The Sentinel.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

DAILY, twelve months, ... $10 00
" six " 5 00
" three " 3 00
" one " 1 00
SEMI-WEEKLY, twelve months, ... 5 00
" six " 2 50
" three " 1 50
WEEKLY, twelve months, ... 3 00
" six " 1 50
" three " 75

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr., Editor.
JOHN SPELMAN, Associate & Local Editor.

FOR CONVENTION.

Wake County Ticket.

Hon. THOMAS BRAGG,
Hon. D. M. BARRINGER,
Hon. A. S. MERRIMON,

THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1871.

The *Old North State* of the 30th of June published the opinion of Mr. Moore at length, and accompanied it with a long dissertation upon constitutions generally, and upon the constitution of North Carolina particularly.

The opinion of the *Old North State* is forty-two miles long—at least we read it traveling that distance, from this city to Hillsboro', on Saturday last. The fundamental errors begin with the first and end with the last mile of the opinion.

Error 1. The constitution declares "that the people of the state have the inherent, sole, and exclusive right of regulating the internal government and police thereof, and of altering and abolishing their constitution and form of government whenever it may be necessary to their safety and happiness." Mr. Moore adopts this language as conveying the clear and honest meaning of its framers, and says the *right* thus declared belongs to the people; the word "people" meaning, of course, the political people, or the people who are invested with the right of suffrage; the unquestioned result is that the majorities of voters, whether of women or minors, must control the political destinies of a people where they are allowed the right of suffrage. Yet the editor, with profound confidence in a contrary conclusion, writes thus: "Suppose the majority should consist of women and minors between the ages of 18 and 21, must they be permitted to change the fundamental law at will in spite of all restraints?" Why not, if they are allowed to make it? Ought they not to be allowed to revise their own work? In the theory of our constitution are not *all voters*, whoever they may be, entitled to equal political weight, whether white or black, male or female; whether they be respectable for their intelligence and virtue, or degraded for their infamous crimes? Shall some be allowed to vote in the election of legislators and not be allowed to vote in the formation of a constitution? The conclusion of the editor is, that a majority of the people have the rightful power to *make* a constitution, but that they cannot *amend* or *alter* it, without the consent of a minority of the people!! To us it is amazing how a man versed in construing the English language, can so interpret that provision of the constitution or make *political sense* out of common nonsense.

2d. The editor says that the theory of "Mr. Moore," *that a majority of the voting people may at any time, when provision shall be made by the legislature for voting, elect delegates to a convention for the purpose of altering their constitution,* "is destructive of all constitutions and good governments, and hand all the sacred rights of minorities over to the tender mercies of majorities—often infuriated and exasperated majorities—subject to no law but that of their own uncontrolable will. It is more radical and dangerous by far than the theory of Thos. W. Dorr." This conclusion is amazing to us, especially as we suppose the editor is familiar with the constitutions of the different states of the union, and by them it appears that this identical power of the majority of the people as well to unmake as to make their constitutions, as deduced by Mr. Moore in regard to our own from said third section, is the precise power expressly declared to exist, or is often exercised, without question, by seventeen states of the union, composing about two thirds of the entire population—Old aristocratic Virginia, standing at the head during her whole existence as a state. The other states are, West Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, New York, Nebraska, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, California, Alabama, Delaware, Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Michigan and Nevada.

We ask the editor to inform us to what extent the liberties of minorities have been crushed in those states, where Mr. Moore's *theory* of our constitution is carried into practical effect; and whether they are regarded as being handed over to the tender mercies of exasperated and infuriated majorities? Let us have a full and fair answer to this. Hitherto the editor has failed to notice this conclusive answer to his feverish indignation against the rule by majorities.

3d. The editor confounds together the calling of a convention by the *general assembly*, and the action by the legislature, (just such as was done in Rhode Island,) to provide the means whereby the people may indicate their will, whether they desire a convention. They are as distinct as two things can be. A convention called by the *general assembly* must meet, no matter how opposed to the call may be the popular will. The delegates are commanded to meet, and *must* meet, even if they adjourn on the very day of meeting. When, however, the question is set to rest to the people, if they do not desire a convention, none will meet. In the former case, eighty men, who are members of the house of representatives, and thirty-four men who are members of the senate, are invested, in virtue of their place, by the constitution, with the power to command an election of delegates, and that the delegates *shall* assemble to consider the fundamental law, and any person elected who is sworn to support the constitution and laws of the state would be forsworn if he dared wilfully to refuse to assemble with his fellow delegates. In the latter the means only are provided by the people's agents to enable the people in a practical way to ascertain and declare their own wishes upon the subject, and to meet in a convention if they so wish.

Mr. Moore's theory is, that when a majority of the people, composing the political power of the state, shall desire to be heard, they may be allowed to speak. The theory of the editor is that, after a constitution is formed, a minority of the people compose the political power of the state, and may stop the mouth of that majority!! Is not this too absurd for reason?

THE PUBLIC ROBBED.

On the 26th day of August, 1869, C. M. Farris, keeper of the Capitol, requested the Auditor to furnish him with the amount expended on the Capitol square. Henderson Adams, the Auditor, furnished the following statement, which shows the people how the money goes. General Miles and his troops occupied city property for which he paid no rent, nor have they paid any for the houses they have occupied these five years. The General's manure should have been paid for by his rent. Did the General account to his government for that $133? We venture not.

Will Col. Mark Erwin and Phillips read this, and quit lamenting the cost of Holden's impeachment? It will be observed, too, that the account does not include the cost of the ordinary work:

AUDITOR'S DEPARTMENT,
Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 26, 1869.

C. M. FARRIS, Esq.:

Sir:—In compliance with your request, I herewith furnish you with amount paid on account of improvements on the capitol square, (not including ordinary work,) from Dec., 1868 to July, 1869, inclusive, as follows:

To Hamilton for trees,	$150 00
" Scofield " "	14 50
" Edwards " manure,	8 50
" Hamilton " trees, &c.,	437 20
" Harris " lumber,	262 20
" Bishop, " manure,	46 25
" Gen. Miles and others for manure,*	132 00
" Labor,	6 75
" Bishop for gravel,	93 00
" Gant, for building wall and furnishing materials,	318 73
" Bishop for sand,	181 00
" ——— " trees from the north,	35 00
" ——— " repairing cellar,	5 00
" ——— " lumber,	1 60
" Bishop " sand and poles,	152 00
" Kimball for painting,	100 00
" Flagg " sand,	140 50
" " "	100 00
" H. & Williams for paints &c.,	300 00
" Kimball for painting,	58 75
" " "	120 00
	$3,066 97

Respectfully,
H. ADAMS, Auditor,
pr. A. J. PARVIS, Asst. Clk.

GOT HIS DESERTS.

Chahoon, ex mayor of Richmond, has been sentenced to the penitentiary for three years. Judge Alden should be there with him. The Judge is the man who traveled with Dr. Grissom to reconstruct us under Holden. They made speeches together in Johnston, Major Smith giving them free passes over the North Carolina Railroad.

The Richmond papers, as we have been told, refuse to publish and tell the people who Judge Alden is. A gentleman, connected with the press, requested us to publish the facts connected with Judge A's flight from this city. We did so, and the gentleman informed us that the Richmond papers refused to copy. We exchange with most of them, and not one, that we remember, copied from the SENTINEL, telling why Judge Alden fled the city and why we offered $50,000 reward for his apprehension and delivery to the sheriff, Tim Lee. If the Richmond papers will copy, we will tell again why Judge Alden fled the city; for we think it proper to pursue the scoundrels, even when they fly the state, as Holden, Littlefield, and Alden have done.

Died, CHRISTOPHER MELCHOR, at his home in Cabarrus county, on the 19th of June, 1871, in the 80th year of his age.

The deceased was an honest, useful, public-spirited man who for more than half a century took an active and decided part in the various political questions which have divided the public mind.

In 1812, Mr. Melchor was elected a member of the house of commons from Cabarrus. He was continuously a member from 1813 to 1822. In 1829-30, and 1831, he represented his county in the state senate. In 1846, he was again elected to the senate. In 1835 he was elected a member of the convention to amend the constitution,—in which Macon and Gaston sat. Again he was elected to the convention of 1868.

Called upon by the people of his county when he had passed the age of three score years and ten he would not decline to serve them and was again returned to the senate in April 1868, which made him a member of the last legislature.

Few men have rendered longer or more important services to their counties and state. The whole state will join with Cabarrus in mourning the loss of one who had served her so long and well.

DISPENSED WITH.—The services of Hon. James Harris, col., have been dispensed with as assistant superintendent of the deaf and dumb and blind. Tim Lee, Pilgrim Ashley, Tom Coats and negro Jim, with others of like radical proclivities, installed James with a salary of $1200 a year. The new board have dispensed with the office and with James. This accounts for Jim's violent speech on the 4th of July against white men.

DELAYS IN CONVENTION.—We are glad to know that our candidates are inquiring for the debates in the convention of 1868. It is a useful book in the present campaign, and from it a candidate can learn that the present legislature has but followed the legislature of 1864-'65, in submitting the question of convention or no convention to the people. The books can be found at the book store of J. A. Jones, on Fayetteville street.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

A friend writes us from Bladen county that T. W. Foster, the "mummy doctor," at a radical meeting, recommended the Raleigh *Daily Telegram* as a good paper for his party to patronize. He calls Foster the adjutant general's fugleman, and says he is the same mentioned by the *Telegram's* editor, Mr. Hearne, in the *Carolinian*, as the "*meanest snail in the house.*" "D. B., the *Telegram's* conservative friend and correspondent, he says, is known to be a republican of the strictest sect." A gentleman is now in the city who says he heard Holden say, before he left, that "Nichols and Gorman are both with us."

Mr. Pointer, ex-sheriff of Person, says large numbers of the *Telegram* and *Era* are sent gratis into Person county. We hear of other counties where the *Telegram* and *Era* are circulated gratuitously. We know certain conservatives and democrats who have stopped the *Telegram* because of its radical proclivities. We know a radical who claims it as the best republican paper in the state. If we had to guess for Gen. Clingman, we would say that the General looked upon the *Telegram* as of the purest democratic type.

SUPREME COURT.—The following cases were taken up in this court yesterday, from the 10th district:

Amos Ladd and wife vs. Henry Chambers et al., Wilkes. W. H. Bailey for the plaintiffs and Messrs. Bragg & Strong and Armfield for the defendants; placed at the end of the docket.

Jos. L. Blackwell vs. J. A. Claywell et al., Iredell. Clement and Caldwell for the plaintiff, no counsel for the defendants; dismissed.

James Harper, executor, vs. John Sudderth et al., Caldwell. Moore and Gatling for the plaintiff and Phillips and Merriman for the defendants; continued.

G. W. Chipley et al., vs. Silas Keaton et al., Iredell. Clement, Bailey, and McCorkle for the plaintiffs, and Caldwell, Bulbee & Busbee, and Armfield for the defendants; continued.

James Calloway vs. J. Y. Bryce, Wilkes. Bragg & Strong and Armfield for the plaintiff and W. H. Bailey and Battle & Sons for the defendant; rule on the parties to produce exhibits; service of rule accepted by both parties.

Jas. Calloway vs. Triplett Hamby et al., Wilkes. Bragg & Strong and Armfield for the plaintiff and W. H. Bailey for the defendants; argued.

D. C. Thompson vs. B. A. Berry, Iredell. W. H. Bailey for the plaintiff and Messrs. Poulk, Caldwell and Busbee & Busbee for the defendant; placed at the end of the docket.

Veronica Reitzel vs. Fanny Eckard, Catawba. Battle & Sons, Ovide Dupre and Bragg & Strong for the plaintiff and Messrs. McCorkle and Bynum for the defendant; argued.

For the Sentinel.

DANVILLE, VA., July 1, 1871.

Messrs. B. F. Moore, W. R. Cox, R. H. Battle, Jr., and others, Raleigh, N. C.:

GENTLEMEN:—Some days ago I received, by mail, from Raleigh, a printed anonymous circular, without date, addressed to the stockholders of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company, commenting upon a proposition made by me to purchase a portion of the stock in that road, as submitted to the stockholders, by Dr. Wm. J. Hawkins, president of the company.

I have to-day been shown another circular dated at "Raleigh, N. C., June 26th, 1871," which, in substance, is the same as the one above referred to. In both these circulars I find the following language: "The name of the would-be purchaser is left blank, but is said here that the proposition was submitted by Major Sutherlin, of Danville, and that he is in the interest of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Co."

I did not deem it necessary to notice the anonymous circular, but since it has reached me with the signatures of yourselves and other gentlemen in North Carolina, attached, I deem it proper to say that the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company had nothing whatever to do with my proposition to purchase the stock referred to. No stockholder, officer or agent of that company ever knew from me, either directly or indirectly, that I had any such purpose.

I deem it due to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, as well as to myself, that I should make this statement; and I request that you will make the same public.

Respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
WM. T. SUTHERLIN.

ANNUAL MEETING ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD COMPANY.

[SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.]

The stockholders met again on Friday and the discussions of the previous day were resumed. Mr. Haughton claimed to be the legal representative and proxy on the part of the state and likewise Mr. Davis. Judge Thomas, (of the "Caldwell faction," declared with all the emphasis of which he is capable that the "old board of directors had the power and they intended using it." He almost admitted that Gov. Caldwell, under the existing circumstances, had no right to appoint but seemed to have great faith in the radical supreme court. His arguments, if such they can be called, were soon completely annihilated by Major Hughes, Col. Humphrey and Mr. Haughton, and Mr. Thomas was given to understand that the act of the assembly, making it a misdemeanor and punishable with fine, and imprisonment in the penitentiary, for any person or persons to offer resistance, or to refuse obedience to the law, which gives Hons. Warren and Jarvis the power to appoint the railroad directors, would be strictly enforced. A rupture seemed unavoidable and a split was the result.

Two sets of stockholders met afterwards, organized and elected Directors. Those elected by the stockholders to act with the Warren Jarvis Board are Messrs. John C. Washington, John D. Planner, L. T. Ogles by and Judge M. E. Manley. The Caldwell-Thomas Stanley faction elected Messrs. J. L. Morehead, M. F. Arendell, Jas. A. Bryan* and W. T. Faircloth and, we believe, all the old officers were retained.

The new Board being duly organized elected as members of the finance committee Messrs. R. H. Rountree, J. C. Wooten and Henry R. Bryan; they also reduced the Presidents salary to $1800 and the Treasurer to $1200; being in all a saving of $1000.

The Stanley faction is still in possession of the road but we learn that proper steps will be taken by the new Board to dispossess them.

*Mr. Bryan has since resigned.

Says Chrysostom: "Oh! how many have been couched to hell in the chariots of earthly pleasure, while others have been whipped to heaven by the rod of affliction!"

A little girl, delighted at the singing of the bobolink, naively asked her mother: "What makes he sing so sweet?—*do he eat flowers?*"

COMMENCEMENT AT DAVIDSON COLLEGE.

For the Sentinel.

The festivities of commencement at Davidson College met last week with a sad and sudden interruption. On Wednesday, as the cars were delivering large crowds of happy and hopeful visitors, and as the bell was ringing for the morning exercises, the sickness of General M. W. Ransom, the orator for the day, and the death of Dr. McPhail, the president of the college, were announced simultaneously. Never were the prospects for a brilliant commencement more flattering. The Senior class was the largest ever graduated at Davidson; the Baccalaureate sermon by Dr. Miller, of Charlotte, and the sermon before the Williams' Association, by the Rev. Mr. Hill, of Fayetteville, on Sunday, had set high marks of excellence for all the orations and addresses of the week. The reputation of General Ransom had attracted visitors from all parts of North Carolina and from the neighboring states. The Alumni of Davidson College had gathered in full force to greet for the first time since the war, an orator before their association, and so many friends of the graduates and strangers from a distance had come together that they formed a company of unusual numbers and of rare beauty and dignity. Some old students of Chapel Hill counted twenty-five of the former pupils of our University as collected to welcome one of their number as the orator for this remarkable anniversary. But all that could be realized of the programme of the week was to call the audience together that they might hear the address before the Alumni by the Rev. Mr. Johnston, of Lexington, N. C., and witness the distribution of diplomas among graduates, by the Rev. Prof. Anderson, as the senior member of the faculty, and then be dismissed to make arrangements for their unexpected return to their homes.

Had the day been closed as was expected, the following young gentlemen would have appeared as representatives of their respective societies:

"Dignity and Power of Man."—E. L. Gaither, Philanthropic Society, Mocksville, N. C.

"Old Things are Passing Away."—W. L. Spratt, Eumenean Society, Charleston, S. C.

"Be up and Doing."—John A. McMurray, Philanthropic Society, Graham, N. C.

"The Hope of the Land."—C. Mobley Douglas, Eumenean Society, S. C.

"Mecklenburg."—F. I. Osborne, Philanthropic Society, Charlotte, N. C.

"Progress of Civil Liberty."—W. B. Crawford, Eumenean Society, Arkadelphia, Ark.

On Thursday the following seniors would have represented the thirty-one graduates in the grand audience chamber at Davidson, their speeches being rendered all the more interesting by the music of the well trained Salem band:

Latin Salutatory.—*David S. McAllister, Fayetteville, N. C.

Philosophical oration—"Electricity."—*James H. Anderson, Spartanburg, S. C.

"The Battle-fields of Life."—†Thomas R. Bailey, Mocksville, N. C.

"The Nineteenth Century in America."—Joseph E. Henderson, Steele Creek, N. C.

"Devotion to Truth."—†Jas W. Spratt, York District, S. C.

"Geology, and What it Teaches."—†W. Henry Dodge, Cuthbert, Ga.

"How Shall we Enter the Arena?"—†Wm. C. Clark, Savannah, Ga.

"Change and Its Teachings."—†James H. Hood, Chester District, S. C.

"[illegible]'s Individual Progress depends upon his Social Progress."—†George B. Anderson, (excused,) Spartanburg District, S. C.

"To Thine Ownself be True."—†Othello C. Scarborough, (excused,) Kosciusko, Miss.

"National Pride."—†J. Julius Anderson, Summerfield, Ala.

"Are the Planets Inhabited?"—†P. H. Pitts, Jr., (excused,) Uniontown, Ala.

"We do not live for ourselves alone."—†Will. H. Stewart, York District, S. C.

Valedictory Address.—*Thos. H. Brem, Jr., Charlotte, N. C.

*First honor grade. †Second honor grade. ‡Third honor grade.

On Thursday, the college chapel, instead of being filled with fluttering fans, and bright faces and hopeful hearts, was clad in the sable signs of woe. Trustees, and faculty, and alumni and students bore the remains of Dr. McPhail and laid them before the communion table, where he had so often dispensed the elements which keep in remembrance Him who brought to light that immortal life, which His servant had gone to enjoy. After prayer by Dr. Miller and Dr. Phillips, and short addresses by the president of the trustees and other members of the board, the same solemn procession went to deposit all that was mortal of President McPhail in the college cemetery.

Dr. McPhail was the fourth president of Davidson College, and it is no disparagement to any of his predecessors, all of whom are still alive to say that he was a man of rare suitability for his prominent and influential position. Having been from early childhood a diligent student, and having enjoyed the best facilities for education, both general and professional, that our country affords, he had come to be a scholar of large and diversified attainments. He was a man of resolute will, and of a strongly marked character, whose influence over the young was decided and natural. While he never forgot the dignity of his calling as a clergyman, he was, as long as his health preserved its original vigor, the life of every social circle. He was an admirable instructor, both from the preacher's pulpit and the professor's chair. Thousands all over our country will rise up and call down blessing on the memory of the faithful pastor, the learned professor, the successful president and the beloved friend.

For the Sentinel.

NEWBERN, N. C., July 3, 1871.

Messrs. Editors: You will see in our city papers the proceedings of the stockholders meeting of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad Company. You will also see that certain gentlemen joined with the enemy in preventing a proper execution of the law and legal organization of the company. Gov. Caldwell's proxies and directors were received, notwithstanding the law declaring he should not appoint, and notwithstanding the law making it a penitentiary offence for the president and directors of any road to refuse to hand over the road, books, &c., to their successors. Stanly and company still holdover. I hope you will republish the latter act. I am anxious to see if the conservative gentlemen who sustain Gov. Caldwell in his lawlessness are not liable to indictment as well as Stanly and his board who refuse now to surrender the road to the legally constituted authorities.

We must teach the stockholders of our railroads owning only one-fourth of the road, that they are not owners of the whole property. Gov. Caldwell is keeping up the Holden policy of suits and injunctions, that radical lawyers may be fed by big fees out of the treasury of the state. I understand that the gentlemen appointed by the speakers to represent the state in this corporation, will take legal steps to oust the lawless intruders appointed by Gov. Caldwell. There was great astonishment expressed that Col. John L. Morehead should have joined forces with stanly and carpet-bag Lehman. Stanly, Lehman and their abettors have with their eyes open, committed a penitentiary offence. It is to hoped that they will get their desert before their terms of usurped office expires. Yours,
CRAVEN.

For the Sentinel.

ALAMANCE COUNTY CONVENTION.

According to previous appointment, the friends of convention and the rights of the people of Alamance county, met in convention in the court house, in Graham, on Saturday, the 1st day of July, for the purpose of nominating a delegate to the proposed state convention. On motion, B. F. Mebane was called to the chair, and Dr. A. Wilson and Capt. Jacob G. Dickey requested to act as secretaries. The chairman upon taking his seat, in a neat and appropriate speech, explained the duties of the convention and the importance of the question now before the people. Upon a call by the secretaries, it was found every township in the county was represented by its delegates. On motion, the chairman appointed a committee of three, consisting of Capt. J. T. Hunter, W. J. Murray, Esq., and Harrison Harbour, Esq., to draft resolutions for the consideration of the meeting. In the absence of the committee, Capt. Jas. A. Graham was loudly called for, and responded in a speech of an hours length, showing clearly that both by precedent and the express provision of the constitution, no less than by the principles of republican government, the people of North Carolina, in pursuance of law, had the right to call a convention to amend their constitution.

The committee then reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

The friends of convention and the rights of the people of Alamance county, in convention assembled, do resolve,

1. That the will of the majority lawfully expressed is the supreme law of the land.

2. That we cordially endorse the action of the general assembly in submitting to the people themselves, a question fraught with the importance, that is now involved in a proposition to amend or alter the organic law of the state.

3. That we regard the restrictions contained in the law, submitting the question of convention or no convention to the people, as legally and morally binding upon the members of any convention that may be called in pursuance thereof.

4. That we regard the immediate call of a convention as the only salvation for our tax oppressed people.

5. That we deprecate all lawlessness, and in advocating the call of a convention by the popular will, we are but exercising the rights guaranteed to us by the genius of republican government and the express provisions of our constitution.

On motion, the convention then proceeded to nominate by ballot a candidate for the proposed state convention.

W. J. Murray receiving a majority of all the votes upon the first ballot, was declared the choice of the convention. Whereupon, on motion of George Patterson, Esq., the nomination was made unanimous. Mr. Murray, being present came forward and accepted the nomination in a few well timed remarks. Capt. E. S. Parker then being called for addressed the convention at considerable length upon the necessity for a state convention, and the weakness of the arguments of those opposing it. Dr. Dan'l. A. Montgomery was then called for, and after a short consideration of the importance of the issues now before the people, he proceeded to "shell the woods" and cooked up the anonymous correspondent of the *Era* from this place, to whom he paid his respects in his own inimitable style. The people really thought from the allusion to ex-ku klux, outrage committees, &c., that they knew whom the doctor had in his "mind's eye."

The convention, through its chairman, appointed the following gentlemen as canvassers for the county at large, viz: Capt. E. S. Parker, Capt. Jas. A. Graham, Geo. Patterson, Esq., Mr. Jacob A. Long, Jr., Dr. Dan'l. A. Montgomery, Dr. B. F. Mebane, Dr. A. Wilson and Dr. J. G. Pinnix.

On motion the secretaries were directed to send the proceedings for publication to the Raleigh SENTINEL and Greensboro' *Patriot*.

The convention, then well satisfied with its labors adjourned.

B. F. MEBANE, Chm'n.
A. WILSON, J. G. DICKY, } Secretaries.

WOOL! WOOL!!
Wanted 1-000 lbs. of good washed or unwashed Wool, in lots for shipping, for which the cash will be paid.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
june 21-tf Com. Merchant.

POWELL & ROYALL'S
SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
JONES' HOUSE, RALEIGH, N. C.
The Second Session Opens Monday, July 24th, 1871.
TUITION FOR TWENTY WEEKS.
English branches and Arithmetic, $30 00
Latin, Greek, French and higher mathematics (or either,) 25 00
One half due 1st September, the other 1st November.
Students charged from time of entrance.
No deduction except for protracted illness.
R. C. POWELL, } Principals.
W. E. ROYALL, }
REFERENCES: Faculty Wake Forest College, Drs. Royall and Pritchard.
June 28-d2w.

NOTICE.
As trustee of the late Bank of the State of North Carolina, I hereby notify all its creditors to file their claims with the evidences thereof, with me, or Mr. Charles Dewey, I have a small fund to be divided pro rata among its creditors on the 8th day of August next, at the Raleigh National Bank. They will be notified as other funds may be received.
B. F. MOORE,
June 27-48a Trustee.

DR. MOORE'S INDIAN LIQUOR ANTIDOTE. The only reliable cure known. Can be administered in Coffee or Liquor, and removes forever all desire for strong drink. None genuine without the signature of DR. LA MOORE.
DOCKERTY BRO'S & Co., General Agents, Baltimore.
For sale in Raleigh, by
BURT & BROUGHTON,
Wilmington, near Hargett St.
may 19 6m

NOTICE.
Merchants who have not Listed their Merchandise on hand the 1st day of June, are requested to come forward immediately and do so, and save the necessity of paying a Double Tax. This June 14th, 1871.
S. D. HARRISON,
June 15 tf List Taker.

NOTICE!
All persons are hereby forbidden from trespassing on our lands, situated near the City of Raleigh, and between that place and Crabtree Creek, with Dog or Gun, or otherwise, as we are determined to prosecute all such offenders to the full extent of the law.
HENRY MORDECAI,
JESSE F. TAYLOR,
WILLIS H. WHITAKER,
GEORGE TAYLOR.
July 1-tf

N. C. HAMS.
A small lot of Nic. North Carolina Hams in Store.
JAMES M. TOWLES.
July 1-3t

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.
PARING,
CORING
AND
SLICING
MACHINE.
Takes only five turns to pare, core and slice an Apple. It takes a thin paring, thereby saving a large amount of the apple. It is the best ever invented for uneven shaped apples. Price $12.00.
For sale by
July 3-tf T. H. BRIGGS.

Special Notices.

"SPALDING'S GLUE," mend and true.

LUER "QUAKER GUM"—Artificial teeth are of little use, and easily mislaid. Take care of the real ones. All you need is fragrant *Sozodont*. Use it daily, and your teeth will be the last of nature's gifts to fail you.
june 28-od1w

COLDS AND COUGHS—SEDDEN CHANGES OF climate are sources of *Pulmonary and Bronchial affections*. Experience having proved that simple remedies act speedily when taken in the early stage of disease, take at once "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" for the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution more serious attack may be warded off.
june 28-od1w

THE ADVANTAGES OF DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER are shown in its perior excellence over all others, By which yeast, light, sweet rolls, biscuits, bread, pastries, can be made with very little trouble, for that can be eaten with impunity and relished by the most sensitive dyspeptic or invalid. It permits no waste of flour prepared with it, as the quantity required to be used of DOOLEY YEAST POWDER is one-third or one-half less than those of other manufacturers. Trial be convinced. For sale by Grocers everywhere.
june 28-od1w

VALUABLE FACTS.
A regular habit of body absolutely essential to physical health and clearness of intellect. Nor is this all. Many of person cannot co-exist with an unusual condition of the bowels. A free passage of the refuse matter of the system through these natural waste pipes, is as necessary to the purity of the body as the free passage of the offal of a city through its sewers necessary to the health of its inhabitants.
Indigestion is the prime cause of most of the diseases of the digesting organs, and one of its most common results is constipation. This complaint, besides being dangerous in itself, has many distressing concomitants—such as an impure breath, a sallow skin, contaminating bile and bile, hemorrhoids headache, loss of memory and general debility.
Hostetter's Stomach Bitters remove all these evils by removing their immediate cause in the digestive organs, and regulating the action of the intestines. The combination of properties in this celebrated preparation is one of its chief merits. It is not merely a stimulant or a tonic, or an antibilious agent or a nervine, or a blood deparent, or a cathartic, but all these curative elements judiciously blended in one powerful restorative. It lids activity and vigor to the inert and emaciated stomach relieves the alimentary canal its obstructions, and gives tone to the membrane which lines it, gently stimulates the liver, braces the nerves, and cheers the animal spirits. No other remedy possesses such purity of hygienic virtues. It is to the characteristics that it owes its prestige as a household medicine. Experience has proved that it is as harmless as it is efficacious and hence it is as popular with the weakest sex as with the stronger.
Hostetter's Stomach Bers are sold in bottles only, and the trademark blown in the glass and engraved on them, is the test of genuineness. Beware of counterfeits.
June 30-od1m

CHILDREN'S AND BOYS CLOTHING.
A NEW SUPPLY
Just received at
july 1-tf R. B. ANDREWS & Co's.

GENTS light Colors CASS. PANTS of the latest cut opened this day, and will be sold fifty per cent. less than are charged for such goods made to measure.
July 1-tf R. B. ANDREWS & Co.

GENT'S WHITE DEK SUITS.
Very Stylish now opening at
july 1-tf R. B. ANDREWS & Co's.

CHILDREN'S WHITE DUCK SUITS OF all sizes from 2½ yearsld and upwards, now ready at
july 1-tf R. B. ANDREWS & Co's.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF CHILDREN'S and BOYS' HATS in the City, embracing all the NEWEST STYLES also lowest prices, can be found at
R. B. ANDREWS & Co's.,
CLOTHIERS,
july 1-tf Raleigh, N. C.

R. B. ANDREWS & Co., MANUFACturers and dealers in CHILDREN'S, BOY'S, YOUTH'S and MEN CLOTHING and FURNISHING Goods have now in store the largest assortment of the above goods they have ever had the pleasure of offering to the public. Prices much lower than at any time since the war.
july 1-tf

FOR SALE,
2 fine Milch Cows.
June 24-tf G. T. STRONACH.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
The third session of this school will commence July 10th, 18, and continue twenty weeks.
Circulars furnished on application to
MISS COBELIA A. CRENSHAW
June 7-tf Louisburg, N. C.

FRESH MOUNAIN BUTTER.
Constantly receiving supplies of nice Mountain Butter and will be sold reasonable.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
june 21-3w Com. Merchant.

CHESTER WITE PIGS FOR SALE.
I have for sale a superior strain of this breed of hogs, stand growth and easy fattening properties. Bred and delivered on Chatham R. R. at from 6 weeks to 2 months old for $10 a pair.
A. RENCHER,
June 8-cowtf. Pittsboro', N. C.

200 LBS. fine Factory Cheese received to-day.
June 7-tf W. C. STRONACH & Co.

WANTED,
Two good Wheelwrights. None need apply except those who have a thorough use of tools.
June 14 tf THOS. G. JENKINS,
Raleigh, N. C.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
A dividend of 6 per cent on the capital stock of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company has been declared, payable on and after July 1, 1871.
Stockholder resident in Norfolk will be paid at the Citizens Bank of that city, and those in Petersburg, at the Citizens' Savings Bank of Petersburg.
The transfer books will be closed from date until the 31st proximo.
W. W. VASS,
Raleigh, June 10-d1july20 Treasurer

AUCTION SALE OF NEW GOODS.
We will sell at our Auction House, (formerly occupied by Douglass Bell,) on Wilmington street, on MIDAY, July 7th, at 10 o'clock, a large assortment of DRY GOODS, consisting of
PRINTS CHALLIES,
PIQUES,
STRIPED GRENADINES,
CHEMBRAYS, LAWNS,
Buff Dress Linens, Linen Napkins, Gents' Linen Handkerchiefs, and many other articles of value, suitable for the season, together with a large lot of
CROCKERY, GLASS WARE, &c., &c.
The LADIES are most respectfully invited to call and examine our stock of Dry Goods before day of sale. Bids for goods, left by ladies, till be duly respected.
july 4td GASSETTE, BLEDSOE & CO.

STOCK PEAS.
For sale in large quantity.
July 1-tf W. H. JONES & Co.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL,
RALEIGH, N. C.
RIGHT REV. THOS. ATKINSON, D. D., Visitor.
REV. ALDERT SMEDES, D. D., Rector.
REV. BENNETT SMEDES, A. M., Assistant.
The fifty-ninth Term of this School will open July 19th, 1871, and continue 20 weeks.
For a circular, containing full particulars, apply to the Rector.

H. J. SAYERS,
Dealer In Real Estate,
FRANKLIN, PA.
Buys and sells improved and unimproved lands anywhere in the United States.

MERCHANT'S
GARGLING OIL
IS GOOD FOR

Burns and Scalds,	*Rheumatism,*
Chilblains,	*Hemorrhoids or Piles,*
Sprains and Bruises,	*Sore Nipples,*
Chapped Hands,	*Caked Breasts,*
Fresh Wounds,	*Pistula, Mange,*
Frost Bites,	*Spavins, Sweeny,*
External Poisons,	*Scratches, or Grease,*
Sand Cracks,	*Strringhalt, Windgalls*
Galls of All Kinds,	*Foundered Feet,*
Stiffed, Ringbone,	*Cracked Heels,*
Poll Evil,	*Foot Rot in Sheep,*
Bites of Animals & Insects,	*Loss in Poultry,*
	Lame Back, &c., &c.

Toothache, &c., &c.,
LARGE SIZE, $1.00; MEDIUM, 50c.; SMALL, 25c.
The Gargling Oil has been in use as a Liniment for thirty eight years. All we ask is a *fair trial*, but be sure and follow directions.
Ask your nearest druggist or dealer in patent medicines, for one of our Almanacs and Vade-Mecums, and read what the *people* say about the Oil.
The Gargling Oil is for sale by all respectable dealers throughout the *United States and other countries.*
Our *testimonials* date from 1833 to the present and are unsolicited. Use the *Gargling Oil*, and tell your neighbors what good it has done.
We deal fair and liberal with all, and defy contradiction. *Write for an Almanac or Cook Book.*
MANUFACTURED AT LOCKPORT, N. Y.
—BY—
MERCHANT'S
GARGLING OIL COMPANY,
JOHN HODGE, Sec'y.

NORTH CAROLINA CLAIM AND PENSION AGENCY.
We have this day entered into a limited copartnership for the purpose of prosecuting the claims of Southern loyalists, before the Commission now in session in Washington, D. C., and to secure pensions for the soldiers of the war of 1812, and their widows. One of the firm will attend in person, the session of the Committee, and we are thus enabled to promise the most careful attention to the business in our charge. We respectfully solicit CLAIMS and PETITIONS from all parties interested. The Fees will be divided with Attorneys who send us claims. Blanks, furnished on application. A deposit of $5 with application, is *required* to defray expenses. Address
SHAFFER & BUSBEE,
Raleigh, North Carolina.
F. H. BUSBEE,
Attorney at-Law, &c,
A. W. SHAFFER,
Attorney at-Law,
Register in Bankruptcy
and U. S. Commissioner.

FOUND AT HOME!
KLUTTZ'S CHILL CURE.
The one cheap, safe and permanent cure for
CHILLS, FEVER AND AGUE,
Liver Complaints, &c. Contains neither Quinine or Arsenic. Never fails. Only 50 cts. Try it, and be cured. Sold by all Druggists. THEO. F. KLUTTZ & CO., Proprietors, SALISBURY, N. C.

DR. WORTHINGTON'S FAMILY MEDICINE.—Extensively used for "*Bowel Affections*" for *twenty* years. Endorsed by the most eminent medical men of the country. Surg. Gen. Moore and Prof. Warren advised its use in the U. S. Army. We are now Proprietors of this medicine, prepare it by the *original* recipe, and offer it to the public in improved packages and good style. All druggists and general dealers keep it. Send for *testimonials*, and your orders to WADE, BOYKIN & CO., Baltimore.

$1 50. Corn! Corn! $1 50.
O'HARA'S POCKET GIANT CORN Sheller. Patented Nov. 23, 1869. Awarded First Premium at Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas State Fairs, 1870. Shells 6 bush. of corn per hour. Does not scatter. Weighs only 12 oz. Can be used in pulling corn. *Agents wanted in every county.* Can make $5 to $10 per day. Liberal discount to the trade. Sample by Express $1 50. Send for Circular and Price List. JOHN S. HINES, Manufacturer's Agent for North Carolina, Raleigh.

Fragrant Sapoliene
Cleans Kid Gloves and all kinds of Cloths and Clothing; removes Paint, Grease, Tar, &c., instantly, without the least injury to the finest fabrics. Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. FRAGRANT SAPOLIENE CO., 25 Barclay St., New York, 46 La Salle St., Chicago.

APPLE PARER, CORER AND SLICER. Price $2. Does all at once. Warranted satisfactory.
D. H. WHITTEMORE, Worcester, Mass.

Agents! Read This!
WE WILL PAY AGENT