

The Daily Sentinel

MORNING EDITION
LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER PUBLISHED IN THE CITY.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ON 4TH PAGE

MASSA GUILDFORD AND HOPKINS, NEWS
Advertiser Agent, No. 4 South Street, Baltimore, Md. (only authorized to contract for advertisements at the lowest rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their orders with that house.)

CITY ALMANAC
SUNDAY, FEB. 16, 1873
Sun sets 5:40
Sun rises 6:55

WEATHER REPORT
WASHINGTON, FEB. 15, 1873.
The storm center in the southwest will move on Sunday northward to the Middle States. Northeast winds and rain will continue from Illinois to New York and Virginia.

HOTEL ARRIVALS
CITY HOTEL - Saturday, Feb. 15.
C. H. Whitehair, Gil-J. B. Renfrow, Rost & Co., Agents.

NYOTING HOTEL - Saturday, Feb. 15.
J. A. Porter, N. C. (H. A. Boham, N. C.)
S. E. Douglas, Balt. E. C. Woodson, City.
O. H. Blocker, N. C. C. Durham, N. C.

YARBROUGH HOUSE - Saturday, Feb. 15.
F. S. Luther, N. Y. Fred K. Martin, Jr., W. W. Woodin, N. C.
L. W. B. Dixon, N. Y. D. B. Barron, N. C.
J. C. Jennings & Wife, J. C. Bouger, N. C.
Philadelphia Dr. John Reide, N. C.
A. A. Alexander, N. C. W. V. Earle, Raleigh.
L. M. Long, N. C.

CITY COTTON MARKET
Reported daily by W. C. Stronach, Greener & Commission Merchant, Fayetteville Street.

HOME AFFAIRS
See the notice of valuable city property for sale.

Read the announcement of the Medical College of Virginia.

The pastor of the Edenton Street Methodist Church, Rev. A. W. Mangum, has quite recovered from his recent illness and is expected to occupy his pulpit to-day.

THAT GUN.—Mr. J. M. Sorrell was the winner of the elegant \$100 breech-loading gun which was raffled off at Walker's ball-room last night. Mr. S. had two chances and with them made the two highest throws—42 and 47.

"THE WEATHER."—The weather during the forenoon of yesterday was a decided melody. We witnessed the very unusual spectacle of rain, snow and hail—all coming down at the same time. The rain got the best of the snow and hail and during the afternoon had things pretty much their own way.

For the fourth time we call attention to the bad condition of the public pump at the corner of McDowell and Salisbury Streets. In its present condition it is of no use whatever, and as there are only two pumps on Salisbury street it would seem that an effort should be made to keep them in a serviceable condition.

Five more Pencilings.—We direct the attention of our readers to the very excellent article on this page bearing the above heading. The article will be read with interest by all who have any interest in the progress of the State, when we say it is from the graceful pen of our late Associate Editor, T. B. Kingsbury, Esq.

HOX, J. J. BICKMAN AS GROOMER.—We learn from a private dispatch received in this city yesterday from Greensboro, that Hox, J. J. Bickman delivered a lecture in that place Friday night last on temperance, and sixty members were added to the Lodge of Good Templars, which now numbers two hundred and forty. Col. H. will lecture in Charlotte on Tuesday night next.

LECTURES BY BISHOP GIBBONS.—To-day (Sunday) the Right Rev. Dr. Gibbons will confer the Sacrament of Confirmation, and administer the Temperance "Pledge" to the candidates who will be presented for that purpose during the morning services commencing at 11 o'clock. He will preach at the same hour. The afternoon devotions commencing at 4 o'clock, during which the Bishop will deliver a lecture on "Papal Infallibility."
On Monday evening at 7:15 o'clock, he will lecture on the all-important subject of "Education," its character and efficacy.

WHERE IS EMERSON?—The Fayetteville Eagle has the following somewhat marvellous item. It says that Mr. B. G. Gillette, one of the most successful farmers and business men of Rowan county, made last year 2,500 pounds of lint cotton, on two acres of land. This is 1,250 pounds to the acre, or over 6 inches the largest yield ever known. It has been stated also, that in the neighborhood of Mt. Z. Evans, in this county, it has to the best of our knowledge been raised for many years.

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THE HOLY LAND—We are informed that the celebrated lecturer, Rev. Saul Brown, of West Troy, New York, who is engaged to deliver a series of lectures in Savannah, Ga., sometime during the month of March next, will give Raleigh a call and favor us with his popular lecture on the Holy Land. Due notice of the day will be given.

BALLOON BY HAYWARD—Last night for the first time in many months, the streets of the capital of the State were lighted with gas. The night was dark and rainy and a better one could not have been chosen to deliver us from darkness. Several persons were seen attempting to promenade down Fayetteville street, seemingly unconscious of the rain, but evidently enjoying the gas-light. For once the commissioners have served the public, though against their will. They have the consolation of knowing, however, that this is not the first public body kicked into the performance of its duty. The SENTINEL claims the honor of having burst a few bores in this matter.

EDUCATIONAL NOTES—Prof. N. B. Gobbb, in his address on the present condition of education in North Carolina before the late educational convention, stated that the statistics found the alarming fact that illiteracy is on the increase in this State. There are many thousands more among the white adults who cannot read than there were ten years ago. He also stated that the census of 1-70 showed that a considerably larger number of colored children are going to school than white children.

In his address before the Legislature on Friday night last, Dr. Sears stated that in Tennessee the people had gone far ahead of their legislators on the subject of public schools, and this good result had been brought about, in a large measure, by employing a Mr. Kellebrew, a native of North Carolina, by the way, to canvass the State and arouse the people to the importance of this subject. It is a lamentable fact, as Gov. Graham said, two weeks ago, that the educational interests of this State are in a more deplorable condition than they have been for forty years. Our entire State should be awakened to the real state of things and he verily believes that there is no measure which has or will arise before our Legislature, that will at all compare with this in importance. Our best men should take the field, and our best minds should work out a system that can be operated for diffusing the blessings of intelligence to the children of the State.

Dr. Sears stated moreover, that the Trustees of the Peabody Fund would not give to any school a system of schools that was not the best, and that this was the reason why so little had been done for our State. We were not yet ready for it, he said, however, that it was held in reserve and that whenever we were prepared to receive it it should be forthcoming.

Dr. Sears said he was a progressive conservative in politics, meaning thereby that he had no politics—these terms neutralizing each other, but that in some of the Southern States, politics was rendering good school systems impervious.

CHURCH DIRECTORY, February 16th, 1873.—Services will be held in the following Churches to-day. We also publish the time of meeting of the Sabbath Schools:

METHODIST CHURCH, (Edenton Street) Rev. A. W. Mangum, officiating. Services at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sabbath School—W. J. Young, Superintendent, 9 A. M.

BAPTIST CHURCH Rev. Dr. Pritchard, officiating. Services at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sabbath School—J. M. Hick, Superintendent, 9 A. M.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Rev. Dr. Atkinson, officiating. Services at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sabbath School—A. M. McPheters, Superintendent, 9 A. M.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH Rev. Dr. Mann, officiating. Services at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sabbath School—Wm. E. Anderson, Superintendent, 9 A. M.

ST. JOHN'S (CATHEDRAL) CHURCH Bishop Gibbons, of Baltimore, officiating. Service at 11 A. M. Sabbath School—Mr. Barlow, Superintendent, 9 A. M.

LATEST BY MAIL—Mr. John Warren of Edgecombe last his horse and contents last Wednesday. Loss about \$1,500.

It is reported in Fayetteville that Hon. H. G. Outback had been removed as receiver of Wilmington, Charlotte and Northfield Railroad. Recent details of Superior Court place the road as formerly in control of original stockholders.

Two freight trains on the Wilmington, Charlotte and Annapolis Railroad collided about 9 or 10 miles from Wilmington some time during Thursday night, when several freight cars were badly smashed and one of the engines was fatally injured.

FOR THE SENTINEL
FIRESIDE PENCILINGS

Few of the children of men pay any attention to pronunciation. The consequence of such neglect is a wide-spread ignorance of one of the minor accomplishments. It is required of every educated person to speak and write correctly; why not require, too, that educated men and women should pronounce their vernacular according to the best English standards? Thoughts and language are inseparable. Responsible for much of the pronunciation of the day. When all ministers and lawyers learn to pronounce such words as are of common use as they are pronounced by educated Englishmen, I am disposed to think that people will pronounce more correctly. I can assure that some ministers and some lawyers have paid considerable attention to the subject of pronunciation, and only regret that all have not been equally diligent and faithful in that direction. The late Judge Bager, who excelled all men I have ever known in his conversational powers, was almost faultless both in diction and pronunciation. I believe Judge Kerr supplies every legal gentleman within my acquaintance in the accuracy of his pronunciation, as Dr. Deane does all ministers I have ever met. But my object is not to indulge in eulogy, but to mention a rule, that should be printed in the Almanac, and that should be given to all educated men, as a separate article in all our books. To do this, I have selected the highest known in English country, and Dr. Bager, for the most part, has identified with it at some period of their life. Such great men as Mackintosh and Coleridge were employed upon the columns of London paper, the *Morning Post*, *Dickens*, *Thackeray* and a host of other famous men, have been connected with the press. It was so in the 17th century. The following paragraph from the *Courier*, for example, is worth preserving, so I copy it:

"All the great wits of Queen Anne's time wrote for the journals, not only Defoe and Swift, and Steele, and Addison, but Pope, Gay, Lord Brouncker, Bishop Berkeley, Parnell and Prior. It was Swift's boast that he never wrote for pay, but merely defended Christian ty from the attacks of Collins and Tondal, by papers in the *Gazette*, for each week which Steele gave him a guinea and a dinner; and Addison no doubt increased his income greatly by his *Spectator*. Defoe, however, was ruined in property by the persecutions to which his *Review* exposed him, until Robinson Crusoe put him in funds again. Fifty years after Defoe, the wonderful and intricate *Journalist*, *Advertiser*, and *Witling*, and Burke and Dr. Johnson, wrote in the same way for the *London Journal*. Gradually the custom of leading articles, editorially written, took the place of so many communications signed with forged names; and Coleridge was one of the first to distinguish himself as an editorial writer."

Sitting by my own fire-side, on a rainy day, I have just read your contribution to the *Journal*, and in the hope that they will interest our readers for whom I need not the part of a reviewer. Before these lines are in type the writer will be probably in the "Monumental City," but he promises at some future day, possibly in the rainy month of May, to again place before the reader other "pencilings," hoping they will serve as a reminder of other days.

T. R. K.
Greenville, N. C., Feb'y 12th, 1873.

SUPREME COURT

The People vs. John Nicholson and others vs. Wm. H. McKee and others, at Wake. Batchelor, Edwards & Batchelor for plaintiffs, Judge Powe and Dimes & Dimes and A. S. Morrison for defendants. Argument closed.

The People vs. Patrick McGowan, from Wake. Batchelor, Edwards & Batchelor for plaintiff, Judge Powe and Morrison for defendant. Argued.

The People vs. Clark E. Johnson, et al., from Wake. Batchelor, Edwards & Batchelor for plaintiffs, Judges Powe and Morrison for defendant. Argued.

Battle vs. Alexander Melver, from Wake. Batchelor, Edwards & Batchelor for plaintiff, Judge D. G. Furie and W. H. Bailey for defendant. Argument continued and to be resumed on Monday 17th inst.

SAVE THE RAILROAD AND THE STOCK

Tim Scott and the Ring made their appearance at the door of the Conservatory yesterday afternoon. We saw the only person yet left by Tim. He is in another Democratic paper on us we shall be apt to find it out. If the Legislature does not save the six millions of dollars desired to be sold for two hundred thousand dollars, then the people should suspect that Tim Scott has entered further to the door of the party. If the Legislature exchanges the stock of the North Carolina Railroad for bonds of the State, then the people should suspect that Tim Scott, with his six hundred and twenty-five millions of dollars had gotten further into the door.

Tim Scott is a man of energy, but the good of the Ring and not for the good of the people.

Legislature of North Carolina

SENATE
SATURDAY, FEB. 15.
The Senate met at the usual hour, President Brogden in the chair.

On motion of Mr. Gagger, the bill for a general law to regulate the sale of spirituous liquors, was made the special order for 11 o'clock on Tuesday next.

Mr. Allen presented a memorial of citizens of Kernville, Duplin county, accompanying by a bill for that purpose, praying for the passage of an act, subject to the approval of the qualified voters, to prohibit the sale of spirituous liquors within the corporate limits of said town. Referred.

Mr. Ayers, a petition of citizens of Hertford and Northampton counties, in favor of the establishment of the new county to be called "Lenoir." Referred.

Reports from standing committees were presented by Messrs. Welch, Ayers, Murphy, Allen and Murray.

Mr. Grady introduced a bill to amend the constitution of the County of Chowan, to issue coupon bonds to pay the county debt. Rejected.

Mr. Cowley, a resolution to provide for the printing of the muster rolls of the soldiers of North Carolina in the war of 1812. Calendar.

Mr. Ellis, of Columbus, a resolution in favor of Jas. H. Hill, Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives, to pay him for summing witnesses in the Penitentiary investigation. Calendar.

Mr. Hill, a bill to incorporate the Trustees of the Shalbot Baptist Church, Brunswick county. Referred.

Mr. Warren, a resolution of instruction to the Attorney General.

In 1872 Gov. Caldwell appointed a Board of Directors for the Penitentiary, in opposition to the "Legislative" Board, and G. W. Welker was made chairman of that Board. Gov. Caldwell issued his warrant to the Treasurer to pay Welker the sum of \$5,000 to carry on the affairs of the Penitentiary. This money was paid to Welker and has not been expended for the use of the Penitentiary.

Mr. Morehead, of Guilford, was in favor of the amendment, and thought a like provision should be incorporated in all bank charters.

Mr. Dunham objected to the amendment, and a bill in relation to the establishment of a national bank in the town of Fayetteville, and that the interest of banking facilities, by means of competition, had already resulted in the reduction of discounts from two to one per cent per month.

Mr. Norwood said that if the banks were allowed to charge such rates of interest as they chose, they would absorb all the banking capital of the State. The banks were now paying, under this clause, on deposits eight to ten per cent more than private individuals could demand for their loans. He thought the people should be allowed to charge as much as the banks, or at all events that the banks should not be allowed to charge more than the people.

Mr. Allen offered a substitute for the amendment, restricting the bank to such rate of interest as it may or may not be authorized by law, but subject to the power of the State.

Mr. Harlow opposed the amendment. It was impossible to regulate the price of money by act of assembly. It was well known that money could not be borrowed at eight per cent—the legal rate of interest.

Mr. Norwood said it was well known that money could be borrowed at every rate of interest, as we now see in real security, but he thought the banks should be held to the legal rate.

Mr. Troy offered a substitute for the amendment, limiting the rate of interest on loans to farmers to enable them to make their crops, to eight per cent. In small commercial transactions this could not be done.

Mr. North offered a substitute for Mr. Troy's amendment, providing that the rate of interest on loans to farmers be fixed by the State, and that the rate on other loans be fixed by the State, and that the rate on other loans be fixed by the State.

The bill to incorporate the Merchants' Bank of the City of Wilmington, passed its final reading. The bill to amend the charter of the Wilmington & Writtsville Turnpike company was discussed at considerable length.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SATURDAY, FEB. 15.
House met at the usual hour.
Speaker Robinson in the chair.

Mr. Morrison moved to dispense with reading of the journal.

Mr. Brown, of Davidson, objected. The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Bean, a petition from the citizens of Asheboro praying the passage of an act prohibiting the sale of liquor within one mile of the town of Asheboro.

Mr. Norwood, a petition from the Mayor and Commissioners of the town of Lumberton praying the passage of an act prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors within two miles of the corporate limits of the town of Lumberton.

Mr. Robinson, a bill to be entitled an act to make the entry takers of certain counties ex-officio county agents.

Mr. Harner, a bill to amend section 95, chapter 113 laws of 1869-70.

Mr. Reid, of Harnett, a bill to prohibit the sale of ardent spirits within one mile of the town of Asheboro.

Mr. Dickey, a bill to authorize a survey of the Tennessee and N. C. State line between the county of Cherokee, N. C. and Polk county, Tennessee.

Hughes, et al., a bill to amend an act to incorporate the Granite Railroad Company.

Mr. Outlaw, a bill to be entitled an act to incorporate the town of Duplin Road in Duplin county.

Mr. Harner, a bill to be entitled an act to amend sec. 95, chap. 113, laws of 1869-70.

Reports were submitted by Mr. McCollins from committee on Judiciary.

Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, from committee on Provisions, Tolls and Gravestones.

Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, from committee on Railroads, Frank Woods and Tompkins.

Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, offered a resolution declaratory of the meaning of section 4, resolution in favor of Sheriff, ratified Dec. 6th, 1872.

On motion of Mr. Brown, the rules were suspended and the resolution adopted.

On motion of Mr. McGowan, the rules were suspended. Senate bill 468, House bill 478, a bill to alter the constitution of North Carolina in relation to annual sessions of the General Assembly was taken up and passed first reading—says 5.

Mr. Maxwell introduced a bill to amend an act entitled an act concerning inspectors in the city of Wilmington, N. C., ratified the day of Dec. 1870, having chapter 6, private laws 1870-71.

On motion of Mr. Clegg, a resolution authorizing the Governor to appeal in the case of Henry Chew and others vs. W. N. C. R. R. was put upon its third reading.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements will be taken on the following basis: One inch of space for the first week, and one-half for each subsequent week.

On motion of Mr. Stansford, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, House bill 498, a bill to be entitled "An act to raise Revenue" was taken up and read by sections.

Mr. Rhodes moved to strike out "class" in section 11, line 1, by striking out the word "gross" and insert the word "net."

Mr. Gorman moved to amend by inserting the word "business" in line 5, section 39, schedule B, every identical dollar in specie currency is worth such business as carried off, which amendment was adopted—says 30, says 11.

Mr. Sears moved to amend section 11, line 3, by striking out the words "in quantities less than one gallon," after the word "carried." Rejected.

Mr. Blackwell moved to amend section 31 by adding the following: "Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to require a tax to be paid by any person other than merchants for bartering, selling or otherwise disposing of iron, cotton, sugar, yeast, cotton goods or earthenware manufactured in this or other States." Rejected.

Mr. Jones, of Caldwell, moved to amend schedule C, section 5, line —, by striking out the words "and on any amendment of every such charter," and in line 10, same section, by striking out "he derive benefit from any act to amend their charter." Adopted.

Mr. Gidney moved to amend sec. 11, schedule B, by striking out lines 1 and 2 and insert "every person desiring to sell spirituous or malt liquors, wine or cognac, shall before engaging in said sale obtain an order to the Sheriff, from the Board of Commissioners of the county in which he proposes to do business, to grant him license, which order they may grant or refuse at their option, and if granted he may do." Rejected.

Mr. Perry, of Bladen, moved to amend sec. 11 line 4, by striking out twenty-five and insert fifty. And in line 10, same section, by striking out "he derive benefit from any act to amend their charter." Adopted.

Various other amendments were offered and rejected and the bill passed on second reading—says 41, says 24.

It is due to Mr. Stansford, chairman of the committee on finance, to say that at no previous session have so few amendments been offered to the revenue bill.

Mr. Gracie moved to reconsider the vote by which the resolution passed authorizing the Gov. to appeal in the matter of the Western North Carolina Railroad, and moved to amend the resolution by adding the ratifying clause, which was agreed to, and thus amended the resolution passed third reading.

By leave, Mr. Perry of Wake, introduced a bill to prevent the filling of timber in the run of Crabtree and Neuse rivers in the county of Wake. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Jones, of Caldwell, S. B. 511, H. B. 477 a bill for the relief of John G. Williams, was taken up and passed its several readings.

Mr. Badger moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill, passed its third reading, and moved to lay the motion on the table. Agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Brown, of Mecklenburg, a bill to be entitled "an act to authorize the Governor to call on the Board of State Lands to sell the same for other purposes," was read and passed second reading.

Mr. Jones, of Caldwell, submitted a report from the committee on corporations.

Mr. Morrison reported from the committee on enrolled bills.

Mr. Turner introduced a bill to prevent the retailing of spirituous liquors in the town of Statesville, with sundry petitions counter petitions. Referred to committee on propositions and grievances.

On motion of Mr. Gidney, House bill 500, to amend an act to secure advances on agricultural loans, was read and passed second and third readings.

House bill 501, in incorporation the Goldsboro Banking and Loan Association, passed second and third reading.

On motion of Mr. Badger the rules were suspended and House bill 500, by authorizing the Board of Trustees of the county of Wake, to levy a special tax was read and passed its second reading.

On motion of Mr. Whitfield, House bill 443, to protect cattle from distemper, and other infectious diseases, was read and passed its second and third readings.

On motion of Mr. Jones, of Caldwell, the House adjourned.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE

The well known residence of G. W. H. Miller, on Newbern street, will be sold at public sale, on Saturday, the 23rd day of March next, unless previously sold before that time.

The houses in large oak communities, with other conveniences. If deferred portions of the 1 I will be sold with the house.

Terms one-fourth cash and balance on six, two and three year terms.

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