

F. ALEXANDER,
Has just received, per schooner Caroline,
AT HIS STORE,
Next door to Mr. T. W. Pittman's,
IN CRAVEN STREET,
A handsome assortment of Ladies'
and Gentlemen's
BOOTS & SHOES,
And Misses & Children's SHOES.
He continues to improve his assortment of
HATS,
And has on hand, a few
Ladies' Straw Bonnets,
The whole of which he offers for sale
at the most reduced prices, for Cash.
Nov. 10, 1821.—1901f

MR. CLAY'S
Dancing School

WILL COMMENCE ON
Thursday, the 13th of next
month, at Mrs. EMERY'S LONG
ROOM, continuing three days in
each month, for six months.

There will be an Evening School
for the reception of young gentle-
men who cannot attend in the day,
and a PRACTISING BALL will be
given the last evening in every
month, for the benefit of the Sub-
scribers.

All young gentlemen who have
been heretofore taught, and do not
wish to be confined to lessons, can
be entitled to the benefit of the
School, and Practising Balls, by
paying half the amount of tuition.

No payment is required in ad-
vance.

A Subscription Paper for the
Evening School, is left with Mr.
Silvester Brown, at whose Store
the young gentlemen disposed to
enter, are requested to call and in-
sert their names, at any time previ-
ous to the commencement of the
School.

Newbern, Nov. 10, 1821—190

NOTICE.

On Tuesday, (at 12 o'clock,) of the
County Court in December next,
will be Rented at the Court House in New-
bern, for the term of three years, the
PLANTATION belonging to John F.
lately cultivated by Mr. Nathan Parsden.

ASA JONES, Guardian.
Newbern, Nov. 5th, 1821.—190 4i.

SACRED MUSIC.

MR. NASH proposes to continue his
SCHOOL for the purpose of teach-
ing this science to the young ladies and
gentlemen of Newbern.

Those persons who are desirous of be-
coming accomplished performers on
any instrument of music, are assured
by Mr. Nash, who from his long experi-
ence, may be presumed to know, that
their progress will be much more rapid,
by first acquiring a competent knowledge
of vocal music.

His school for the ensuing winter, will
commence on the second of Dec. next, at
half past six o'clock, P. M.
Nov. 10th, 1821.

NEW-YORK

LITERATURE LOTTERY

SIXTH CLASS.

Splendid Scheme.

1 prize of \$30,000	4 prizes of \$2500
2 10,000	40 1000
3 5,000	50 500
100 100	152 50
7700 of \$12	

8052 prizes—16,958 blanks—25,000 tickets
Prizes and blanks to be drawn. Draw-
ing to commence on the 28th of this month.

Tickets \$13, but will soon advance to
\$14.

Tickets and Shares,

In a great variety of numbers, from
ALLEN'S FORTUNATE OFFICE,
For sale by
PASTEUR & WATSON.
Newbern, Nov. 3, 1821.

ON THE 20th OF THIS MONTH,

TICKETS

IN THE

Grand National Lottery

WILL ADVANCE TO FOURTEEN
DOLLARS:

Until which time, they may be had,
AT THIS OFFICE,

AT THE FOLLOWING RATES—VIZ:

Whole Tickets, \$13 Quarters, \$3 25
Halves, 6 50 | Eighths, 1 62 1-2
Nov. 10, 1821.

CAROLINA CENTINEL.

NEWBERN:
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1821.

We observe that a project is on foot
for the purpose of improving the Naviga-
tion at the Swash, under the direction of
Mr. Frederick Naested of this town. We
cannot but take a warm interest in an
undertaking, which has for its object so
important and desirable an end; and if it
be practicable, we feel warranted in anti-
cipating the best results from the well
known industry and perseverance of the
Manager. As the assistance Mr. Naested
will receive in those towns equally inter-
ested with Newbern, will depend in
some measure on the encouragement he
meets with here, where it is presumed
his talents and qualifications are best known,
we hope our fellow citizens will unite in
promoting a scheme that has in view the
general advancement of the community,
and manifest their confidence by a liberal
contribution. Although we may not be fully
satisfied as to the feasibility of the
undertaking, yet, placed in the worst foot-
ing, and suppose a total failure to ensue,
the loss is a trifle—probably not exceed-
ing thirty five dollars on each share of
one hundred dollars. That the experi-
ment, under the indefatigable diligence and
genius of Mr. Naested, who possesses
moreover, much mechanical science and
skill, will be a fair and conclusive
one, there can be no doubt.

Prices of Cotton—at Augusta, Oct. 28,
15 3-4 to 16 cents.
At Charleston, Oct. 31—16 3-4 cents.
At Petersburg, Nov. 5—17 cents.
At New-York, Nov. 1st—17 1-2 cents.
At Newbern, Nov. 10—14 to 15 cents.

New-York, Nov. 1.

The following letters, received by the
Orion, copies of which we have been fa-
vored with, give a correct view of the
state of the markets at Liverpool, up to
the day of her sailing.

Liverpool, Tuesday, 18th Sept. 1821.

Sir,—On no former occasion do we re-
member so great a change in the corn
market, as since this day week; no sales
having taken place to the same extent.
Every article of corn kind, and flour, has
been sought after with great eagerness
and bought at a considerable advance.
This rather unexpected change is of
course attributed to the state of the
weather for the last five or six days, from
which the crop must have suffered much.
At the Corn Exchange to-day, we never
saw a better attendance of country dealers
as well as speculators. The sales were
considerable, but short of what they
might have been, had the appearance of
the weather not been more favorable dur-
ing the hours of market. In some in-
stances higher prices were got for wheat,
oats and barley, and the market closed
at prices, upon the whole, better than
could have been obtained yesterday.

We are, sir, your faithful servants,
BRICE & WATKINS.

Foreign wheat—7s a Ss 3d
Flour, per barrel in bond,
American sweet, 38s a 40s
do. sour, free, 42s a 46s

We have seen a postscript to a letter
dated, Liverpool, Sept. 20th, which says:
"The weather has again become most
unfavorable for the harvest, and puts the
Corn dealers in high spirits. It appears
the price of yesterday differed with that
of same day in 1816, only 6d."

Extract of a letter—Liverpool Sept. 30.

"The weather, yesterday and the day
before, being dry, staggered the faith of
the Corn folks a good deal—besides, the
price has fallen in London—but this day
we have a good deal of rain, and the
weather looks by no means settled, so that
if this letter reaches you before the ar-
rival of the Hercules, &c. you need not
hesitate to buy flour freely at six dollars.
Upland Cotton 8 3-4 to 11d."

Extract of another letter, same date.

"Since our advices per the Hercules
and Cadmus, the Cotton market has con-
tinued steady with a regular but not brisk
demand. In Ashes, Naval Stores and
Tobacco, there is no change. Accounts
received yesterday of the London Grain
market, and an accidental fine day, caused
a suspension of the demand for wheat
and flour, and the speculators would have
accepted lower prices. The prices had
previously advanced to 11s a 12s per 70
lbs. for Irish wheat, and Canada wheat in
bond was sold at 11s, Canada flour in
bond, was held 38s a 40s, and Philadel-
phia in bond at 36s a 37s per bbl; for
sour flour in bond 32s was paid. The
prices are now unsettled.—Carolina Rice,
for which 17s a 22s was asked, cannot be
quoted higher than 14s a 20s.
RATHBONE, HODGSON & Co."

Extract of a letter from Bordeaux,

DATED SEPT. 8.

"Bordeaux Brandy 350 to 370 francs
per 50 vells; Rochelle, 360 to 400; Ben-
gal Indigo, 1st quality, 14f. 25c. to 14f.
50c. in entrepot. Wines have also risen
in consequence of the unfavorable state
of the crops. The brigs Florida and Ar-
dent, at Rochell, for Boston, purchased
their cargoes of brandy previous to the
rise."

Extract of another letter—dated

BORDEAUX, SEPT. 9th.

"The following vessels are now in port
waiting for freights, with bad prospects,
owing to the high price of brandy, which
is 350 to 370f. per 50 vells.

"Ships Hunter, and America, for Phil-
adelphia, in 6 or 7 days; Ohio, just ar-
rived from Antwerp; Warrington, for New-
Orleans, 30 days; Amiable Matilda, and
New-York Packet, from Spain, in quar-
antine; Seide, Williams, for New-York,
in about 20 days; brig Angelina, for
Charleston, 12 days.

"Gen. WADE HAMPTON is here, and
has taken passage in the Warrington, for
N. Orleans.

A Bordeaux price current of Sept. 7th,
quotes Cognac brandy at 350 to 400f. 4th
proof Bordeaux do. 375f.—New Orleans
cotton, 136 a 165; Carolina do. 130 to
150; Surat 92 to 96; Bengal 91 to 94.
Tobacco, Vir. 55 a 90; Kentucky, 32 1-2
to 55, in entrepot.

DISTRESSING SHIPWRECK.

NEW YORK, NOV. 2.

The ship Sea Fox, Captain Wyer,
sailed from this port on Saturday morning
for Port au Prince, and on the same eve-
ning, about 11 o'clock, was upset by a
sudden squall, 65 miles from Sandy Hook.
Lieut. Easterbrook, of the British navy,
his lady, (the daughter of Dr. McNeil of
Jamaica, L. I.) and two children, Mr.
Christopher F. Speyer, Mr. J. O. Wal-
ker, Miss Matilda Dawson, and black
woman servant, and four of the crew,
were lost. Mr. George Dawson, Mr.
Lewis Dawson, William Bee, a black
man, Capt. Wyer, his mate, and two of
the crew, were the only persons saved.
The survivors were taken up by the ship
Iris, from this port for Turks Island, and
after being on board two hours, were ta-
ken on board the schooner Delaware, Cap-
tain Howes, and landed on Sunday night
at Tarpaulin Cove. The vessel and car-
go totally lost. The surviving passengers
speak in the highest terms of the indefatig-
able exertions and coolness of Captain
Wyer & his mate, in endeavouring to save
the lives of the passengers, and state with
much regret that Capt. W. lost everything.

The Messrs. Dawson's arrived here
yesterday afternoon, in the sloop Mechanic,
from Boston. Capt. Wyer took pas-
sage with a friend in a packet for Boston.
The mate is hourly expected down.

It is hardly possible for the human
mind to realize a more heart-rending dis-
pensation of Providence. Miss Dawson,
an amiable young lady, who had just
completed her education, on the eve, as
it were, of embracing her parents, actu-
ally sunk from the arms of a brother who
was struggling to save her! Mr. Walker
who was a most excellent young man, and
has left an amiable young wife and child
in this city! Lieut. Easterbrook was a
half-pay-officer in the British navy, and
with his wife and two children, perished
together! The subject is too painful to
dwell on; but we cannot withhold our
sincere condolence with those who have
been thus deprived of connexions and
friends so dear to them.

On the subject of the crops in the U-
nited Kingdom, and on the Continent,
we think that the extent of the damage
which has been sustained in them, will
be found to have been much exaggerated.
Bell's (London) Weekly Messenger,
a paper which has always given particu-
lar attention to the agricultural concerns
of England, contains an editorial article,
of some length, the fruit of diligent en-
quiry, respecting "the probable effects
of the state of the weather, upon the
harvests." It represents, upon the au-
thority of private letters, and a compari-
son of the statements of most of the coun-
try news-papers, down to the 7th Sep-
tember inclusive, that, in the three most
agricultural counties, Norfolk, Suffolk,
and Cambridgeshire, "the corn and har-
vest had scarcely suffered any injury from
the state of the weather—"the wheat and
barley were abundant, and in excellent
condition." In Kent, "three fourths of
the wheat, were either in the barn or in
the stack, and had sustained very little
injury;" the crops were abundant, and
the grains heavy. Little corn had been
sent to market, owing to the hurry of
getting in the harvest, and this had occa-
sioned the rise of the markets, rather than
a just apprehension of a deficiency. From
Sussex, the intelligence was the same.—
In Nottinghamshire, the greater propor-
tion of the wheat was housed, and all in
good condition. In Hertfordshire, the
case was the same. From Huntingdon-
shire, the accounts were, that the crops
were good and heavy, "and had suffered
infinitely less than was apprehended, and
than the London papers had stated"—the
barley an immense crop. In Somerset-
shire and Devonshire, all the wheat in
barn or stack, and in good condition. In

Dorsetshire, the crops heavy and abun-
dant, but had suffered much from the
rust and smut. The editor of the Mes-
senger remarks in conclusion, "such,
therefore, is the general condition of the
harvest, up to Friday 7th inst. and with
such accounts before us from all quarters,
we feel inclined to attribute the late rise
in the markets, to any other cause, than
that of a real and sincere apprehension of
a scarce and injured crop."

Much damage has, no doubt, been suf-
fered in the harvests, but on such occa-
sions, there is generally much exaggera-
tion as to the extent of the evil. The
result, when ascertained, does not corres-
pond, in its disastrous character, to first
apprehensions, and the advance in prices
is but momentary, or at least is not long
maintained. We have some fears for those
among us who are foremost in the present
race of speculation, unless the devastations
of war should be added in Europe to
those of the storm and flood.

Nat'l Gaz.

From the New-York Daily Advertiser.

Departed this life, at his seat in the
city of Burlington, New-Jersey, on the
24th day of October, A. D. 1821, ELI-
AS BOUDINOT, ESQ. L. L. D. in the
eighty second year of his age.

Dr. Boudinot was born in Philadelphia
on the 2d of May, A. D. 1740. He was
descended from one of those pious protes-
tants, who, on the revocation of the Ed-
ict of Nantz, fled from France to A-
merica, to escape the horrors of ecclesi-
astical persecution, and to enjoy religious
freedom in this favored land. He had
the advantage of a classical education,
and pursued the study of the law under
the direction of the Hon. Richard Stock-
ton, a member of the first American Con-
gress, whose eldest sister he afterwards
married. Shortly after his admission to
the bar of New-Jersey, Dr. Boudinot rose
to the first grade in his profession. Early
in the Revolutionary war he was appoin-
ted by Congress to the important trust of
Commissary-General of prisoners. In the
year 1777, he was chosen a member
of the national Congress, and in the year
1782, he was elected the PRESIDENT
of this august body. In this capacity he
had the honour and happiness of putting
his signature to the Treaty of Peace
which forever established his country's
independence. On the return of peace
he resumed the practice of law. It was
not long, however, before he was called
to a more important station. On the ad-
option of the present constitution of the
United States, the confidence of his fel-
low-citizens allotted him a seat in the
House of Representatives of the United
States.

Attached from principle and habit to
the religious denomination of which he
was so distinguished a member, he has
been most liberal in his testamentary
donation to the GENERAL ASSEMBLY
of the PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
and to their THEOLOGICAL SEMI-
NARY established at Princeton.

But as his mind, unshackled by bigot-
ry or sectarian prejudice, was expanded
by the noblest principles of christian be-
nevolence he has also very liberally en-
dowed various institutions whose object
is to diffuse more widely the light of
revealed truth—to evangelize the heathen—
to instruct the deaf and dumb—to educate
youth for the sacred ministry—to advance
knowledge, and to relieve the wants and
miseries of the sick or suffering poor.

In the full possession of his mental
faculties, and in the assured persuasion of
his approaching dissolution, his faith was
firm—his patience unexhausted and his
hopes were bright. While with paternal
solicitude he exhorted those around him
to rest on the LORD JESUS CHRIST
—as the only true ground of trust—while
with solemnity and tenderness he com-
mended a dutiful and affectionate daugh-
ter,—his only child,—to the care of his
surviving friends; with humble resigna-
tion he expressed his readiness—his "de-
sire to depart in peace" to the bosom of
his father in Heaven; and the last prayer
he was heard to articulate, was—"LORD
JESUS RECEIVE MY SPIRIT."

Washington City, Nov. 1.

The Floridian of the 8th ultimo states
that Governor Jackson would depart from
Pensacola in a few days thereafter for
Tennessee; and it would appear that
it was the purpose of the Governor to
resign his office, as it is mentioned in the
same paper, that his return to Florida
need not be looked for, unless circum-
stances should render it necessary.

November 2.

Don Joaquin de Anduaga was presen-
ted on Wednesday last to the President,
by the Secretary of State, when he deliv-
ered his credential letters, and was re-
ceived by the President, as Envoy Extra-
ordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
from Spain.

ROT IN COTTON.

Accounts from every part of the state,
(says the New-Orleans Advertiser of 26th
Sept.) but particularly the interior, con-
firm the statement that not more than
half a crop of cotton will be made this
season.—On the same subject, the Baton
Rouge Gazette observes, all the planters
in this vicinity agree in saying, that the
Rot has taken so complete a hold of the

cotton, that they doubt whether they will
obtain the half of a common crop this year.

The cotton crop in this state and the
State of Georgia, will fall greatly short of
its annual product. The most sanguine
planters do not calculate on more than
half a crop, and many will make but two
bales where they expected five. It is
some consolation, in the midst of this
failure, to learn, that the foreign market
has experienced some improvement, and
if our crops are short we shall obtain a
liberal price for them.
[Columbia (S. C. Tel.)

At the late general election in Georgia,
a vote was also taken on the change of
their Constitution.—It appears by returns
from all the counties in the state, that the
majority for No Convention, was 13,489,

Singular Circumstance.—The follow-
ing singular circumstance took place on
board the schr. Brilliant on her passage
from Fortune's Island to this port: On
the 19th of August a large fish was seen
alongside the schr. supposed to be a Dol-
phin. One of the crew feeling anxious
to catch him, and probably for the want
of some other bait, drilled a hole through
a dollar, and fastened it to his hook,
which he threw over the bows of the schr.
but it was soon discovered that both the
bait and hook were missing. The sec-
ond hook was baited in the same man-
ner, which shared the same fate. On the
21st Aug. the third attempt was
made with the same kind of valuable bait,
which also shared the fate of the others.
Four days after, it being calm, and the
schr. having run about three hundred
miles from the unfortunate fishing ground,
a shark was caught with a bowline, which
contained two of the hooks, baited with
two of the dollars. In about fifteen min-
utes after, a Dolphin was caught, which
contained the other hook and dollar.
Portsmouth N. H. paper.

MARRIED.

At Hurlgate, (N. Y.) on Wednesday
evening, 31st October, by the Rev. Mr.
Johnson, Mr. ELI SMALLWOOD, of this
town, to Miss ANNA EVALINA BLACK-
WELL, daughter of Mr. Samuel Blackwell,
of the former place.

In Beaufort, on Thursday evening, 1st
inst. by the Rev. B. Arundel, Mr. JOSEPH
ACKBURN, formerly of this county, to Miss
NAOMI NOE, daughter of Mr. Peter Noe,
of the former place.

DIED.

At Bear Creek, Onslow county, on the
15th ult. Mrs. CHRISTIANA SANDERS, con-
sort of Mr. Jesse Sanders, in the 64th
year of her age. She was an affectionate
companion, a tender mother, a friend to
the distressed, and a pious christian.—
Her disconsolate husband, and a nume-
rous offspring are left to deplore their loss.

PORT OF NEWBERN.

ENTERED,

Schooners Industry, Hunt, New-York,
merchandise to Messrs. Stevenson, La-
motte, Dewey, Wadsworth, Cook, and
Smallwood; Caroline, McKown, New-
York, merchandize to Messrs. Gooding,
Reid, Jarvis, West & co. and Smallwood:
Brig Little John, Perkins, New-York,
merchandise to Messrs. S. & J. Oliver,
Justice, and Reid.

Newbern Prices Current.

MERCHANDIZE.	From D. C. to D. C.
Bacon	lb. 6 8
Beef	4 6
Butter	30 35
Bees-Wax	30 32
Brandy, French	gal. 2 2 50
do. Apple	45 50
do. Peach	75 85
Corn,	bbl. 3 3 50
Meat,	bush. 60 80
Cotton, (New crop)	lb. 14 15
Coffee	30 32
Cordage	12 14
Flour,	bbl. 8 25
Gin Holland	gal. 1 25 1 40
Country	45 50
Pine Scantling	M. 7 9
Plank	7 50 8
Square Timber	16 20
Shingles, 22 inch	1 50 1 75
Staves, W. O. hhd.	15 18
do. R. O. do.	7 10
do. W. O. bbl.	5 7
Heading, W. O. hhd	18 20
Lard	lb. 8 9
Molasses	gal. 35
Tar	bbl. 1 30 1 35
Pitch	1 30 1 35
Rosin	1 10 1 25
Turpentine	1 60
do. Spirits	gal. 25
Pork, prime,	bbl. 8 50 9
Do. Mess	11 12
Rice	cwt. 3 3 50
Rum, Jamaica	1 10 1 20
do. W. I.	80 90
do. American	40 45
Salt, Allum	bush. 70 80
do. Fine	65
Sugar, Loaf	lb. 22 25
do. Lump	18 25
do. Brown	cwt. 9 11 50
Whiskey	gal. 40 45