PRINTED AND PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY PASTEUR & WA'TSON, At \$3 per annum-half in advance.

#### NO FICE.

Will be Sold at Auction, To the highest bidder, On Monday the 11th of December next. THAT VALUABLE

## WATER LOT

Wharf & Warehouse thereon, formerly occupied by Mr.

INCREASE BRADLEY-opposite the Dwelling of JoSIAH HOWARD, Esq. Moses Jarvis, jr.

Newbern, Nov. 11, 1820-5w.138

#### NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore L existing between JOHN DEVE-REUX, STEPHEN M. CHESTER and ROBERT V ORME, under the name OI DEVEREUX CHESTER & ORME, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the House will hereafter be conducted by the Subscribers, under the same name as heretofore.

STPHEN M. CHESTER, ROBERT V. ORME. Newbern, Nov. 10th, 1820 -138tf

### TOBACCO.

THE Subscriber has just received, on I consignment, and offers for sale at a reduced price, FIFTTY KEGS Virginia Manufactured TOBACCO. M. H. LENTE.

Nov. 11-138 4t.

Superintendant's Office, BEAUFORT, Nov. 2d, 1820.

PROPOSALS

W ILL be received by the day of December, for doing the following repairs on the Public Build. ings at Cape Look Out :

For the Light House, eight Sills and twelve Girders; eight Corner Posts, to be scarfed; five Studs and two braces on each square to scarf; eight Braces from the corners inwards to scarf-eight Plank to cover Sills outside.

1st Landing-Two Plates to scarf four Studs and two Braces, ditto one hundred and forty-four feet of Pank, two inches thick, for the Floor.

2nd Landing-One Stud and one Brace to scarf.

3d Landing-Twenty-one feet of Plank, two inches thick, to mend. Newbern, known by the name of the floor.

to put in.

scarfed with pieces not less than ten feet long each, and nine inches square. One Door Sill and one large GARDEN and a WELL of exbe put in, where broken.

The copper at the foot of the Lantern, must be nailed where necessary, with copper nails.

Shingles and Planking &c. to be repaired where it shall be necessary to take them off, and such Painting to be done as may be required.

These repairs must be done the ensuing winter and spring. The timber must be the best quality of Pitch Pine, and the work done in a substantial manner. The work when completed must be examined and WANIED, IMMEDIATELY, approved by three disinterested and c mpetent judges—the money will then be paid.

J.MES MANNEY. Superintendant.

Nov. 11-138 3t.

#### ENGINEER OFFICE,

Fort-Monroe, Hampton Roads, 23d September, 1820.

C EALED PROPOSALS Will be received at this Office to be opened on the 30th day of October next, for

#### Two Inch Plank.

to be furnished at this place, in Parcels, above the high water mark, and within the periods here below be ascertained and entered on the mentioned, viz:

fore the 20th of December next: 40,710 Superficial Feet, in any lengths exceeding twenty

Superficial Feet in lengths of 16 it. 3 in. plus the width of the Plank.

122,130 Amount of the first Parcel.

No. 2.—To be delivered before the holders. 31st of December next: 19,059 Superficial Feet, in any lengths exceeding twenty

38,190 Superficial Feet, in lengths of 13 ft. 6 in, plus the width of the Plank.

57,285 Am't of the second Parcel.

No. 3-To be delivered on or before the 20th of January, 1821: 21,210 Superficial Feet in any lengths exceeding twenty feet.

GEORGE P. DEVEREUX, 42,420 Superficial Feet, in lengths of 19 ft. 3 in. plus the width of the Plank.

> 63,630 Amount of the third Parcel. Proposals will be received for each Parcel separately. The Plank to be straight edged, free of shakes, rot and bad knors, and at the option of the Contractor, either of Oak, White or Yellow Pine, Cypress, Chesnut or Sweet Gum.

No advances will be made. C. Gratiot,

Lt. Col. Eng. C. N. B.—The deliveries of the aforementioned Plank, are extended to the following periods viz:

1st Parcel to the 20th of Feb. next. 20th of March do. 3d do, 20th of April do. Printers who have published the above Proposals, are requested to insert in their respective Papers, this notice, extending the periods of delivery .- By order of

> Col. C. Gratiot. James Maurice.

> > Agent of Fortifications.

#### TO RENT.

THE Subscriber offers to rent, for the term of one year, or longer, that valuable

# Plantation

near Smith's creek, on the North side of Neuse river, about 30 miles below

CHERRYVILLE;

4th Landing-One whole Plate about 160 acres of which are cleared and well fenced. The soil is re-Keeper's House-Two Sills to be | markably good, and is peculiarly calculated for the culture of Cotton. There is on the premises, beside a Window Sill .- Window lights must cellent water, a small ORCHARD of choice fruit, a two story DWELLING House, finished from garret to cellar, two KITCHENS, a SMOKE-HOUSE, BARN, STABLES, &c. all in good repair. The situation is pleasant and healthy, and is very convenient for Fish and Oysters. The facility with which all kinds of produce may be carried to market, combined with other advantages, renders the above a very desirable country residence.

CALEB SNELL. Novr. 11, 1820.—138tf

2 or 3 good

Journeymen l'ailors John L. Durand. November 4th, 1820 .- 137tf

North-Carolina State Bank,

IT will be recollected that owners of Shares in this Bank, subscribed December 1818, will be entitled to profit after the dividend to be declared next December, his own life :agreeable to the terms of the subscription. To the end, that the names of the subscribers for this new stock, or their assignees, may Books of this Bank, the receipt of No. 1 .- To be delivered on or be- full payment of said shares should be forwarded to this Office immediately after the 15th of December next; when such receipts will be cancelled and evidences of Stock issued in the names of the real owners thereof. None but those who may have fully paid for the Stock on the 15th December next, will be entitled to share the profits of the Institution, or considered as St ock-

Published by order of the Board of Directors.

WM. BOYLAN, President.

## Saml. & Joseph Oliver

HAVE just received from N York, a neat assortment of GOODS. which, with their former Stock, comprises a handsome assortment of

### DRY GOODS,

AND AN EXTENSIVE ONE OF Hardware & Cutlery,

which they offer on very favorable erms, wholesale and retail. ALSO FOR SALE,

200 pieces heavy Cotton Bagging 40 inches wide,

15 casks Weeding Hoes, Heavy and light Canvas, White Lead, Linseed Oil, Kegs Goshen BUTTER, CHEESE,

3 tons Castings, Madeira Wine, by the gallon, or dozen bettles,

Sewing and Seine Twine, Tea, Loaf SUGAR, 2000 wt. manufactured Tobacco, 100 Massachusetts PLOUGHS 10 Crates New York packed CROCKERY,

24 GUNS, double and single barrel, of neat finish, And one very elegant

SINGLE BARREL GUN with case and apparatus complete,

price \$ 100. Newbern, November 4th, 1820.-6i137

# NEW GOODS.

Stewart & Cook, MERCHANT TAILORS,

D ESPECTFULLY inform their L Customers and the Public in general, that they have just received from New-York,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Superfine and second quality Broad cloths,

Cassimeres and Vestings, Plaids and Camblets.

with trimmings suitable to their line of business. Clothing of every description made at short notice, and in the most approved style. They have also obtained from New-York, the best workmen, and newest fashions.

THEY WILL ALSO KEEP ON HAND,

A general assortment of READY MADE CLOTHES.

Orders from a distance, executed with neatness and dispatch, Newbern, October 21-135

BARON BERGAMI.

RALEIGH, OCTOBER 31, 1820. From Bell's Weekly Messenger, Oct. 2. We copy from a Paris paper the following article, purporting to be an abstract of a pamphlet published at Paris by Baron Bergami, giving an account of

> " Bergami enters into details as to his birth, but confines himself to simply stating, that his family, after having once been rich, became poor-a disagreeable change, which, however, has nothing extraordinary in it, or very instructive to the reader. He says he was born with a strong source of enthusiam, and was ardently devoted from his earliest youth, to sacred books, so that at one time he seriously entertained the thoughts of entering into holy successful in her contrivance. orders. But an unexpected occurrence dissipated this intention. The reading of the Bible had nearly made him a Priest, and the music of a French regiment, which was marching under his window, made him a soldier. He entered the French army, and, having distinguished himself, he was made an officer. It was in this quality that he found himself under the orders of General Pino, and not, as he assures us, in quality of a courier which has been so wickedly affirmed. He explains, afterwards, how it happened that he was mistaken for a courier.

"While he was in the service, an apparently insignificant occurrence took place, which powerfully influenced his future destiny. He was present at a marriage, which was spendidly celebrated at the house of the Countess C-, whose daughter was about to be married. A renowned gipsy fortune-teller was called in to calculate the young lady's nativity. A mysterious grotto, similar to that of the Sybil of the Eneid, was prepared for the purpose. This contrivance, joined to the reputation of the Sybil, inflamed the imagination of Bergami, and the fortune-teller found him disposed to listen to her with the most entire confidence, when she came to announce to him that 'he would humble himself to be exalted,' and that a great Princess, to whom he would render great services, would one daymake his fortune. Struck with this oracle, Bergami, to begin to humble himself, quitted the service, and secluded himself in a cottage. which certainly was not in the way to meet the Princess announced to him by the gipsy prophetess. The idea probably soon occurred to him, for he left his cot to repair to Turin. He | 1 learned that a Princess of Napoleon's family had just arrived there, and he was anxious to know whether it was she who was to change his fate. On passing in front of the theatre, he saw a great crowd assembled. The Princess had gone in. He entered, palpitating with fear and hope; but the countenance of the Frincess produced no effect upon him, and he produced still less upon the Princess, who did not appear to have perceived him. Hence he concluded that this was not the recontre that destiny had in store for him. and he quitted Turin. It was some time afterwards that he heard speak of the Princess of Wales, of whose virtues and benevolence all the world boasted. A voice within whispered that it must be she whom the orfelt an irresistible desire to enter into her service. Unfortunately the household of the Princess was complete, and she only wanted a courier. Bergami hesitated to offer himself in this capacity; but, recollecting the words of the fortune teller-'Thou wilt humble thyself to be exalted'-he thought that the moment to humble himself was come. and the hand which but lately had wielded the sword, no longer hesi-

tated to handle the post-whip. " Bergami, thus disguised as a courier to serve a Princess, somewhat resembled the hero of a romance. In a short time nothing was wanting to render the fidelity of

the portrait complete, for he had the happiness twice to save the life of the Princess on the route to Naples. His modesty does not allow him to enter into any detail of his duplicate adventure; he speaks only of the gratitude of the Princess. Arrived at Naples, he was distinguished by the then reigning Prince, as he was also by one of the Princess's ladies of the bed-chamber, who appears to have entertained serious projects with regard to him. She wheedled him into a tete-a-tete; but Bergami was firm, and withdrew from this trial like a chaste Joseph. The enraged lady sought revenge; and having heard of the costume which the Princess intended to wear at a masked ball, she put on the same attire, and, passing herself off for her august mistress, she was but too

"Such is the manner in which

Bergami developes the commencement of his fortune, and the suspicions which hovered over him .--His sister, and his daughter Victorine, soon partook of the Princess's kindness, and followed her in her travels, in which Bergami gives a succinct itinerary. He explains, but without details, the various circumstances adduced by the witnesses for the prosecution on the Queen's trial. He also mentions some particulars, such as the attachment which little Victorine conceived for an ass (which was purchased for her to travel in the desart) to such a degree, that she would not be separated from it, and the animal was, in consequence, embarked, and it afterwards followed to the court of the Princess. We learn that the Princess and Bergami, each adorded (se coffaient) their heads with the halves of a mellon, as a resource against the piercing sun-beams, and that the cook, who neglected this precaution, became an ideot. On that very Bergami weariedat finding the dinner was not forthcoming, went to hasten it, and found the cook dancing on the sand, making a turnstile of his spit, and exclaiming that he was one of the Knights of Rich. ard Cœur de Lion!

"Bergami speaks of the Queen's trial with very laudable circumspection. He shows himself penetrated with a gratitude towards her, which appears very natural. He thinks that what he has said will suffice to excite the curiosity of the public, and the sale of his ' Memoire' will probably prove to him. that he is not mistaken.

"He announces that he waits the issue of the trial of the Queen to speak more openly, and name the personages whom he only indicates. We may, therefore, look for a second part, which will not be less curious than the first. We entreat him, however, to remember, in this second part, that he owes his celebrity only to the part which he plays in a too famous trial; that the public are much more interested in whatever relates to that trial, than in what merely relates to himself personally; and that consequent, he ought to speak of himself only so far as what he may have to say is connected with that great affair which makes him an important personage."

#### FOREIGN.

SICILY.

The reported tranquillization of acle had announced to him, and he Sicily, it now appears, was only a delusive calm. The Palermitans had a strong party at Messina, who worked in silence, but with unceasing activity, to effect the explusion of the Neapolitans. The plot was ripe for execution about the 23d of August, when it was revealed to the public authorities, who immediately arrested the conspirators, amongst whom were several noblemen and princes. The plan was to set the city on fire, and after massacring the Neapolitans, to plunder the houses of the inhabitants who had been known to support their cause.

Further accounts from Sicily state, that the Palermitans, who, to the number of 600, had carried devas-