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# THE SENTINEL

FRIDAY, JULY 14, 1876.

**National Democratic Reform Ticket.**

**FOR PRESIDENT:**  
**SAMUEL J. TILDEN,**  
OF NEW YORK.

**FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:**  
**THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,**  
OF INDIANA.

**W. ELECTORS:**  
**DANIEL G. FOWLE,** of Wake,  
**JAMES M. LEACH,** of Davidson.

**SECOND DISTRICT:**  
**JOHN F. WOOLEN,** of Lenoir.

**THIRD DISTRICT:**  
**JOHN D. STANFORD,** of Duplin.

**FOURTH DISTRICT:**  
**FABIAN H. BUSBEE,** of Wake.

**FIFTH DISTRICT:**  
**FRANK C. ROBBINS,** of Davidson.

**SIXTH DISTRICT:**  
**ROBERT P. WARING,** of Mecklenburg.

**SEVENTH DISTRICT:**  
**WILLIAM B. GLENN,** of Yadkin.

**DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.**

**FOR GOVERNOR:**  
**ZEBULON B. VANCE,**  
OF MECKLENBURG.

**FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR:**  
**THOMAS J. JARVIS,**  
OF WIT.

**FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:**  
**JOSEPH A. ENGELHARD,**  
OF NEW HANOVER.

**FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:**  
**THOMAS S. KENAN,**  
OF WILSON.

**FOR PUBLIC TREASURER:**  
**JOHN M. WORTH,**  
OF RAYBURN.

**FOR ADDITION:**  
**SAMUEL L. LOVE,**  
OF HAYWOOD.

**FOR SUP'T. OF PUB. INSTRUCTION:**  
**JOHN O. SCARBOROUGH,**  
OF JOHNSTON.

**FOR CONGRESS:**  
**JOSEPH J. DAVIS,**  
OF FRANKLIN.

**CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS IN OTHER DISTRICTS:**

**3d DISTRICT—ALFRED M. WADDELL,** of New Hanover.

**5th DISTRICT—ALFRED M. SCALES,** of Guilford.

**6th DISTRICT—WALTER L. STEELE,** of Richmond.

**7th DISTRICT—WILLIAM M. ROBBINS,** of Iredell.

**PARTY ORGANIZATION.**

At a meeting of the Central Executive Committee of the democratic party it was

Resolved 1. That the chairman of each County Executive Committee be requested to report to the secretary of this committee the name and postoffice address of each member of the same.

2. That each member of the several congressional committees be requested to report his name and address in like manner; and also to take notice that he is ex-officio a member of the State Executive Committee.

3. That this committee urgently calls on the conservative people of North Carolina who favor reform in state and national affairs to form without delay Tilden and Vance clubs in their respective townships or neighborhoods; and the officers of all such clubs are requested to report their names to the secretary of this committee.

4. That the democratic papers throughout the state be requested to publish the above resolutions.

W. R. COX, Chm'n.  
S. A. ASHE, Sec'y.

**Meeting of the State Executive Committee.**

**ROOMS CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COM., DEM. CONSERVATIVE PARTY, Raleigh, July 8, 1876.**

[CIRCULAR.]

The district executive committees, and who, with the central executive committee, compose the state executive committee, are requested to meet in this city Friday, 15th instant, to consult in regard to matters of importance to the party. They will please regard this as an official notification.

WM. R. COX, Chm'n.  
S. A. ASHE, Secretary.

Democratic papers please copy.

Vance will un-settle 'em.

After all his dirty work—Also, poor Wata.

Sam. Wata—also! Echo answers with the last syllable alone.

Judicial nigger minstrelsy seems unappreciated even by Tarheel radicals.

They Young has taken to drinking Congress water as a sort of Davis' pain-killer.

Young will be old before he can behold himself entitled to spit in a congressional cuspidor.

Blaine's brother says he is improving. We know of no one in whom there was more room for it.

Dom Pedrosailed for Europe Wednesday. If he wants a certificate of good behavior during his stay in the Union, he can get it by applying at this office.

Tyner, of Indiana, succeeds Jewell in the stamp-licking and letter-shoving department. Let him beware of being too honest or decent. It will lose him his place.

Four independent or neutral Wisconsin papers have declared for Tilden since his nomination. Next year will be a bad year for newspapers opposing reform.

In one column of his excellent paper, the Goldboro Messenger, of July 13, brother Bonitz has 10 editorial paragraphs from the Sentinel, without a credit to one of them.

The Cleburne Rifles, of Atlanta, Georgia, have offered their services to avenge Custer. They could best do it by slaying Grant's whole Indian bureau and about 100 of his thieving agents.

The great need of the Chicago Inter-Ocean just now is a man who can write up "Southern Outrages" after a new style. The chap who has had that department for the last year has grown monotonous.

No democratic administration ever had any great trouble with the Indians. Perhaps it was because no democratic administration permitted the existence of rings to swindle the red man and plunder the white man at the same time.

Since the shower, we feel a little as we suppose the poor fellow, who begged a drop of cool water from Lazarus' fingertip to cool his parched tongue in radicalism's headquarters, would if he had got the lubrication he so devoutly sought.

The Cincinnati Gazette says that no one can say anything against Hayes' character. No one wants to. We want people to post themselves on the character of the party he represents. This is a fight over principles, not men.

The next president of the United States was officially notified of his nomination and accepted, it last Tuesday evening. The ceremony took place in New York and not in Columbus, and his name is Tilden and not Hayes.

Hayes may be an able man, as claimed by his partisans, but this is not the year for electing a president on the ground that he is a good fellow. We are not supporting Tilden and Hendricks because they can address a Sunday school or quote Shakespeare.

One more of the few even moderately respectable men ever associated with Grant in a cabinet capacity, has just had to walk the plank. Postmaster-General Jewell was compelled to resign Tuesday. Morton bossed the job, which is all the comment that is necessary.

The radical party was born with a promise on its lips, and has promised this and promised that every year since. With promises to keep the masses quiet, that party has stolen more money from the people than any government on earth would have dared take from its subjects.

One by one those men who want reform and honest government are wheeling into line under the Tilden flag. Sixteen years of radical misrule and corruption has disgusted every man who looked to that party to carry out its oft-repeated promises to rule honestly and with economy.

If the battle of this campaign were to be fought on its merits, as suggested by the New York Times, the Times and all its sister sheets could not by a combined effort produce two reasons why the republican record of corruption should be extended four years more. If there is merit in slaying, bold robbery and brazen plundering of the people, we fall to see it.

The peace policy exercised in conducting Indian affairs was not such a failure after all. Some five hundred soldiers have been butchered this summer on the plains, and every man of common sense knew that such would be the result. The success of the policy does not, however, produce a favorable impression on the general public.

**THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.**

The convention of republicans has adjourned, and they have presented this as their state ticket:—

For Governor, Thomas Settle, of Guilford; Lieut-Governor, Wm. A. Smith, of Johnston; Secretary of State, John W. Albertson, of Perquimans; Attorney General, T. L. Hargrove, of Granville; Public Treasurer, Wm. H. Wheeler, of Forsythe; State Auditor, John Kelly, of Cumberland; Superintendent of Public Instruction, John C. Carson, of Henderson.

The last named on the ticket is a minister in the Presbyterian church, and we believe this is his first appearance in political life. Messrs. Hargrove and Kelly are officers of the present state government. Dr. Wheeler has, for the past four years, been a member of the legislature, and, with Judge Albertson, was last fall a member of the constitutional convention. Judge Settle and Major Smith are both well known throughout the state.

It would be of no advantage to the democratic party to attempt a disparagement of this ticket that cannot be sustained, but our candid criticism is that it is a kangaroo ticket, in that its greatest strength lies in its hinder-parts. Messrs. Albertson and Hargrove are stronger men, better speakers, and will prove abler and more popular canvassers than either of the gentlemen at the head of the ticket; while Messrs. Wheeler and Kelly will sustain better reputations before the people of North Carolina than either Judge Settle or Mr. Smith. Respecting the Reverend Mr. Carson, his calling ought to be a shield of protection against any criticism of his character, or assault upon his reputation.

But this ticket is inauspiciously presented. It is in the first place the product of a convention of federal office-holders, and a mass of negroes under the dictation and control of federal office holders. It is a ticket pledged to anti-reform at the start, because each of the nominees stand upon a platform endorsing Grant and his administration as administration which of all others in the annals of American history stands out in bold relief as the complete embodiment of every abuse, outrage and crime it is possible to conceive or execute under official sanction or governmental authority. At this very moment, as if still further seeking to defy decency and outrage public opinion, Grant is driving out of his cabinet and the public service every man whose conduct has given the slightest proof of efficiency, or created in the public mind the least suspicion of honesty in the official.

In support and endorsement of such an administration the republican party of North Carolina stands irrevocably re-committed, and to the maintenance and continuance of the past and present state of things the state ticket of the republican party is individually and collectively pledged.

That reform in the public affairs of state and the nation, which the people and the times so strenuously demand, is not possible under the auspices of men elected to office under such circumstances as these.

The people of North Carolina have no good thing to expect in the event of the election of the ticket presented to them by the state convention of the republican party. And we shall presently show that there are those at the head of that ticket whose practices in the past are in perfect keeping with every act of bad government, and that they are on record as endorsing and approving the worst conduct that can be charged to a public official.

**A BUNGLING LIE.**

The stupidest and clumsiest, most preposterous and impossible lie of the season is this statement of the Washington Republican, in an attempt to defend Grant from the universal imputation of blame in connection with the Custer affair:—

"General Custer on the contrary has always been a favorite officer with the president and General Sheridan on account of his dash and gallantry in charging the foe."

Yet, the last time that Custer ever called at the disgraced White House, Grant kept him kicking his heels two hours in an ante-room, and then refused to see him. His command was taken from him by order of Grant, and given to his inferior, the toady and nonentity and willing satrap's tool, Terry. By order of Grant, he was virtually arrested and held a prisoner at Sheridan's headquarters, while the precious days of preparation for the war rolled by unimproved. And at last, stung and humiliated, stripped of troops and unprepared, he was rushed to the front to carry out the crazy plans of blockheads and ignoramuses, and he fell, with all his family and his immortal three hundred. "Favorite of Grant," indeed! Say hated by Grant, instead. Because he had told the truth on Grant's thieving brother and cabinet associates. Because, as an honest man and a gentleman, he was a standing reproach and a reproof to Grant's whole administration. Let the National Republican confine its lying efforts to rebel outrages and nigger massacres in the south. It is a failure in any higher branch of the Ananias art.

**INVITATION TO RETURN TO THE DEMOCRATIC FOLD.**

The democratic party, through its conventions at Raleigh and St. Louis, extended a timely and graceful invitation to all true lovers of the state and the country to co-operate with them in their centennial effort to restore the government to its former proud position of purity, dignity and power. Such appeals, if sincere and in good faith, cannot fail in their effect on many thousands of democrats who left their party under the Greeley movement in 1872.

Here is the invitation:—

In this centennial year of our existence we invite all patriots to ignore all dead issues, to disregard the prejudices engendered by past events and to unite with us in the effort to restore a constitutional, honest, economical and pure administration of the government, and thus promote the general welfare and happiness of the country.—[Raleigh Democratic Convention.]

We, the delegates of the democratic party of the United States in national convention assembled, do hereby declare the administration of the federal government to be in urgent need of immediate reform; do hereby enjoin upon the nominees of this convention, and of the democratic party in each state, a zealous effort and co-operation to this end; and do hereby appeal to our fellow-citizens of every former political connection, to undertake with us this first and most pressing patriotic duty.—[St. Louis Convention.]

The words of this invitation to return are no empty sound. They are words of sober earnestness and sincerity. Through failure to present itself at all times on living issues, under true democratic colors and with the invincible organization of other days, hundreds and thousands of good democrats have gone into the republican party.

In the presidential campaign of 1872, finding the democratic party disintegrating, and believing that it was running after strange gods, democrats, distrustful Greeleyism, voted for Grant. They did so in the hope of having some part in so shaping the administration of public affairs as to save the country. Every inducement that could be offered to patriots was made to dissatisfied democrats to vote for Grant. They were appealed to at the south by every recollection of Grant's soldierly conduct toward Lee and his surrendered veterans. Every appeal that could reach the patriotic heart, and every feeling of the soldier that would respond to the noble conduct of a generous congress, were made and played upon to win the votes of southern soldiers. Every promise of perfect reconciliation and forgiveness was pledged, and we were told that no reasonable demand on the part of the south could or would thereafter be denied.

Under such circumstances, remembering what Greeley had been toward the south, and what Grant was to Lee and his followers, men who loved and fought for their section, who had followed its starry cross from the beginning to the end of the war, gave their support to the successful hero of the revolution, and allied themselves with the republican party in the hope of a great and lasting blessing to the country.

No administration has ever been so disastrous to the country as this has proven to be. No man ever before so fatally lost a grand opportunity as Grant has through maladministration of his office. No party was ever so blindly recalcitrant and so foolishly false to its allies as the republican party has been to its democratic recruits gained in the campaign of 1872.

In 1876 the democratic party places at its masthead true and tried national democrats. It presents itself to the country on living, tangible, vital issues—issues upon which are staked the life and the hopes of the country. The democratic party comes with its organization and under the leadership of men of its own; and it comes asking its old followers, and men and patriots of every former shade of political opinion, to fall into its ranks and help bear its banners on to victory.

We believe that thousands are ready to enlist in the ranks of the democracy who never marched under its colors before. We believe that those who went away when the choice was Grant or Greeley will now return if they are made to feel that the invitation to do so is sincere and in good faith, and that the promises of reform will be made good in the hour of success.

But we must be careful how we live up to our professions in this campaign. The men selected for office from township to state must in themselves give an earnest of reform. And if we would have the prodigal return we must make him assured of a cordial, hearty and free welcome. There must be no crimination or recrimination; no criticism on past political conduct, and no disparaging remarks on account of any past political alliance or association.

Our old friend, Gen. Jo. Shelby, the most noted Confederate cavalryman of the Trans-Mississippi department, telegraphs Grant: "General Custer has been killed. We once fought him, and now propose to avenge him. Should you determine to call for volunteers, allow Missouri to raise 1,000." Another hideous rebel outrage. Proposing to take the avenging of a federal general out of the hands of loyal men.

**BOHEMIA, BRAGGADOCIO AND BLOOD.**

The speech of Judge Settle, night before last, was a characteristic specimen of bohemian, braggadocio and blood.

The speech was incendiary in that it involved revenge for real or imaginary wrongs, and the speaker skillfully played upon the ignorant minds and inflammable emotions of the masses of negroes present constituting four-fifths of the assembled multitude.

The somewhat hearing of the speaker was that of a swaggerer straining after dignity. In his more natural moments he fell into that patronizing manner peculiar to Senator Roscoe Conkling, of New York, of whom Settle is said to be a faint imitation—a very small pocket edition, as it were.

His allusions to the great writ of habeas corpus were the merest bombast, and Judge Settle knew it. That he was ready for the democrats to open their mud batteries; that he would show ten soundbells in the democratic ranks to one in his own party, were the utterances of a braggart under the full-flush inspiration of sheer bravado.

We shall, from night before last, write Thomas Settle as a demagogue, braggart and political bully; as a man who has exhausted his nobler instincts in partisan strife; as one who has lost the es-cutecheon of his ancestry in the cesspool of vilest politics; one who through association among the very worst political elements incidental to a period of revolution, or possible under our peculiar system of reconstruction, has dimmed a name long honored in North Carolina.

Thrice within the past eight years elevated to the supreme bench, he was there as free from partizan influences as he chose to make himself, and in such position he has been out of reach of and above the darts and shafts of the political bow and the partisan boom-strap.

But he has finally now, and perhaps fatally, and if fatally, for the last time, embarked fully upon the treacherous sea of politics. At his masthead he flies the black flag—the emblematic raw-head and bloody-bones of his party—and "no quarter" is the motto.

The ignorance, the poverty, the distress and the suffering of the people of North Carolina will constitute, in Judge Settle's campaign, the crimes for which they are to be arraigned before civilization and the world. Led into a war of revolution by an infatuation so profound that its mysterious power belongs to the Master of destiny; satisfying the dread maw of war with thousands of their bravest and best; suffering through a period of four years of darkness, distress and despair; drinking deep of the dregs of poverty at the fountain of folly, it is not enough for Judge Settle and his set that these ten thousand phases of woe, that no pen can describe and no mind conceive of, have been the part of the people of North Carolina.

But to gratify a spirit of envy, hate, revenge, and an avarice as rapacious as the maw of hell, Judge Settle will strip the scanty covering from off his old mother state, and expose to the gaze of a vulgar and jeering world her putrid sores and all her hideous deformities.

The Charlotte Observer says the radical nominations fell flat as flackjacks in that region. The democrats are as much pleased with the ticket as the radicals. Its defeat is regarded as foredoomed.

Bristow was the only would-be reformer ever connected with Grant's administration. He has been forced to resign, and Grant is sweeping all his appointees out of office. Yet Hayes says he endorses Grant, and is a great reformer.

**PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.**

Speech is silver. It is about time to hear again from Senator Jones.

Mr. Bristow in the course of the campaign will speak for Hayes and Wheeler in Connecticut.

General Mahone is proposed as the democratic candidate for congress in the fourth Virginia district.

Wouldn't it have been better to have put some Injun and less Chinese in the political platform? asks the Philadelphia Times.

Rev. Dr. Storms in his New York fourth of July oration said: "Let us make religious dimensions here, as a force in politics, as absurd as wileher's ft."

General Meade, in the dark years of the war, said of Custer: "That man will die at the head of his command." And now the prophecy is sadly verified.

Says the Boston Herald: "If there is anything amusing it is the protestations of the men of either party that their platform is sounder on the currency question than the other. Neither of them is sound, and it was not intended that either should be. The only safety is in the character of the men put up as candidates, and especially for congress."

The New York Sun believes the battle-ground of the presidential contest is New York, Connecticut and New Jersey. In proof that this is the general opinion of both democrats and republicans, the Sun refers to the fact that in the usual tables of the probable results of the campaign, some prepared by democrats and some by republicans, the electoral votes of New York, together with those of either Connecticut or New Jersey, and oftentimes both, are found necessary to make up a majority.

**CLIPPINGS AND PICKINGS.**

"What kind of a carpet shall we get for the person's study?" asked a church committee-man of his colleague. "Axminster," was the comprehensive reply.

At Salt Lake, the other day, a young lady from the interior entered a store, and called for a pair of stockings. The clerk politely asked her what number she wore. "Why, two; do you suppose I am a contipede?"

Plato says that philosophy consoles a man in all trials; but we would have liked to see Plato chasing a lawn mower about his front yard, and trying to produce a pleasing impression on the pretty girl across the way about the time the machine struck a stone and the handle took him in the pit of the stomach.

**VANOS FOR CIVIL LIBERTY—THE HABEAS CORPUS ORDER.**

**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF N. C. Adjutant General's Office, Raleigh, 26th May, 1863.**

General Order, No. 3.

Militia officers are ordered not to arrest any man as a conscript or deserter who may have been discharged under a writ of habeas corpus tried before any Judge of the Supreme or Superior Courts of this State.

They are further ordered to resist any such arrest upon the part of any person not authorized by the legal order or process of a Court or Judge having jurisdiction of such cases.

By order of Governor Vance,  
DAN'L G. FOWLE,  
Adjutant General.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**PEACE INSTITUTE,**  
RALEIGH, N. C.

The next (fifth) scholastic year begins on THURSDAY, the 14th of September, 1876, and ends June 14th, 1877.

It is divided into two terms of four half months each, commencing the 14th of September and 1st of February.

Board and tuition per term, \$100.

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Rev. R. BURWELL & SON,  
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**RALEIGH HIGH SCHOOL.**

The exercises of this school will be resumed on  
MONDAY, AUGUST 21st, 1876.

It separates its pupils generally for college and practical pursuits. It offers, in particular, a full and approved course of preparation for the University of North Carolina.

Boards are received, on good terms, into the family of the Principals. Circulars containing terms and particulars sent on application.

Rev. J. M. ATKINSON,  
C. H. SCOTT,  
Jy 6 dt

**RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD SCHEDULE.**

MAIL TRAIN.

Leave Raleigh	10 00 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	3 30 P. M.
Leave Weldon	10 00 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	3 15 P. M.

THROUGH FREIGHT.

Leave Raleigh	5 00 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	5 25 P. M.
Leave Weldon	12 15 P. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	5 40 P. M.

**RALEIGH & AUGUSTA AIR LINE.**

Leave Raleigh	3 30 P. M.
Arrive at Cameron	5 15 P. M.
Leave Cameron	5 20 P. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	9 45 A. M.

JOHN C. WINDER,  
Superintendent.

**LEGAL NOTICE.**

**WAKE COUNTY—IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.**

**SUMMONS FOR RELIEF.**

Jones Watson and T. P. Devereux, Extra of P. A. Stenberg, dec'd.

Joanna F. Stenberg, Bada Jane Loader, James W. Stenberg, Sarah Jane Loader, James B. Loader, Mary John Loader and Annie Jones Loader.

**THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.**

To the Sheriff of Wake County—Greeting.

You are hereby commanded, to summon Joanna F. Stenberg, Bada W. Stenberg, Chas. W. Stenberg, Sarah Jane Loader, James B. Loader, Mary John Loader and Annie Jones Loader, the defendants above named, if they be found within your county, to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for the county of Wake, within 30 days after the service of this summons on this, exclusive of the day of such service, and answer the complaint, a copy of which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for said county, within ten days from the date of this summons, and let them take notice that if they fail to answer the said complaint within that time, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Hereof full notice, and of this summons make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, this 17 day of June 1876.

J. N. BUNTING,  
Clerk Superior Court Wake County.

**NORTH CAROLINA, WAKE COUNTY.**

**PROMOTEES AND T. P. DEVEREUX, Extra of Peter A. Stenberg, dec'd.**

James T. Stenberg, B. W. Stenberg, Chas. W. Stenberg, Sarah Jane Loader, James B. Loader, Mary John Loader, Annie Jones Loader and Susan G. Loader.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court by the affidavit of Thomas P. Devereux one of the plaintiffs herein that a good cause of action exists in the above case that after due diligence the defendants Joanna F. Stenberg, Bada W. Stenberg, Chas. W. Stenberg, Sarah Jane Loader, Bada W. Stenberg and Charles W. Stenberg cannot be found in the State of North Carolina, and that they are proper parties to this action.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that summons by publication be made in the Weekly Sentinel once a week for six weeks, and further that a copy of said published summons be enclosed and directed to such of the within named non-residents whose address is known to the plaintiffs hereof.

J. N. BUNTING,  
Clerk.

Bussey & Bussey, plaintiffs Attorneys,  
Jun 20-law-66.

**THE SALEM \$10. CORN SHELLER!**

Runs light; shells clean; is strong; shells all kinds of corn. Price only \$10. Manufactured by the Salem Agricultural Works Salem, N. C. je 17-4.