THE SENTINEL.

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr., Editor.
T. B. KINGSBURY, Associate Editor.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1872.

THE NATION'S CANDIDATES.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI.

STATE ELECTORAL TICKET.

STATE AT LARGE.

THOMAS J. JARVIS, of Tyrrell.
R. W. FOE, Esq., of Johnston.

FOR THE DISTRICTS.

1st—OCTAVIUS COKE, of Chowan.
2d—SWIFT GALLOWAY, of Greene.
3d—T. C. FULLER, of Cumberland.
4th—H. A. LONG, Jr., of Chatham.
5th—D. T. CALWELL, of Guilford.
6th—W. L. STEELE, of Richmond.
7th—F. M. MCDOWELL, of Iredell
8th—T. D. JOHNSTON, of Buncombe

ANOTHER DODGE

"For ways that are dark and tricks that are vain" the "heathen" redeemed is surely very "peculiar." If an industrious person should attempt to follow the Grant "ring" up daily and either recount or expose their schemes and dodges and slanders and resultities generally he would not only have his hands full to running over, but he would be so overwhelmed with the amount of labor that would accumulate in spite of every exertion, that he would sit down in despair and abandon the pursuit forever. Day after day their plans are being discovered, but they multiply so fast that even a lightning express cannot keep up.

In this State during the late canvass we had all manner of dodges. Men indicted under the Kuklux bill were to have the indictments quashed; men who were indicted for illicit distilling were to have a *nol pros* entered against them; men who were indicted for violating the revenue tobacco law were to be met with smiles and favors instead of frowns and fines; men who had claims against the United States were to be specially blessed, but, mark you, all this was to only happen provided the parties concerned supported the radical ticket. We all know, how potential this sort of electioneering was—how many hundreds and thousands were intimidated from voting or sold out bag and baggage to the enemy.

There are other electioneering dodges in store for the South. Claim Commissioners are sent in every Southern State to make certain investigations as to the damages sustained by *loyal* Southern men during "the late unpleasantness." If they are true to Grant their claims will be regarded with favor; but if perchance they are supporters of Greeley or his friends, they may whistle for any indemnity. In our own State the tools of Grant visited different sections and whispered it into anxious ears that they would never get any pay unless Grant and his "ring" were retained in power, for the other side would ignore and repudiate the whole thing if they were elected.

And now, poor, deluded mortals, the election is over and when they get any pay they are earnestly urged to inform the public. You will find that your hope of gain will be soon dissipated into very thin air, and that the promise was only made to be broken.

The Northern papers now tell of another dodge—a "bran new" one just concocted by some rending genius fertile in expedients. It is this. It is intended for all the colored men who have been sailors, marines, or soldiers, who may have resided in the South in 1860, or who are now residing here. They are told by certain persons sent out that arrangements have been perfected by which all back pay, including bounty money, will be paid them. The disbursing officers are to be stationed at various points in the South to carry out this nice little plan. No doubt it will deceive many negroes, but after all, it can do no great damage as the great bulk of the negro voting population will go for Shoulder Straps any way, and turn their backs coldly upon their life-long friend, honest old Horace. With it we are not to have any more damaging engine than that moved against us we will not be much scared or much hurt. Not many days hence some other dodge will be planned and perhaps exposed.

DEATH OF REV. THOS. H. BOND, D. D.

It is with unaffected regret we have learned by telegraph of the death of this very able divine of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. He expired at his residence in Hartford county, Maryland, on 19th inst., in the 59th year of his age. The religious papers will do full justice to his manifold and splendid gifts. We must bear testimony, though, to his extraordinary talents. He was *par excellence* the most brilliant of all living American journalists. He was a man of varied and extensive erudition, a wit of the first-water, master of an eloquent style, wielding the keenest blade of all editors—sharp, sarcastic, incisive, overwhelming. He was a man of fortune and a most genial, lovable companion. He leaves no peer—his chair is vacant forever, there is no one who can fill it. At the time of his death he was the main editorial contributor to the mammoth St. Louis *Christian Advocate*.

The authorities of Westminster College have conferred the title of D. D. upon Revs. L. F. Cooke and G. B. Burr, of Abingdon, and Rev. W. R. Wills, of North Carolina. Those gentlemen are able and highly esteemed ministers in the Methodist Protestant Church, and will worthily wear their honors.

THE AUTHOR OF THE LETTERS OF JUNIUS.

SECOND PAPER.

These *Letters* have never been equalled by any writer, for no other writer has ever succeeded in uniting in so masterly a manner brilliancy of diction and nervous, limpid terse style with force and perspicacity of thought. Junius was the first great writer who, waging a war of extermination against his political adversaries, reported to those short, sharp, pungent sentences which are so terrible to foe, and of which, in our time, the illustrious Lord Macaulay was so perfect a master. The invective of the great Irish orator, Grattan, against Flood is more intense and animated than those of Junius, but it is far less deliberate, weighty and piercing. Lord Brougham's splendid denunciation of the Durham clergy is an unrivalled specimen of burning, brilliant objurgation—probably, all things considered, the most tremendous philippic in our language; but, after all, it is really less keen, less excoriating, less harrowing, less incisive than the polished, pellucid sentences of Junius, pregnant with hate and audacity. Among Americans the gifted John M. Daniel, formerly editor of the Richmond *Examiner*, have nearly approached Junius than any other, in brilliancy, force, and fecundity combined with great prejudices and unconquerable hate.

The lover of vigorous, clear, incisive English, will not neglect to study the *letters of Junius*. They will remain the best models to the student of fierce invective and muscular eloquence—of strong, vituperative sentiments conveyed in language of singular force, terseness, and intensity. In all our literature we have no such English—at once powerful, brilliant and rhetorical. We have writers of equal excellence—writers like Milton and Burke, and Bollingbroke and DeQuincey and Macaulay and Froude, but we have no writer who so combines "brilliancy and force" who writes in such caustic, energetic, sarcastic and yet elegant style. Burke, for instance, was a far greater thinker and writer; was master of a style infinitely more splendid and imaginative, and yet he could not write the dignified, fierce, nervous, elegant invective of Junius's letters to the Duke of Grafton, to the King, and to others that might be named.

Persons who read these attacks after the lapse of a century, wonder at their bitter temper and harsh though elegant language. But after all, these attacks were not as replete with unmitigated personal hatred and severe invective as the productions of other ages and times. In judicial records more corrosiveness and venom can be found. Even the vulgar abuse and unrestrained violence of Scroggs and Jeffries and the lawyers of their time, do not more than rival the angry diatribes of Lysias and Demosthenes. In fact the latter, as well as Cicero, was a wonderfully accomplished adept in the use of *harsh and vituperative rhetoric*, and so far excelled in this respect anything that Junius or Dean Swift has written, that these great masters of satire and denunciation might give up the contest in despair. There were peculiar causes that operated in the times of Demosthenes and Cicero, to produce articles of intense bitterness and vehemence. There were no daily newspapers and the chief medium of communication with the people was oral discussion. "Political satire spoke in the objective guise of scenic representation." Great latitude was given, therefore, to the tongue. In the time of Junius, as in Swift's day, the press began to exert a formidable power, and these two great writers used it as an engine of warfare that was terrible to behold. Every sentence of Junius is weighty with meaning. He does not throw away one word. They are all *winged*, and go with marvellous precision right to the mark.

In this connection, we can not well deny ourselves the satisfaction of extracting some remarks from a brief but excellent essay upon Junius, by Rev. Dr. Goodrich, Professor in Yale College. That judicious critic says:

"Nor is it for his *style* alone that Junius deserves to be studied. He shows great rhetorical skill in his mode of developing a subject. There is an arrangement of a given mass of thought, which serves to throw it upon the mind with the greatest possible effect."

"Each of these *Letters* was the result of severe and protracted labor. We should have known it, if he had not avowed the fact, for we see everywhere the marks of elaborate forecast and revision. * * * * Yet it is certain that by far the greater part of all this toil was bestowed, not upon the language, but on the *selection* and *arrangement* of the ideas. * * * * Composition, with him, was the creation of a system of thought, in which every thing is made subordinate to a just order and sequence of ideas. One thought grows out of another in regular succession. His reasonings often take the form of a syllogism, though usually with the omission of one of the terms; and we never find him betrayed into that careless diffusion of style so common with those who are ignorant of the principles of logic. In this respect, the writings of Junius will amply repay the closest study and analysis." He then advises the young orator to "enter completely into the scope and design of the author"—to "watch the under-current of his thoughts and feelings"—to "observe how perfectly every thing conspires to produce the desired impression—the statement of principles and the reference of facts, the shadings of thought and the colorings of imagery"—to "remark the dexterous preparation by which each of the several parts" of a passage "is so shaped that the leading thoughts come forward to the best advantage; clear in all their relations, standing boldly out, unencumbered by secondary ideas, and thus fitted to strike the mind with full and undivided force."

As a writer the art of Junius is beyond all praise. He not only knew how to express in the clearest language the logic of his thought, but what *to omit* is the way of unnecessary words. He almost attained perfect lucidity of expression and condensement. As has been remarked, he has given us the best specimens in our language of the "rich economy of thought." Dr. Goodrich in his able essay, enlarges upon a distinguishing characteristic of Junius, to which we can only allude—his power of *insinuating* ideas without giving them formal or direct expression. Voltaire and Lord Chatham greatly excelled in the same art.

One other remark as to his *style*. He relied, as has been seen, upon his ideas mainly, and yet he spared neither time nor labor in perfecting his language—in making it the most consummate vehicle for the exact reproduction of his thought. Hence, he relied upon the nouns and verbs, and not upon the adjectives, for as Dr. Goodrich well remarks, "the true strength of language" lies in them. He refers to a witty and just remark of Voltaire, that "the adjective is the greatest enemy of the substantive, though they agree together in gender, number, and case."

At some future day, possibly in a week or two days, we will resume the discussion.

THE MOST GIGANTIC SWINDLE OF ALL.

In another article we have referred to the dodges of the radicals; we must now refer to one of their swindles. A day or two ago we told you of the Chorpenning swindle, but that was mere child's play compared to the tremendous swindle just brought to light. Littlefield, Swepson & Co. were masters in their way. "Boss Tweed" and Company were adepts in the swindling art, but then their performances were nothing compared with the stupendous plunderings that have just been uncovered by the democratic resident committee at Washington. They have published an elaborate statement of the whole matter, giving the figures and statements in full. These are not manufactured for the occasion, but are "taken from official sources, and are therefore authentic in every particular."

And what do they reveal to the country? It staggers belief, so enormous are the figures. They show that the "Grant Ring has made way with ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY SIX MILLIONS in three years in the management of the bonded debt alone, and *is still continuing at that rate*."

The reader man be incredulous and ask how this was done? The answer is ready. The bloody-minded Boutwell, the Secretary of the Treasury, the same fellow who "orated" at Greensboro' just before our election, and prated about the great reduction of the public debt, and the great financial ability of the Grant administration (this self same Boutwell) has been pretending from time to time that he was doing marvelous things in reducing the great war debt of the nation. It now turns out that the records of this very Boutwell "show a discrepancy or use of $156,000,000 in the pretence of paying off the debt more than he has reduced that debt." These records show very clearly the most unparalleled fraud is that ever confounded a country; they show that the Federal Treasury has been systematically plundered for years; that there have been false statements published, fabricated out of the whole cloth; that the public accounts have been changed and mutilated to conceal the plundering of the public treasury; that whilst Boutwell was lying by wholesale pretending that the public debt was being rapidly and marvelously reduced, *it was not reduced at all*, but that $156,000,000 were squandered, stolen, divided, made way with.

Now who got this immense sum? Who were the freebooters who divided the prodigious spoils? How much did Grant get? How much did Boutwell get? How much did the remainder of the Cabinet get? How much did Simon Cameron get, who offers one million of dollars to the radical party for electioneering purposes in Pennsylvania?

Van Buren had a servant or two—Swartwout we believe by name, and it may be one or two others, who stole a million or so of the public money, and the country rose up as one man and hurled him and his party from office. But Grant and his accursed crew of thieves and informers may steal hundreds of millions and yet Southern men will prefer Grant to Greeley whose name is synonymous with honesty, integrity, capability. O, for some "armed and resolved hand" to "print wounding lashes in their ribs." O, that Heaven would "send quickly down" some "visible spirits" "to tame these vile offences."

BOUTWELL'S FINANCIAL POLICY.

AN IMPORTANT FINANCIAL PAMPHLET PROMISED.

The National Democratic Resident Committee in Washington have in press a very important pamphlet reviewing Mr. Boutwell's management of the finances, disclosing facts that will startle the country and expose the false pretenses put forth by the Grantites in regard to the reduction of the debt. The pamphlet shows from the records of the department that the pretended debt reduction is false in fact, and that in order to mislead the people, the public accounts have been mutilated and false items of expenditure manufactored, to account for the waste of public money. It will demonstrate the incapacity of the head of the department, by showing the utter confusion of the public accounts and his contradictory statements as to the condition of the Treasury and the public debt; that there has been a double issue of the United States bonds, which is proved by the fact that duplicate coupons have been paid, and that more than $3,000,000 of interest was paid last year in excess of the amount which accrued on the whole debt shown to be outstanding. All the statements and figures of the pamphlet are taken from the finance reports and public debt statements of Secretary Boutwell, giving the volume, page, and date in each instance, so that writers and speakers can readily refer to them and demonstrate the truthfulness of the facts stated. The pamphlet has been carefully prepared, and is strictly accurate in detail, and promises to lay the foundation for an investigation of the management of the Ex. Congress.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

HON. R. C. WINTHROP.

Mr. Winthrop has character. He is a man of ability, and, of the Massachusetts cut, a rhetorician. His logic gets badly out of gear sometimes. His recent letter announcing his purpose to support Grant is neither creditable to his patriotism, his humanity, his wisdom, nor his reason. To prefer Grant in his efforts to break down all Constitutional barriers and to topple in ruins the magnificent temple of Civil Liberty reared by our forefathers, in preference to Greeley and the Cincinnati platform, is *not* patriotic. To prefer Grant with his cruel, vengeful record towards the South, is not humane. To prefer the man of the Bayonet to the man of the Pen is not wise, for

"Beneath the rule of men entirely great
The Pen is mightier than the sword."

To prefer Grant for his reason he offers shows that either the logical region of the brain is not well developed, or that "Homer nods."

"I certainly cannot support Mr. Greeley and the coalition," quoth Mr. Winthrop. We ask, "what coalition?" Of course he refers to the uniting of the Democrats and Liberals upon the common platform of Peace, Reconciliation and Justice.

"I would most willingly have seen the reins in the hands of a ripe and experienced statesman like Mr. Adams." Pray what monarch this Massachusetts politician? He would gladly have seen Mr. Adams nominated by the very "coalition" he just reprobated, but he cannot stand the "coalition" if Mr. Greeley is their candidate. Fie Mr. Winthrop. Can you not "scare up" better sense than that? Why, a twelve year old school boy would laugh at such stupid stuff as that. The "coalition" would have been all right if "such an experienced and ripe statesman as Mr. Adams" had been chosen by them; but it is all wrong as they chose Mr. Greeley. What supreme nonsense!

Is Mr. Winthrop truthful? We all know he is *not* a fool. Greeley, he avers, is "*far less competent*" than Grant. Upon which horn must he rest? Is he untruthful or is he "daft?"

The man who really believes that Useless Simple, a low-bred, badly educated imbecile is "far more competent" to govern this country than the ablest living editor and one of the profoundest intellects of the age, is not fit to be outside of an asylum for the insane. The man who hesitates not to make such an assertion and is not half witted or crazy, is too unscrupulous and untruthful to have influence with any rational being who has seven grains of honesty.

From all Massachusetts politicians of whatever school, reverently do we say, "Good Lord deliver us."

For the Sentinel.

LETTER FROM REDDITT.

Messrs. Editors:—I notice in the columns of the "Carolina Era," of the 17th inst., a statement purporting to be a special dispatch to the New York *Times* headed, "The reign of terror of the liberal Kuklux, &c," which contains such a monstrous tissue of baseless falsehoods and slanders upon this community, and particular individuals, that no paper in this section, where there are several published, could be induced to publish it, and even the *Era*, notwithstanding its known appetite for any falsehood that might injure the State or its citizens in the estimation of northern men, did not have the audacity to produce this monstrous tissue of falsehoods until it had travelled through the digestive of a foreign slanderous sheet.

The first statement is that a mob from the peaceful and religious little village of Olin, in Iredell county, N. C., assembled at a church where T. N. Cooper, the defeated Radical candidate for the Senate was, "For the avowed purpose of killing him, &c," &c." The only foundation for this story is that the said Mr. Cooper himself on the day of election, assaulted and beat a Mr. Pendleton, a political opponent, in a manner that I will not speak of, because the case has to undergo judicial investigation.

The second statement is that E. H. Drake, editor of the Statesville *American* who has lately joined the republicans, was attacked near his office, by a band of ruffians headed by the writer of this article, and cruelly beaten on the streets. The foundation for this is, that there was a private quarrel between Mr. Drake and G. C. Anderson, a citizen of Statesville, having no relation to politics, and Mr. Drake having alluded to the quarrel in our paper, and called Mr. Anderson hard names. He and Mr. A. met on the streets and a fight ensued between them in which Mr. Drake got worsted. I was not present at the fight; did not come up until it was over, and had no part in it either by word or deed, nor did any one else except Mr. Drake and Mr. Anderson, who were settling a private quarrel in their own way, except that by standers pulled them apart. Mr. Drake publishes a paper himself, and two issues of his paper have come out since the affair. Yet, so well does he know that all I have said is true that he has never alluded to the fight in his paper. If he has been mobbed why does he not complain? These are several other instances given in the article in the *Era* which I am informed by respectable parties from the vicinity of their alleged occurrence are as basely false and slanderous as those I have exposed above. They were all invented for the Northern market to horrify people there with dreadful stories of kuklux outrages that never happened, and produce political effect there. The *Era* did wrong to copy them, so that people at home who know these falsehoods could see them. It makes the most unveracious of the Radicals here blush to read such unfounded slanders on peaceful, law-abiding and religious communities; and if the New York *Times* will give me the name of the man that sent this telegram I will convince even the *Times* that it has been imposed upon by the most unscrupulous liar that ever slandered his neighbors and fellow citizens in the dark. Will the *Times* publish the name of this correspondent and see if he can prove a single charge that he has made. I challenge the publication of the author's name. H.

BROWN'S POND PLACE, VA., August 15th, 1872.

MY DEAR SIR:—I was at Townsville Township on the day of election, a good many colored voters from Virginia had registered, how many voted I do not know. There were 40 or 50 white voters in this Township and Sassafras Fork that did not turn out to the election. The whites seem to be careless and indifferent. Please write me if a candidate can hold the polls for his own election and can one assist him to do so who resides in Virginia. Write me at Clarksville, Va.

Truly your friend,
W. H.

Two famous women are at present in London. Mme. Darlotta Grisi, and Mme. Taglioni. Both took part in a ballet which many years ago took London by storm known as the Pas de Quatre.

VOTE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

COUNTIES	Lt. Gov. 1870 Shipp	Lt. Gov. 1870 Phillips	Gov. 1872 Merrimon	Gov. 1872 Caldwell
Alamance	788	1043	1270	1015
Alexander	501	287	845	280
Alleghany	277	158	339	184
Anson	1097	986	1191	1019
Ashe	791	698	755	761
Beaufort	1665	1360	1232	1365
Bertie	867	1391	944	1514
Bladen	1115	1325	1705	1445
Brunswick	739	719	771	1019
Buncombe	1439	981	1538	1114
Burke	803	693	853	695
Cabarrus	1002	954	1161	811
Caldwell	698	351	819	327
Camden	625	526	562	504
Carteret	881	821	109	739
Caswell	638	251	1415	1456
Catawba	1040	949	1301	95
Chatham	1891	1184	1746	1083
Cherokee	52	304	489	433
Chowan	693	693	570	542
Clay	218	171	252	148
Cleveland	1232	344	1085	547
Columbus	357	480	101	661
Craven	1569	2764	1146	2088
Cumberland	1741	1671	1890	1893
Currituck	846	357	0.00	0.00
Dare	205	166	253	270
Davidson	1216	1150	1384	1546
Davie	762	685	820	662
Duplin	1561	992	1154	1085
Edgecombe	779	2673	1414	3432
Forsyth	994	1014	1693	1115
Franklin	1379	1457	1439	1520
Gaston	958	696	937	698
Gates	744	360	734	505
Graham	0000	0000	0000	0000
Granville	2008	2268	1576	2255
Greene	794	1008	783	944
Guilford	1766	1712	1849	1831
Halifax	1347	3230	1672	3640
Harnett	849	561	778	666
Haywood	723	491	479	490
Henderson	402	555	509	716
Hertford	397	973	0.00	0000
Hyde	754	629	816	610
Iredell	1265	494	1798	594
Jackson	587	226	854	160
Johnston	1768	1302	1481	1374
Jones	519	559	559	625
Lenoir	911	1224	944	1270
Lincoln	827	510	803	706
Macon	530	346	655	130
Madison	510	469	623	641
Martin	1116	1107	1035	1048
McDowell	509	551	706	519
Mecklenburg	2161	1936	2511	2261
Mitchell	280	471	195	628
Montgomery	481	545	475	653
Moore	1113	791	1655	881
Nash	980	788	1536	1284
New Hanover	2027	2014	2261	2614
Northampton	959	1893	1095	1990
Onslow	788	366	89	492
Orange	1708	991	1945	1321
Pasquotank	837	990	657	1055
Perquimans	656	795	614	940
Pamlico (new county)			446	358
Person	1093	765	1101	819
Pitt	1752	1754	1782	1775
Polk	189	399	224	34
Randolph	1280	124	1304	1369
Richmond	536	1162	1010	1309
Robeson	1785	2623	1631	1583
Rockingham	1590	1143	1655	1301
Rowan	1449	973	1656	1118
Rutherford	896	1154	727	1013
Sampson	1593	945	1697	1434
Stanley	598	452	646	996
Stokes	989	540	904	830
Surry	1001	588	989	838
Swain	000	0000	53	29
Transylvania	357	149	379	164
Tyrrell	428	326	304	341
Union	788	634	1025	631
Wake	3172	3504	3259	3841
Warren	873	2586	1107	2380
Washington	561	798	49	917
Watauga	50	308	455	355
Wayne	1784	1785	1700	1949
Wilkes	923	911	1034	1294
Wilson	1191	948	1319	1152
Yadkin	879	511	758	866
Yancey	699	249	848	682
Total	80020	84604		

For the Sentinel.

PITTSBORO' Aug. 17, 1872.

Editors of the Sentinel:

I observe that much censure is given to the county of Chatham for what is called its bad vote in the late election. I would we could have done better, as it is I know you will believe some of us at least did our best.

The fault is not in Chatham alone, but a want of unanimity, organization, harmony and all the elements which go to make up success. See what Orange and Wake have done to weaken and distract the party. Orange has for yrs sustained the Hillsboro' *Recorder* in assailing Gen. Leach and in advocating the claims of Major Smith over those of Hon. Sion H. Rogers

If that paper has been of *service* to any it was to the republican party. Its editor was local editor to the *Carolinian*.

The *Recorder* after advocating the election of Major Smith, now pretends that the failure in the late campaign was from running Judge Merrimon as a Liberal Republican or Greeley Republican, when he was not one. No man in the State, not even the man who made it, believes it to be true, yet the papers out of the State have copied the editorial from the *Recorder* asserting this as a fact. Wake county has sustained three papers in the last two years which would injure any party.

I mean the *Telegram*, *Era* and *Carolinian*. These papers if not by subscribing to, were encouraged by the citizens of Raleigh as advertising agencies. It is true the *Telegram* was said to be edited by democrats, yet it was just as true it was a paper in the interest of the republican party. I am induced to write this letter from what I see in the Hillsboro' *Recorder*, several copies of which have been sent me by a friend. I observe in them flings at Judge Merrimon and our townsman, John London. What has Mr. London done to incur the displeasure of Mr. Evans of the Hillsboro' *Recorder*. Nothing more we venture than Gen. Leach. If the democrats of Orange and Wake had never encouraged such papers as the *Telegram*, *Carolinian* and *Recorder*, I am of the opinion that the vote of Chatham and the district might have been better.

Chatham has been assailed for her late vote, and I shall not attempt to defend her, I am in the humor however for showing that Wake and Orange are the counties that should come in for a just share of censure in encouraging and supporting radical candidates and papers, which do not hesitate to assail democratic men and measures. Yours,

CHATHAM.

For the Sentinel.

You must know that preparations are now being made to enlist certain democrats, so-called, into the Presidential campaign. One as an editor and one or two to stump the State against Greeley. It may not be treason for a democrat to refuse to vote for Greeley, but when men are paid in money to canvass against Greeley, they should be marked as traitors and put down as radicals.

B.

BRUTAL OUTRAGE AND ATTEMPTED HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—About 11 o'clock on Thursday night last, on Market Street, near the corner of Seventh, a white man by the name of Thomas Thompson was assaulted and brutally beaten by a party of colored men. Dr. J. E. Winants, in front of whose house the outrage was committed, was seated on his piazza at the time. He heard the voices of Thompson and the colored men (who numbered some four or five) in altercation, when blows were struck and Thompson cried out in terror for help. Dr. Winant at once rushed out and found Thompson lying upon the ground, apparently in considerable pain. The doctor kindly took him into the piazza of his residence and found that the man was badly cut and bruised about the eye and face. When Dr. Winants rushed out, the party of colored men took flight; but Dr. W. had previously recognized by the peculiar speech of Thompson's immediate assailant, a fellow by the name of John Mosely, more generally known as stuttering John.—*Wil. Journal.*

TOBACCO.

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jly 25-tf G. T. STRONACH.

FOR SALE.

HANDSOME FURNITURE,

Bureaus, Wheat Nots, Mattresses, Blankets, Sheets, Marseilla Quilts, Toilet Matts, Towels, &c., &c.,

and a

Very handsome Dinner and Tea Sett, China Plates, Tea and Dessert Spoons,

Also

1 good Milch Cow and 1 Mule.
jly 25-tf. W. H. JONES & CO.

FOR SALE.

6 dozen Flower Jars,
jly 25-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

FOR SALE.

50 bales good Hay.
jly 25-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

FOR SALE.

100 Sacks good White Meal, and No. 1, N. C. Hams.
jly 25-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

FINEST RYE WHISKEY.

Bowens Rye 1868, just received. Come quick or it will be gone.

jly 5-tf G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

OUR BOOTS AND SHOES GIVE BETTER satisfaction than any others.

apr 13-tf C. D. HEARTT & CO.

SUGARS! SUGARS!!

50 hds. all grades just received.
jly 25-tf G. T. STRONACH.

COFFEE! COFFEE!!

2,500 lbs. Rio, Laguira and Java.
jly 25-tf G. T. STRONACH

North Carolina Land Company,

ESTABLISHED FOR THE

Transportation and Location

OF

NORTHERN CANADIAN AND EUROPEAN SETTLERS,

IN

NORTH CAROLINA.

OFFICE

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company has been in successful operation for nearly two years, and will continue to Buy, Sell, Lease or Rent Real Estate, upon commission, or otherwise, on the most favorable terms.

Parties having Lands to sell will find it to their interest to call at our office, or correspond with us, as our facilities for selling are increasing every day.

Large tracts divided into smaller are there by rendered saleable.

The President and Directors of the company are well known and parties entrusting business in their hands, have the best assurance that they will be fairly represented.

Loans upon mortgage of real estate are negotiated by the Company, in behalf of English capitalists. Applications are invited, stating description and location of property, value, amount wanted, and other essential particulars.

For sale—Pre-paid tickets from any part of Europe by the *Allan Line* of steamers from Liverpool to Norfolk, Virginia.

Address all communications to "The North Carolina Land Co., or to Wm. Scott, Secretary.

GEO. LITTLE, Pres.
WM. SCOTT, Sec'y.

DIRECTORS:

Col. Geo. Little, Gen. R. F. Hoke, Hon. R. W. Best, Dr. J. E. Smith, Hon. T. L. Clingman, Wm. Scott, Esq.

jly 1-dawtf

IF YOU WANT THE NICEST HAT FOR the least money, come to

apr 13-tf C. D. HEARTT & CO.

NOTICE.

All parties who are indebted to us will please come forward and settle their accounts on or before the 1st day of June as we shall make a change in our business on that date.

may 24 tf W. C. STRONACH & Co.

CLOSING OUT SALES.

In order to repaint, whitewash and repair our Store generally, we will Sell our Entire Summer

Low Prices Prevail.

Dress Goods,

AT

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & Co.

July 10-tf

TRINITY COLLEGE,

The Fall Term will commence August 14th and close Dec. 20th, 1872.

Special inducements are offered during the coming year.

Send for Catalogue. R. CRAVEN.

jly 18-7t*

MOLASSES.

50 bbls. good,
jly 25-tf G. T. STRONACH.

FOR SALE.

Buggy Harness, very cheap.
jly 25-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

300 DOZ. FRESH EGGS.

50 Fat Fowls,

100 Bus. Sweet Potatoes,

50 " Irish do

may 9-tf W. G. STRONACH & Co.

SOUTHERN HOME SCHOOL

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

ESTABLISHED, 1842.

Nos. 197 and 199 N. Charles Street,

Baltimore, Md.

MR. & MRS. WILSON M. CARY,
MRS. GEN. JOHN PEGRAM,
Principals.

French is the Language of the School.

aug 5-3moeds&w

FODDER, OATS AND HAY,

A small supply just received.
jly 25-tf JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

ABSENT.

Dr. Turner, dentist, will be absent from his office from this city for three weeks.

aug 3, 1872, tf

JOB WORK,

THE SENTINEL JOB OFFICE

IS VERY COMPLETE.

We are prepared to execute in

Good Style,

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING,

OUR CHARGES ARE VERY MODERATE.

We hope our friends will send in

THEIR ORDERS

Which will be promptly attended to.

may 25-tf

RALEIGH FEMALE INSTITUTE.

REV. DR. AND MRS. LACY, Principals,

Assisted by a corps of experienced teachers.

The Fall Session will be opened on the 25th July, and continue twenty weeks.

For Circular containing particulars, apply to the Principal

june 27-3m*

WANTED, AGENTS—$100 TO $250 PER month—everywhere, Male and Female, to introduce the genuine improved MARSHALL SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, felt, tuck, bind, braid, cord quilt, and embroider in a most superior manner. Price, only $15, fully licensed and warranted for five years. We will pay $1000 for any machine, high price or low, that will sew a stronger, more beautiful or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the ELASTIC LOCK STITCH. Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents $100 to $200 per month, and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. For circulars and terms, apply to or address,

S. MARSHALL & CO,
No. 102 NASSAU STREET,
New York.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties traveling through the country palming off worthless cast iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really cheap machine manufactured.

S. M. & Co.

ap 17-3m

NASHVILLE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

NASHVILLE TENNESSEE

Ratio of Assets to Liabilities:

270 to 100.

NO RESTRICTION ON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE.

DEATH LOSSES PAID IN THIRTY DAYS.

POLICIES NON-FORFEITING.

A SOUTHERN COMPANY

COMBINING

SECURITY,
INTEGRITY,
ECONOMY

DR. C. TATE MURPHY,
GENERAL STATE AGENT,
Raleigh, N. C.

CAPTAIN THOS. BAILEY,
State Secretary.

June 24-1m

BERNARD TODD, ED. SCHENCK, J. A. GANT, of Petersburg, Va. of Baltimore, of Baltimore, late Dean, Todd & Co. special Part'r

TODD, SCHENCK & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

FOR THE SALE AND PURCHASE OF

TOBACCO, COTTON, GRAIN, FLOUR, PRODUCE,

And Merchandise of every description,

40 W. LOMBARD ST., BELOW EXCHANGE PLACE

BALTIMORE.

REFERENCES:

J. G. Williams, President State National Bank, Raleigh, N. C.
S. S. Martin & Co., Petersburg, Va.
Meriwine & Co., "
Wm. Fisher & Sons, Baltimore, Md.
J. W. Guest, Cashier Citizens' National Bank of Baltimore.
J. Sloan, Jr., Cashier Farmers and Merchants' National Bank, Baltimore.
W. J. Faircloth, Goldsboro, N. C.
A. J. Galloway, "
feb 10-d6m

OXFORD FEMALE ACADEMY.

OXFORD, N. C.

Miss M. E. MITCHELL, - - Principal.
Mrs. R. N. GRAHAM, Associate "
Mrs. W. H. MONROW, Teacher of Music.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the 20th of July.

Circulars with terms for board, tuition, &c., will be furnished on application.

REFERENCES:—All friends and pupils of the late Prof. E. Mitchell, of the University of North Carolina.

june 7-tf&w2m

PIANO FORTES.

JAMES PIRSSON & SON respectfully inform the public, that they have just received a new stock of those superior Piano Fortes of the GREAT UNION COMPANY OF NEW YORK, to which they invite attention. The immense resources of this company in the shape of capital, machinery and other facilities, enable them to put their Pianos at a much lower rate than any other first class establishment, and persons about to purchase will find it much to their advantage to call and examine these Pianos before purchasing elsewhere.

Send for circular to

JAMES PIRSSON & SON,
Cor. Hargett and Salisbury streets,
may 8-tf Raleigh, N. C.

WM. P. GRAVES, THOS. R. MCBRAYER,
WM. F. LEWIS.

Graves Warehouse,

DANVILLE, VA.

FOR THE SALE OF LEAF TOBACCO

WE have just put an addition to our Warehouse, making it the largest and best arranged house for the business in the town. With 19 large doors and 19 sky-lights. Wagons hitched up in the Warehouse at night. Big stalls for horses. Good rooms for Farmers to lodge and sleep in. Prompt attention and the interest and comfort of Farmers and their horses.

feb 1-6tf

GREEN PICKLES IN GLASS AND kegs for retailing purposes.

may 9-tf W. G. STRONACH & Co.

OFFICE OF THE PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 175 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

STEPHEN CROWELL, President.
CHAUNCEY SHERER, Vice President.
PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.
WM. H. CROWELL, Marine secretary.

Douglas Bell, Agent Phenix Ins. Co.,

DEAR SIR:—We are happy to inform you that the Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn will pay ALL her losses in the Chicago fire out of her NET SURPLUS, over all assets, leaving her sound and ready for business.

Our condition on October 1st, 1871, is as follows:

Cash capital,	$1,000,000.00
Gross surplus,	870,754.45
	$1,870,754.45
Loss, etc., adjusted but not due, Oct. 1st, 1871,	$96,739.45
	$1,773,015.00
Chicago losses will not exceed, in anyevent,	$500,000.00
And we are firmly of the opinion that the loss will not exceed	$300,000.00

The Phenix Insurance Company, of Brooklyn, is to-day sound and solvent, and can pay all the losses at Chicago out of its net surplus. A corps of Adjusters have been dispatched to the scene of disaster with instructions to settle all losses and pay the same in CASH.

We congratulate our patrons and ourselves on our good fortune.

STEPHEN CROWELL