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No notice taken of advertisements unless accompanied by cash. We cannot undertake to return rejected manuscripts.

Address,
SMITH, BACHELOR & CO.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE SENTINEL

FRIDAY, JULY 21, 1876.

National Democratic Reform Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:
SAMUEL J. TILDEN,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,
OF INDIANA.

LECTORS:
FOR THE STATE AT LARGE,
DANIEL G. FOWLE, of Wake,
JAMES M. LEACH, of Davidson.

SECOND DISTRICT,
JOHN F. WOOTEN, of Lenoir.

THIRD DISTRICT,
JOHN D. STANFORD, of Duplin.

FOURTH DISTRICT,
FABIUS H. BUSBEE, of Wake.

FIFTH DISTRICT,
FRANK C. ROBBINS, of Davidson.

SIXTH DISTRICT,
ROBERT P. WARRING, of Mecklenburg.

SEVENTH DISTRICT,
WILLIAM B. GLENN, of Yadkin.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:
ZEBULON B. VANCE,
OF MECKLENBURG.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR:
THOMAS J. JARVIS,
OF PITT.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
JOSEPH A. ENGELHARD,
OF NEW HANOVER.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
THOMAS S. KENAN,
OF WILSON.

FOR PUBLIC TREASURER:
JOHN M. WORTH,
OF HAMDEN.

FOR AUDITOR:
SAMUEL L. LOVE,
OF HAYWOOD.

FOR SUP'T. OF PUB. INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
OF JOHNSTON.

FOR CONGRESS:
JOSEPH J. DAVIS,
OF FRANKLIN.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS IN OTHER DISTRICTS:

3d DISTRICT—**ALFRED M. WADDELL**, of New Hanover.

5th DISTRICT—**ALFRED M. SCALES**, of Guilford.

6th DISTRICT—**WALTER L. STEELE**, of Richmond.

7th DISTRICT—**WILLIAM M. ROBBINS**, of Iredell.

Judge Manly, in his 76th year, is summing at Hillsboro in a perfect state of physical and mental preservation.

Philadelphia swarms with pick-pockets and thieves. It has a temporary attack of Washington's perpetual ailment.

Alonzo Anderson, a Cincinnati dark-hued Hayes and Wheeler voter, shot his wife and mother-in-law last Tuesday night.

The question is, does impeachment impeach? Everybody knows Belknap is guilty, and yet it takes months to even start the slow senatorial justice-mill.

A mule died of sunstroke in Stokes county, the other day. Several illustrious statesmen of our acquaintance had better begin to carry blue cotton umbrellas and wear cabbage-leaves in their hats.

While Hugh B. Guthrie, of Chapel Hill, was down here in the late radical convention talking of ostracism, his party friends at home ostracised him out of the post-office, and put Tom Kirkland in instead; and now the wide-mouthed Hugh, unlike the ostrich, has nowhere to hide his head.

"Wayne county is out of debt."—Constitution.

True enough; but under democratic government. When under republican rule, Wayne was not out of debt, nor Wake either. Two years of democratic government has brought Wake out of debt too; and in counties where the democracy has ruled since the war, there has been no such thing known as a county debt. But wherever republicans have ruled, the people have moaned and groaned under debt and taxation. Give the democracy the state and we will wipe out her indebtedness that hangs like an incubus upon every energy and movement toward prosperity.

Vance in the Field.

The journey of Governor Vance down into eastern Carolina has been one continued ovation.

The people have never so spontaneously turned out to greet any man before, and he will poll the largest democratic vote east of the Wilmington and Weldon railroad ever recorded of that section of the country. On the waters of the Pamlico and Albemarle, Vance will lead Mecklenburg 2,000 votes.

The governor has spoken at Smithfield, Goldsboro, Tarboro, Washington, Plymouth and Edenton, and possibly at some other incidental points before he returns. Everywhere he has been honored with large audiences, including great numbers of republicans who have paid marked attention, and upon the colored people favorable impressions are very perceptible. Throughout the state, east as well as west, Vance will receive the support of men who have never before voted the democratic ticket.

In respect to his conduct during the war, Governor Vance did his duty to his state and people as he best saw it, and wherever he goes he impresses his enemies even that he did nothing more. The republican leaders are making a mistake in attempting to fight this campaign on war issues and by resurrecting war history. There are good men in their own ranks who were identified with the war as ardent and patriotic Confederate soldiers, to whom reflections on good war men and recriminations against the leading men of North Carolina and the south during the trying period are a positive insult. The great body of our people were at one time sufficiently in sympathy with the cause of the Confederacy to hope for the success of the southern arms, and in whatever attitude any one may now stand in relation to the great conflict of 1861-65, all are aware that no man now living is responsible for it, and that no man that ever lived could have controlled the events connected with and growing out of such a struggle.

But "grim visaged" war has smoothed her wrinkled front" long since, and every good man deprecates the useless agitation of what the return of peace settled, and the restoration of the states and sections has thrown into oblivion. Yet we hear of nothing but the war, while those who raise the cry feel, and admit they feel, that the war was inevitable, if not necessary, and that its results will work great blessings to the country; in fact, they say, have already done so.

It is not necessary to palliate or excuse any act of Governor Vance during the war. Wherein he was responsible or can be held responsible, there is nothing which attaches to him as the governor of North Carolina in 1863-64 or 1865 that will not bear the closest scrutiny of the most critical. Without hindering or embarrassing the Confederate government he upheld the standard of civil liberty in his state, supplied the soldiers in the field from North Carolina with food and clothing, and sustained, as best he could, their families at home. Every official act of Governor Vance during the war showed how well he loved his people of North Carolina, and how zealously he guarded the honor of his state.

If it best suits the purposes of the republicans to ventilate the war record of Governor Vance let them do so. He is willing to stand by the record, and his friends are willing to stand by him, and they will stand by him.

There are some other records of later date than the war. Perhaps it may suit some of us to ventilate these. We have had other governors since Vance; we have had times of peace in which we have had all the pomp and circumstance of war, the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus, and the bastille. We have had the wild excitement of the worst conceivable legislation, and the high carnival of princely appropriation.

We of North Carolina have known what it is to have republican governors and legislatures. We have had Vance in the midst of a war not of his creation; and we have seen another in the full tide of a war of his own making. We have seen Vance maintaining civil liberty in a time of war, and we have seen another tramping down and crushing out civil law in a time of profound peace. We have seen Vance in custody of the public funds when the trust aggregated millions; and yet we hear of no misappropriation. We have seen another with his own hand doubling the debt on an already over-burdened and broken down people; issuing bonds to the winds; committing to the hands of irresponsible and inefficient men great public interests; selling out the public works of the state for a song; and sacrificing the public school-fund in special tax bonds.

These and ten thousand things of evil report are of more recent date and fresher on the page of history than anything Governor Vance said or did during the war, and it is perhaps well to recur to them in the day of resurrecting records.

Merritt is skirmishing with the Sioux.

"Hayes and Reform."

While Gov. Hayes was writing his letter of acceptance, with its plausible reform programme, Grant and Zack Chandler were organizing the republican campaign in his behalf by turning out the last member of the cabinet who was suspected of sympathy with the reform measures of Bristow. Jewell had a few honest men under him in his department, and when Grant demanded their removal he demurred and told him "there is a world of good in the party."

Thereupon Mr. Grant, whom the lady of the White House describes as "a very obstinate obstinate man," told Jewell that he would rather have his resignation than his advice. Jewell acted promptly and without so much as assigning any reason for his resignation, thus escaping a "certificate of character" such as Grant tendered to his friends Ackerman, Williams, Richardson, Delano, Crosswell, Belknap and every other man who went out of his cabinet in disgrace with the country. The place was immediately tendered to one Tyner, a man who occupied a position in the department which called for the duties of a mere clerk, and now the most arduous and delicate position in the cabinet is filled by a man of neither brains nor honesty, a man who, after a single term in congress, was repudiated by his district because he had been a participant in the infamous salary grab. At the same time that this is being done, Grant provokes a quarrel with Internal Revenue Commissioner Pratt, under whose administration the whisky thieves were prosecuted, and impels him to throw up his office in disgust. Dyer, the district attorney, who prosecuted the whisky thieves and sent them to the penitentiary, is dismissed, the thieves are paroled out, Morrill is called to the treasury department in order that Blaine may be transferred to the senate, and thus escape accountability to the house, and everything is made lovely for the scoundrels who have grown rich under the Grant dynasty. Honesty sneaks out of Washington with bowed head, humiliated and ashamed, and the old carnival of plunder and robbery is resumed.

And Gov. Hayes tells us in his letter of acceptance that he approves Grant's administration, while Grant endorses Hayes and promises to do all in his power for his success. But what kind of reform campaign is that which finds it necessary to placate the thieves and disgust the honest people? The events of the last few days prove that the scoundrels are in the ascendancy in the republican party, and that all reform is hopeless so long as it remains in power. Hayes is in the hands of Grant, Chandler and Cameron, as weak and powerless to resist as a kid in the tiger's lair. The men who have him in their toils are the very ones who would not permit the nomination of Bristow, because they knew they could not control the brave and intractable Kentuckian. They would not permit even the nomination of Blaine, because they knew that he belonged to another ring, and they would find little opportunity to use him. They have found the man they want, and in view of his possible election are organizing an administration which he will not dare to break. Hayes in Grant's place will be "third term" with only Grant left out.

But all these events are helping along the democratic campaign, operating as they do to convince the people that nothing but a political revolution can rescue the country from the dominion of the treasury plunderers. They have removed all uncertainty in relation to the election of Tilden and Hendricks. The Camerons, the Shepherds, the Butlers, the Chandlers, the Robesons and the Babcocks are determined to ruin if they cannot rule. They prefer destroying their party to relinquishing their hold on its throat. And they are sure to be gratified in this, if gratification it can be to them. For as surely as the sun rises on the seventh of November, Samuel J. Tilden will be elected president of the United States.

What is Brogden Going to do About It.

The governor has to make two appointments to fill vacancies. These appointments he wishes to place where they "will do most good," but like Lord Eldon he doubts. Since the republican state convention has adjourned and his centennial excellency has lost his last hope of becoming his own successor, the good old man has only found comfort in the hope that he may fall heir to the old clothes of John Hyman, and represent the black district in congress.

How to secure the nomination for this doubtful honor is causing him no little trouble. He evidently is afraid that if he follows his wisest advisers and puts into the vacancies the best material his party affords, he will alienate the affections of O'Hara, John Hyman and Mabson; while if he puts O'Hara in Judge Settle's old shoes and makes Mabson or Hyman superintendent of public instruction, he fears the consequences upon the better element of his party. The result of this position of affairs will probably be, that Brogden will either

A NEW THING INDEED.

The undersigned has undertaken the agency, for the United States, of a splendid bust of SAMUEL J. TILDEN, the great reform candidate for the presidency.

This bust, which is nearly life size, has been executed by an eminent artist, and faithfully reproduced in plaster, making it a splendid ornament and a most desirable souvenir of the great reform campaign, for the incredibly low sum of five dollars.

Every democratic campaign club ought to have one. Special arrangements made with those who wish to take sub-agencies. This will be the best selling article of the campaign. Address all orders or enquiries to J. R. REAVIS,
July 15th Times Office, St. Louis, Mo.

THE ONLY SURE CURE FOR RUPTURE.

The oldest and best Hermit Surgeons in the world and some of the advantages offered by the Triumph Truss Company, 334 Bowery, N. Y., whose Truss and Supporter were awarded the Medal at the last session of the great American Institute Fair. Send 10 cents for their new book.

A row in the radical camp in Stokes is about to result in a duel between two colored bloods, with a white man each for a second.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COME ONE, COME ALL!

JOHN C. SCARBROUGH, democratic candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, will speak at Nashville, Nash county, Monday, July 24.

HON. DANIEL G. FOWLE, democratic candidate for the state at large, and CHARLES M. COOK, of Franklin, have both accepted invitations to speak at Ferris's, Nash county, Wednesday July 26, the day of the tax-gathering. The county canvassers will also be there.

B. H. BUNN,
Chairman County Ex. Com.
A. P. CHALK, Ass't Sec'y.

THE BIBLICAL RECORDER,

REV. C. T. BAILEY, Editor.
REV. J. D. HUFHAM, Associate Editor.
REV. W. T. WALTERS, D. D., Agric'l Ed.

ORGAN OF N. CAROLINA BAPTISTS
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PROPRIETORS.
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF
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INKS,

SKILLED WORKMEN IN EVERY
DEPARTMENT.

BEST QUALITY OF WORK.

PRINTING, RULING AND
BINDING OF EVERY DE-
SCRIPTION,

EXECUTED PROMPTLY AND SKILFULLY

IMPROVED MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS.
July 21st

PROPOSALS FOR WOOD.

OFFICE SECRETARY OF STATE,
RALEIGH, N. C., July 18, 1876.

Sealed proposals, with a copy of this advertisement annexed to each, are invited and will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, M., SATURDAY, AUGUST 19th, 1876, for furnishing wood for use of the General Assembly and the several executive offices of the State, as follows:

500 cords of merchantable hard wood. The quantity to be more or less, as may be required, and to be delivered at the capitol yard at such times as the undersigned may direct, subject to inspection. Bids must be accompanied by bond and security (justified) for the fulfillment of the contract. Bond, \$500. Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of their bids. Envelopes to be endorsed "PROPOSALS FOR WOOD," and addressed to the undersigned.

July 19-4d
W. H. HOWEKTON,
Secretary of State.
Constitution will please copy.

LEGAL NOTICE.

WAKE COUNTY--IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

SECTIONS FOR RELIEF.

Thomas F. Devereux, Trustee against Jno. Devereux, Ex'r., S. P. Jones, F. J. G. Miller, John Cameron and Rachel Jones.

THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
To the Sheriff of Wake County--Greeting:

You are hereby commanded, to summon Jno. Devereux, Ex'r., S. P. Jones, F. J. G. Miller, John Cameron & Rachel Jones, the defendants above named, if they be found within your county, to be and appear before the Judge of our Superior Court, at a Court to be held for the county of Wake at the Court House in Raleigh on the 8th Monday after the 1st Monday of February 1876, and answer the complaint which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said county, within ten days from the date of this summons, and let the said defendants take office that if they fail to answer the said complaint within that time, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Hereof fail not, and of this summons make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, this 8th day of March, 1876.

J. N. BUNTING,
Clerk Superior Court, Wake County.
Radozer & F. H. Busbey, Pitt's Atty's.

John Devereux, Ex'r., et als
This cause being heard on the affidavit of the plaintiff and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Rachel Jones is a pro party hereto, that a cause of action exists between the parties, and that said Rachel Jones is a non-resident of North Carolina and cannot after due search be found in this State. It is therefore ordered by the Court that summons be served by publication in the Weekly Sentinel, a newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, once a week for notice weeks and that a copy of said published notice be sent by mail to said Rachel Jones, July 5th

S. W. WATTS, J. S. C.

PEACE INSTITUTE

RALEIGH, N. C.

The next (fifth) scholastic year begins on THURSDAY, the 14th of September, 1876, and ends June 14th, 1877.

It is divided into two terms of four half months each, commencing the 14th of September and 1st of February.

Board and tuition per term, \$105.

For catalogue and other information address Rev. R. BURWELL & SON, 18 5-dtw 2m Raleigh, N. C.

RALEIGH HIGH SCHOOL.

The exercises of this school will be resumed on MONDAY, AUGUST 21st, 1876.

It prepares its pupils generally for college practical pursuits. It offers, in particular, a full and approved course of preparation for the University of North Carolina. Boarders are received, on good terms, into the family of the Principals. Circulars containing terms and particulars sent on application.

July 6 dtd
Rev. J. M. ATKINSON,
C. H. SCOTT.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a mortgage deed, executed to us by Calvin W. Upchurch and Adeline S. Upchurch, his wife, of Wake county, N. C., died the 30th day of June, 1875, and recorded in book 41, page 408, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Wake county, N. C., we will expose to public sale at the Court-house No. 2, in the City of Raleigh, on SATURDAY, the 19th day of August, 1876, at 12 o'clock, M., all the right, title and interest of said Calvin W. Upchurch, and Adeline S. his wife, in a certain tract or parcel of LAND, described in said mortgage deed, containing 300 acres, more or less, situate in Wake county, known as a part of the Terrell tract, adjoining the lands of Dr. H. W. Montague, C. Alford, John Perce, Isam Young, de'd, and others. Terms cash.

W. D. POWERS & CO.,
Wake Forest College, N. C.
July 19-law4w

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

MAIL TRAIN.

Leave Raleigh.....	10 00 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon.....	3 30 P. M.
Leave Weldon.....	10 00 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh.....	3 18 P. M.

THROUGH FREIGHT.

Leave Raleigh.....	5 00 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon.....	5 25 P. M.
Leave Weldon.....	5 15 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh.....	5 40 P. M.

RALEIGH & AUGUSTA AIR LINE.

Leave Raleigh.....	3 30 P. M.
Arrive at Cameron.....	5 30 P. M.
Leave Cameron.....	5 30 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh.....	9 45 A. M.

JOHN C. WINDER,
Superintendent.
July 6-4d

GASTON HOUSE,

NEW BERNE, N. C.

S. R. STREET, PROPRIETOR.

The GASTON HOUSE has, for nearly half a century, maintained a reputation as one of the best hotels at the South, which it fully sustains under the present management. Parties visiting the seashore at Beaufort will find it convenient and desirable to pay a visit, in passing, to the Athens of North Carolina, and rest at the GASTON.

RATES \$2.50 PER DAY.

Persons who come to the coast to feast on fish, oysters and other good things from the water, are advised that New Berne is the finest fish market on the Atlantic coast.

July 5-4d

\$1,250 Profit from

Investment of \$300, one of our customers purchased at 30c, and sold at 50c, N. Y. Central he put @ 105 and Call 108 buying 100 shares against the Put @ 107 which was sold @ 114 selling at the same price 100 shares called @ 108 netting profit \$1,250, this operation can be repeated every month of the year \$10, 20, 50, 100, 1000, will pay as well for amount invested. Gold, Stocks, Cotton and Tobacco bought and sold on commission. Advances on consignments.

Price Lists and Circulars free.

CHARLES SMEDLEY & CO.,
Bankers & Brokers,
40 Bond St., New York,
near Gold and Stock Exchange
P. O. Box 3774. Feb 17-4d

BOARDING HOUSE.

Mrs. Beckwith has opened a first class Boarding House at the Corner of Martin and Wilmington Streets, in the residence formerly occupied by the late Dr. W. H. McKee. She is prepared to accommodate permanent as well as transient boarders. The table is always supplied with the very best market affords, and the rooms kept neat and comfortable.

July 15-4d