COMPANY

OF NEW YORK.

LIFE INSURANCE

WM. T. PHIPPS, President. | A. D. HOLLY, Secretary.

J. C. DeLEON, Superintendent Agencies.

On the Mutual Plan.

ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE AND PARTICIPATE IN PROFITS OF THE COMPANY.

No Restriction on Residence or Travel.

RALEIGH AGENCY.

OLD REGISTER BUILDING, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

F. J. HAYWOOD, Jr., M. D. Medical Examiner.

THEO. N. RAMSAY, AGENT.

July 9-tf

GULLETT STEEL BRUSH

COTTON GIN.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED GENERAL AGENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA FOR THE

GULLETT STEEL BRUSH COTTON GIN AND "THE GEORGIA COTTON GIN."

We desire to receive orders for Gins and will appoint active and responsible Agents, in every county where Agents are not appointed and actively soliciting orders.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR AND PRICE LIST.

Mitchell, Allen & Co.

June 17-3taw3m NEWBERN, N. C.

DEPARTMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEW YORK.

P. F. PESCUD, Raleigh. GENERAL AGENT AND MANAGER.

DR. C. E. JOHNSON, MEDICAL EXAMINER.

CASH ASSETS - - - - - - - - - $500,000.

YOUNG, HEALTHY, VIGOROUS AND CONDUCTED BY A [illegible] AND ECONOMICAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS UPON A

NEW SYSTEM,

devised by its talented and distinguished Actuary [illegible] leading Company in America, for purpose of

MODERATE [illegible]

[illegible]

June 9-d3aw4m [illegible]