

CAROLINA CENTINEL.

VOLUME III.]

NEWBERN, N. C. SATURDAY, MARCH 3, 1821.

[NUMBER 154.]

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BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

WHEREAS, by various acts of Congress, the President of the United States is authorized to direct the public lands which have been surveyed to be offered for sale:

Therefore, I, James Monroe, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales, for the disposal (according to law) of public lands, shall be held as follows, viz:

At Franklin, in Missouri, on the first Monday in January next, for the sale of Townships 51 to 55, in range 26, west of the 5th principal meridian line.

50 to 55, ranges 27 and 28 do. 51 to 55, range 29 do.

At the same place, on the first Monday in March next, for the sale of Townships 51 to 56, in range 30 west of the 5th principal meridian line.

50 to 56, in ranges 31, 32 & 33 do. At St. Louis, in said state, on the first Monday in December next for the sale of

Townships 35 to 44, in range 1 and 2, east of the 5th principal meridian line.

At the same place, on the first Monday in March next, for the sale of Townships 35 to 44, in ranges 3 and 4 east.

At the same place, on the first Monday in May next, for the sale of Townships 35 to 44, in range 5 and 6, east, and of 43 and 44, in range 7 east.

At Jackson, in the county of Cape Girardeau, in the said state, on the first Monday in February next, for the sale of Townships 34, in ranges 1 to 14 east of the 5th principal meridian line.

33, range 4, east do. 29, 30 & 31 5 do. 31, 32 & 33 6 do.

At Edwardsville, in the state of Illinois, on the first Monday in January next, for the sale of Townships 8 to 13, in range 9, west of the 3d principal meridian line.

11 to 13 10 and 11 do. 6 to 13 12 and 13 do. 8 to 12 14 do.

At Vandalia, in the said state, on the third Monday in January next, for the sale of

Townships 5 to 10, in range 1, east of 3d principal meridian line. 7 to 10 2

8 to 10 ranges 3, 4, 5 and 6 1, 8, 9 and 10 range 7, east 1, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 8,

At Palestine, in said state, on the second Monday in February next, for the sale of

Townships 6 to 10, in ranges 9, 10, and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line. 5 to 10 range 14 west of 2d principal meridian line

8, 9 and 10 ranges 12 and 13. At Detroit, in Michigan Territory, on the first Monday in November next, for the sale of range Townships 8, 9 and 10 S. in ranges 4 and 5 east,

8 and 9 in range 6 7, 8 and 9 7

Except such lands as have been or may be reserved by law for the support of schools, or for other purposes. The lands shall be sold in regular numerical order, beginning with the lowest number of section, township, and range.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this nineteenth day of September, 1820.

JAMES MONROE, By the President, JOSIAH MEIGS Commissioner of the General Land Office.

FOR SALE—CHEAP,

A HANDSOME PATENT LEVER WATCH, with fashionable Chain and Seals.—Apply at this Office. February 17.—152tf

Notice.

IN pursuance of the authority given me by virtue of a certain Deed of Trust, made and executed by Caleb Snell, of the county of Craven, I shall expose to

PUBLIC SALE,

At the Court-House in the town of Newbern, on

Tuesday, the 13th of March next,

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY:

The right of Caleb Snell in the Plantation on Neuse River, called "CHERRYVILLE,"

Thirty Head of CATTLE,

on Leaches Island—and

Ten likely NEGROES,

Consisting of Men, Women and Children.

The terms of sale will be made known on the day of sale.

JOHN COART, Trustee. Newbern, Feb. 17th, 1821.—152tds

Just Received from New York AND FOR SALE, LOW,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES OF

Furniture:

viz.

French BUREAUS,

WARDROBES,

A handsome Breakfast TABLE,

High post BEDSTEADS,

CHILDREN'S CRIBS,

Ladies' WORK-STANDS,

WASH-STANDS, &c.

MAJOR COOK.

Feb. 17.—152tf

Thos. W Pittman,

AT HIS

Cheap Store,

Craven-Street,

Nearly opposite the Bank of

Newbern,

Has Received, by the Sloop Flag of

Truce, from New-York,

In addition to his former Assortment,

A QUANTITY OF

Ladies' best Morocco

Bootees & Shoes,

And Gentlemen's best

Wellington Boots

and Shoes.

Which he offers very cheap.

February 10.—151 tf.

Garden Seeds, &c.

Just Received,

From New York,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUB

SCRIBER,

A general assortment of fresh

Garden Seeds,

ALSO,

A variety of articles in the

Grocery line,

Including a small quantity of best

quality

English Mustard.

All of which

Are offered very low for Cash, or

on a short credit to punctual customers.

Moses Bears.

February 10.—151 tf.

Saml & Joseph Oliver

150 Dollars Reward

HAVE ON CONSIGNMENT,

10 hhds. Muscovado SUGAR,

9 sets GIG HARNESS, (one Brass mounted.)

70 PLOUGHS, No. 1 and 2,

Which will be sold on moderate terms

for cash or approved credit.

Feb. 24, 1821.—2w153

THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY offers his services

to his friends in Newbern and its vicinity,

for the sale of any Produce which they may ship to him in Savannah,

where he is now established.

Ichabod Wetmore.

Savannah, February 10th, 1821.—153tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has in his possession

a bundle of papers originally given

to the late John M. P. Crispin, for collection.

Those to whom they belong are requested to call and receive them.

STEPHEN B. FORBES.

February 24, 1821.—153tf.

Notice.

Mr THOMAS BRAGG,

OF WARRENTON,

OFFERS FOR SALE, ON ACCOMMODATING TERMS,

A certain Tract of

LAND,

Lying on South River, and devised

to him by his father, in his last will;

number of Acres unknown to the

Subscriber, but believed to be about

One Hundred and Fifty. Also, his

interest in two other Tracts.

Any person disposed to purchase,

will have an opportunity, as Mr. Bragg

expects to be in town in a few weeks,

and has requested the subscriber to give this public notice.

Rufus Wiley.

February 20th, 1821.—153tf

Washington Hotel.

JOSEPH BELL,

RETURNS his thanks to the

Public for the encouragement

he has hitherto received, and respectfully

informs them, that he has made

extensive and commodious additions

to his establishment.—He has endeavored

to consult the comfort and convenience

of his Boarders, and being furnished

with good beds, servants, and rooms

with fire places, he can accommodate

as many travellers and others as may

favor him with their company. His

Table will be furnished with the best

the market affords, and his Bar

will be supplied with the choicest

liquors.

Ladies or families can be furnished

with private apartments, and will

receive every attention that may

tend to promote their comfort.

The Stables belonging to the Hotel

are extensive, and will be constantly

furnished with good provender

and careful ostlers.

Newbern, Oct. 28, 1820.—136tf.

PRINTING.

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CARDS,

HANDBILLS, BLANKS, AND CIRCULARS,

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

CONGRESSIONAL.

REMARKS OF MR. BURTON OF

NORTH-CAROLINA,

As delivered in committee, on the bill for the reduction of the army, and fixing the peace establishment at 6,000 men.

Mr. Chairman: In rising to address you, I disclaim all intention to throw censure upon any person connected with the executive branch of the government: motives of that kind shall never influence my conduct, while I have the honor to occupy a seat on this floor. Indeed, I should not trouble the house, at all, upon the subject, but for the circumstance that I belong to the committee that reported this bill. This committee has frequently been called upon for explanations; and, as one of its members, I feel it my duty briefly to state some of the reasons that influence my vote upon the question.

I shall not attempt to follow the gentlemen who have preceded me in this debate, through all their various statements and calculations, particularly on the subject of the Treasurer's report. I am not sufficiently skilled in the finances of the country, to throw much light on the subject; for even those gentlemen who have, for years, turned their attention that way, are far from agreeing in their results. It is enough for my purpose to know that the Treasury is empty—that we must lay taxes, borrow money, or curtail our expenditures. As to the first, for many reasons, which it is not necessary now to examine, the people at this time, are not in a situation to pay taxes. As to the second, it is believed, by many judicious persons, that the borrowing of money is only postponing the evil, which in the end will come; and that it will lay the foundation of a large public debt, which may ultimately prove extremely oppressive to the citizens of this country.

The third alternative, retrenchment, appears to meet the approbation of a large majority of this house; but, sir, when we come to point out the particular items, what is the result? If you attempt to reduce our own pay, we are met at the threshold, and told that members of Congress are worse paid than any other persons in the government. If you look to the heads of departments and their numerous clerks, why, it is with the greatest difficulty, and most rigid economy, that they can support themselves and families with their salaries. As to the pension list, gratitude and justice forbid that we should take from the old soldier his miserable pittance. As to the navy, the pride of our country, and which has heaped imperishable fame, touch but a plank, and we shall become the prey of some foreign power; and, sir, to continue the catalogue, when we come to the army, and are about to dismiss so much of it as we can do without, we are accused of prostrating essential establishments, and are told, that when we get to war, some fifteen or twenty years hence, perhaps with the inhabitants of the moon, that we cannot again expect to obtain the services of these men. So that, after going the rounds, we find ourselves precisely where we started: and we shall not even have it in our power, on returning home, to say to our constituents, as was pleasantly remarked by an honorable gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. Clay) at the last session—we have saved 200 dollars of the public money, after spending thousands in debate.

The rules that apply to the conduct of an individual, are certainly in some measure, applicable to governments; and to borrow a comparison used by the gentleman from Connecticut, (Mr. Tomlinson,) it is very easy for a man, after riding on horseback, or in a gig, to persuade himself that a carriage would be more comfortable; and, next, that four horses would make it run much easier—immediately the two foremost horses become an indispensable part of the establishment. In this manner, sir, individuals and governments, go on adding *ad infinitum* to their establishments, believing that every part is essential. Sir, if there is any thing proven by history it is this, that governments, as well as individuals, may commit errors; and, whenever convinced of that fact, to retrace their steps is, to my mind, the highest evidence of wisdom and magnanimity—to persist in error, from the fear of being charged with vacillating in their conduct, and changeable in their plans, is the reverse.

To attempt to prove that standing armies are dangerous to liberty, in time of peace, would be as unnecessary as to attempt to prove that the sun has done shining; but I do not believe, that any danger is to be apprehended from the present number of our army, nor even were it much larger than it is: and this is an argument to my mind, in favor of

RAN AWAY from the

Subscriber, on the 20th of

February last, his Negro Man

SAM,

thin made, about six feet high remarkably black, and is 28 or 30 years of age; a little marked with the small pox, thin whiskers the hair on his head quite scattering, some places not having any—small red eyes, and has a down look when spoken to.

SAM was raised by the Subscriber and is by trade a Carpenter;—he is also something of a Seaman. I have been informed that he has procured a Seaman's protection and obtained forged Free Papers. He has, no doubt, already gone or attempted to go to some of the Northern sea-ports.

A reward of ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS if taken out of the State of North-Carolina, will be paid for the apprehension and confinement of SAM in Jail, so that I get him again, or, a reward of SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS, if he is taken and secured within the State.

All persons are forbid harboring or employing said Negro and Masters of vessels from carrying him away.

Allen Backhouse.

Newbern, Sept. 23, 1820.

100 Dollars Reward

RAN AWAY from the

Subscriber, on the 27th inst.

a Negro Man by the name of

LODRICK.

He is about twenty-two years of age; five feet, nine or ten inches high, well made, and very likely, rather inclining to be dark, though not what is considered black complected. He is well known in Newbern, and has a father and mother living at Fort Barnwell, owned by Mr. Luke Russell, where I think he will go previous to his making any further attempt to escape. I expect he will endeavor to get on to some of the northern sea-ports, and pass for a free man. All owners and masters of vessels are forbidden from employing or carrying away said fellow under the strictest penalty of the law.

If said LODRICK is apprehended and secured within this State, so that I get him, I will pay a reward of Fifty Dollars, and if taken out of the State and secured so that I get him, I will pay One Hundred Dollars to the person so apprehending said fellow and forwarding me information that will lead to his recovery.

JAMES R. BRYAN.

White-Oak, Onslow county,

January 31st, 1821.—150 4w.

25 Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the sub-

scriber, on the 16th of January last,

his Negro man

TOM,

(commonly called TOM WALKER)—

He is thirty-three years of age, tolerably black, about five feet ten or eleven inches high, very talkative and insinuating to strangers, and very impudent; he has three scars on his face, besides one on the end of his nose, occasioned by a fall from a house; is a blacksmith by trade, and a very noted fiddler. I will give the above Reward to any person who will lodge him in jail so that I get him again.—Masters of vessels, and all other persons, are cautioned against harbouring or carrying him out of the state, under the penalty of the law.

Thomas Trotter.

Washington, Beaufort County, } 152

January 10th, 1821. } -tf-