

## A. Giraud, & Co.

HAVING taken the house lately occupied by Mrs. Huan, in Craven-street, the purpose of carrying on the CONFECTIONARY and FRUIT business, we have the honor to inform the inhabitants of this place and its vicinity, that they have and will constantly keep on hand, a general and extensive assortment of all kinds of articles in their line, and amongst which are the following:

Almonds, soft shell'd Anchovies, Filberts, Sweet Oil, Palm Nuts, Spermaceti Candles, Pacanes, Nutmegs, Raisins, cloves, Sugar Plumbs of all kinds, Mace, Dry Citron, Porter in bottles, West India preserves, Spanish Sigars, Sugar Toys, Snuff Boxes, Rock Candy, Cologne Water, Sugar Candy of all sorts, Playing Cards, Perfumes, Shaving Soap, Cordials, assorted, Pock Knives, Fruits in brandy, Dolls, Mascatel Wine, Tooth Brushes, Lime Juice, Pocket books, Chuet Wine, Cheese, Olives, Chewing Tobacco, &c. &c.

They will keep a constant supply of fresh CAKES of all descriptions. Also PUNCH and LEMONADE.

Country merchants are respectfully informed that they may at all times supply themselves with all kinds of Confectionary and Fruits at the same price they could in the Northern cities, A. G. & Co. being determined to sell as low as they can possibly afford, and warrant their articles as good as any in the United States.

N.B.—A. G. & Co. have on hand a handsome assortment of JEWELLERY, some with Pearls and filigree—also gold and silver Watches—the whole of which they will sell low, wholesale or retail.

Newbern, Nov. 7, 1818.—1y34

### THE SUBSCRIBERS,

Having formed a connexion in Business, under the firm of

## Thomas & Cook,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

RESPECTFULLY inform all who are in want of any thing in their line of Business, that they have on hand and constantly keep at their clothing store, in Craven-Str. et, a general assortment of the best and most fashionable broad cloths, cassimeres and vestings, of a superior quality; and all kinds of trimmings, together with a general assortment of ready made clothing: all of which they feel a confidence in recommending to purchasers. As to quality, style and workmanship, they are inferior to none.

Likewise all kinds of Tailors work executed in the best manner, and the most approved style. As they often receive the fashions from New-York, and as they have spared no pains in obtaining the best of goods and workmen, they are determined in like manner to use every exertion to please all who will favour them with their custom.

NATHAN THOMAS,  
MAJOR COOK.

Newbern Oct. 17, 1818.—n31o.—6m

N. B. The above new arrangement renders it necessary that all accounts due to Nathan Thomas, should be settled without delay. The immediate attention of all who are indebted, or have any demands, is earnestly solicited by

NATHAN THOMAS.

## State of North Carolina, CRAVEN COUNTY.

OCTOBER TERM, 1818.

Wright C. Stanly, and W. C. Stanly Adm'rs. of Brice Fonville, vs. Asa Fonville

Interlocutory Order.

IT being suggested in this cause, that the defendant, Asa Fonville, resides without the limits of the State of North-Carolina, and in the State of Tennessee, and the same being verified to the satisfaction of the Court, by the affidavit of George Lane.—On motion of complainant Ordered, That unless defendant appear, plead, answer or demur to the complainant's bill of complaint, on or before the fifteenth day of April next, the complainant's bill be taken pro confesso, and such decree made thereupon as shall be thought just—Ordered, that the same be published within sixty days, in the Carolina Centinel, printed at Newbern, and be continued therein for six successive weeks.

Extract from the Minutes.

Edward Graham, c. 35.—6w

## United States of America. NORTH-CAROLINA DISTRICT.

To the Marshal of the District, Greeting.

WHEREAS James I. McKay, Attorney for the United States, has exhibited a libel or complaint in the District Court of the United States, for the Pamlico District; stating, alleging and propounding, that Thomas H. Blount, Esq. Collector of the Port of Washington, did arrest and seize as forfeited to the United States, a certain vessel or Sloop, called the Horatio of Barbadoes, whereon John Torbuct was master; together with her cargo, consisting of Rum and Molasses. And whereas the Judge of the District Court for the District aforesaid, hath ordered and directed Tuesday the 15th day of December next, for all persons concerned to be cited and intimated to appear in the Judges office in the city of Raleigh, and show cause, if any they have, why judgment should not pass as prayed: You are therefore hereby authorised, empowered and strictly enjoined, peremptorily to cite and admonish said John Torbuct as master, and all persons whatsoever having or pretending to have any right, title, interest or claim in or to the said sloop Horatio, of Barbadoes, libelled against as aforesaid, by publicly affixing this monition on the mainmast of the said sloop for some time, and by leaving there affixed a true copy thereof: and by all other lawful ways, means and methods whatsoever, whereby this monition may be made most public and notorious, to be and appear at the time and place aforesaid, before the judge aforesaid, and also to attend upon every session & sessions to be held there & from thence, until a definitive sentence, shall be read and promulgated in the said business inclusively, if any of them shall think it their duty so to do to hear, abide by and perform all and singular, such judicial acts as are necessary, and by law required to be done and expedited in the premises; and further to do and receive what unto law and justice shall appertain, under the pain of the law and the contempt thereof; the absence and contumacy of them and every of them in any wise notwithstanding. And whatsoever you shall do in the premises, you shall duly certify unto the Judge aforesaid, at the time and place aforesaid, together with these presents.

Witness the Honorable Henry Potter—Judge of our said District Court, this 4th Monday of October, in the year of our Lord 1818, and in the XLIII year of the Independence of the United States of America.

J. BROWN, Register.  
Nov. 21, 1818.—t 36.

## MUSIC.

MR J. C. BOLTE, professor of Music, respectfully acquaints the citizens of Newbern and its vicinity, that he purposes to open a School for the tuition of young ladies on the PIANO FORTE. His terms will be reasonable—and, as he can produce satisfactory recommendations of his ability, he hopes to meet with a liberal patronage. He will give lessons at private houses; and will also be glad to teach young gentlemen either the Violin Clarionette or Flute.

Mr. BOTTE has on hand a choice collection of new and popular Music, which he will dispose of at the customary prices. Those who would honor him with their commands, are requested to call at Mr. Stevenson's Tavern.

Newbern, Nov. 21st, 1818.—3w36

## Pure Lemon Acid,

FOR PUNCH, LEMONADE, SAUCES, JELLIES, AND EVERY PURPOSE IN COOKERY.

THIS ACID retains all the grateful flavour of the fresh Lemon. It instantly dissolves in hot or cold water, and will make Punch or Lemonade equally rich as with the fruit, at any time of the year. It is also adapted for every purpose in Cookery where the Lemon is required, such as SAUCES, JELLIES, &c.

The convenience, therefore, of the PURE LEMON ACID, for Taverns and Public Places of Amusement, will be sufficiently obvious, particularly in the Country.

It is recommended to NAVAL and MILITARY OFFICERS, TRAVELLERS, MASTERS OF VESSELS and others going long voyages: it is in a state of dry powder, put up in small glass bottles, is quite portable, and will retain its delightful flavour and strength for years, in any climate. A tea-spoonful of this Acid is sufficient for a quart of PUNCH or LEMONADE.

It is warranted to contain no extraneous matter, or any thing in the least injurious to the constitution. A constant supply of the LEMON ACID will be kept at the POST-OFFICE in Newbern, where it may be had by the dozen or single bottle at the Philadelphia prices.  
Newbern, May 30th. 1818.—11-4f.

## MR. NIEL, FROM EUROPE,

INFORMS the inhabitants of Newbern and its vicinity, that he has, and will keep on hand, an assortment of elegant Screens, mattresses, pillows, crickets, tapestry, and ornaments for rooms; and that he makes and repairs Sofas, and stuffed chairs. His address is at Madam Huau's, at the sign of the Eagle in Craven Street.

Newbern Nov. 21, 1818.—36tf.

N. B. He will give a fair price for Horse-hair, either prepared or unprepared, in large or small quantities.



HAS just received from New York, and offers for sale on moderate terms, a handsome assortment of Ladies' Beavers.

November 21st.—36tf

## Lewis Mather, TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his Customers, and the Public in general, that he has just returned from New-York, and has opened Shop on Pollock street, next door to Mr. Stevenson's Tavern.—He flatters himself that his knowledge of the business, and his known punctuality, will ensure him a share of public patronage, and he pledges himself to use his utmost exertions to please all who may honour him with their favours.

Newbern, October 31, 1818.—t 33

## J. G. Powell, Blacksmith,

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Newbern that he has opened a shop at the Steam Mill, Union Point, where all kinds of IRON WORK will be done at the shortest notice, & on the most reasonable terms.—Edge Tools of the best quality, will be made according to order—and Shoeing executed in the neatest manner.

Nov. 21.

## SALT.

Devereux & Chester

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

1500 bushels Turks Island Salt, which they offer for sale on liberal terms. They have also on hand a few Hundred lbs. excellent SEINE TWINE, which they wish to dispose of to close a consignment. Nov. 19—3

## Watches, Clocks,

AND

## Timepieces,

Cleaned and Repaired.

THE Subscriber having recently received a handsome assortment of Watch Crystals, Mainsprings, and other articles in the watch-line; so solicits the favour of his friends, and the public, for a share in the above line of business.

Having made himself well acquainted with Watches of the first quality, as Repeating, Horizontal, and Patent Lever watches, Timepieces and Patent Clocks, he flatters himself he will be enabled to give full satisfaction, not only to the public in general, but the critic. His prices will be as moderate as can be done in New-York, or Philadelphia.

Thomas W. Mächen.

N. B. Initials of any persons name handsomely engraved on C. nes, Whips, Teaspoons, &c.  
Newbern, Nov. 11, 1818.—3w35

## Groceries, &c.

JUST RECEIVED, & FOR SALE,  
20 casks prime Cheese

10 bbls. best New-York Gin,  
A quantity of N. E. Rum,  
Loaf and Lump Sugar by the cwt.  
Soap, Chocolate box,  
West-Indie Rum, hhd.  
Molasses of the best quality do.  
A quantity of Brown Tow Cloth by ps  
All of which will be sold low for cash, or on a short credit.

SILVESTER BROWN,  
Nov. 14, 1817.—363w

### FOR SALE,

THE PLANTATION where I live, containing 200 acres of Land, with a comfortable Dwelling House thereon, having three rooms with fire places below, & two above; a convenient Store-House with several rooms, and a fire place; a Kitchen, Granery, Stable, and other necessary Houses; about one thousand Apple-trees, just beginning to bear, with excellent spring-water. It is situated at the Cross Roads, one of which is the Post Road from Petersburg by Raleigh, ten miles South of Louisburg and twenty two miles North of Raleigh. It is a profitable place for the Mercantile business, and as I am about moving to the Western Country, a great bargain may be had in it.—The price is fifteen hundred dollars, five hundred to be paid down, the balance at two equal annual payments. Possession given immediately.

William Verell

Franklin county, Nov. 12th, 1818.

### CORRESPONDENCE

Between Governor Rabun and General Jackson.

The following correspondence was read in the House of Representatives of the Legislature of Georgia, on the 5th instant:

Copy of a letter from Governor Rabun to General Jackson, dated executive department, Ga. Milledgeville, 21st March 1818.

SIR—you have no doubt been apprised, that since your departure from Hartford with the Georgia militia, the Indians, have been hovering on the frontier of Telfair county: that they have killed a Mr. Bush and wounded his son, and being pursued by the citizens of that county, have met them in hostile array, when an engagement took place which lasted nearly an hour, in which our little detachment (consisting of only thirty-four men) lost several killed and a number badly wounded. This rencontre has excited considerable alarm on that frontier, inhabitants, in many instances flying from their homes for the want of protection.

The object of this communication, is to request you will be so good as to station troops, near the Big-bend of the Oakmulgee, and at or near the most assailable points below that place. If it is not convenient for you to furnish the necessary force, you will please give instructions for supplying such detachments as may in that event be ordered into the service under the authority of the state, with rations, etc. I hope you will write me on this subject without delay, as great alarm has been produced by the hostile attitude, which the enemy has assumed.

Copy of a letter from General Jackson to Governor Rabun, dated on March towards Pensacola, 7 miles advance of Fort Gadsden, May 7, 1818.

SIR—I have this moment received by express, the letter of Gen. Glascock, (a copy of which is enclosed) detailing the base, cowardly and inhuman attack, on the old women and men of the Chehaw village whilst the warriors of that village were with me fighting the battles of our country against the common enemy, and at a time too, when undoubted testimony had been obtained and was in my possession, and also in the possession of Gen. Glascock, of their innocence of the charge of killing Leith and the other Gorgians at Ceder Creek.

That a Governor of a state should assume the right to make war against an Indian tribe, in perfect peace with, and under the protection of the U. States, is assuming a responsibility, that I trust, you will be able to excuse to the government of the United States, to which you will have to answer, and through which I had so recently passed, promising the aged that remained at home my protection, and taking the warriors with me in the campaign, is as unaccountable as strange. But it is still more strange that there could exist, within the United States, a cowardly monster in human shape, that could violate the sanctity of a flag when borne by any person, but more particularly when in the hands of a superannuated Indian chief, worn down with age. Such base cowardice and murderous conduct, as this transaction affords, has not its parallel in history, and shall meet with its merited punishment.

You, sir, as governor of a state, within my military division, have no right to give a military order whilst I am in the field; and this being an open and violent infringement of the treaty with the Creek Indians, captain Wright must be prosecuted and punished for this outrageous murder, and I have ordered him to be arrested and confined in irons, until the pleasure of the president of the United States is known upon the subject. If he has left Hartford before my order reaches him, I call upon you, as governor of Georgia, to aid in carrying into effect, my order for his arrest and confinement, which I trust will be afforded, and capt. Wright brought to condign punishment, for this unparalleled murder. It is strange that this hero had not followed the trail of the murderers of your citizens; it would have led to Micksucky, where we found the bleeding scalps of your citizens, but there might have been more danger in this than attacking a village containing a few superannuated women and men, and a few young women, without arms or protectors. This act, will, to the last age, fix a stain upon the character of Georgia.

Copy of a letter from governor Rabun to general Jackson, in reply, dated Executive Department, Ga. Milledgeville, 1st June, 1818.

SIR—I have lately had the honor to receive yours of the 7th of May, founded on a communication from general Glascock, relative to the attack recently made on the Chehaw village.—Had you, sir, or general Glascock been in possession of the facts that produced the affair, it is to be presumed at least, that you would not have indulged in a strain so indecorous and unbecoming. I had on the 21st of March last, stated the situation of our bleeding frontiers to you, and requested you, in respectful terms, to detach a part of your overwhelming force for our protection, or, that you would furnish supplies and I would order out more troops, to which you have never yet deigned to reply.—You state in a very haughty tone, that "I as governor of a state within your military division, have no right to give a military order whilst you are in the field." Wretched and contemptible indeed, must be our situation, if this be the fact; when the liberties of the people of Georgia, shall have been prostrated at the feet of a military despotism, then, and not till then, will your imperious doctrine be tamely submitted to.

You may rest assured that if the savages continue their depredations on our unprotected frontier, I shall think and act for myself in that respect. You demand, that "captain Wright be delivered in irons to Davis, your agent." If you, sir, are unacquainted with the fact, I beg leave to inform you, that captain Wright was not under your command, for he has been appointed an officer in the Chatham county militia; which had been drafted for the special purpose of assisting general Gaines in reducing Amelia Island. That object having been accomplished before our militia had taken the field, general Gaines, as soon as their organization was completed, assumed the right of ordering them to the frontier without even consulting the state authority on the subject. Captain Wright at that time being in a state of debility, failed to march, and of course was not mustered into the service of the United States—he however followed on to Hartford, where finding himself not likely to be received into the service of the United States, tendered his services to command the contemplated expedition, which were accordingly accepted; having violated his orders by destroying the Chehaw village, instead of Hopponis and Philemmis towns (against which the expedition was directed) I had, previous to receiving your demand, ordered him to be arrested; but before he was apprehended agreeably to my orders, he was taken by your agent, and afterwards liberated by the civil authority. I have since had him arrested and confined; and shall communicate the whole transaction to the President of the United States for his decision, together with a copy of your letter.

Copy of a letter from General Jackson to Governor Rabun dated Head Quarters, Division of the South Nashville, Tennessee, Aug. 1 1818.

SIR—Your letter of the 1st of June was not received until this day; though gasconading notice of