

**MILITARY BOUNTY LAND.**  
GENERAL LAND OFFICE,  
Sept. 25th, 1817.

**NOTICE.**—The lands in the Illinois Territory appropriated for bounties for military services, having been surveyed, and the surveys received at this office, the distribution of the said lands, by lot agreeably to law, will commence at this office on the first Monday in October next.

The surveys of military bounty lands in Missouri Territory are expected in a few months, when a similar distribution will take place, of which timely notice will be given in the newspapers. Those who wish to locate their warrants in Missouri Territory, may send them after the publication of that notice.

Every soldier of the late army who has received from the Department of War a land warrant, or a notification that it is deposited in this office, may obtain a patent by sending to this office the warrant or notification, first writing on it, "To be located in the Illinois Territory, and the patent to be sent to the Post Office at ——" Signed ———

The patents of soldiers who have notified, or shall hereafter notify the General Land Office not to deliver them to their agents heretofore appointed, will be retained, subject to their further order.

Members of Congress who have deposited (in this office) soldiers' warrants or notifications, may obtain patents for them by sending the receipts which were given by the office, and instructions relative to locating the warrants.

JOSIAH MEIGS, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Sept. 26.—5—ita10d.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE U. STATES.

**WHEREAS**, By an act of Congress passed on the 17th of February, 1812, entitled "an act making provision for the establishment of additional Land Offices in the Territory of Missouri," the President of the United States is authorized to direct the public lands which have been surveyed in the said territory, to be offered for sale:

Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that all public sales for the disposal (agreeably to law) of certain lands in the territory of Missouri, shall be held as follows, viz: At St. Louis, in the said territory, on the first Monday in August, October, December, February and April next, and three weeks after each of the said days, for the sale of lands in the land district of St. Louis. Thirty townships shall be offered at each sale, commencing with the most eastern ranges west of the fifth principal meridian line, and proceeding westerly.

At the Seat of Justice for Howard County, in the said Territory, on the first Monday in September and November next, and three weeks after each of the said days, for the sale of lands in the land district of Howard County. Thirty townships shall be offered at each sale: The first to be in a square form, and to include the seat of justice of the said county, as nearly in the centre as the situation of the surveys will admit, and the second immediately east of the first, and in the same form; excepting from sale in each district, the lands which have been or may be reserved by law for other purposes.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

JAMES MONROE.

By the President,

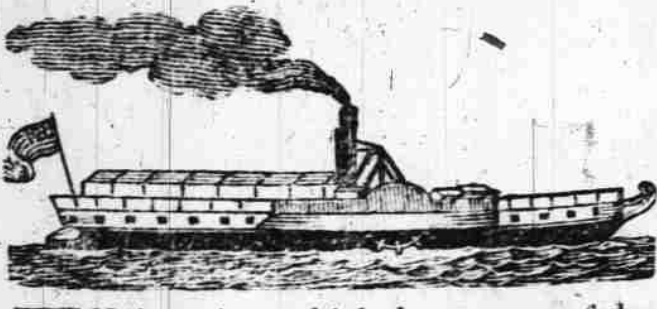
JOSIAH MEIGS, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

\* \* \* Printers of Newspapers who are authorised to publish the Laws of the United States, will insert the above once a week till April next, & send their bills to the General Land Office for payment.

A map of the above Lands may be had (previous to the sales) at the General Land Office, and at the Land Offices in the Missouri territory. The Map is now engraving for

JOHN GARDINER, Chief Clerk, General Land Office. May 2.—11Ap.

**Steam Boat Notice. Pure Lemon Acid,**



THE anxiety which the owners of the NORFOLK felt to afford every facility and convenience to travellers, induced them to attempt to run the Boat four times a week between Newbern and Elizabeth City; but on trial, they find, that although the thing is possible, it would be attended with uncertainty, and occasional disappointment. They have therefore concluded to alter the run of the NORFOLK as follows:

Leave Newbern every Thursday morning, and arrive at Elizabeth on Friday; leave Elizabeth City every Saturday evening, and arrive at Newbern on Monday morning. STAGES at each end of the line will run to correspond with the arrival of the Boat.

This regulation, it is expected, will prevent any delay or disappointment in future, and travellers are requested to make their arrangements accordingly.

The fare of Passengers will be \$ 15 Children and Servants half price.

There are good accommodations for Horses, which will be carried at the moderate charge of \$ 7 50 each.

The public may be assured, that every attention will be paid to their comfort and accommodation.

Dan'l W. Crocker.

Newbern, May 9th, 1818.—tf.

The Printers of the Evening Post in New-York, the Carolina Observer in Fayetteville, the Courier and Times in Charleston, the Herald in Augusta, and the Museum in Savannah, are requested to insert the above once a week for three weeks, in their respective papers, & transmit their accounts to this office for settlement.

**Steam Boat Stage Line,**  
BETWEEN NEWBERN & FAYETTEVILLE.



THE Proprietor of this Line of Stages informs the public that it is now in full operation, and that no pains will be spared to render travelling on this route both expeditious and convenient.

The Stage will leave Newbern every Monday morning at 4 o'clock, and arrive at Duplin Court-House the same evening—leave Duplin C. H. Tuesday morning 4 o'clock, and arrive at Newbern same evening—leave Newbern Friday morning 4 o'clock, and arrive at Duplin C. H. same evening—leave Duplin C. H. Saturday morning 4 o'clock, and arrive at Newbern same evening.

A stage will leave Fayetteville on such days as to correspond with the arrival at and the departure of the above from Duplin Court-House; so that passengers will always arrive at Fayetteville on the next day after leaving Newbern.

JOSEPH BELL.

Newbern, June 6, 1818.

**Washington Hotel.**

THE subscriber, having considerably enlarged and improved his old establishment on Broad-street near the Market, informs the public that every exertion will be used to accommodate, satisfactorily, both travellers and constant boarders; and he flatters himself that he will be able to give general satisfaction.

He has, in addition to his former buildings, rented the convenient house opposite his Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. Wm. Dunn, where private families, or passengers in the Steam-Boat and Stages, can, if they prefer it, be furnished with accommodations separate from his other establishment.

JOSEPH BELL.

Newbern, June 8, 1818.

**NOTICE**

THE Subscriber is now authorized from the present owners (who live in New York) to sell that convenient and well situated

**PLANTATION,**

called Chelsea, Lying on Trent River about three Miles from Newbern, containing about 230 acres, whereon is supposed to be 60 acres of cleared Land, which is almost new, & under fence—the remainder, Wood land, is all of a good quality and well timbered with Oak and Pine—Likewise a Lot of ground in Newbern, No. 358 lying between Jones & German streets—an person wishing to purchase the said property will apply to

NATHAN SMITH.

Newbern, May 8th. 1818.—tf.

**Pure Lemon Acid,**  
FOR PUNCH, LEMONADE, SAUCES, JELLIES,  
AND EVERY PURPOSE IN COOKERY.

THIS ACID retains all the grateful flavour of the fresh Lemon. It instantly dissolves in hot or cold water, and will make Punch or Lemonade equally rich as with the fruit, at any time of the year. It is also adapted for every purpose in Cookery where the Lemon is required, such as SAUCES, JELLIES, &c.

The convenience, therefore, of the PURE LEMON ACID, for Taverns and Public Places of Amusement, will be sufficiently obvious, particularly in the Country.

It is recommended to NAVAL and MILITARY OFFICERS, TRAVELLERS, MASTERS OF VESSELS and others going long voyages: it is in a state of dry powder, put up in small glass bottles, is quite portable, and will retain its delightful flavour and strength for years, in any climate. A tea-spoonful of this Acid is sufficient for a quart of PUNCH or LEMONADE.

It is warranted to contain no extraneous matter, or any thing in the least injurious to the constitution.

A constant supply of the LEMON ACID will be kept at the Post-Office in Newbern, where it may be had by the dozen or single bottle at the Philadelphia prices.  
Newbern, May 30th. 1818.—11—tf.

**DR. BASCOMB,**

Surgeon Dentist & Oculist,

From the City of Philadelphia, on his way to the South, will continue a few days in this place, at the Boarding House of Mr. Bell, where he will perform every operation in the line of his profession, to the satisfaction of those who may honor him with their notice. He will wait on those who may prefer it at their respective places of residence.

Dr. B. extracts decayed Teeth without injuring the gums or jaws—fills with gold those that are defective, so as to render them perfectly sound and free from pain. He also separates and cleanses them from Tartar, by which means they may be kept free from Scurvy; and will replace such as are wanting, with Artificial Teeth that cannot be distinguished from those of natural growth. He likewise regulates Children's Teeth.

Dr. B. also performs all operations that may be requisite for the removal of cataracts, and every other disease incident to the eye.

N. B. Satisfactory recommendation can be produced if required.  
Newbern, May 23 1818.

**TON TIMBER.**

THE Subscriber wishes to contract for about 15,000 feet of TON TIMBER, to be delivered at the Clermont Plantation, nearly opposite to Newbern, by the 15th of July next. It is wished for the purpose of erecting a Bridge across Trent river. Persons willing to contract, can see the bill of the timber by calling on the Subscriber, or at Mr. Dunn's store in the town of Newbern.

J. R. DONNELL.

May 16, 1818.—tf.

**Daniel Shackelford,**

HAVING purchased a stand on Broad Street, Newbern, a few doors west of the Court House, and opposite the Market, will keep constantly on hand an extensive assortment of

**LEATHER**

Of every description, which will be sold low for cash or on a short credit. He returns thanks to his former customers and solicits a continuance of their patronage.  
Newbern, May 23 1818.—4w.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he intends keeping on hand at his Store on East Front Street, a constant supply of CORDIALS of all kinds, suitable for private Families or Retailers, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms.

OLIVER L. KELLEY.

Newbern, May 30, 1818.—11—tf.

**WANTED,**

At this Office, an Apprentice to the Printing business.

**200 Dollars Reward.**

**RANAWAY** from the subscriber, on the 20th of October last, two negro men, **SAMPSON** and **JOE**. SAMPSON is about 50 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, dark complexion, and stout built—had on when he went away, a tarpawling hat, and a white woolen homespun jacket and trowsers. JOE is about 30 years of age, 6 feet high, slender built, very black, has had the small pox, with which he is considerably marked, and has lost the middle toe of his left foot—he took with him a new furred hat, and a striped homespun jacket and trowsers. They will probably assume the names of *Samuel Brown* and *Joe Ferrel*, and will perhaps have free passes. It is supposed that they are lurking on the seaboard, somewhere between Swansborough & Norfolk. The last accounts received of them state that they were endeavoring to reach Edenton.

The above reward will be given to any person who will deliver them to me, or one hundred and fifty dollars to secure them in any jail, so that I get them.

All persons are hereby cautioned against harbouring, or carrying them away, under the penalty of the law.

Easler Killpatrick.

Duplin County, near Limestone Bridge, March 24. } 3—tf

**100 Dollars Reward.**

**RANAWAY** on the first of September last, a negro man named **JOE**, dark complexioned, his legs small, feet large, has an impediment in his speech, and stammers when he speaks; he is about five feet nine inches high, & straight in his form. Joe was formerly owned by Jos' Wiggins. I will give the above reward to any person who will deliver said negro to me, or secure him in any jail so that I get him.  
WM. PUGH.

Pitt County, N. C. } 5w11  
May 27, 1818. }

**50 DOLLARS REWARD.**

**RANAWAY** From the Subscriber, on Monday, 20th of April, his negro man **HARRY**.

He is about five feet five or six inches high, very dark complexioned, and a stout well made fellow—had on when he absconded, a home made suit of clothes, and carried with him two short coats, blue and grey. The said Fellow has been hired by Mr. George Lane of Craven County, for one or two years, and ran away the whole or greater part of the time, he has a wife at Mr. Fonville's, about fourteen miles above Newbern, where it is probable he will be lurking and where he is generally known. The above reward will be given to any person that will apprehend said fellow, and secure him in either of the Jails of Newbern or Washington, so that I get him again.

All persons are cautioned not to harbour, employ, or carry him off, under penalty of the law.

JOHN BONNER.

Fairfield, near Washington, }  
April 23d. 1818.—6:8 }

**25 DOLLARS REWARD.**

**RANAWAY** from the Subscriber two months since, a Negro man named **JOHN**; he is about 27 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, of a dark complexion, has a lean face, round body, and is well made—speaks plain, can read tolerably well, and has a scar on one of his heels. He has been lurking about Vine Swamp, in this county, and about my own neighborhood—and has frequently been seen with a gun, and other weapons for defence. It is thought that he will endeavor to get to Portsmouth, in Virginia, where he was sold by Mr. H. Harbord, to Mr. Andrew Hurst of Duplin County N. Carolina.

The above reward will be given to any person who will apprehend said negro & secure him in any Jail so that I get him. Should any person be disposed to purchase him, as he runs, I will take six hundred dollars, and give a good title. He is an excellent ditcher, can hew, farm, or turn his hand to almost any thing.

All masters of vessels, and others are forbidden from harbouring, employing, or carrying him away, under the penalty of the law.

FRANCIS GOODING.

Lenoir County, 25th April, 1818.—tf.

**PRINTING**

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

**Twenty Dollars Reward.**

**RANAWAY** from the subscriber, some time in the month of November last, a negro man named **ISAAC**, about 22 years of age, six feet high, tolerably stout made, and of a black complexion. It is supposed that he is lurking about Little or Big Swift creek, Craven county.

I will give the above reward to any person who will bring said negro to me, or secure him in any jail so that I get him; and will pay all reasonable expenses.

JOHN REEL.

Swift Creek, May 2, 1818.—tf.—7.



**CAROLINA CENTINFL.**

NEWBERN, JUNE 18, 1818.

It is stated in a late Savannah paper, that on the 1st. of May Arbuthnot and Ambrosie, (taken at the capture of St. Marks,) were tried by a court martial by order of Gen. Jackson. Both were condemned to die. The former was shot, the latter shot. They were executed on the 3rd. ult. pursuant to the man date of the Court.

The National Intelligencer says that Mr. Baker, the British Consul General will leave Washington in a few days for New York, where he will embark for England, for the benefit of his health.

A South Carolina paper asserts that a planter in the neighborhood of Georgetown, S. C. realized \$100,000 dollars from his crop of rice the last year.

The following Extract of a letter from Maj. Gen. Jackson to Brig. Gen. Cascock, evinces the opinion of the former on the attack upon the Chehaw village, and its friendly inhabitants.

"CAMP, ON LINE OF MARCH, 16 MILES IN ADVANCE OF FT. GADSDEN, MAY 7. "I cannot adequately express my feelings on the outrageous and inhuman attack of Capt. Wright and party, on the superannuated men and women of the friendly Chehaw village, which you recite. It will be a stigma on the American Nation, unless the general government use their endeavors to bring the perpetrators to justice. I have ordered Wright to be arrested, & he shall be tried by a military court. I have written the Governor of Georgia on the subject, expressing my astonishment at his unwarrantable interference with my duties.

"I congratulate you on the safe march of your brigade to Fort Early, with a hope that the brave Georgians under your command who have encountered the dangers, fatigues and privations of a long march in an unfriendly country, may be speedily restored, in health, to their families and homes.

"I am now on my march to Pensacola, which place I shall have probably to occupy with an American garrison."

**MILITIA FINES**—Although there has been no opposition to the collection of fines in this state under the laws of the United States, yet attempts have been made to render the courts martial and officers odious to the people—particularly by the Evening Post. The following result of an attempt to resist payment of a militia fine shows that the laws will be promptly executed, and every good citizen will approve of this decision:

Nathan Lukins of Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, for refusing to pay a militia fine, and resisting the officer sent to collect it, has been sentenced, by the United States circuit court at Philadelphia, to pay a fine of \$130, and be imprisoned six months. Nat. Ad.

**OFFICIAL.**

Copy of a letter from Gen. Mitchell to Governor Rabun, dated

MILLENGEVILLE, 6th May, 1818.

SIR—On the 2d inst. I received information that a party of mounted men had attacked and destroyed the Chehaw town on Flint river, and killed many of the inhabitants. From all I could then learn it appeared to be uncertain what troops they were, and under whose command, or by whose order this unwarrantable and barbarous deed had been done; and as the consequences cannot be foreseen which may result, when the justly exasperated warriors of the town return, and find their town and property destroyed; their unoffending and helpless families killed or driven into the woods to perish, whilst they were fighting their, and our enemies, the Seminoles, I deemed it best to come to the State and endeavor to procure correct information. I now find that the party had been sent out by your orders, but failed to execute them: and that the attack on Chehaw was unauthorised.