

THE FAIR of Cumberland Agricultural Society will begin in Fayetteville on Friday 18th November next and continue four days.

Patrons of Husbandry. We have received from Geo. W. Lawrence, Secretary of the State Grange, a list of Masters and Secretaries of subordinate Granges as reported organized up to Sept. 1st, 1873.

Home Affairs. Held for Postage. On yesterday letters addressed to the following parties, were dropped into the post office unopened, and judging from the handwriting, were all put in by the same person.

The Cotton Statement. We publish to-day the cotton movement for the past fiscal year as condensed by the Augusta Constitutionalist from the "Financial and Commercial Chronicle's" circular.

The Cotton Yield. The telegraph informs us that Professor J. R. Dodge, the statistician of the Department of Agriculture, having returned from Vienna, is now carefully engaged in examining and comparing the cotton crop reports for June, July, August and September, and that an approximation to the cotton yield will be furnished in a few days.

Satisfactorily Adjusted. At a meeting of Victor (col.) Fire Company No. 1, held last night, the difficulty which occurred at the Fire at the Federal Camp on Saturday night last was satisfactorily adjusted so far as the Victor is concerned.

Police News. A U. S. soldier was taken up drunk and sent to camp. Pink Warren, drunk, increased the gas fund to the extent of a V.

Police News. A soldier made a criminal assault upon Bella Matthews, a little colored 16 year old, and the police took him in.

Painful Accident. On yesterday about noon a very painful accident occurred at the North Carolina Railroad depot in this city.

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# The Daily Sentinel.

## TERIBLE RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

### TWO TRAINS COLLIDE. EXPRESS MESSENGER THROWN TWENTY FEET IN THE AIR.

#### Two Men Killed and Several Wounded.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE SENTINEL.] COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 17.

The road paymaster's and the down passenger train on the Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta Railroad collided five miles above this city this morning at 20 minutes past nine, smashing both locomotives and killing Paymaster W. E. Orchard and a colored man named Archy. Engineer Williamson had a leg broken and was injured internally. A colored boy had his foot crushed. Expressman Graham was thrown twenty feet in the air and had his head slightly cut. The two express cars were smashed. The passengers were uninjured. A large force of road-handers are at work and trains will run regularly to-morrow.

## HOME AFFAIRS.

### Patrons of Husbandry.

We have received from Geo. W. Lawrence, Secretary of the State Grange, a list of Masters and Secretaries of subordinate Granges as reported organized up to Sept. 1st, 1873.

### Held for Postage.

On yesterday letters addressed to the following parties, were dropped into the post office unopened, and judging from the handwriting, were all put in by the same person: Jesse Coover, Waterford, Pa., Mrs. A. A. Law, Chicago, Ill., Mr. G. W. Barton, Waterford, Pa., Mrs. Martha Bartlett, Waterford, Pa., Mr. Tully Coover, Waterford, Pa.

### The Cotton Statement.

We publish to-day the cotton movement for the past fiscal year as condensed by the Augusta Constitutionalist from the "Financial and Commercial Chronicle's" circular. This condensation contains all that is important to planters and merchants. If the statement contains any errors we disclaim any responsibility for them as the proof was carefully read by copy.

### Rev. A. W. Mangum.

In noticing a protracted meeting which was being held in Danbury, the editor of the Reporter makes the following allusion to Rev. A. W. Mangum of this city: "The Rev. A. W. Mangum, of the Raleigh station, preached the 11 o'clock sermon, for us on Sunday and Tuesday. His sermon on Sunday, on man's obligations to serve his Creator, was impressive, forcible, majestic grand, and left man no way of escaping his obligation to serve his maker."

### The Cotton Yield.

The telegraph informs us that Professor J. R. Dodge, the statistician of the Department of Agriculture, having returned from Vienna, is now carefully engaged in examining and comparing the cotton crop reports for June, July, August and September, and that an approximation to the cotton yield will be furnished in a few days. No authorized statement of the crops has been made since the 15th of August.

### Satisfactorily Adjusted.

At a meeting of Victor (col.) Fire Company No. 1, held last night, the difficulty which occurred at the Fire at the Federal Camp on Saturday night last was satisfactorily adjusted so far as the Victor is concerned. They passed a resolution deprecating the conduct of some of their members and apologizing to the Chief of the fire department.

### Police News.

A U. S. soldier was taken up drunk and sent to camp. Pink Warren, drunk, increased the gas fund to the extent of a V.

A soldier made a criminal assault upon Bella Matthews, a little colored 16 year old, and the police took him in.

### Painful Accident.

On yesterday about noon a very painful accident occurred at the North Carolina Railroad depot in this city. Gross Boon, of Company Shops, a brakeman, was between two cars endeavoring to couple them, the train moving slowly, his shoe had caught in a "log," he was thrown down and before the train could be stopped two wheels had passed over his right leg, lacerating it in a shocking manner.

Dr. W. J. Hopper was called and dressed the wound. We understand he gave it as his opinion that no bones were broken and that amputation would not be necessary. At 4 o'clock p. m. the wounded man seemed to be resting quietly and did not show signs of much suffering.

## THE COTTON MOVEMENT AND CHOP OF 1873-78.

From the Commercial and Financial Chronicle's circular we condense the following information in reference to the cotton movement and crop of the past season to September 1st, 1873:

The total crop this year reaches 3,900,508 bales, while exports are 3,679,986 bales, and the home consumption, 1,301,137 bales, leaving a stock on hand at the close of the year 90,989 bales. The first table indicates the stock at each port, September 1, of 1873 and 1872, the receipts at the ports for each of the last two years, and the export movement for the past year (1872-3) in detail, and the totals for 1871-2.

PORTS	1872-73	1871-72
At Northern ports	87,987	10,534
At Southern ports	10,534	54,731
At Providence, Ac.		
Northern interior markets	4,766	99,387
Total	102,287	165,242

Receipts at the shipping ports, Add shipments from Tennessee, &c., direct to manufacturers, 141,500 132,063

Total, 137,063 120,000

Total cotton crop for the year 3,900,508 2,974,851

Result of these figures is a total of 3,900,508 bales as the crop of the United States for the year ending August 31, 1873.

From the Chronicle's detailed statement of the production and crop of each State we obtain the following total products: TOTAL PRODUCTION OF EACH OF THE STATES.

STATE	1872-73	1871-72
Louisiana	1,340,384	967,288
Alabama	333,487	398,013
Texas	343,430	197,908
Florida	14,068	19,559
Georgia	614,038	450,539
South Carolina	374,476	371,943
North Carolina	63,678	33,528
Virginia	432,583	376,098
Tennessee*	376,813	341,095

\*In the product for Tennessee we must except the shipments to New Orleans, New York and Charleston which are included in the Louisiana, Virginia and South Carolina crops.

Total product detailed above by States, for the year ending September 1, 1873, Consumed in the South, not included, 137,663

Total crop in the United States for the year ending September 1, 1873, 5,330,505

Below we give the total crop each year since 1825:

YEAR	BALES
1825-26	2,930,508
1826-27	2,974,851
1827-28	4,283,517
1828-29	3,154,946
1829-30	2,439,639
1830-31	2,293,928
1831-32	3,218,774
1832-33	3,192,987
1833-34	no record
1834-35	3,626,086
1835-36	4,687,779
1836-37	2,851,481
1837-38	3,218,562
1838-39	3,218,562
1839-40	3,047,943
1840-41	3,847,329
1841-42	3,900,097
1842-43	3,262,892
1843-44	3,015,028
1844-45	3,355,387
1845-46	3,096,706
1846-47	2,726,596
1847-48	2,847,624
1848-49	2,778,521
1849-50	3,100,127
1850-51	3,284,505
1851-52	3,680,409
1852-53	3,978,975
1853-54	1,680,974
1854-55	1,634,345
1855-56	2,177,285
1856-57	2,380,138
1857-58	1,901,437
1858-59	1,439,380
1859-60	3,260,703
1860-61	1,354,388
1861-62	1,385,238
1862-63	2,976,638
1863-64	3,874,827
1864-65	1,588,948
1865-66	975,943
1866-67	970,415
1867-68	737,989
1868-69	907,281
1869-70	730,793

The foregoing statement indicates that the mills North and South have taken from this crop 1,301,137 bales. If we now apply to these figures, and also to our figures of the previous three years, the statement of increase and decrease of stock held by the mills, we shall have the following as the actual consumption of the mills for the four years, 1871-72, 1872-73, 1873-74, 1874-75.

Taken by Northern mills, 977,248 1,063,615

Taken by Southern mills, 139,900 181,600

## SEA ISLAND CROP AND CONSUMPTION.

The crop of Sea Island the past year has been as follows: Florida, 10,764 bales; Georgia, 1,309 bales, South Carolina, 13,156 bales; Texas, 1,100 bales—total 26,329 bales. The crop of the year ending Sept. 1st, 1873, was 16,845 bales.

The crop of Sea Island during former years has been as follows:

YEAR	BALES
1856-57	43,314
1857-58	40,508
1858-59	47,592
1859-60	46,649
1860-61	no record
1861-62	33,328
1862-63	31,375
1863-64	18,839
1864-65	26,507
1865-66	21,577
1866-67	18,712
1867-68	16,845
1868-69	26,329

The sea island crop this year, is as stated above, 26,329 bales, and with the stock at the beginning of the year, 951 bales, the total supply has been bales 27,280. The stock at the end of the year, Sept. 1, 1873, was 1,007.

Making the total distributed 24,973 Of which exported to foreign ports 14,909

Leaving consumed in the United States 10,123

CONSUMPTION NORTH AND SOUTH. There is a further increase this year in the consumption by our spinners, both North and South. With a regard to the Northern mills, this is due not alone to increase of spindles, but to a somewhat enlarged production of the heavier class of goods.

To what extent new spinners have been added we cannot say with any accuracy, not having the data necessary upon which to base an estimate; it is certain, however, that all our machine shops have been employed to their full capacity during the year. The production of heavier goods arose from the fact that at mid-season printing cloths became unprofitable to mills not organized for them, but which at their better prices had been so engaged; their wider looms were therefore, put on heavier fabrics for some months.

Except in the Fall River mills, and the brief and partial strike in Rhode Island, we know of no more than the usual suspension of summer work; and down to July there was no lost time, so far as we have been able to learn, all the mills being driven to the fullest extent. As to the stock now held by the Northern spinners, it is of course impossible to speak very definitely. Undoubtedly some of the mills are well stocked, very considerably in excess of last year, while others, we know, are only buying to supply their daily wants. Definite facts on this subject are however, very difficult to obtain; and, therefore, as it would seem from what we have said above, that spinners must have increased their consumption at least to an extent equal to the above increase in their takings, we leave their stock, on the first of September the same as last year. With regard to Southern consumption, we give the full returns below. The takings of the mills North and South have been as follows:

STATE	BALES
Alabama	15,091
Arkansas	295
Florida	295
Georgia	36,129
Kentucky	8,519
Louisiana	3,799
Mississippi	3,126
Missouri	10,112
North Carolina	13,291
South Carolina	10,691
Tennessee	10,321
Texas	4,193
Virginia*	15,333

Total consumption, 137,663 60,572,220

\*Including West Virginia. Chronicle Report for 1873.

We hoped to obtain full enough returns to give also the number of spinning spindles running, the average size of yarn, quantity and value of goods produced, &c., but the replies received have not been sufficient to enable us to do this and we have not had time to obtain a second reply. Another year we hope to make this a very interesting feature of our report.

WARRANT OF THE CROP. The total gross weight of this crop reaches 1,854,920,093 pounds, and the average weight of the bales is 464 pounds. The crop of Georgia was 614,639 bales, weighing in the aggregate 283,686,915 pounds, making the average weight of each bale 463 pounds. Alabama shows the greatest average weight in bales, 487 pounds, and South Carolina the lowest, 444 pounds.

FINE CUT. The best thing to take before singing—breath.

The bill board on Morgan street for the Great New York Circus, was erected yesterday.

A commission has been appointed in France to "suggest some remedy for earthquakes."

The first instance of failure of a divorce suit ever chronicled in Indiana occurred the other day in the case of a lady whose husband died just before the judge's decision could be rendered.

A Washington inventor is hard at work on a model for a dog that can run along the top of a fence. He expects to break through on the cat and become wealthier than the Rothschilds.

The Cleveland Banner comes to us this week under the new proprietorship of very much improved in "make up" and general appearance. The new local, Mr. J. P. Babington, upon assuming his duties, announces the following good resolution:

As Local Editor, we will endeavor to make our department of the Banner as interesting and instructive as our time and ability will admit. We will ever lay political matters and personalities aside and devote our space to matter that will be of interest to the people.

With these remarks we will step out upon the scene of public life, for the first time, and let the world consume us as we prove our course, which shall ever be straightforward, regardless of persons or parties.

Veterans of the Mexican War. In yesterday's issue of the SENTINEL we published a brief paragraph stating that application would be made to Col. S. L. Fremont, Chairman, &c., to have the proposed Convention of the Survivors of the Mexican War held in this city, instead of Goldsboro, as at first suggested. The change has been made, as will be seen from the following card which appears in yesterday morning's Star:

To the Survivors of the Mexican War. As Chairman of the recent meeting of the Survivors of the Mexican War, I have been requested to change the proposed meeting from Goldsboro to Raleigh and the time to the 15th of October, at the State Fair. Concerning the propriety of this and at the request of a number of those attending the late meeting, I respectfully recommended that the Convention of the Survivors of the Mexican War be held at Raleigh, October 15th, at 12 o'clock sharp.

## last vestige of uncertainty, and hence have labored very assiduously to procure the actual figures. To this end we first obtained through the kindness of Mr. Walker, superintendent of the Census Bureau, the names of all the mills in each Southern State as they existed at that time. We then sent the list of the Census Bureau for each State to persons living in different parts of the State to add to it the names of any mills since organized, and finally applied to each mill by letter and circular for its return of consumption. To our application we have received a very kind and full response. Of course some returns have not reached us; but in all such cases we have written to persons living near the mill to give us the best estimate of its consumption, and thus have either directly or indirectly obtained the information we desired. Of course a first effort like this must give a less perfect result than the same work in future years will produce. And yet it is very satisfactory to have met with so large a measure of success. Below we give the census returns of consumption and the owners returns in pounds, and also in bales of 440 pounds net.

Alabama, 7,885 3,249,283

Arkansas, 150 66,400

Florida, 24,820 10,311,176

Georgia, 3,001 1,554,025

Kentucky, 1,701 748,325

Louisiana, 1,319 590,764

Mississippi, 9,902 3,195,600

North Carolina, 8,823 4,238,276

South Carolina, 10,810 4,756,823

Tennessee, 6,528 2,872,583

Texas, 2,447 1,177,118

Virginia\*, 9,971 4,252,383

Total consumption, 83,056 36,547,793

\*Including West Virginia. Chronicle Report for 1873.

Alabama, 15,091 6,325,603

Arkansas, 295 128,990

Florida, 295 128,990

Georgia, 36,129 17,319,790

Kentucky, 8,519 3,744,000

Louisiana, 3,799 1,327,600

Mississippi, 3,126 1,375,460

Missouri, 10,112 4,449,390

North Carolina, 13,291 5,498,160

South Carolina, 10,691 7,344,980

Tennessee, 10,321 4,497,280

Texas, 4,193 1,844,490

Virginia\*, 15,333 6,702,630

Total consumption, 137,663 60,572,220

\*Including West Virginia. Chronicle Report for 1873.

## MARKETS.

### Noon Report.

New York, Sept. 17. Stocks active; gold 11 1/8; money 7; exchange—long 8 3/8, short 9 3/8; government dull and steady; States quiet.

Cotton steady, sales 951, Uplands 50 1/4, Orleans 20 5/8; Futures opened for September 17 10-16 to 19 1/2, October 17 9-4 to 17 1/2-18, December 17 9-18, February 18, March 18 1/4; flour quiet and unchanged; wheat a shade firmer; corn a trifle better; pork firm—new mess 18; lard firm—old mess 8 1/2-16; turpentine dull at 48; rosin quiet at 3 1/2 for straight; freights firm.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 17. Cotton steady, Uplands—Orleans 9 1/4, Sales 19,000. Speculations and exports 3,000. No arrival transactions. Sellers demand 1-16 in the advance.

Later—Sales upland, new crop shipments bids good ordinary at 8 1/2-16, Lard 40.

### Gift Concert.

Will be given in one of the large Halls on the Agricultural Fair Grounds on

Thursday, October 16th, 1873.

The object of the Concert is to dispose of a lot of goods and chattels un-sold to date.

Tickets Only \$1.

The following in part comprises the donations, all of which will be given away at the Concert:

Cooking Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Steamers and Wringers, Large Lot of Win Wars, Ice Cream Freezers, Refrigerators, Clocks, Sewing Machines, Baby Carriages, Furniture, Hobby Horses, Breach Loading Guns, Musical Instruments, Mirrors, Sets China, Bedsteads, Bedding, Confectionaries, Baskets, Trunks, Coffee, Sugar, Fish, Fancy Soaps, Perfumery