

**FROM THE PHILADELPHIA GAZETTE.
IMPORTANT CRISIS.**

The plot which has been many years laid, to effect a revolution in the United States, draws to a crisis, and every well wisher to a free government is anxious for the event. The constitution of the United States is suspended on a thread.

The opposers of our government give it out, and the little folks of the party are made to believe, that their leaders have it in contemplation only to change the administration, but it is more and more evident every day, that they intend a total annihilation of the confederacy, or a complete change in the constitution.

Mr. Jefferson, the leader of the party, was in Europe at the time the constitution was formed; and it is well known he never approved of many parts of it. Mr. Madison was one of the framers and defenders of the constitution, but no sooner did Mr. Jefferson return from Europe, than Mr. Madison commenced an opposition to the measures of government.

Governor Clinton, it is well known, was an inveterate and an irreconcilable enemy to the constitution; he opposed its adoption with all his influence, and made a party in opposition which still exists. The grounds of opposition have been, with all its enemies, nearly the same; and whatever shape the opposition has assumed, it has been uniformly bottomed on this great and broad basis, that the constitution of the United States has abridged the sovereignty of the particular states.

The opposers of the constitution in 1789, in New-York, never hesitated to declare openly, that the main ground of their opposition was, that New-York being a great importing state, had it in her power to raise a large revenue by imposts on goods consumed in the neighbouring states, which was a natural advantage to which the state was justly entitled, and which she ought not to surrender to the equalizing principle of the general government.

Virginia possesses a similar pride in her greatness, and she cannot brook the idea of losing, in the general mass, her superior influence, or rather her supposed right to command.

The writer of this has, from the year 1789, had one uniform opinion on this subject—which is, that if the constitution of the United States should ever be destroyed, it would fall a victim to the pride, the jealousies, or the interest of the state sovereignties. The great states will not consent to be on a footing with the small ones. The events of every week confirm this opinion. The opposers begin to broach the plan, and to talk openly of the old confederation.

The following are among the alternatives now presented to the people of the United States.

1st. Either a total change in the officers of government, with a destruction of the debt of the nation, and a total relaxation of all the measures of national defence—and further, such alterations in the constitution as will annihilate the powers of the senate and the executive, leaving the country a prey to the fury of popular passions—Or,

2d. An attempt to form a confederation similar to the old one, which cannot be effected, and if it could, would produce jealousies and rivalries that must end in civil war, which would crush some of the states and probably the largest, as they are not a match for their weaker neighbours combined: Or,

3d. An ultimate appeal to arms, by the two great parties throughout the United States, without the distinction of states; which, should the awful calamity take place, must cover our land with blood, and end in a monarchy, supported by a standing army.

People of America! The alternatives are before you; take your choice. But blessed be God, another alternative remains; and this is in your power. It is legal, constitutional and feasible. Rise in the majesty of your strength. Elect to offices none but the firm friend of your present constitution; crush the monster, faction.

Mr. Jefferson's men declare there is no conciliation; they are determined to go to all lengths to accomplish their object. Rise then, with the club of Hercules, be united, carry your elections by union and energy; the event may be glorious; you may yet save the constitution, the bulwark of your peace and your freedom.

A Valuable House and Lot in Raleigh,

FOR SALE.

AS it is the intention of the subscriber to leave this state sometime this summer, he offers for sale, his house, situated on the east side of Fayetteville street, nearly in the centre between the State & Court Houses, and between Mr. Meair's Tavern and the Post-Office, and in an excellent stand for business; the dimensions of the house are 28 by 24 feet, one story high, having 4 rooms on the first floor and two fire-places, two rooms on the upper floor and a fire-place. It is well calculated for a store and dwelling house.

This property will be sold low for prompt payment; Credit, however, for a part may be had, on the purchaser's giving bond with approved security. Possession may be immediately had.

All persons indebted to him are notified that unless they discharge their respective accounts on or before the 25th of June next, they will, without discrimination, be lodged in the hands of an officer. The circumstance of his being about to leave the state, (if an excuse is necessary) will at once account for and justify his determination to have a final settlement with all customers.

ROGER FITCH.

PROPOSALS,

FOR CARRYING

The Mails of the United States,

On the following Post Roads,

Will be received at the General Post Office, Philadelphia, until the 10th day of July next:

FROM Petersburg by Harrisville, Goldsonville and Warrenton to Louisburg, three times a week.

Leave Petersburg every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 2 P. M. and arrive at Louisburg in two days, on Wednesday, Friday and Sunday at 10 A. M. Returning, leave Louisburg every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 2 P. M. and arrive at Petersburg in two days, on Wednesday, Friday and Monday at 10 A. M.

From Louisburg by Raleigh, Averaßborough and Fayetteville to M'Fall's, three times a week.

Leave Louisburg every Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 2 P. M. arrive at M'Fall's on Tuesday, Friday and Sunday by 9 A. M.

Returning, leave M'Fall's on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 3 P. M. and arrive at Louisburg on Wednesday, Friday and Monday at 10 A. M.

From M'Fall's by Cheraw court house to Camden, three times a week. Leave M'Fall's every Sunday, Tuesday and Friday at 1 P. M. and arrive at Camden on Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday at 10 A. M. Returning, leave Camden every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 2 P. M. and arrive at M'Fall's on Thursday, Saturday and Monday at 10 A. M.

Note 1. The mail is to be carried in a wheel carriage or by a led horse. A penalty at the rate of 12 cents a mile will be incurred by the contractor for each time and mile that he shall carry the same without making use of either a wheel carriage or led horse. No alteration will be made in the times fixed for the arrival and departure of the mails.

Note 2. Fifteen minutes shall be allowed for opening and closing the mail at all offices where no particular time is specified.

Note 3. For every fifteen minutes delay (unavoidable accidents excepted) in arriving after the times prescribed in any contract, the contractor shall forfeit one dollar; and if the delay continue until after the departure of any depending mail, whereby the mails destined for such depending mail lose a trip, an additional forfeiture of five dollars shall be incurred.

Note 4. Persons making proposals are desired to state their prices by the year.—Those who contract will receive their pay quarterly, in the months of January, April, July and October.

Note 5. These contracts to be in operation on the first day of October next, and are to continue in force until the first of October, 1804.

JOS: HABERSHAM, Postmaster-General.

The Beautiful, High-Bred, Imported Horse,

SILVER,

Much celebrated for his running in England, late the property of Lord Sackville, and whose racing performance at New-Market, was equal to any in England of his day.—The pedigree of Silver will bear the strictest scrutiny, and for the information of Gentlemen that wish to put mares, the following is extracted from the Racing Calendars for the years 1793, 1794 and 1795; which may be seen on application to the subscriber.

SILVER, in the second October meeting, 1793, carrying 8t. beat the Duke of Bedford's Golden Rod, 8t. 2lb. one mile, for 50 guineas.

In the second spring meeting, 1794, 8t. 3lb. he beat W. Taylor's St. George, 8t. 7lb. two miles, for 200 guineas.

In the second spring meeting, 1794, 8t. 5lb. he beat Mr. Howorth's Anthony, 8t. half mile, for 100 guineas.

In the July meeting, 1794, he won 60gs. two miles, beating the Duke of Grafton's Grouse, Lord Oxford's Bruiser, Lord Grosvenor's Exciseman, Lord Clermont's Paynator, and Lord Egremont's Seagul.

In the first October meeting, 1794, 8t. he received 20gs. from Lord Egremont's Seagul, 8t. 7lb. one and an half mile, for 200 guineas.

In the second October meeting, 1794, 8t. 2lb. he ran a dead heat with Lord Egremont's Seagul, 8t. 1lb. one and an half miles.

In the second October meeting, 1794, he won a handicap plate, two miles, beating the Duke of Grafton's Garland, Lord Egremont's Cinnabar, Sir Chs. Bunbury's Robin Gray, Mr. Taylor's Helmet, Duke of Queensbury's bay filly, by Diomed, and Lord Tichfield's Quetlavaca.

In the Craven meeting, 1795, 8t. he beat Lord Darlington's St. George, 8t. 6lb. four miles, for 300 guineas.

In the first spring meeting, 1795, he won the main of the Oatlands stake, 200gs. each two miles, beating Mr. Wilson's Beanington, Mr. Delme's Gabriel, and the Duke of Queensbury's Pecker.

In the Houghton meeting, 1795, 8t. 4lb. received forfeit from Mr. Bowe's Volunteer colt, 7t. one mile, for 100

SILVER has improved surprizingly in size and beauty since he was imported, and is now in the highest perfection. The subscriber has to observe, that although his horse stands much lower than the imported horses do in Virginia, yet he remains unrivaled as to blood, beauty, &c. his stock are uncommonly large and bony and represent the horse both as to size and beauty, and

are high in the estimation of those who own them—Several of which are entered to run for heavy sweep stake purses.

He will stand the ensuing season at Scotland-Neck, 25 miles below Halifax town, N. C. at two and an half guineas the leap, five guineas the season, and eight guineas to ensure, in which case the mare is not to be parted with until it is ascertained whether she be with foal or not; and half a dollar to the groom.

The money for the season or assurance to be discharged in cash, or in any kind of country produce at cash price, either at Halifax or Scotland-Neck, the 1st of January, 1801; and the money for the leap, together with that for the groom, to be paid at the time of covering.

SILVER, is a beautiful dapple grey, 5 feet 2 inches high, bred by the Duke of Grafton. He was got by Mercury, who was got by Col. O'Kelly's Eclipse out of a Tartar Mare; his dam was the famous Herod Mare, bred by Lord Melington; his grand dam Young Hag, by Skim, his great grand dam Hag by Crab, his great great grand dam Ebony by Childers, his great great great grand dam Ebony by Basto, his great great great grand dam by the Byerly Turk, his great great great great grand dam by Leed's Arabian.

Good and extensive clover and meadow pasturage, well secured, gratis; and the greatest attention paid to Mares, but will not be liable for accidents or escapes of any kind. Gentlemen that wish their Mares fed or to run on oat fields, will have it done on the most reasonable terms.

JOHN DREW, jun.

Scotland Neck, Halifax county, Feb. 10.

An Act to ascertain the amount of the certificate debt of this state.

WHEREAS it is necessary to ascertain the amount of the certificate debt of this state, to the end that provision may be made for discharging the same:

I. BE it therefore enacted by the General assembly of the state of North-Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That all persons holding certificates of the debt of this state, shall on or before the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred, present the same at the office of the Treasurer; whose duty it shall be to register the number, date and amount thereof together with the name of the persons to whom the same shall be made payable, in a book to be by him provided for that purpose; and the Treasurer shall note on the said certificate that the same has been presented and registered as by this act required.

II. And be it further enacted, That all certificates of the debt of this state, not presented to the Treasurer for the purpose of registration as aforesaid, within the time limited by this act, shall forever thereafter be barred, and shall not be received in any payment to the state, nor in any office thereof.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Treasurer to give public notice of the requisites this act in the state gazette, and at least three other newspapers within this state, within one month from the rise of the General Assembly, and continue the same at least three months.

IV. Provided, and be it further enacted, That this act or any part thereof shall not be construed or operate to give credit or currency to such certificates as have by any act of this state heretofore been declared fraudulent, or refused to be received at the treasury or other offices of this state.

**The Thorough High-Bred Horse
DOLON,**

Whose Colts are in such high estimation, are no less valuable for their beautiful form than for their size, few of which that were folded last spring, are under four feet five, and many are four feet seven inches high:

WILL Stand at my Stable, about three miles north-east of Chatham court-house, at ten dollars the season, and three and an half for the single leap; the leap money to be paid down when the mare is covered; that for the season, the owners of the mares to give their notes payable, on or before the 15th of November next;—as the number of mares are to be limited, it will behoove those who intend to send their mares to Dolon, to send them as early in the season as possible. The season to begin the tenth of March, and end the first of August.

DOLON is a beautiful chestnut sorrel, rising twelve years old, and fifteen and an half hands high; "in point of figure, strength and beauty, judges allow him to be equalled by few, and excelled by none."

DOLON was got by Tippto Saib, who was got by Delancey's Lath, out of the Brandom mare, dam of Pilgrim, Clodius, Buckskin, and Col. Ogleby's Celar, who was the sire of M. Duke Johnston's celebrated running gelding that was lately sold for 1500 dollars, to Col. Wade Hampton. DOLON's dam was got by Old Partner, his grand dam by the old imported Valiant, his great grand dam by the old imported Jolly Roger, out of an imported mare, the property of the late Hon. Peter Randolph. DOLON's dam was also dam to the late Andrew Mead's running mare, Stella, and grand dam to Oracle, that distanced the field at New-Market-races, in May 1793.

Good and extensive pasturage, and all possible care taken of mares, but I will not be answerable for accidents, or any kind of escapes.

JAMES HOWARD.