# The Sentinel.

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr., Editor.
JOHN SPELMAN, Associate & Local Editor.

FRIDAY, MAY 26, 1871.


### CONGRESS AND THE KUKLUX.

The republican members of the kuklux committee have not only voted not to visit the scenes where the kuklux are alleged to exist, but also to take hearsay evidence as to the existence of the kuklux.

This is no more than we expected of the "republican members of the kuklux committee," who are in the majority. But they should not be allowed to have their way about the matter, without at least an earnest and emphatic protest. We called up on our centr l executive committee a few days since, to insist, on behalf, not only of the democratic-conservative party, but of the whole people of our state, that this committee sit in Raleigh to investigate all matters pertaining to North Carolina. Not only one request, but many should be made. North Carolina has too much at stake to trifle with this matter. She has been filled upon and misrepresented, not only by irresponsible creatures—carpet-baggers and natives—but even officials, from the highest to the lowest, and held up to the world, in high sounding appeals and proclamations, in letters, and by "runners," as a hell upon earth. The radical administration at Washington have, out of a tender regard for the welfare of the people of the South, felt constrained to pass a law by which they can outrage, oppress and abuse ninety-nine hundredths of the people, in order to avenge the pretended insults, and an occasional flogging administered by a recent vigilance committee upon some depraved, disreputable nuisance. These violations we condemn as much as any one; but the idea that such cases should be made special subjects of federal legislation, is an outrage that should put to blush those who prate so much of the *blessings* of free republican institutions. It is particularly outrageous when these offenses are allowed to go unpunished by ignorant and corrupt judges and officers of the law. But it matters not about all this, its injustice or what not, the *fact* exists; we must meet it, and do all in our power to force the truth and the real nature of the case upon the world.

But what is our card-writing governor doing? He can write appeals, and proclamations, and cards about lawlessness in the state, and even have them published in the *New-York Herald* before they are published here, yet he takes no steps to have the committee come to the state and investigate this lawlessness. He not only appeals but threatens. He charges, positively, that certain sections of the state are in such a state of lawlessness that the civil authorities are baffled in their efforts to maintain peace. Why does he not, as the executive of the state, insist on the committee's coming to the state, and investigate the matter, if for no other reason than to prove the truth of his proclamations and appeals, and thereby serve his party? He will not do it, and we, in the name of the people of the state, who love peace and quiet, demand that our prominent representative men insist upon the sitting of the committee in Raleigh.

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JUDGE BOND, of the federal court, has recently decided that "the enforcement act was passed solely for the enforcement of the XVth amendment," and that it's "provisions do not apply to white person's."

The Richmond *Enquirer* thinks there must be some mistake about this matter. That paper remembers the occasion of the decision referred to as having been made in West Virginia recently.

The question was, as to the rights of persons disqualified by the state constitution for having taken part in favor of the south in the late war. They claimed the right to register as voters under the fifteenth amendment, when the court decided against them on the ground that, although they were disqualified by a law of the state, it was not on "account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude." A state may make any test of citizenship—such as a property or an educational qualification—if its sees fit, but it must be impartial with respect to "race, color, or previous condition of servitude." What we understood the *Judge* to say was, that a white man might be hindered from registering, or voting the conservative ticket, or might be discharged from employment for not voting the radical ticket, and Judge Bond had decided he could not re-colour under the enforcement act. The *Enquirer* thought Judge Bond too shrewd a lawyer to express any such opinion, although it was quite certain that the law was only made to favor radicals, and would favor them so long as it was administered in the interest of that party by radical officers. The West Virginia decision was an entirely different matter.

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CHEERFULLY SUBMITS.—Marshal Carrow says we have settled a long-controverted point in placing him at the head of the Raleigh political "ring," and he is satisfied. The Marshal *should be* at the head. He has got more brains than the balance of the ring, and he is modest withal, for he is content with *one* office. He is understood to have said that if any of his folk need help he can give it to them, but that he intends to do the office-holding of the family.

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CROWDED.—Our editorial has been crowded out to make room for a part of a large amount of contributed matter.

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COL. S. McD. TATE informs the Salisbury *Examiner* that there is not a county along the line of the Western N. C. Railroad but will go for a convention by a large majority.

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MR. GREELEY writes from New Orleans that cotton and corn were never before so backward at this season. The corn is likely to suffer from drought, while cotton is exposed to utter destruction from the worms. To-day the prospect of an average crop to the Southern planter is decidedly not cheering.

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For the Sentinel.

### RESOLUTIONS OF THE CHATHAM BAR ON THE DEATH OF GOV. MANLY.

On Tuesday of the superior court of Chatham, at May term, 1871, R. W. York moved his Honor Judge Tourgee, that the court take a recess to enable the members of the Bar to pay proper respect to the memory of a distinguished deceased brother, the late Governor Charles Manly, which his Honor promptly acceded to, whereupon, on motion, M. Q. Waddell was called upon to preside over the meeting. Mr. Waddell upon taking the chair said:

"Gentlemen of the Bar we have met for the purpose of paying the respect which is due to a distinguished citizen of the State as also a distinguished member of this Bar, the late Gov. Manly, and I feel called upon to say something of him more than of almost any deceased brother, of our profession. Charles Manly was born just one mile from Pittsboro', at a place known as Oak Mount. Here his father, Basil Manly, lived an honored and respected member of society, and at this place were also born the Rev. Dr. Basil Manly and Judge Matthias E. Manly, brothers of the Governor, equally distinguished with himself. I had occasion to know that one of the most interesting and affecting incidents in the history of this or any other family occurred some years ago in the town of Pittsboro'. Charles Manly, then Governor of North Carolina; Dr. Basil Manly, then President of Tuscaloosa College in Alabama, and Matthias E. Manly, one of the Judges of the superior courts met at their mother's on the occasion referred to. Whether by accident or design is not known, but here were three eminent men after long separation from an honored and respected parent arriving at home once again. It was a joyous time with that happy family; it was a sight the angels might have desired to witness to see the old lady and her three sons bowed together that night in solemn prayer at the family altar and to hear the prayer that was offered up by that eminent divine, Dr. Basil Manly. There was not a dry eye in that room, and the sobs of filial affection from each of those devoted sons might have been heard all over the house.

On the following morning these three devoted brethren were seen wending their way to Oak Mount, the scene of their childhood joys and sorrows to look upon the resting place of their *reverend father*. It was the sons of Abram bowing themselves at the cave of Mach Pelah before Mamre where their great progenitor was buried. It was Joseph and his brethren weeping over the remains of their adored parent Israel. It was devotion to a father rarely met with in life and to me was a most affecting incident. These three distinguished gentlemen no doubt remembered the time when in youth they had trolled along the road from Oak Mount to the Academy in Pittsboro', then taught by the elder Mr. Bingham and felt that they had realized all their brightest anticipations and were joyous in the intellectual superiority which had been awarded them by a generous public. The subject of this sketch however was known to the people of Chatham county in a more special manner than either of the others. Gov. Manly after graduating with distinction at the University of the State read law and commenced practice in the city of Raleigh, attending Chatham court with great regularity, and was elected Solicitor of the county about the year 1822 and continued so until he was elected Governor of the state. Gov. Manly filled some of the highest positions in the state of North Carolina and was beloved and respected by all her citizens. An eloquent speaker, a ripe scholar and most fascinating companion, he acquired the reputation as a gifted man beyond what ordinarily falls to the lot of men. Six times a year were we greeted with the benignant smile of this most estimable gentleman. His room at Ramsay's Hotel was at all times, when not filled with clients, the scene of mirth and gaiety. Many times have I seen Mr. Badger, Mr. Poindexter, John H. Haughton, Mr. Winston, Mr. Mebane, Hugh Waddell and indeed the entire Bar seated in Gov. Manly's room, after enjoying his conversation, which when he chose to, was replete with solid information on any subject and embellished with chaste and beautiful illustrations, and not only so but when entertaining his friends with anecdotes no man could compare with him. Longstreet of Georgia is said to have excelled every one in his day in humor and anecdotical propensities, but I have no belief that he could measure lances with our departed friend. I recall his speech in this court house in May 1848 when he was called upon to announce himself as a candidate for governor of the state. We had all heard him often at the Bar and admired his elocution, but on this occasion he seemed to rise above the tone and style of his ordinary declamation. He referred most beautifully and eloquently to his birthplace nearly in sight of where he stood and claimed from his fellow-citizens of Chatham, what he knew they would award him, a heavier vote than any county in the state, and the people responded to his call in a most gratifying manner. But he is dead; he has gone from among us, and all we can do is to remember him in kindness and offer our feeble tribute of respect to his memory.

On motion of R. W. York, J. G. Rencher and John Mooring were requested to act as secretaries of this meeting.

And on motion, the chair appointed Samuel F. Phillips, J. J. Jackson, R. W. York, John Manning, J. B. Bowze, a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the feelings of the meeting upon the death of Governor Manly, who, after consultation, reported the following resolutions:

*Resolved*, That the members of the Chatham Bar, upon our first meeting since the death of our beloved and revered brother, CHARLES MANLY, desire to place upon record our sense of the great loss which we have thereby sustained.

Although some years have passed since he mingled with us actively in professional duties, we retain lively impressions of the courtesy, candor, liberality, tact, ability and eloquence which rendered him, for many years, so distinguished an ornament of the courts of this county, so successful a rival, on behalf of clients, for the favor of judges and juries, and so dear to us.

Leaving to others an enumeration of the public honors which their confidence and attachment obtained for him at the hands of his fellow-citizens, it is more grateful to spend these moments in recalling all that he was, specially *to us*, whilst he went in and out as a brother lawyer, within these precincts; his gay, genial, skillful and effective encounters in the forum; the wit and wisdom, the benevolence and broad sympathy which made him the centre and sun of social gatherings in those bright evenings of the past which intervals of business sometimes afforded, when at some room in Ramsay's hotel, or at his own "Port Gang," as in later years, lovingly called his office, he, and Badger, and Haywood, with others, who, though severed, are not wholly lost to us, maintained the fascinating round of jest and anecdote, and general—and sometimes grave discussion. We do not flatter ourselves that we shall take part in such scenes again. We value their recollection as what shall sweeten our hours of solitude, and the memories of declining life.

We are of the troops of friends that have accompanied the old age of Charles Manly, our lamented brother; and, standing in that sad array, we hereby bid him a loving farewell!

*Resolved*, That the chairman of this meeting present these proceedings to his honor, Judge Tourgee, at the opening of the court, with the request that he cause them to be spread upon the minutes of of this term; and that the chairman also transmit a copy of them to Mrs. Manly, accompanied by an expression of our hearty condolence in her irreparable loss.

S. F. PHILLIPS, *Chairman*.

On motion, the resolutions were unanimously adopted after some eloquent and feeling remarks made by Mr. Phillips, Mr. Manning and Mr. York; and on the assembling of the court the proceedings of the meeting were presented by the chairman to the presiding judge and were ordered to be spread upon the minutes.

M. Q. WADDELL, *Chairman*.

JOHN MORING, } *Secretaries*.
JOHN G. RENCHER, }

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RADICAL OUTRAGES IN GRANVILLE.—"Quis," writing to the *Roanoke News* of the 24th inst., from Henderson, says:

"At our late municipal election, several of the most decent, industrious and intelligent negro residents of the town saw fit to vote for the conservative candidates, and since that time they have been marked as objects of vengence by those negroes who are still led by carpet-baggers and scalawags. On last Thursday night a meeting of the "trooly loil," was held at their league house, where those who voted the conservative ticket were denounced in most bitter and violent language. One speaker, who is a magistrate in this township, went so far as to urge the wives of the conservatives to refuse to perform their accustomed duties for their husbands, and to threaten that if they did not do so that they would be insulted by the other negroes when they attended church. Of course this harangue had the desired effect, and on Saturday night the "loil," headed by this worthy guardian of the peace, attacked the conservatives in a shop kept by one of the latter. They of course defended themselves as best they could, but in the melee two of them were stabbed, one in the arm and the other in the cheek, neither of the wounds are dangerous. This is a brief account of the whole affair, and it will prove of great benefit to us, as all of the respectable negroes condemn the leaders in this outrage. Wonder if carpet-bag commissioner Shaffer will be as prompt in having these offenders brought before him as he has heretofore proved where the accused were white men. We have a U. S. commissioner in our county who, though holding that office, is still considered a gentleman, and if Shaffer does not hurry up he may be deprived of the laurels which he would gain with his political friends by hearing this case and discharging the offenders. When the case is investigated you shall be promptly informed of the result.

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The radicals of the state say they will not favor a convention because they deem the call *unconstitutional*! The Roanoke *News* thinks this is rather amusing, to say the least. For the last few years these same radicals have been working the machinery of the state *regardless* of all laws and constitutions—they have stickled at no thing that would serve their ends—but so soon as any steps are taken by the law abiding people of the state to rescue the state from the clutches of those who have so utterly ruined and impoverished it, the cry of "stop thief" is to be heard from the lips of the only thieves in our midst. The shoe pinches just here, and hence the unconstitutionality of the means are proposed.

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The Rev. John Cain, the negro editor of the Charleston (S. C.) *Record*, and a power among his race, squarely repudiates the Radicals, saying: "Good men have been thrust aside to make room for plunderers. There never was a party that had a better chance to do good than ours, never; never was one that did worse." Here is a "disloyal" traitor for you—a clear case for Kuklux Grant."

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GOV. VANCE.—The Philadelphia *Enquirer* says it is not improbable that the Senate may dispose of Gov. Vance's case before adjournment.

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For the Sentinel.

### A VOICE FROM MITCHELL COUNTY.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Believing you would like to hear something from the people of Mitchell county, I drop you a few lines. This being the week of the superior court, Tuesday afternoon was given to public speaking. Flemming, our senator, gave an account of his stewardship in legislation, advocating a convention, &c. He was followed by Solicitor Luske in a lengthy speech, declaring the convention act unconstitutional and revolutionary, threatening the people with the like results which followed the convention of 1861, and other such remarks. Maj. A. M. Erwin followed, and for nearly two hours he dealt heavy and terrible blows on the radical party. The crowd listened patiently, quietly and with breathless silence. He was particularly severe upon the four justices who gave an opinion on the convention act, and had a great effect upon the crowd. Upon the convention he was clear, decisive and powerful. His appeals were eloquent and conclusive. I wish every man in the county could have heard him. He is a trump card here, certain. After he closed, Captain Bowman followed in one of the lamest efforts—evidently laboring his way—puffing and sweating, questioned by Flemming, Avery and others, and at last broke down.

More again.

ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

Bakersville, May 18, 1871.

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Here is the way an editor alludes to the "Fourth Estate"—it is a peculiarity in itself:

"THOSE EDITORS."—A Californian is puzzled to know how to get ahead of "those editors." He says that an effort to deny them information is certain to result in wholesale publication of what ought not to be known. Whenever they are sued for libel the plaintiff in the case gets whipped. Whenever a fellow goes for them with a horsewhip, he knows how it is himself—that is, how the horsewhip is. If they are attacked through the papers, they invariably get to the last lick; and if they are remonstrated with, the affair is reported at length as one of those interviews. But he flatters himself that after all he knows how to fix them. 'We shall,' says he, 'paste a slip of paper inscribed with the ten commandments over the salivary port of a hornet's nest, and leave the concern on the editor's desk. The villian can't stand the decalogue; he can't see it without dropping everything, and methodically violating each separate injunction; he is as certain to punch his fist through that paper as was Ulysses to unseal his sack of storms.' If this man wants to die, he had better try the thing on, that's all."

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Judge Leachman, a well known Republican, has made a thorough investigation of the recent riots at Meridian, Miss. After a careful examination of all the testimony, the Brandon Republican says he openly charges all the responsibility for the Meridian riots on the Radical negroes of that place. It will be remembered that the Judge is an appointee of Governor Alcorn, and that he acted as presiding Judge in the investigation. From the evidence before the investigating court, he believes that Mayor Sturgis kindled the fire to his brother's store which burned up an entire square.

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[Correspondence Raleigh Sentinel.]

## A TRIP TO ALASCA;

### WHAT WE SAW BY THE WAY.

NO. 4.—AT SEA—THE VOYAGE TO SITKA.

SITKA, ALASKA, April 30, 1871.

In our last letter we left the reader at Portland, Oregon, and ourselves about to step on board the steamer *California*, bound for Alaska Territory, some 1230 miles distant, and some 4000 miles distant from the point where we commenced our journey. Trusting that we shall not fatigue the indulgent reader who may follow us in our imperfect shadowings of the wild and mountainous country which will form the subject of our voyage of eleven days, we commence our narrative:

At 4 P. M., March 10th, the intricate knot which had secured us to the dock was loosened and bidding the polite agent of this line, Mr. Welder, a good bye, we steamed slowly out of the harbor of Portland towards this boreal clime, fostering the desire that Sitka would smile on our course. On the morning of the 11th we dropped anchor at the little village of Astoria, which takes its name from the once great millionaire of New York. We crossed the dreaded Columbia bar on the 12th, exchanging the Nostalgia of Portland for the disagreeable *mal de mer* of the Pacific Ocean, a singular metastatic action which we had to do battle with for several hours. We entered the Straits of Juan de Fuca on the 13th, and anchored at Nanaimo, Vancouver's Island, in the Gulf of Georgia, on the 14th. Here we took on board a supply of soft coal. At a distance from this place we saw a large whaling station, with the sea black with whales, and still further away, towards the gigantic mountains, Mt. Brown and Mount Hooker, each 14,000 to 15,000 feet high. We passed out of the Gulf of Georgia through Seymour Rapids on the 15th, and left a passenger at Alert Bay, Cormorant Island, an Indian trader at that place for several years. And at the risk of being too descriptive in our detail, will endeavor to furnish the reader an item of interest by quoting the cost of furs in that place:

Mink skins are worth 25 cts to $1.25 each; martin skins, generally called sable, $1 to $3 each; fur seal skins, 50 cts to $3; land otto skins, $2 to $5; black bear skins, fine, $1. Beaver skins are sold by the pound at 50 cents, each skin weighing from 1 to 5 pounds. The beautiful white wolf robes for the carriage cost only 75 cents to $1.50 each. By these prices just quoted, your readers will observe that a superb fur cape, cuffs and muff could be made up at a very reasonable cost.

The trader informed me that he had the skin of a cinnamon bear, measuring 8 1/2 feet in length, with hair six inches long, more like a horse's mane.

We saw the little Indian settlement close by his own log house, and for the first time on our journey, saw an Indian burial ground. After the Indian dies, his body is burnt and the ashes placed under the canvass tent, or house which we saw. The sides of this house was patched over with the blankets of the departed consisting of various colors—red, green and yellow. Just behind the tent, were high piles of canoes, which the Indian religously believes he will call into requisition on the "grand hunting grounds," to which he takes flight after death—"Where ignorance is bliss, 'tis folly to be wise."

Leaving this trading station, a few hours latter we pass Fort Rupert, a trading station of the Hudson Bay Company and entered Fitzhugh Sound.

The lofty mountains in Johnston's straits, Finlayson channel, Graham and Frazier's Reach, almost defy description—mountains and straits continuously before the eye. Mountain after mountain sloping gradually down to the straits, which are one and a half mile wide, while at our left towered the gigantic Mt. Palmerston, the Prince of Wales, and the Franklin range, each 5,000 feet high, at the very waters edge, standing out into the sky, grand and luminously white, covered to their bases with glittering snow. Such a scene of picturesque beauty is not within our memory.

Day after day we remained on deck with our glass and the ships English sailing chart in our hands, feasting our eyes upon the magnificent scenery, ever and again raising our glass to catch the towering peaks of mountains, far in the distance, the summits of which were crowned with drifted snow, which, judging from the growth of the trees, must have been 15 to 20 feet deep.

On the 18th (the 8th day of our voyage) we passed Portland Inlet, with the southernmost point of the island called Prince of Wales, in the parallel of 54 degrees, no latitude, on our left. This is the dividing line between British America and Alaska.

On the 19th we had arrived off Fort Wrangle, an Indian trading post, and one day's sail from Sitka.

From conversation with the trader at this place (formerly an offier in the U. S. army,) we gleaned an item or two, which may bear repeating. He stated that most of the Indians about Fort Wrangle, dress after the fashion American—but are fond of bright colors. They speak among themselves, the Stachine language, but in their intercourse with the whites, make use of the Chinook jargon.

He also informed us, that in May last Lady Franklin, in company with her neice, Miss Cracroft, paid a visit to that place on the steamer Constantine, one of the steamers of the Hudson Bay Company.

This good lady, the widow of Sir John Franklin, was then far advanced in years, but never tires searching after relics and scraps of information, concerning the fate of her husband, who in '45 and '46, tried to force his way from sea to sea through the frozen ocean, who sleeping on ice in Wellington channel, in North Latitude, 77 degrees, fell a martyr June 11, 1847 while forging the link of the north west passage. Her object in visiting the place, at this time, was to obtain possession of a letter of her husband's, said to be in the hands of an Indian—who refused to deliver it to any one other than herself. It was the impression of our informer that she secured a letter, but what its contents was he was uninformed.

After a few hours anchorage at Fort Wrangle our voyage was resumed (by the inside passage) passing through Arthur's Passage into Chatham Sound, passing Cape Ommaney into the broad ocean on the 19th, toward our destination 20 miles distant, and ourselves to once more breast the long and grand swell of the Pacific, and possibly suffer a relapse of the *mal de mer*.

On the morning of March 20, emerging from Chatham Sound, we entered Sitka Sound, passing in under that most distinctive of landmarks, the extinct volcano Edgecombe, its cone being 2,800 feet high and crater 280 feet deep and three miles in circumference, deep gorges radiating from its run, scarred by the lava, less than thirty years ago. The Sound is eleven miles wide at this entrance, and Sitka fourteen miles distant.

A few hours later we are along side of the wharf of the town of Sitka, and it was with feelings of satisfaction and pleasure, after our interesting expedition of eleven days that we walked down the gang-way from the Steamer, our voyage at an end.

We now lay aside our pen apprehensive that the reader has made application of the French proverb to us that "travelers often draw the long bow."

In our next letter, to conclude, we propose speaking of Sitka and its surroundings.

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Among the names mentioned in connection with the Democratic nomination for Governor of New Jersey, are Nehemiah Perry, ex-Governor Joel Parker and others.


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| " Charlotte | 40 |
| " Wadesboro' | 30 |
| " Wilmington | 70 |
| " Roxboro' | 50 |
| " Thomasville | 5 |
| " Graham | 5 |
| " Lexington | 2 |
| " Commerce | 5 |
| " Clarendon | 1 |
| " Fayetteville | 5 |
| " Washington | 0 |
| " Yanceyville | 1 |
| Merchants' Bank of Newbern | 50 |
| Farmers' Bank of Greensboro' | 10 |
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LOST
A Pocket Book containing a number of notes and county orders, in Raleigh on the 23rd inst. It was lost in the neighborhood of the old Baptist Grove. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at the SENTINEL OFFICE.
may 25-3t* W. A. JOHNSON.

NEW ARRIVALS.
Lemon Crackers,
Farina "
Cream Jumbles,
Raisins,
Gingers,
Lemons,
Sardines,
Bacon, Lard, Molasses, Ex. C Sugar, Coffees, Teas, &c.
at
may 25 tf S. D. HARRISON'S.

OVERDOSE OF HONEY HAS repeatedly been obtained from our swarm of bees in one season, by using LONGSTROTH'S MOVABLE COMB BEE-HIVE, made to order. Best furnished; Italian Queens put in by JOEL CURTIS.
Bees waxed in exchange for Hives.
march 6-d&w1w&w4w

BONNETS, MRS. OETTINGER HATS.
BONNETS, WILL HATS.
BONNETS, KEEP HATS.
BONNETS, AS HATS.
BONNETS, USUAL HATS.
BONNETS, A HATS.
BONNETS, FULL HATS.
BONNETS, LINE HATS.
BONNETS, OF HATS.
BONNETS, MILLINERY HATS.
BONNETS, DURING HATS.
BONNETS, THE HATS.
BONNETS, SPRING HATS.
BONNETS, AND HATS.
BONNETS, SUMMER HATS.
BONNETS, SEASON, HATS.
BONNETS, SHE WILL SELL EVERY HATS.
BONNETS, THING ON THE HATS.
BONNETS, MOST HATS.
BONNETS, REASONABLE TERMS. HATS.
mar 18 tf

COST! COST!! COST!!!
I OFFER MY ENTIRE STOCK OF FINE JEWELRY,
WATCHES,
SILVER
PLATED
WARE,
CLOCKS,
POCKET and
TABLE
CUTLERY,
ALSO,
GUNS, PISTOLS, &c., &c.,
On and after the 1st of April at Cost. All wishing to purchase are requested to call and examine my stock.
H. M. IHLER,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
ap 6-tf Opposite Metropolitan Hall.

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.
RAWLEY SPRINGS, VA., WILL BE regularly opened for the reception of visitors, on the first day of June, 1871. Situated as it is in the mountains of the Valley, it is not only one of the most delightful summer resorts in the State, but its great curative properties are becoming widely celebrated.
The analysis of the water by Prof. Mallet of the University of Virginia, together with the experience of many eminent Physicians, proved that it is *the Springs* for suffering females. But besides its wonderful tonic properties as a remedy in general debility, anemia and diseases peculiar to females, it is unsurpassed in the treatment of the various forms of Dyspepsia, and particularly for those suffering from torpid and inactive liver; its action upon the liver as well as the kidney, being prompt and decided. Very many remarkable cures could be cited of this class of troublesome disease.
Rawley is now easy of access situated only (12) twelve miles from Harrisonburg, the present terminus of the Orange, Alex. & Manassas Gap Railroad, from which point there will be two daily lines of Stages morning and evening.
Since last Summer the buildings have been greatly improved, as well as the road from Harrisonburg to the Springs. There is also, now a Telegraph Office at Harrisonburg. The accommodations will be strictly first class, under the management of Joseph N. Woodward, widely and well known as a Hotel Manager.
Resident Pysicians—Gordon and Williams, one or the other of whom will be in attendance during the entire season.
BOARD—Per Month - $50 00
" " Week - 15 00
" " Day - 2 50
Children and Servants half price.
A. B. IRICK, President
Board of Directors,
may 23-ew14t

TRINITY COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT FOR 1871.
JUNE 11th at 11 o'clock A. M., the Sermon before the Theological Society will be preached by Rev. W. S. Black of Monroe, N. C.
JUNE 14th. The Trustees will meet at 8 o'clock A. M.
At 11 o'clock A. M., the Annual Sermon will be preached by Rev. Atticus G. Haygood, D. D., of Nashville, Tenn.
At 3½ o'clock P. M., the Literary Address will be delivered by A. T. Bledsoe, LL. D., of Baltimore, Editor of the Southern Quarterly Review.
At 8 o'clock P. M., the Alumni Address will be delivered by Rev. C. C. Dodson of Wilson, N. C.
THURSDAY, JUNE 15TH, COMMENCEMENT. There will be ample accommodations for all who may attend.
may 24-d&w B. CRAVEN.

A GENTS! READ THIS!!!
We will pay Agents a Salary of $100 per month and expenses. Time is short. Address at once,
ROBERTS, BRO. & Co.,
may 24-w1m* Stockerville, N. C.

WALTER CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SCOTLAND NECK,
HALIFAX COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.
Practicing in all the Courts of Halifax, Northampton, Bertie and Martin counties; in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, and in the Federal Courts.
Collections made in any part of North Carolina
oct 19-d&wtf

DR. V. E. TURNER,
DENTIST.
OFFICE OVER WILLIAM'S BOOK STORE,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Offers his services in every department of his profession.
may 13-tf

THE MOST DELICIOUS SODA WATER in the City is to be had at CARNER'S Drug Store. Syrups made from pure Juices, and drawn as cold as ice can make it.
may 23-tf

Notice to Farmers and Others.
MONEY TO LEND.
LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA, Office over Citizens' National Bank, has money to lend on unincumbered real estate. Applications for loans made and received at the office of the company upon blanks which will be furnished to applicants.
H. HETH,
ap 24-tf General Agent.

FOR SALE
Golden Syrup and Molasses by Hhd. or Bbl.
may 1-tf R. W. BEST & CO.

FOR SALE
Patapsco Family Flour and best N. C. Flour,
may 18-tf W. H. JONES & Co.

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!
A WIDE-AWAKE HOUSE, ALWAYS UP TO THE TIMES, IN STYLE, QUALITY AND PRICES.
COME TO CREECH'S.
I THROW out my flag to the breeze with the motto: "Goods at indie figures on the cash basis." The day for fancy prices has passed. The troubled waters are subsiding. Times, customs and prices are again getting back into their original channel.
When I speak about goods, it gives me pleasure to say to my customers and the public generally, that I never before, or since the war, was so well prepared to sell them goods as I am at the present season.
My stock of LADIES' DRESS GOODS is large and very complete, embracing almost everything that is new and desirable. I adopt the rule of small profits, and sell fine fabrics at prices within the reach of all, none the lowest prices and represent goods to be what they are.
Goods for GENTS BOY'S, AND CHILDREN'S WEAR, such as Cassimeres, Tweeds, Cottonades and Linen goods—the most Complete Stock in the City. If you want heavy or light, coarse or fine, I have got them and will guarantee the prices. It matters not what house I come in competition with—New or Old, Large or Small.
SHOES! SHOES!!
Ladies', Misses' and Children's, Gent's and Boy's. The largest and most complete stock in the city. Why I have enough to keep the Boys well shod and plenty for the gentlemen. For Ladies and Misses, we can please the most fastidious.
LADIES' BONNETS TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,
LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' HATS.
Styles new—Shape changed—Prices cheap enough.
DON'T FORGET TO CALL AT CREECH'S.
HATS? HATS!! HATS!!!
For Gents and Boys, a great variety. Come now, don't you want a new hat? You have been wearing the old one long enough. It looks time worn; Come to Creech's to buy your Hats.
Now a few words to my customers and the public. Permit me to say that you see a great many strange advertisements, some speak of Specialities, some of buying goods when the market was panic stricken; some after the decline, and some just in time to hit the nail on the head. Why they would have you believe that they know all, and all they had to do was just to touch the spring that raises the curtain to the tide of fortune. What a lucky set of living human beings! But just let me say to you, that I have been buying goods for the last 21 years, that I have no partner to divide profits with. I travel no back water, take no side boat, but ride at the helm with the motto "Come to Creech's."
But you must excuse me, I must ship the goods I have just sold, as I see the drays now coming, loaded with more goods for Creech's.
And it gives me pleasure to say that I have secured the services of my esteemed friend, and our worthy fellow citizen, MR. L. E. HEARTT, who is so well and favorably known in this City and throughout the State, for his straight forward and honest dealings and as a good Merchant.
COME AND SEE HIM.
DON'T FORGET TO COME TO CREECH'S.
ap 6 tf

NEW GOODS.
CHEAP!
CHEAPER!!
CHEAPEST!!!
S. KLINE & CO.,
Take great pleasure in announcing to their numerous friends, patrons and the public generally, that, induced by the present depressed prices of all merchandise, they have purchased a very large and well selected stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
COMPRISING
Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Ready made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Notions, Carpets
AND MOST EVERYTHING USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS
DRY GOODS
AND
CLOTHING HOUSE,
Which they offer at Extraordinary Low Prices.
We particularly call attention to our fine, large and complete stock of
READYMADE CLOTHING,
and we are determined in this line to out-sell any House in this city, and ready to supply
MERCHANTS AND DEALERS
at the lowest wholesale figures.
We also give notice that in connection with our Dry Goods and Clothing Establishment, we have the only
REGULAR CHINA STORE
in this city, and keep a full line of
FRENCH,
ENGLISH,
INDIA CHINA,
&c., &c., &c.
And expect to supply the wants of the public at unusually LOW RATES, and promise inducements to all who will favor us with their patronage.
Thankful for past favors, we respectfully solicit a call, and you will convince yourselves of the superiority of our stock, and the fairness of our prices.
S. KLINE & CO.
ap 28 tf

DRY GOODS.
M. ROSENBAUM.
I HAVE JUST RETURNED FROM NEW York, where only a short time ago the latest styles came out, and have now on hand (and still they come) a large and well selected stock, consisting of

| | |
|---|---|
| Alpaca Lustres, | Calicoes, |
| Monambiques, | Lawns, |
| Poplins and Linens, | Muslins, |
| Marseilles, | Percales, |
| Irish Linen, | Piques, |
| Cassimeres, | Matting, |
| Chambrays, | Oil Cloth, |
| Table Drapery, | Towels, |

M. Rosenbaum

Muslins at 12½ cents and
Marseilles at 25 cents,
Trunks, Valises,
Carpet Bags,
Stockings,
Stam