

From the Glasgow Courier, March 29.

ACCOUNT OF A MAN WHO LIVES UPON LARGE QUANTITIES OF RAW FLESH.

Charles Demery, a native of Brache, on the frontier of Poland, aged 21, was brought to the prison of Liverpool, in February 1799, having been a soldier in the French service on board the *Houche*, captured by the squadron under the command of Sir J. B. Warren, of Ireland.

He is one of nine brothers, who with their father, had a remarkable degree of voraciousness of appetite. They were all placed early in the army—and the peculiar craving for food with this young man, began at thirteen years of age.

He was allowed two rations in the army, and by his earnings, and the indulgence of his comrades, procured an additional supply.

When in the camp, if bread or meat were scarce, he made up the deficiency by eating four or five pounds of grass, daily; and in one year devoured 174 cats (not their skins) dead or alive; and says he had several severe conflicts in the act of destroying them, by feeling the effects of their torments on his face and hands—sometimes he killed them before eating, but when very hungry, he did not wait to perform this humane office.

Dogs and rats equally suffered from his merciless jaws—and it much pleased by famine, the entrails of animals, indiscriminately, became his prey. The above facts are attested by Picard, a respectable man, who was his comrade in the same regiment on board the *Houche*, and is now present, and who assures me, he has often seen him feed on those animals.

When the ship on board of which he was, had surrendered after an obstinate action, finding himself, as usual, hungry, and nothing else in his way but a man's leg, which was shot off, lying before him, he attacked it greedily, and was feeding heartily, when a sailor snatched it from him, and threw it overboard.

Since he came to his prison, he has eat one dead cat and about twenty rats. But what he delights most in, is raw meat, beef or mutton, of which though plentifully supplied by eating the rations of ten men daily, he complains he has not the same quantity, nor indulged in eating so much as he used to do, when in France.

He often devours a bullock's liver, raw, three pounds of candles and a few pounds of raw beef, in one day, without taking bread or vegetables, washing it down with water, if his allowance of beer is expended.

His subsistence at present, independent of his own rations, arises from the generosity of the prisoners, who give him a share of their allowance. Nor is his stomach confined to meat, for when in the hospital, where some of the patients refusing to take their medicines, Demery had no objection to perform this for them—and his stomach never rejected any thing, as he never vomits, whatever be the contents, or however large.

Wishing fairly to try how much he actually could eat in one day; on the 7th of September, 1799, at 4 o'clock in the morning, he breakfasted on 4 pounds of raw cow's udder—at half past 9, in presence of Dr. Johnson, commissioner of the sick and wounded seamen, Admiral Child and his son, Mr. Foster, agent for prisoners, and several respectable gentlemen, he exhibited his power as follows: There was set before him five pounds of raw beef, and twelve tallow candles of a pound weight, and one bottle of porter—the beef finished by half past ten o'clock. At 1 o'clock there was again put before him, five pounds of beef, and one pound of candles, with 3 bottles of porter, at which time he was locked up in the room, sentries placed at the windows to prevent his throwing away any of his provisions. At 2 o'clock, when I again saw him with two friends, he had nearly finished the whole of the candles and great part of the beef, but had neither evacuation by vomiting, stool, or urine, his skin was cool and pulse regular, and in good spirits. At a quarter past 6, when he was to be returned to his prison, he had devoured the whole, and declared he could have eat more, but from the prisoners without telling him we wished to make some experiment on him he began to be alarmed. It is also to be observed, that the day was hot, and not having his usual exercise in the yard it may be presumed he would otherwise have had a better appetite. On recapitulating the whole consumption of this day, it stands thus:

Raw cow's udder 4lb.
Raw beef, 10
Candles, 2

Total. 16lb. besides
5 bottles of Porter.

The eagerness with which he attacks his beef when his stomach is not gorged, resembles the voracity of a hungry wolf, tearing off and swallowing them with canine greediness. When his throat is dry from continued exercise, he lubricates it by stripping the grease off the candle between his teeth, which he generally finishes at three mouthfuls, and wrapping the wick like a ball, (string and all) send it after, at a swallow. He can, when no choice is left, make shift to dine on immense quantities of raw potatoes or turnips; but from choice would never desire to taste bread or vegetables.

He is in every respect healthy, his tongue clean and eyes lively.

After he went to the prison, he danced, smoked his pipe, and drank a bottle of porter—and, by four

next morning, he awoke with his usual ravenous appetite—which he quieted by a few pounds of raw beef.

He is six feet three inches high, pale complexion, grey eyes, long brown hair, well made but thin, his countenance rather pleasant, and is good tempered.

DESTAUBAN, French Surgeon.

LE FOURNIER, Steward of the Hospital.

REVEY, commissaire de la prison.

LE FLEM, Soldat de la 1^{re} Demi Brigade.

TOMAS COCHRANE.

M. D. Inspector and Surgeon of the prison, and Agent, &c. for sick and wounded Seamen.

Liverpool, Sept. 9. 99.

A true copy,

JOHN BYNON, Clerk.

HILLSBOROUGH ACADEMY.

THE semi annual examination of the Students will commence on Tuesday the 1st of July next, and continue three days. The Trustees flatter themselves that those Parents and Guardians who can make it convenient to attend, will feel themselves highly gratified by the great improvements the Students have made in the various branches of learning—and trust the institution will continue to merit the same liberal encouragement hitherto experienced from a discerning public.

Terms of Tuition (in advance, one quarter at least) 8 dollars per annum for Reading, Writing and Arithmetic; 13 dollars per annum for the Classics, English Grammar, Geography, the Mathematics, &c. &c. 2 dollars entrance for every new scholar, unless the Parent or Guardian was a Subscriber to the buildings of the academy.

The price of Board (including washing, lodging and mending) for a Student in town, 52 dollars per annum and may be had cheaper some small distance from town: any number can be very readily accommodated.

N. B. Wanted a person qualified to fill the place of Second Teacher in the Academy, which will be vacant on the first of July next. The qualifications necessary are, a knowledge of the Classics, English Grammar, Arithmetic, write a fair hand, and it is quanted with some of the practical branches of the Mathematics, the more agreeable. Any further particulars may be known by addressing a line to the Rev. William Bingham or Mr. James Baker, Treasurer of the Academy. 17 3

UNIVERSITY.

THE annual examination in the University of North Carolina, will commence on the 23rd of June. The Committee of Visitation, on whom agreeably to an Ordinance of the Board, the duty of attending at that time has devolved, will consist of the following Trustees:

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| The hon. Judge Haywood, | Halifax. |
| Alexander Martin, | Sansbury. |
| Richard D. Spaight, | Newbern. |
| David Stone, | Edenton. |
| Richard Beuchan, | Hillsborough. |
| Benjamin Smith, | Wilmington. |
| John Hay, | Fayetteville. |
| Joseph Dickson, | Morgan. |

The office of the Committee of Visitation is to superintend and pronounce their judgment on the examination, so far as relates to the conduct and proficiency of the Students, and to examine into the state of the Public Buildings, Library, Apparatus, &c. and of the Institution in general, so as to report thereon to the Board at the next annual meeting. It is hoped that the magnitude of the trust reposed in them, will of itself be sufficient to convince the Gentlemen of the Committee, that a discharge of the duties incident to it is of the greatest importance to the interest of the Institution, and that their punctual attendance is of course earnestly solicited.

The Examination will begin with the Preparatory School, on Monday the 23rd of June, and proceed in the inverted order of the classes from day to day until the 26th or 27th, when the Senior Class will be examined.

On Thursday the 26th, there will be a competition among the Students before the Committee of Visitation, for the honours of speaking.

On the forenoon of Friday the 27th, a discourse will be delivered on the Farewell Address of President Washington to the people of the United States.

On the evening of the same day, Orations will be delivered by the intermediates, and by persons chosen from the two societies—two from each.

On the forenoon of Saturday the 28th, Orations will be delivered by persons distinguished by the Faculty at the last quarterly examination on account of good scholarship.

On the evening of the same day, Orations will be delivered, by persons selected for good scholarship, and by the candidates for degrees. The whole to conclude with the ceremony of conferring degrees, and a Valedictory Oration.

The uniform assiduity of the Students, since the commencement of the present session, affords a very flattering prospect of this examination, and renders it an object well worth the attention of literary characters, and all such as feel themselves interested in the progress of general improvement.

Published by order, WILL: E. WEBB, Chapel-Hill, May 20.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

APRIL 21, 1800.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of the act of Congress, passed on the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred, intitled "An act in addition to an act, intitled, an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military services, and for the Society of the United Brethren for propagating the Gospel among the Heathen," as follows:

1st. All the fractional parts of the quarter townships adjoining to the Indian boundaries of the tract of land referred to in said act, except the fractional quarter townships number four in township number seven of range number twenty: Also, all the fractional parts of the quarter townships adjoining to the river Scioto, except the quarter townships number one and four, in township number one of range number nineteen; the quarter townships number two and three, of township number three, in range number nineteen; and the quarter townships number one and four in township number five, of range number twenty; together with the fifty quarter townships hereafter described, are referred to be located, for the original holders of warrants granted for military services, or their heirs, in lots of one hundred acres, pursuant to the act above recited.

2d. The following is a description of the fifty quarter townships referred to in the preceding articles and which were designated by lot in the presence of the Secretary of War, pursuant to the act above recited:

Range.	Township.	Range.	Township.	Range.	Township.	Range.	Township.
1	1	3	6	2	1	10	1
	8	2	6	2	3		4
	8	4	7	3	8		1
	10	1	8	2	11		6
2	2	3	8	3	8		1
	3	4	7	4	2	13	8
	5	1	6	1	15		1
	5	3	7	2	2		2
3	1	1	8	2	1		7
	7	1	2	3			7
	7	2	4	3	16		2
	8	4	5	1			4
4	4	3	7	2			6
	10	3	9	3			7
5	3	3	9	1	3		7
	7	1	7	4	17		7
	9	3	9	4			4

3d. All the lands in each of the above fifty quarter townships, and in the fractional parts of quarter townships before described, have been divided upon the respective plats thereof, as returned by the Surveyor General, into as many lots of one hundred acres each, as the quantity such quarter township or fraction is stated to contain will admit, in the manner pointed out and required by the above recited act.

4th. The plats divided as aforesaid into lots of one hundred acres, are deposited in the office of the Register of the Treasury where the locations are to be made; and upon surrendering the warrants which shall be thus located, patents will be issued in the manner and upon the conditions prescribed by law.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,

15 3m.

Secretary of the Treasury.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber in Robeson county, the 10th of March last, a negro wench named Winny; she is about 26 years of age, very stout, squints with one eye, was born and raised in Wayne county in this state—belonged once to Robert Bell of that place—had on when she went away, a striped homespun wrapper and petticoat, and carried with her several other articles of clothing and two pair Scotchblankets. I think it probable that she may have made towards Turtle River in Georgia, as her husband has been taken there. The above reward and all reasonable charges will be paid to any person that will deliver her to me or secure her in any goal so that I get her again. Robeson county, May 6. JOHN M-PHAIL.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, }
HILLSBOROUGH DISTRICT. }

Clerk and Master's Office, May 17, 1800.

A Report having been circulated by some means or other, unknown to me, that the business of a Matter in Equity for the district aforesaid cannot be lawfully done, and that my powers are suspended in that respect, which may prove very detrimental to the suitors of this Court, and productive of consequences pernicious to my own interest:—I therefore think it my duty to inform all persons concerned, that the report is not true; and that they take notice, that my office is open, and proper attention given for the dispatch of all business relative to the same as usual.

16 tt. ROBERT BELL, C. k. & M. E.

For sale at this Office.

Iredell's REVISAL of the Laws of North Carolina, with a Supplement containing the public acts of the General Assembly, from the year 1790 until the present time; and an Index to the Supplement—all neatly bound in one Volume.