THE SENTINEL.

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr.,
T. B. KINGSBURY, Associate Editor.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 26, 1873.

EDITORIAL ENTRIES.

Queen Victoria's grandson, Frederick William, son of the Princess Alice of Hesse, fell from a window recently and died from his injuries.

Somebody, living in Louisville, sent Grant's son, Jesse, an alligator. It was not needed, but Ulysses paid the freight for a wonder and left the monster in charge of the Express man.

According to Rowell—good authority—the whole number of newspapers, magazines and other periodicals now published in the United States amounts to 6,768, of which 627 are daily journals.

The reader has seen that the telegraph for some days has stated that the Great Eastern had paid out so many miles of cable. It is proper to mention that the cable referred to is an additional one connecting this country with Europe.

The aggressions of the Mexican marauders still continue. We have now news to the effect that they recently made a raid into Texas capturing no less than three hundred cattle. About one hundred had been recaptured. When will the end come?

A new crime has been latterly developed in London, which will be copied by New York, Philadelphia and other cities. Ruffian men and women seize children and drag them to some out-of-the-way place and strip them of their clothing, leaving them naked in the street. Twelve such cases were recently reported.

There are reported dissensions among the Spanish insurgents. Don Carlos has become jealous of Duke de Montspensier. Crimination and recrimination are freely indulged, and republicanism rejoiceth. Now is the historic time for the friends of republicanism. "There is a tide," &c.

We have received a large pamphlet of the Fourth Industrial Exhibition of Cincinnati. An Art Hall costing fifty thousand dollars has been erected. There were six hundred thousand visitors last year. It promises to be "a big thing" this year. It will open on Sept. 3d.

Labor troubles are exercising the English mind no little. It is said that many classes are threatening to strike, and will not listen to compromise. And so we go down—down—down! What is the result of the strikes in England? The answer comes back over the water—a decline of labor, and consequently of production.

The mention of an Unitarian Republic for Spain, as stated by telegraph, must have struck the intelligent reader. What meaneth it? We heard it was to be a Federal Republic, like our own was, consisting of fifteen States, but now it is to be a Unitarian Republic consisting of but one State. That word is ominous. It means solidarity, unification, centralization, monarchy—that is all. We hope for better things for the Spaniards.

A single "informer"—a dirty dog that was employed by Gov. Scott, of South Carolina, to lie in wait for and lie upon the "poor white trash" of that afflicted State,—received the snug little sum of $17,400 for his invaluable services, &c. There were 163 members of this rascally gang. What a sad burlesque upon a republic—"informers." Even as hateful a sheet as the New York *Times* admits, that "the prosecutors were incited by love of gain rather than of justice." No one ever supposed otherwise.

Our readers will perhaps remember that past year some very important war records were taken by Gen. Badeau, Grant's biographer, from the War Department and never returned. In fact they could not be found. And now we have the intelligence that another great mass of documents and archives of a valuable and interesting character have been abstracted. They are said to cover the entire period of the late war. They have been taken either by parties who wish to shield their own reputations that would be damaged by the publication of these documents, or they have been purloined by some fellow who hopes to sell them to some man who can use them for historical purposes. What the records of the "lost government"—records that show both its greatness and glory—records that immortalize so many nameless silver sons and "fraudulent patriots" and religious humbugs of the O. O. Howard sort, cannot be preserved for the benefit of an unsuspecting posterity, then it is high time that Grant should do something, if it is only to—take a drink. We all know why it was that the records of Gen. Beall's shameful trial were spirited away. They did serious and irremediable damage to Grant's career in the Southwest, as well as to other soldiers of scarcely less capacity. Those war records, if published, would be a sad blow to Gen'l Yankee Reputation.

The platform adopted by Beauregard & Company in Louisiana, plain in outline and strong. There is a "little" too much of a good thing in the resolutions. It smelleth, too much of Africa, and savoureth too much of the humility of Uriah Heep. However publish the knave, it is going further than we are used to when it opens every public place to the colored men, and attempts to break down the social distinctions that exist and will exist in spite of tyranny and bayonets and resolutions. It is a mistake too to think that Grant can be thus propitiated. He is in and they are out, and the "ins" mean to hold on to all the fat things of earth. The *Courier-Journal* well says:

All concessions to lawless power only stimulate new actions. Civility to a bully emboldens him. The administration has no bowels of compassions, and it is not going to unfetter the limbs of a State merely upon the promises of a platform. Its malignity is too deep for that. It has gotten the taste of blood, and the life of the victim is gone unless the public sentiment of the North chokes it off. Compromises with oppression are idle and futile. As well try to hold a tiger by the tooth or a raging lion by the paw as attempt to subdue tyranny by concession.

LET US HONOR HIM.

There are some persons in the North who feel kindly towards the bereaved people of Southland. There is one officer who has the nobility of soul to stand up for what he holds to be right. It is quite an easy thing to shout hosannahs with the multitude, or to swim with the current of popular favor; it is quite another thing to uphold right at every cost, to steadily withstand the blandishments of power and to be indifferent to the clamors of an unreasoning populace. During the war a few brave, conscientious men in the North refused to bow down and worship the golden image which had been set up in the National Temple. Since the war, now and then we have heard of some kindly, magnanimous man speaking words of conciliation and amity for the conquered South. It is natural that we should honor such men—that our hearts should be drawn towards them with a feeling of reciprocal kindness. One of the most conspicuous examples is found in an army officer. We copy the following from the Philadelphia *Age* and commend it to the consideration of our readers:

Major A. R. Calhoun has written a very severe denunciation of the political association known as "the Grand Army of the Republic," for issuing an order in Washington City declaring that they would not "tolerate" the decoration of a Confederate's grave by any widow or orphan that might wish to drop a flower upon it. This "order" was generally regarded at the North as alike illegal and brutal. We never had any acquaintance with Major Calhoun, but we can at least testify to his consistency, in that while holding a Federal office in this city and some position in this Grand Army, he issued an order, not to the world at large, but to members under his authority, recommending them to decorate any Southern soldier's grave that might be within their limits. We remember it, because this order was generally commended by all parties in this city.

HARD TO PLEASE.

One of our exchanges criticised us for publishing Fanning's journal in the SENTINEL.

To give satisfaction and preserve harmony in the family editorial, we omitted the journal in our last number, when down came a subscriber upon us for not continuing the Fanning publication. He declared it more interesting and exciting than any novel Dickens ever wrote.

The exchange criticising was a weekly, and for it we give a daily. If we do not give as good as we get in the exchange we give six times as much. What we want in quality we make up in quantity. We must now return to the republication of the journal. We must please our literary and history-loving subscribers rather than the editors with whom we exchange a daily for a weekly.

Elder Ward is so much pleased with Fanning's journal that we thought any editor raised in the Iron-clad faith would have been delighted.

LITERARY.

1. ANECDOTES OF PUBLIC MEN. By John W. Forney. Harper & Brothers. 1873.

We have only had time to dip about in this volume. It is racy and readable. It is the work of a close observer and of a practiced journalist. Col. Forney was at one time the editor of "my two papers," the Philadelphia *Press* and the Washington *Chronicle*, in which papers these "anecdotes" first appeared. Col. F. is now the editor of his Philadelphia paper, having sold the other some months ago. The volume before us abounds in agreeable incidents and sketches of Washington City life. Many famous men figure in it. There are some unkind thrusts at the South, and it is very "loyal," but that is to be expected of a Philadelphia Yankee. Altogether it is a fresh, clever, entertaining book that will be read by thousands. Our own famous men have no mention. Mr. Badger is not mentioned. Forney was scarcely the sort of man that our great Senator would have known. There are some coarse things in the book, as for instance when he says of the "Southern idiom" being "a compound of the negro and the scholar." Indeed, Col. Forney! Your associations, we fear, with Southern people have not been fortunate. He had Fred Douglass before him and not Mr. Bayley, of Virginia, to whom he applies the above language.

2. TURNING POINTS IN LIFE. By Rev. Frederick Arnold, B. A., of Christ Church, Oxford. Harper & Brothers. 1873.

The author of this timely book is a son of Rev. Dr. Arnold, of Rugby. He is a man of talents and has written a honest judicious and sensible book. It contains much good advice to young men who have to make their way in the world. The style is pleasing and scholarly, and the book is replete with illustrations and anecdotes indicating aptitude and reading.

These books are handsomely printed and have been sent the American by the publishers through Messrs. E. J. Hale & Son.

By the recent death of Mr. Hope-Scott, Abbotsford is left in the hands of his only daughter by his first wife, Miss Lockhart, Sir Walter's grandmother.

THE BOND QUESTION—SUING A STATE.

We find the suit against North Carolina that the bond holders will bring under the advice of Messrs. Reverdy Johnson and Caleb Cushing, is attracting no little attention in and out of the State. It is exciting discussion in States North and South of us, for if the opinion of Mr. Johnson is correct, a State may be sued, or what is practically the same thing, its comptroller can. So every State is necessarily interested. We copy a long, able and interesting article from the Augusta (Ga.) *Chronicle*. It says:

Can a State be sued? This question is one of the greatest importance just at present to the Southern States, in view of the fact that many of them have failed to meet the principal and interest of their bonds, and the holders are seeking a remedy for the collection of their debts. The question, notwithstanding its importance, is not a new one, but was often raised in the past and often decided. It was one of the first issues which agitated the country after the formation of the Federal Union and the adoption of the Federal Constitution. Soon after the system of a general government went into operation, our own State, Georgia, was sued in an United States court by Chisolm, a non-resident. The State, relying upon her sovereignty as a protection against suits, declined to defend and contented herself with instructing counsel to protest against the Supreme Court exercising jurisdiction. The court, after considering the question, decided unanimously that under the Constitution a State could be sued. This decision, though apparently sustained by the law, gave great dissatisfaction to the friends and advocates of State's rights and sovereignty, who were shocked at the idea of bringing a State into a tribunal like an ordinary plaintiff or defendant. As soon as possible an amendment was made to the Constitution which provided that the judicial power of the Government "should not extend to any suit in law or equity commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State." This seemed to be conclusive, and the theory that a State could be reached by any process of the courts was generally abandoned until a case came up from Ohio, the decision upon which tended to show that the amendment could be evaded if it could not be successfully assailed in an open attack. In this case, the State of Ohio levied a tax of $50,000 upon a branch of the United States Bank established within her borders. The bank refused to pay, and upon the State proceeding to collect the amount in a summary manner, filed a bill in the United States Circuit Court against, not the State of Ohio, but against Osborne, the *Auditor of the State*. The State objected that the proceeding was within the prohibition of the eleventh amendment to the Constitution. But the Supreme Court of the United States (Osborne vs. United States Bank, 9 Wheaton,) held that the amendment applied only where the State is a *party to the record*, and it did not apply to the case at bar because the suit was not against Ohio, but against the State Auditor. The full force of this decision, which allowed the amendment to be so easily evaded, does not appear to have been appreciated prior to the war. Since the war, and with the issuance of enormous amounts of bonds by the carpet-bag Legislatures of the South—amounts so enormous that they can only be liquidated by taxation onerous and grinding—the question has again become prominent. With the failure of North and South Carolina, and other States south of the Potomac, to meet the interest upon their bonds issued for railroads and other works of public improvement, this decision in 9 Wheaton has received closer attention and more careful consideration.

Mr. Johnson believes that the remedy of the bondholders is simple and complete. He thinks that all the creditors have to do is to apply to the Circuit Court of the United States for the State of North Carolina for a *mandamus*—not against the State, but against the Comptroller-General or other proper official, requiring him to levy a tax with which to pay the interest. He pronounces the legislation of North Carolina on these bonds, enacted subsequent to their sale and negotiation, to be an impairment of the original contract, and consequently unconstitutional, null, and void. Mr. Johnson in his opinion—which candor compels us to say is both able and elaborate—takes the position that by the current of its decisions the Supreme Court of the United States is pledged to place a most liberal construction on the eleventh amendment to the Constitution, and that where a State is not expressly made a party to the record, jurisdiction of the case will be assumed. In other words, if the bondholders should bring their suit against North Carolina, it will not be allowed to proceed, but if they bring suit against John Doe, the Comptroller-General, their action will be sustained. If this opinion be correct, and the decision in the case from Ohio seems to warrant its soundness, the constitutional provision prohibiting suits against States because a nullity. A nominal change of name in the party defendant would in effect, bring any State in the Union into an United States Court, and bind it by the decision which might be rendered. By parity of reasoning a past-due bond can be collected with the same machinery used in the collection of past-due coupons. According to Mr. Johnson's theory, if the State of Georgia should fail to pay a bond at maturity, the holder of the obligation would only have to apply to the circuit court in Savannah for a *mandamus*, directed to W. S. Goldsmith, comptroller general, requiring him to levy a tax for the payment of the debt. The South will await with much anxiety the decision upon this test case from North Carolina.

LET IT COME.

A cable telegram of ten days ago stated that a company composed of wealthy Englishmen had been formed for the purpose of extending trade with the South and West, and also to invest capital in those sections. The organization is called the "Mississippi Valley Society." We are anxious to attract immigration and capital to our State. We would be exceedingly glad to have the attention of British capitalists directed to North Carolina. We have lands rich in minerals, and well adapted to farming. We have water courses and great advantages of climate. We have in a word many things that a wealthy Englishman would like to know. We can offer him many inducements to come and settle amongst us. We have a great, but to a large extent, undeveloped State, which invites the man of capital and the laborer to come and make a home in North Carolina.

From 1861 to 1872 about two hundred thousand new publications were issued in Germany.

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RALEIGH, N. C.
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The imposing new building with its improved School apparatus and recently purchased musical outfit will open on
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The Faculty has been largely increased. The Musical Department is in charge of Professor Von Meyerhoff, a pupil of Reubenstein. The Professor is a brilliant performer, has succeeded well as teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music in this State.
Apply for catalogue.
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HILLSBORO', N. C.
The Misses 'Nash & Miss Kollock, will resume the exercises of their school on Friday the 25th July.
Circulars forwarded on application.
june 22-d2w*

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Mebaneville, N. C.
MAJ ROBERT BINGHAM, Superintendent.
MAJ. W. B. LYNCH, CAPT. T. L. NORWOOD.
Full Session opens 25th July.
For circular, address,
MAJOR ROBERT BINGHAM,
june 13-d&w1m Sup't.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Founded May 1842.
RIGHT REV. THOS. ATKINSON, D. D., Visitor.
REV. ALBERT SMEDES, D. D.....Rector.
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The sixty-third term of this school will commence on the 29th day of July.
For particulars apply to the Rector.
june 15-3t*

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SCHOOL,
Henderson, Granville County, N. C.
T. J. HORNER, W. D. HORNER, } Principals.
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The price of board and tuition per session of twenty weeks is $100, without extra charges.
The school is designed not only to prepare young men for college, but to fit them also for honorable and useful stations in life.
For particulars, address the Principals at Tally Ho, N. C., or J. Abner Harrell, Henderson until the School opens, afterwards at Henderson, N. C.
June 14-tf

OXFORD HIGH SCHOOL.
J. H. HORNER, R. H. GRAVES, } Principals.
The first Term of the scholastic year 1873-'74 will begin the 4th Monday in July. Prices as heretofore—Circulars furnished upon application.
june 24 w5t

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A. M. LEWIS'
LAW OFFICE,
On Court House Square,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Special attention given to Saving of Homesteads, in view of the late decision of the Supreme Court of the United States on the subject.
may 9-dew&wtf

DAVID DUPRE,
(Late of Raleigh, N. C.)
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 6 WALL ST., NEW YORK CITY,
Will attend promptly to all professional business entrusted to him. Refers to the Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, and to the whole North Carolina Bar. feb 18 tf

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Claims collected in any part of the State. mar 29-6m

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BADGER & DEVEREUX,
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Office in Stronach Building, Second door North of Yarbrough House,
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Will attend to all cases of Bankruptcy.
Mr. Badger attend the terms of the District Courts. No extra fee charged for consultation. may 7 tf

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Will attend the courts of Wake, Granville, Franklin, Warren, Halifax, Northampton and Chatham counties, and the Federal and Supreme Courts. jan 3 tf

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nov 21 tf

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NOTICE.
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A. G. LEE & Co.
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,
COTTON FACTORS
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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
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Orders for the purchase of Cotton solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.
Consignments of all kinds, Produce, Groceries, Provisions, &c., will receive strict attention.
ap 30-tfe

JUST TO HAND
50 BOXES.
FOERESTER'S
LEMON CRACKERS
50 BOXES
Proctor & Dambles
OLIVE SOAP.
As Agents for the above goods we call the attention of the Merchants of North Carolina to the fact that we can sell them as low as they can be bought in the UNITED STATES.
LEACH BROS.
ap 19

CORN AND OATS
900 bushels Corn and Virginia Oats at
may 6 R. F. JONES & CO'S.

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ap 13 W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

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Early Goodrich Potatoes,
Peerless Potatoes,
Peach Blow Potatoes,
Chili Pinta Potatoes,
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for sale by
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may 23 W. H. JONES & CO.

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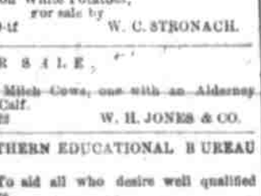
DANIEL R. GOODLOE,
June 14-3t Warrenton, N. C.
News and Era copy and send bill to me.

The People's
NATIONAL BANK
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Feb. 22, 1873.
INCREASE OF CAPITAL STOCK.
THE Bank having authority to increase its Capital Stock to $150,000; Notice is hereby given that Books of subscription are now open for the authorized increase of $75,000, and will be kept open until the amount is subscribed or until 1 July 1873. Payments on subscriptions will be entitled to interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, from date of payment to the close of books of subscription.
A. McLEAN,
24-d1&wtf 24 Cashier.

STIEFF'S PIANOS

Upwards of fifty First Premiums Gold and Silver Medals, were awarded to Charles M. Stieff, for the best Piano, in competition with all the leading manufacturers in the country.
Office and Warerooms, No. 9 N. Liberty Street, Baltimore, Md.
The superiority of the Unrivalled Stieff Piano Forte, is conceded by all who have compared it with others. In their New Grand square Scale, 7⅓ Octaves, the manufacturer has succeeded in making the most perfect Piano Forte possible.
Prices will be found as reasonable as consistent with thorough workmanship.
A large assortment of second-hand Pianos always on hand, from $75 to $200.
We are agents for the celebrated Burdett Cabinet Parlor and Church Organs, all styles and prices, to suit every one, guaranteed to be fully equal to any made.
Send for Illustrated catalogue containing the names of over 1500 customers, 500 of whom are Virginians, 300 North Carolinians, 150 Fort Tennesseans and others throughout the South, who have bought the STIEFF PIANO since the close of the war.
Several of our Pianos with the improvements can be seen at the residence of Prof. A. Bowman, who is our authorized agent.
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C. D. HEARTT & CO.
BOOTS, SHOES
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HATS.
Are receiving daily an
ELEGANT
stock of the
NEWEST STYLES
OF
Boots & Shoes,
which for
Fit, Durability & Comfort
are unsurpassed.
—ALSO—
A full line of
Gents Black and Colored Fur Hats.
Gents Silk Hat sonly $5.50.
SLIPPERS IN GREAT VARIETY,
mar 25

Wood and Coal.
I have this day opened my WOOD AND COAL YARD, at the head of Hargett Street. Parties wishing to purchase can leave their orders at the yard or my place of business on Fayetteville Street.
ap 12 W. C. STRONACH.

FAMILY FLOUR.
Guaranteed equal to Patapsco at $12 a bbl.
ap 4-tf G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

THREE HUNDRED BUSHELS OATS,
Two Hundred Bales Hay.
ap 25 W. C. STRONACH

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FOOD.
CORN, MEAL, PEAS, FINE FEED, BALED OATS, FODDER, HAY, SHUCKS, &c. At
OSBORN'S,
Grain and Feed Store,
West of N. C. Freight Depot Warehouse.
Orders dropped in Postoffice promptly filled.
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30,000 LBS. BACON.
G. T. STRONACH & BRO.
mar 5

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The large "Shepard House" and lot, at the head of Hillsboro' street, fronting the Capitol. The house contains nine rooms, conveniently arranged. There is about one acre of ground attached, good garden and flower yard in front. The lot is in one of the most desirable locations in the city
June 6 W. H. JONES & CO.

100 BUS. STOCK PEAS.
10 bush White Beans.
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OATS, HAY, AND SHUCKS.
300 Bales.
y 2 tf W. C. STRONACH.

SADDLES, Bridles, Collars, Harness and Harness oil all descriptions.
ap 9-tf G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

LIME! LIME!
100 bbls Rock Lime.
ap 4 G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

HAMS
20 tierces Sugar Cured Hams. "Pendes" and "Pacific" brands, say size from 6 to 20 pounds.
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1,000,000 Good Hard Brick for sale and making. Apply to A. C. SANDERS & CO.,
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For sale at
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PARASOLS & FANS.
New style and shape. Club Parasols with chain holders—something new. Also the Dagger and other new Fans.
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LACE AND LINEN COLLARS, COLLARETTS, Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, Bows and Neck Wear for Ladies and Gentlemen in great variety.
may 28 D. S. WAITT'S.

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In store, at factory prices, with freight, Foster's Improved Cotton Planter, the most reliable sower know. Durian's celebrated Planter, and others. Also the Eureka Corn Planter which never fails to give satisfaction.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
ap 11 2w Agent.

Water Coolers.
Send for Pamphlet's
JULIUS LEWIS & CO.,
June 19 tf

80 Sacks Marshall's Liverpool Salt.
Feb 25 W. C. STRONACH.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IMPORTANT SALE OF A RAILROAD.
In the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District in the Eastern District of North Carolina.
In the matter of the Bankruptcy of the Williamston & Tarboro' Railroad Company, a corporation formed under the laws of North Carolina and adjudicated a Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy
A petition in the above entitled case having been filed by the Assignee in bankruptcy of said bankrupt to sell all of the property, rights and franchises of said bankrupt free from any and all liens, mortgages and incumbrances, and an order therefore having been made for the persons interested in said incumbrances to show cause, &c., and said order having been served as therein directed, and the necessary parties thereto having appeared in Court in compliance with said order, and upon argument thereof it having been adjudged that the assignee be authorized and empowered to sell all of the property, &c., of whatever kind, of said bankrupt, free and clear of and discharged from every and all liens and branches and particularly of and from the mortgages or deeds in trust, and the bonds and coupons thereby secured, made and delivered by said bankrupt.
Now, therefore, the undersigned as assignee of said bankrupt, will offer at public sale, on TUESDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JULY, 1873, at the Court House in Tarboro', North Carolina, all of the property, rights, titles and interests in or to property of every kind whatsoever together with all the choses in action, rights and franchises of said bankrupt.
The property in part consists of road-bed, superstructure, rights of way bridge across the Tar river, lots of land, iron, chairs, spikes and cross-ties. The road is substantially graded from Tarboro' to Williamston (20 miles) and about seven miles of the track laid with iron weighing 40 pounds to the lineal yard.
The road will connect the railways of the State with its eastern waters at a point to which boats from Baltimore or other cities can come at any season of the year.
Terms of sale: For road-bed, &c. and franchises and such movables as are sold to remain on the line of the road including iron, chairs, spikes, &c., one-half cash, balance secured by approved note at six months with interest from sale. For credits and loses in action and such personal property including iron, chairs, spikes, &c., sold to be removed cash unless the purchaser is a railroad company incorporated under the laws of North Carolina, and such property is not to be moved beyond the State, then terms same as for road bed.
If required by any one at sale road-bed, &c., and franchises will be first sold, and then iron, chairs, &c., will be separately sold.
JAS. EDWIN MOORE,
june 6 1taw4w Assignee.

NORTH CAROLINA, JOHNSTON CO. } SUPERIOR COURT.
Charity Harper against Abram Harper } Summons for Relief in Divorce.
To the Sheriff of Johnston County—Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon Abram Harper, the defendant above named, if he be found within your county, to appear at the office of the clerk of the Superior Court for the county of Johnston, within twenty days, after the service of this summons on him, exclusive of the day of such service, and answer the complaint a copy of which is served with this summons, and let him take notice, that if he fail to answer the said complaint within that time, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Hereof fail not, and of this summons make due return.
Given under my hand and seal of said court this 27th day of March, 1873.
P. T. MASSEY,
Clerk Superior Court Johnston County.
june 15-w6w

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GEO. H. SNOW,
may 21 1m Attorney at Law.

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