

POETRY.

The following burlesque imitation of the modern style of ballad writing, is taken from the London Magazine for March, 1822.

FAITHLESS SALLY BROWN. An Old Ballad.

Young Ben he was a nice young man, A carpenter by trade; And he fell in love with Sally Brown, That was a lady's maid.

But as they fetched a walk one day, They met a press gang crew; And Sally she did faint away, Whilst Ben he was bro't to.

The Boatswain swore with wicked words, Enough to shock a saint, That though she did seem in a fit, 'Twas nothing but a feint.

Come girl, said he, hold up your head, He'll be as good as me, For when your swain is in our boat, A boatswain he will be.

So when they made their game of her, And taken off her elf, She rous'd and found she only was A coming to herself.

And is he gone, and is he gone? She cried and wept outright: Then I will go to the water side, And see him out of sight.

A waterman came up to her, Now, young woman, said he, If you weep so, you will make Eye-water in the sea.

Alas! they've taken my beau Ben, To sail with old Benbow, And her woe began to run afresh, As if she had said gee woe!

Says he, they've only taken him To the Tender ship you see; The Tender, cried poor Sally Brown, What a hard-ship that must be.

O! that I were a mermaid now, For then I'd follow him; But oh! I'm not a fish woman, And so I cannot swim.

No! Ben had sailed to many a place That's underneath the world; But in two years the ship came home, And all the sails were fur'd.

But when he call'd on Sally Brown, To see how she went on, He found she'd got another Ben, Whose christian name was John.

O Sally Brown! O Sally Brown! How could you serve me so! I've met with many a breeze before, But never such a blow.

Then reading on his 'baco box, He heav'd a heavy sigh, And then began to eye his pipe, And then to pipe his eye.

And then he tried to sing 'All's well' But could not, tho' he tried; His head was turn'd, and so he chew'd His pig-tail till he died.

His death, which happen'd in his birth, At forty odd betel; They went and told the sexton, and The sexton toll'd the bell.

LUDICROUS.

From the Boston Patriot.

FOURTH OF JULY ORATION.

We have read nothing for some time so irresistibly ludicrous as a fourth of July Speech by John Holland, of Washington, (N. C.) He commences in a manner, which has certainly the recommendation of novelty—

"I, John Holland, my fellow-Citizens, come not to speak on ancient history, but the politics of the day.

"Should not the citizens feel for that liberty which the spirit of our fathers shewed? This is a most impotent anniversary of the day which passed over the heads of our forefathers who met at Philadelphia in 1776, to declare our Independence as Independent Colonies. Is this to be made a mockery? No—I hope not, my fellow-citizens."

The following notice of the attack upon the Chesapeake must be allowed to present a wonderful combination of acute logic, with touching and pathetic eloquence:

"Look, sir, into the deprecation on the Chesapeake. The Leopard staved eighteen balls through her wounded eighteen men and killed 3 more! Had not Capt. Douglass orders from Mr. Admiral Berkeley to act as he did, who I believe was on

the coast at that time? I think he had sir. Commodore Barron, who was on board the Chesapeake for a foreign voyage, was attacked, I believe, contrary to his expectations and is a worthy citizen. Was this not worthy our notice as free citizens? Should it escape from Memory?—I say no—Nor as long as I have as much republican blood runs in my veins as amounts to the bigness of the head of a pin."

How flattering to our ex-presidents the following high-wrought eulogiums?

Mr. Jefferson all wise and good, he are a great statesman, he are a great philosopher, he are a great bottomist, he are the bulwark and keeper of our liberty. But Mr. Jefferson went out of office who succeeded? Mr. Madison.—What drove him to a war?—The year 1812. Sir the Eagle have proven to the world that he has conquered his enemies, they are now willing to take him by the hand, help him build his nest, and be clothed with his feathers."

But grand, sublime and eloquent as is our last extract, it becomes humble and tame, when compared with the following elegant and appropriate notice of our "sister state," North Carolina.

"I think sir we are entitled to the next Vice President from the state of North Carolina who have distinguished herself with her sister states.—Look sir at the statute of Washington on the State house and established at the City of Raleigh, which does honor to herself and honor to the state. See what the state of North Carolina have done since 1812. She has distinguished herself among her sister states, she has done honor to her country and honor to herself—Now look at the state of Virginia and see what great men there be who sees into futurity and who amongst her sister states have ever been distinguished as the watchman and bulwark of our liberty. Then sir look at the waters of Albemarle Sound that communicates by the town of Elizabeth to the waters of the state of Virginia by that of an inland navigation. Who established this? the statesman and those who are a friend to liberty."

We are also indebted to "I John Holland," for a new discovery in the human system, and we have no doubt it will gain for him the highest honors which science can bestow. It will stand next in importance to the wonderful results of Harvey's genius.—He has discovered that the blood circulated.—Mr. John Holland has discovered how to stop its circulation. Hear him—

"If war was to take place to-morrow it would stop the circulation of the blood? It is a composition sir too serious to be thrown away it judge right; look, sir, at the Heroes of our last war under Washington who were all wise, all great and all good. My fellow citizens can a man be a Christian unless he is possessed of virtues which he believes in Deity? Washington was a man that never mourned for the grapes that hung upon another man's bush and gathered them after his death."

This concluding compliment to Washington is as delicate and as fresh "as a new laid egg."

In a spirit of prophecy Mr. Holland foresees among the "future destinies" of United America, that she will become the "exporter of factories instead of imports. Prodigious!—Only think of taking up the Waltham factory, machinery, men, women and children, mill dams, &c. and exporting them to Brazil, for instance. Really we are, if Mr. John Holland is to be believed a wonderful people Aladdin, with his wonderful lamp, could have done nothing like it. The punishment, which John Holland proposes for all dishonest politicians, has the recommendation of novelty; being their own "barbers" and "queuing" hair would certainly be more harmless than making bad laws.

"Men who make laws that doesn't meet with the spirit and meaning of the people, say nothing about them—let them stay home and they may become their own barbers and queue their own hair! A man who says he'll vote for one and vote for another, is he not a trimmer? I think he is. Look out for our State Government my fellow citizens and I make free to inform you, I am a candidate to represent the County of Beaufort in the House of Commons, in the next General Assembly held at the city of Raleigh."

But the finest passage in this unique Speech of Mr. Holland's is near its conclusion—an eulogy upon the sweets of love and the comforts and felicities of conjugal life. It is superfine and hot pressed. Ye cold-blooded bachelors, ye who have never tried the "pillow of our comfort," ye who have never

felt the "spangs of love," read and ponder well upon the solemn and affecting truths, so strikingly pourtrayed by "I John Holland." Listen to the admonitions of wisdom and "turn ye, turn ye, lest you die." It is quite certain, and a source of congratulation, that Mr. John Holland must have always found the "ladies of the fair," tender and complying, or he never would have laid so much stress upon the "serious contract."

"Fellow citizens and ladies of the fair you are the pillow of our comfort, the foundation of our happiness, and together with our great and good and wise men the independence of our government. Look at what the Constitution says read and you'll know we have power to claim privileges of three things, that is to declare war, suppress insurrections or invasions and if I understand from reasoning and thinking on the Constitution this is the privileges it gives us.—We know who gives us our existence, how is marriage contracts made, from the spangs of love which govern all men who means well for themselves and well for their country, who springs from the human family one of the most honorablest life's that a man can enjoy. Though a man may have as much money as he can shake a stick at, there is no real happiness unless it is with those with whom the serious contract is made."

RICHARD N. OLIVER Cabinet Maker,

At the old Glebe, Middle street above the Court House,

RETURNS his grateful thanks to the inhabitants of Newbern, and the vicinity thereof, for the encouragement he has received from them; and hopes by his strict attention to business, and unremitting exertions to please, to merit a continuance of their favours. He has on hand, an assortment of ready made FURNITURE, and the best materials to make any thing that may be called for, on the most moderate terms.—All orders from town or country, will be punctually attended to.

He has also on hand, a handsome assortment of Mahogany and other woods, for COFFINS—and attends funerals, as usual. Those who are so unfortunate as to lose their friends, will find it to their advantage to call as above, as he intends reducing the expences thereof so as to be an object to the employers. Newbern, Jan. 5, 1822.

GABRIEL M. RAINS, Cabinet Maker,

Inform his friends and the public, that he continues to keep on hand a variety of

CABINET FURNITURER, SUCH AS SIDEBOARDS, TABLES, SECRETARIES, BEDSTEADS, &c. &c.

Which he will sell on reasonable terms. All orders in the UPHOLSTERER'S business will be executed with neatness, and on moderate terms.

He has the plan and the care of the GRAVE YARD, and the keys of the gates; and requests those who are entrusted with the burying of the dead to call on him. His charges for interment will as usual be very low.

Those who have not yet been furnished with deeds for Lots which they may have purchased in the grave yard, are requested to call on him and they will be supplied. Those also who have deeds, but whose names are not entered on the Plan, are requested to bring them forward, that it may be ascertained which of the lots are vacant, and whether deeds for any of them have been given to more than one individual.—Interments having been made in several of the lots where no deeds have been given, those concerned are requested to obtain deeds, otherwise such lots will be sold to any person applying for them.—April 2.

150 DOLLARS REWARD.

HAVING a Mulatto man run away, who I understand is in the neighborhood of General Durant Hatch and Mr. Gaston's Plantation, I will give the above reward to any one who will apprehend and deliver him to me or my agent, at Lake Phelps, Myrell County, or One Hundred and Twenty-Five Dollars, if he is confined in Newbern Jail so that I get him. His name is DAVIE, of middle size, and about twenty-four years of age.

E. PETTIGREW. June 5th, 1822—'20 lf.

By the President of the United States.

WHEREAS, the President of the United States is authorized by law to cause certain lands to be offered for sale: Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that the public sales shall be as follows, viz:

At the Land Office at Terra Haute, in Indiana, on the first Monday in July next, for the sale of Townships 17 and 18 in range 1 east of the 2d principal meridian line 17 and 18 in ranges 1 to 9 west of do

At the Land Office at Vandalia, in Illinois, on the third Monday in July next, for the sale of Townships 11, 12, 13 and 14, in ranges 1 and 2, east of the 3d principal meridian line

11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in ranges 3 and 4, do. At the same place, on the third Monday in August next for the sale of Townships 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in ranges 5, 6 and 8, east of the 3d principal meridian line

11, in range 7, do. At the Land Office at Palestine, in Illinois, on the first Monday in August next, for the sale of Townships 6, 7, 8 and 9, in ranges 9, 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line

5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, in range 14, west of 2d 8 and 9 12 and 13, do. At the same place, on the first Monday in September next, for the sale of

Townships 10, 11, 12 and 13, in ranges 9, 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line

10, 11, 12 and 15, in ranges 12, 13 and 14, west of 2d do. At the same place on the first Monday in October next, for the sale of

Townships 14, 15, 16 and 17, in ranges 9, 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line

14, 15, 16 and 17, in ranges 12, 13 and 14, west of do. At the same place, on the first Monday in November next, for the sale of

Townships 18, 19, 20 and 21, in ranges 9, 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line

18, 19, 20 and 21, in ranges 13 and 14, west of 2d do. 18, 19 and 20, in range 12 do. do. 18, 19 and 20, 10, do. do.

At the Land Office for the Northern district of Louisiana, at the town of Ouachita, on the first Monday in November next, for the sale of

Townships 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19, in ranges 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, west the meridian line

At the Land Office at the seat of Justice of the county of Independence, in the Arkansas territory, for the sale of such lands of the United States as are situated in the following described townships and ranges, and which have been excluded from the lottery of the lands appropriated for satisfying warrants for military services, viz:

On the first Monday in August next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following townships and ranges, viz:

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 and 20 in range 1, east of the 5th meridian line 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 2, do. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 3, do. 1, 2, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 4, do. 1, 2 5, do. 1, 2, 3, 9, 13, 14, 15, 18, 19 & 20, 1, west of do.

On the first Monday in September next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following described townships and ranges, viz:

Townships 1, 2, 18 19 and 20, in range 2, west of the 5th meridian line 1, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20, 3, do. 1, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16 & 19 4, do. e, 2, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14 and 16, 5, do. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 18, 6, do.

On the first Monday in October next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following described townships and ranges, viz:

Townships 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 10 11 12 13 15 16 17 18 19 and 20, in range 7, west of the 5th meridian line 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 15 16 17 18 19 & 20, in range 8, west do. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 18 19 and 20, 9, do. 19 10, do.

On the first Monday in November next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following described townships and ranges, viz:

Townships 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 and 11, in range 10, west of the 5th meridian line 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 and 10, 11, do. 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 and 10, 12, do. 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 and 9, 13, do. 3 4 5 6 7 and 8, 14, do. 4 5 and 7, 15, do. 5 6 and 7 16, do. 6 17, do.

Each sale will commence with the lowest number of sections township, and range, and proceed in regular numerical order. The lands reserved by law for the use of schools, or for other purposes, will be reserved from sales. GIVEN under my hand, at the city of Washington, this 14th day March, 1822. JAMES MONROE.

By the President: JOSIAH MEIGS, Commissioner of the Gen. Land Office. March 18.—'10tNov1

Printers who publish the laws of the United States, will publish the above once a week till the first Monday in November next, and send their accounts (received) to the General Land Office.

JONES COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, June Term, 1822. David Hooks, vs. James Frazier. Original Attachment. IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, James Frazier, is not an inhabitant of the state; it is therefore Ordered, that publication be made in the Carolina Centinel for three months, that said defendant appear at the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for said county, at the Court House in Trenton, on the second Monday in September next, and reply or plead to issue; or judgment will be entered against him.—Attest, ROBERT KORNEGAY, Clerk. 222—\$ 6 00

FOR SALE, BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, 360 Acres of Land, Five miles above Newbern, lying between Neuse and Trent Roads, in the little Pecosen. ONE NEW HOUSE AND HALF LOT, In the Town of Newbern, known by the numbers 288 and 289 opposite John Jones' Esq. HALF THE FRONT OF LOT, No. 21, on the south side of First street extending to the channel. For terms, which will be accommodating, apply to John R. Good. Newbern, July 21st, 1821—'17