

THE DANGER OF MONOPOLIES.

Some days ago we called attention to the rapidly growing evil of monopolies, and especially to the fact that great capitalists are getting control of the railroad corporations of our own State...

Let us give a practical illustration of how this may be easily done. Take the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company. Suppose the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company, as it is called, shall buy a ruling amount of the stock of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company...

Do the people and the Legislature see the danger? If they do, will they not take warning before it is too late, if it is not already too late!

We are not opposed to corporations or capital; but we want the people to rule it, and don't want it to rule the people! Our suggestion is, that the Legislature shall impose such restraints upon monopolies and corporations that give rise to them...

FREE FIGHT. When a few of the prominent men of the Democratic party made war upon us, by calling us a Kuklux, a murderer and an old Whig, we declined the issue. They did not hesitate to say that the Democrats must out loose from the old Whigs to get clear of the odium attached to Kukluxing...

The Vance and Merrimon men have leagued and must have a free fight through the papers. Better now than on the eve of election. The old whigs and the few democrats who conspired with Sweeney's ring to buy or break down the SENTINEL must have a free fight.

As it is thought "indecisive" by some democrats for us to say anything, we propose to leave the matter mostly for our friends to discuss. The breach is among the leaders and not the people. Nor do we fear to discuss it. We submit an article from the Salisbury Watchman.

The Public Printing has been given by the General Assembly to the Raleigh News. The arrangement is indignant at this, and says "Ingratitude." The News peculiarly responds: "Let us have peace! Harmony is the thing, Mr. Serravallo. There is a noble which fits this case to a dot." Though the News is entirely worthy this special mark of the State's favor, we think it would have been perhaps more in accordance with "the eternal fitness of things" if the SENTINEL had received this reward for past services to the Conservative party.

We have not a word to say against the proprietors of the News; they are gentlemen and have done good service for the party, and they are especially worthy of this honor. But Mr. Turner, by all odds,

It was entitled to the refusal of this work. It should have been given to him on account of his past untiring services to the Conservative party, for nothing else. No man in the State had labored more earnestly and at a greater sacrifice than he; yet he has been stabbed in the house of his friends—by men who are indebted to him and a few other brave spirits for the success of the Conservative party which had elevated them to their present position.

It seems that those who labor hardest and do most for the party are to be kept out of position, held back, ignored, and denied favors. But this game had as well play out first as last, for it must play out. A few so-called leaders cannot longer manipulate things to suit themselves in defiance of the people. This act of the Legislature will not be approved by them.

They know that Mr. Turner has done good service; and they will be indignant when they learn that while he has been doing the public printing at a very low figure the price has been increased 33 per cent. and the work given to another—all through mere spite or thoughtlessness, we hardly know which. It is charged that Mr. Turner did not advocate the claims of Governor Vance to a seat in the U. S. Senate. Mr. Turner had a right to advocate his claims or not as he chose.

We take it for granted that Mr. Turner was for good reasons, opposed to the election of Gov. Vance. If this is true, we think he showed much forbearance in keeping quiet and not openly opposing him. But suppose he had come out and strenuously advocated the claims of Mr. Vance, would not those legislative dignitaries have regarded it as dictatorial in Mr. Turner? What right had he to advise this Assembly of wisdom, all of whom can read and write, no doubt, and have graduated in political economy and statecraft? It would be presumption in any member to undertake to advise such a body.

But let us admit that the grounds of opposition to Mr. Turner were well taken, would it not have been more prudent and charitable in a grave legislative body to have overlooked his short-comings—his failure to advocate Gov. Vance's claims—rather than hazard the safety of the party. The gentlemen who opposed Mr. Turner's claims to the public printing have no right to complain of the action of both factions has the same tendency and will accomplish the same result, if persisted in, namely: the disintegration and destruction of the party. The Merrimon faction were reckless as to consequences and really seemed to desire the ruin of the party; the News men, or those who favored taking it to printing from Mr. Turner, are no less excusably so far as we can see.

Now, what will the people think of these unharmonious actions of their Conservative members? Will they not hold all equally guilty as a legislative body? Assuredly they will. If the mutterings we have heard mean anything, we can tell that body that it has sown the seed of disintegration; and that each and every member will be held to a strict accountability. If the present Conservative organization, the Legislature will be held responsible, and whether it perish or not, the political domination of a large majority of its members has already been assured.

NORTH CAROLINA AND VIRGINIA TROOPS—LETTER FROM GEN. EARLY. LYNCHBURG, VA., Dec. 24, 1872. Editor of the Daily Sentinel, Raleigh, N. C.: My attention has been called to a letter from General Rufus Barringer, copied into your paper of the 21st instant from the Charlotte Observer, which requires some notice from me, inasmuch as he has said that I have "fallen into several palpable errors touching the North Carolina Cavalry."

In my letter of the 6th instant, I am supposing there is a controversy between General Hood and myself in regard to the subject matter of my letter. Gen. Hood having stated his belief that North Carolina had more troops on the soil of Virginia, during the late war, than the latter State had on her own soil, I have stated facts coming within my own knowledge, and from the records, to show that he is mistaken in his opinion; and I shall be very much surprised if any controversy shall arise between us as to those facts.

I believe that no other general officer of the Confederate Army, of my rank, in any quarter, commanded as many North Carolinians as I did, and an examination of the official reports will show that I have done full justice to them, having as I believe, spoken in commendation of them oftener than any other general officer. When promoted to the command of a corps, I selected a gallant North Carolinian to succeed me in the command of my division. My letter was written to vindicate historic truth, and not to depreciate North Carolina troops or the North Carolina people, as I think is very apparent from its whole tenor. All the Virginia troops, except one regiment, I believe, (the 94th Infantry) fought on Virginia soil at some time or other, while there were many North Carolina troops that were not in Virginia at all. To maintain, therefore, that the former State did not have more troops in Virginia than that State had on her own soil, cannot possibly do any injustice to North Carolina, and I am surprised that any one should conceive that injustice was done or intended by my letter.

I am aware that I overlooked two regiments of Virginia infantry that were in the battles around Richmond, which were then brigaded with troops from other States, and if I have made any oversight in regard to the North Carolina troops, I am willing to be corrected.

General Barringer points out as one of my "palpable errors," the statement that there were only five companies of North Carolina Cavalry at the battles around Richmond in 1862, and he says that he knows of his own knowledge, that the whole of the 1st North Carolina Cavalry—consisting of ten companies—was present and actively engaged at those battles; and that the regiment "concentrated to the rear of McPherson's lines on the 30th of June, and, under the lead of Colonel L. S. Baker, made the dashing charge at Williams' Church."

Fifth Virginia Cavalry, Colonel T. L. Roster. Ninth Virginia Cavalry, Colonel W. H. F. Lee. Tenth Virginia Cavalry, Colonel J. Lucius Davis. Cobb's Legion, Cavalry, Colonel T. R. R. Cobb. Jeff Davis Legion, Lieut. Col. Wm. T. Martin. Stuart horse artillery, Captain John Pelham. A squadron of Hampton Cavalry, Captain Serravallo (attached to fifth Virginia).

After that time the 2nd Virginia Cavalry arrived from the Valley with General Jackson's troops. On page 417 of the same volume of reports, is a report from the Headquarters of the 1st North Carolina Cavalry, with the name "T. S. Bower, Lieut. Colonel" appended to it, as it is printed, but I presume it was a misprint for L. S. Baker, as the report of General Stuart refers to it as the report of that officer, and Colonel Goode, mentioned in the report, says in his report on the next page, that he went in the expedition therein described under the command of Colonel L. S. Baker. Here is an extract from the report: Headquarters 1st N. C. Cavalry, Hanover Court House, Va., July 27, 1862. Captain Fitzhugh, Assistant Adjutant General:—Sir: I have the honor to report that I arrived with five companies of my regiment, on the morning of the 28th of June, on a forced march from North Carolina, where I had been on duty.

I was directed by Gen. Lee to assume command of all the cavalry that was not with General Stuart. On the night of 29th I was directed by General Lee to make a bold, daring scout, and find out where the enemy was. Accordingly I proceeded, with five companies of my regiment, viz: Captains Ruffin, Johnston, Barringer, McLeod and Lieut. Blair's, and the effective force of Colonel Goode's, (one hundred and fifty or two hundred) down the New Market and Clarksville roads. It was rumored that there was a camp of the enemy near Willis' Church on the Quaker road; but not being able to obtain any reliable information of their movements, I determined to drive back their cavalry force, which was covering their movements, and proceeded to the Quaker road, and, on coming up to the enemy charged them, killing several with sabres, and driving them to their main camp. None were killed not accurately ascertained, as I was compelled afterwards to retreat from their camp, which I found to be their main army, or a division covering its movement."

He further reports the wounding and subsequent death of Major Crumpler, and the loss of over fifty officers and men killed, wounded and captured. He brings his operations to the Wednesday after the battle of Millers Hill, and does not mention the other five companies of the regiment. The Captain Barringer mentioned as commanding one of the five North Carolina companies that went on the expedition, is, I presume, Gen. Barringer, and I submit to him the question: who has committed the "palpable error" in this respect, he or myself, and whether his memory is not at fault?

This is really the only material conflict between us, and the other issues raised by him result mainly from a misconception of the real meaning of my language. My statement about the first two regiments of North Carolina cavalry attached to the Army of Northern Virginia was couched in the language used in my letter, because I did not, and do not now know whether the second regiment arrived before or after the battle of Fredericksburg. Gen. Barringer has not quoted that language accurately, and he has not stated at what time the second regiment arrived. I knew that the first belonged to Hampton's brigade, which was formed after the battles around Richmond, and I knew that the second was attached to the brigade of Gen. Wm. H. F. Lee; but that brigade was not formed until after the return from the Maryland campaign, though at what precise time I do not know. I find no mention of the second North Carolina cavalry until just before the battle of Gettysburg, and I have stated that the North Carolina cavalry regiments were with the army at that battle. Where is the error?

I know that the two North Carolina regiments of cavalry that arrived after the movement into Pennsylvania began, came under the command of Gen. B. H. Robertson, and having before stated that two regiments were already with the army, I did not deem it necessary to say that these were additional regiments, as that was a matter of necessary inference. Those regiments, with Jones' Virginia Brigade of cavalry, were left in Virginia guarding the passes of the Blue Ridge, when the rest of the army moved into Pennsylvania. I had not supposed that they were at Gettysburg, though I knew they had crossed the Potomac and were with the army on its withdrawal. I did not have General Lee's report with me when my letter was written, but on referring to it I find that Robertson's and Jones' brigades were sent for, when it was ascertained that the North Carolina regiments, which information reached Gen. Lee on the night of the 28th of June. It appears that the two brigades did reach the vicinity of the battle field about the close of the battle, but they were not engaged then. If my statement was an error, it was a very immaterial one, and does not affect the question as to the relative proportion of the troops from the two States, for Jones' Virginia brigade went with Robertson's, and Imboden's Virginia brigade arrived at the same time, making the disproportion of cavalry from the two States greater than it had been up to that time. The fighting, north of the Potomac, was done by the two regiments with Robertson did, was after we left Gettysburg, and I think was in Maryland.

General Barringer does not correctly quote my language about the campaign of 1864. I said that "in the campaign of 1864, from the Rapidan to Cold Harbor, there were four Virginia brigades of cavalry and one North Carolina brigade of the same arm with the army, and this was strictly true—my statement being confined to that part of the campaign, because I was detached from Cold Harbor, and had no personal knowledge of the troops that were united with the army after that time. I know and have said that some North Carolina troops had been opposed to Butler, but these and any others that may have been subsequently brought into the State were counterbalanced by the other Virginia troops which did not properly constitute a part of the army of Northern Virginia. Daring's brigade was formed after the army had reached the Southside of James River, and sometime after the close of the campaign from the Rapidan, some of the North Carolina infantry was subsequently sent to Wilmington, and I believe a portion of the North Carolina Cavalry was sent South under Hampton. I know that after General Lee had sent the Roster's brigade of cavalry to the Valley, Lee's brigade of cavalry had already with me, he wrote me that I had nearly all his cavalry with me.

As to the North Carolina company alleged to be with the 10th Virginia, it has very little bearing on the main question, and how was I to discover that a company had belonged to that regiment? I don't think my failure to mention that fact amounted to any "palpable error." As to the last error alleged against me, I don't understand whether General Barringer intends to assign it as one or not. He states that the North Carolina Cavalry took better care of their horses and were generally better mounted than the Virginia Cavalry, because of the reason assigned by me why there was not more cavalry from the South—that is, because of the difficulty of providing horses from their homes. This question I will leave him to fight out with the Virginia Cavalry; but, without intending to reflect on the courage or good conduct of the North Carolina Cavalry, for I never fought any of it, I will say that my experience with the Virginia Cavalry, a good deal of which I did fight, taught me that, as a general thing, the best fighting men in that arm were not those who kept themselves always the best mounted. Those who ran away or skulked in a fight were very often better mounted than those who stood their ground and fought, for a very obvious reason; and towards the last some very good men would run to save their horses, who would not think of running to save themselves. I have had the objection of fighting made to me that horses were every where. I will also say that the heaviest loss was not always among the troops which did the best fighting; for I found, generally, that the more of the enemy we killed and wounded, the fewer of us they killed and wounded.

I disclaim all purpose of placing the Virginia troops above those of North Carolina in point of good conduct or efficiency. The most brilliant charge I ever witnessed was made by North Carolina and Virginia regiments in unison. Some as gallant troops as I ever saw were North Carolina troops, and some as inefficient ones as I ever saw were Virginians. I have had good and bad ones from both States. Unfortunately, there were two many skulkers and deserters from both States, as well as from all the other States. I never had any toleration for a skulker or deserter at any time, let him come from where he might; and now, I cannot endure one who has gone over to the enemy since the war. Though he be a Virginian, I regard his crime as unpardonable, and worse than if he had deserted in time of war. I do not admit that any State did more than its share of duty during the war. If all had done their whole duty, fearlessly and faithfully, I verily believe that we would have won our independence, or continued fighting to this day. Let us now have no wrangling over our relative merits, but let us all vie with each other in fidelity to the eternal and ever glorious principles for which we fought.

Respectfully, J. A. EARLY. MERCHANT TAILORS. FIRST IN THE MARKET. LEADS THE VAN. THE LARGEST STOCK OF GENTS FURNISHING GOODS EVER BROUGHT TO RALEIGH. C. Weikel takes great pleasure in informing his many friends and visitors that he has just returned from New York, with the largest and most attractive stock of goods of every description ever brought to this market. My stock embraces in part, French, English and German Broadcloths, DOBSONS, VESTINGS, &c. ENGLISH MELTON, ENGLISH KEYEYES, SCOTCH AND ENGLISH CHEVIOT, BEVERS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, for Suits and Overcoats. To all of which, I invite a careful inspection from the public.

in the Mechanical Department of my house will be found only the very best workmen, and all work turned out, I can confidently guarantee. Orders from a distance respectfully solicited, and personal attention given to the same. sep 23-72. MISCELLANEOUS. FRESH AND RELIABLE. VACCINE VIRUS. AT SIMPSON'S Drug Store, nov 30-14. BISHOP'S EFFERVESCENT CALDS OF VIOHY, KISSGEN, SELTZER, CITRATE OF MAGNESIA, AND MAGNESIA APERIENT. SIMPSON'S nov 30-14. HORSE POWERS—PUTZ'S. AT SIMPSON'S Drug Store, nov 30-14. EVERETTING USUALLY FOUND IN A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE. AT SIMPSON'S. nov 30-14. LUBIN'S PERFUMERY AND TOILET POWDER. AT SIMPSON'S Drug Store, nov 30-14. NORTH CAROLINA GRANVILLE COUNTY. SUPERIOR COURT, NOV. 25, 1872. Daniel J. Goetz vs. Tax. L. Hargrove, Dr. Wm. L. Terry and others. Petition to sell land for partition.

Wanted on mortgage of three hundred acres No 1 Land, value \$ by County Commissioners for taxation at \$ 400, lying 5 miles from city. W. H. JONES & CO., Ag'ts. dec 20-14. Apples. From Haywood county for sale, very fine. W. H. JONES & CO. dec 20-14. RUIT TREES AND ORANGE VINE. Now is the time for them. We are agents for them. W. H. JONES & CO. dec 20-14. 5000 YARDS OF HAUGING To be sold at LEACH BROS. FOR SALE. Best Baltimore Family Flour and North Carolina Family Flour, in sacks. W. H. JONES & CO. dec 2-14. 75 BOXES SOAP. All kinds. Prime Carolina Rice. Canned Fruit and Vegetables of all kinds. W. C. STRONACH. sept 11-14. 6000 Pounds Bacon, Ham, sides and shoulders. W. C. STRONACH. F O R S A L E. Sweet N. C. Lard, by the barrel. W. H. JONES & CO. nov 8-14. HOTELS &c. ST. CATHARINE'S, ONTARIO, CANADA. THE "STEPHENSON HOUSE," AND BATHS. In connection with the celebrated well of SALINE MINERAL WATER is new open for the reception of visitors. Persons desirous of engaging board will please address the Proprietors. July 7-14. BEVERLY TUCKER SONS.

THE GREAT UNRIVALLED AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL. Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys. STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS. POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE. SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. Jan 24, 1871.

ROSADALIS. THE GREAT SUFFERING remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scrophulous Taint, Rheumatism, White Swelling, Gout, Hair, Anemia, Consumption, Debility, Nervous Debility, and all Diseases arising from an impure condition of the Blood. The merits of this valuable preparation are so well known that a passing notice is not necessary; but to remind the readers of this journal of the necessity of always buying a bottle of the genuine Rosadalis, we have the honor to announce that our stock of family medicine cannot be purchased from any other source than the proprietors, Messrs. J. C. POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, Md. Our stock is always on hand, and we are prepared to supply any quantity of the medicine at the lowest possible price. For particulars, send for our circular. Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists. BALTIMORE, Md. J. C. POOLE & HUNT, Proprietors. JOHN F. HENRY, No. 8 COLLEGE PLACE. See First W. W. Jones Agent July.

DENTAL NOTICE. Until further notice, and until the establishment of a suitable office, orders for my professional services, may be left with C. D. Heart or at the State National Bank when I will promptly attend the residences of patients. Jan 2-14. P. BABCOCK.

GROCERIES. SOMETHING TO BATTLE. SINCE MEAT. BUCKWHEAT, MACCARONI, HOMINY, PEARL GRITS, CAROLINA RICE, MULLET ROES, SHAD ROES, GOSHEN BUTTER, PRIME CHEESE, FRESH CITRUS, FRESH RAISINS, FRESH CURRANTS, SOUTHAMPTON HAMS, SMOKED SAUSAGE, SMOKED BOILING BEEF, BEEF TONGUES, SUGAR-CURED STRIPS, PICKLES, CATSUP, SAUCES. W. C. STRONACH & CO. dec 16-14.

BOOK STORES. HOLIDAY GOODS. AT THE BOOKSTORE OF ALFRED WILLIAMS. MAY BE FOUND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF NEW JUVENILE BOOKS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS. To Books for Children in great variety. Fine French and English Stationery, Gold Pens for Ladies and Gentlemen, of the best make; a large assortment. Fine Pencils and Pen Holders, Pocket Books and Port Monies, Photograph Albums, Diaries for 1873, various styles. Fine Bibles and Prayer Books, Church services and Hymnals, Writing Desks and Port Folios. Tourists' Cases for Travelling, Chess and Back-gammon Boxes, Chromo Pictures and Frames, at exceedingly low prices. All early, if "on wish to get supplied."

ALFRED WILLIAMS, Bookseller and Stationer. dec 19-14. NORTH CAROLINA JEANS, SATINETTS AND CASSIMERES. Just received at FIKER, SE, PETTY & NEWSOM'S. dec 9-14. DENSLAW & BUSH'S PREMIUM Safety Oil. WILL NOT EXPLODE. SAFEST, PUREST AND MOST ECONOMICAL OIL IN THE WORLD. Clear as Spring Water. Burns brilliant and lasts longer than other oils. Gives a beautiful brilliant and safe light. More brilliant than gas and safe as a tallow candle. No smoke! No odor! No charred wicks! No change of lamps. NO EXPLOSIONS. "The best is always the cheapest." You want it! Your neighbors want it! Everybody wants it! No family can afford to do without it. It stands a fire test of over 150 degrees. A lighted lamp may be dashed upon the floor and yet this oil will not explode, nor take fire. For sale by THOS. H. BRIGGS & SONS, Sole Agents for Raleigh and vicinity. dec 21-14. CHRISTMAS IS COMING! WE ARE NOW RECEIVING IN STORE THE FOLLOWING: 50 BOXES NO. 1 FIRE CRACKERS. 25 BOXES LAYER RAISINS. 500 POUNDS PECAN NUTS. 500 POUNDS BRAZIL NUTS. 500 POUNDS LONG ALMONDS. 500 POUNDS FILBERTS. 250 POUNDS BRAID CANDY. 300 POUNDS BROOKLYN CANDY. 500 POUNDS ASSORTED CANDY (in lbs). 50 BOXES LEMON BISCUIT. 25 BOXES FACTORY CHEESE. 25 BOXES N. Y. STATE CHEESE. 50 CASES BRANDY PEACHES. 75 CASES FRESH COVE OYSTERS. EACH BRO'S. dec 13-14. VALUABLE FAMILY RESIDENCE TO LET. The commodious family residence of H. A. Dapkin's heirs is for rent during the year 1873. The house contains enough rooms and they are so divided as to accommodate two families. It fronts Martin Street, is about 150 yards west of the post office, has a nice garden of half an acre, all new outhouses, and a well of fine water in the yard. The premises will be in correct repair. For terms apply to MOORE & GATLING. dec 19-14. CITY LOT FOR SALE! The valuable lot in Raleigh on New Bern, Blount and Landon streets, comprising of half an acre, being the Eastern part of the old State Bank Lot. For terms of sale, apply to one to the undersigned. H. H. BATTLE, Jr., Secretary, &c. RALEIGH, Dec. 11th, 1872-14. 200 BUSHELS OATS Just received. W. C. STRONACH. sept 31-14.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. GEO. T. LEACH, N. Y. M. T. LEACH. LEACH BROTHERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. WILMINGTON STREET, RALEIGH, N. C. Consignments and orders solicited. sept 19-14. W. C. STRONACH. SUCCESSION TO W. C. STRONACH & Co. Grocer and Commission Merchant. DEALER IN COTTON AND NAVAL STORES. Second Door above Yarbrough House Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C. aug 5-14. GWIN, MOHLER & CO. COMMISSION MERCHANTS. 86 S. EUTAW STREET, Baltimore, Md. Special attention given to sale of Wool, Dried Fruits, Feathers, Beeswax, &c., &c. By 16-10m. PIANOS, &c. PIANOS! PIANOS!! JAMES PIRSSON & SON respectfully inform the public, that they have just received a new stock of these superior Piano Fortes of the GREAT UNION COMPANY OF NEW YORK to which they invite attention. The immense resources of this company in the shape of capital, machinery and other facilities, enable them to put their Pianos at a much lower rate than any other first class establishment, and persons about to purchase will find it much to their advantage to call and examine these Pianos before purchasing elsewhere. Send for circular to JAMES PIRSSON & SON, Cor. Hargett and Salisbury streets, Raleigh, N. C. THE SUPERIORITY OF THE UNRIVALLED WEIHEL PIANO FORTES COMPARED BY ALL WHO HAVE CAREFULLY COMPARED IT WITH OTHERS. In the NEW SCALE, THE MOST PERFECT PIANO-FORTE possible, hence they are preferred by the GREAT ARTISTS OF THE DAY, and recommended by all the LEADING NEWSPAPERS. Prices will be found as reasonable as consistent with thorough workmanship. WAREHOUSES, 5TH AVENUE, NEW YORK, COR. 16TH STREET. dec 7-14. DIAMOND SPECTACLES. The Spectacles are manufactured from "Minnie Crystal Pebbles" melted together, and are called Diamond on account of their hardness and brilliancy. It is well known that spectacles cut from Brazilian or to be bibles are very injurious to the eye, because of the polarizing light. Having been tested with the polariscope, the diamond lenses have been found to admit fifteen per cent. less ground rays than any other pebble. They are ground with great skill and accuracy, are free from chromatic aberration, and produce a brightness and distinctness of vision not to be found in spectacles. Manufactured by H. Mahler, Jeweler and Optician, Sole Agent for Raleigh, N. C., from whom they can only be obtained. No peddler employed. Do not buy a pair unless you see the trade mark. dec 6-14. MISCELLANEOUS. ROOMS TO RENT OR LEASE. The two front rooms in "Tucker Hall" at present occupied by the North Carolina Land Company will be let for the year 1873, or will be leased for a series of years. Apply to W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. dec 17-14. FRESH COCONUTS. Fresh Currents, Turkish Bruns, Assorted Foreign Nuts, Fresh Catron. W. C. STRONACH. oct 23-14. CHOCIE NEW YORK DAIRY BUTTER. this day in store. W. C. STRONACH. sep 27-14. WILL PAY THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR PURE L. ROSENTHAL. THE NOVELTY HAND STAMP. With complete case of Type, for marking Linen, Cards, &c. A perfect little Gem. Price \$1.00; post-paid, \$1.25; Samples Free. Agents wanted for this Also, for Webster's Button Hole Work, & other new and useful articles. GEO. DAVIS, 256 Main Street, Hartford, Conn. nov 23-14. HOUSE AND LOT FOR RENT FOR NEXT YEAR. Eight Rooms, Fire Places in each. Gas all over the House. Good well of water on the Lot; ALSO, Another House and Twenty acres of Land attached, known as the West Hospital property. House, four Rooms. W. H. JONES & CO. dec 14-14. FOR SALE! Corn Meal and Flour, Bye and Oats and New York Hay. W. H. JONES & CO. dec 14-14. MRS. H. W. MILLER. Having resumed the management of her BOARDING HOUSE, corner of Newbern and Person Streets, requests the patronage of her old friends and the public generally. aug 16-14. RESIDENCE FOR SALE. The beautiful and desirable RESIDENCE, on North East corner of Wilmington and North Streets, Raleigh, N. C. For terms, &c. apply to Mrs. ELLEN MORDKAL. nov 18-14.

ALFRED WILLIAMS. dec 19-14.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, Bookseller and Stationer. dec 19-14.