

Carolina Sentinel.

VOL. XI.

NEWBERN, N. C. SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1828.

NO. 523.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY
WATSON & MACHEN,
at \$3 per annum—half payable in advance.

THE VINEYARD.

MR. ALPHONSE LOUBAT'S subscription for the introduction of the cultivation of the Vine, into the United States, having been notified to the Southern Public at a period too late to allow it to reach the perusal of an infinity of individuals, who, convinced of its utility and the facility of its culture, would have desired to enter their subscription, he has consequently made a choice selection of 20,000 Vine Roots, and orders this quantity from his Father in France. They will arrive in New-York before the middle of the ensuing month of February, therefore, subscribers may still furnish themselves with a supply to the amount specified.

The cost, as usual, is rated at the fixed price for 1000 Roots or over, at the Rate of 12½ cents each Root, for less than 1000 at the Rate of 15 cents, for less than 500 20 cents, and 30 cents for less than 50, to be paid on the delivery of the Roots.

Letters will not be received unless Post Paid. Subscription lists are opened at

Newbern by **JOHN JUSTICE,**
Raleigh, **J. LOUIS TAYLOR,**
New York, **A. LOUBAT.**

Dec. 22, 1827—'9.

Steam Mill Timber.

WANTED at the Lenoxville Steam Saw Mill, near Beaufort, Ton Timber for sawing. It will be received at the head of the Canal, in Clubfoot Creek. The current Newbern price will be given: no stocks less than 12 inches will be received, and not less than 15 feet long,—two sides of each pine of timber need only be hewed, for which a fair allowance will be expected. Cash will be paid on receipt of the timber.

N. B. The Mill being nearly completed, will commence her operations in a few days, of which due notice will be given.

WM. WAGNER.

Lenoxville, Oct. 8, 1827—'99.

EDUCATION.

WILLIAM A. WALKER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Newbern and its vicinity, that his School commenced on Wednesday, 27th instant, in the house formerly occupied by the late Mr. Joseph Hutton.

TERMS.

Greek, Latin, &c. \$5 per quarter, Geography, English Grammar, Reading, Writing, &c. \$3.

His Night School for the accommodation of those engaged during the day, commenced on Monday the 3d inst.

The subscriber will take two or three young Ladies of 12 years of age, or under, as boarders. Terms made known by calling at his residence in Pollock Street.

W. A. W.

March 1, 1828—'18.

SWAIN'S PANACEA.

A Fresh Supply just received and for sale at S. HALL'S Book Store.

TO SECURE THE PUBLIC AGAINST IMITATION.—The genuine Panacea will hereafter be sold in white glass bottles, of an oblong square shape, with the words blown on the glass:—on one side, *Swain's Panacea*, & on the ends *Genuine*, *Philadelphia*, with a label representing Hercules destroying the Hydra:—another label covers the cork, with my name on it. As the cork cannot be drawn without destroying it, the medicine may be known to be genuine when the label has not been injured.

Nov. 10.

Flour and Navy-Bread.

LANDING this day from on board the schooner *Triumph*, from New-York, 60 Barrels Sup. Rochester Flour, 16 do. Navy Bread, and for sale by **G. BRADFORD, & Co.** Newbern, Feb. 14.—'16

ROPE WALK FOR SALE.

HE subscriber being determined to close his business, will sell his *Rope Walk* and materials belonging to the same. He will also hire, on reasonable terms, to the purchaser, the Negroes belonging to the Walk.—He requests all those indebted to him, to make speedy payment; and those having claims to present them for settlement.

JNO: HARVEY.

All Vessels laying at the subscriber's Wharf, will be charged 50 cents per day, unless they have ballast. **J. H.** Oct. 27, 1827—'01.



BY AUTHORITY.

Laws of the United States passed at the First Session of the Twentieth Congress.

No. 8.

AN ACT making appropriations for the support of the Navy of the United States for the year eighteen hundred and twenty eight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for defraying the expenses of the Navy for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, the following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively appropriated:

For the pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the seamen, other than those at navy yards, shore stations and in ordinary, one million one hundred and seventy-six thousand three hundred and twelve dollars.

For pay and subsistence and allowances of officers, and pay of seamen, &c. at navy yards, shore stations, hospitals, and in ordinary, one hundred and eighty-five thousand and thirty-two dollars.

For pay of Superintendents, Naval Constructors, and all the civil establishment at the several yards and stations, fifty-nine thousand one hundred and two dollars.

For provisions, five hundred and five thousand dollars.

For repairs of vessels in ordinary, and for wear and tear of vessels in commission, four hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

For medicines, surgical instruments and hospital stores, twenty-seven thousand dollars.

For ordnance and ordnance stores, fifty thousand dollars.

For repairs and improvements of navy yards, one hundred and five thousand dollars.

For arrearages prior to first of January, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, fifteen thousand dollars.

For completing the construction and equipment of the sloop of war, authorized by act of Congress of third March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, two hundred and one thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For defraying the expenses that may accrue during the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, for the following purposes, to wit: For freight and transportation of materials and stores of every description; for wharfage and dockage, storage and rent; travelling expenses of officers and transportation of seamen; house rent and chamber money, fuel and candles to officers other than those attached to navy yards and shore stations, and for officers in sick quarters where there is no hospital; for commissions, clerk hire, office rent, stationery, and fuel to the navy agents; for premiums and incidental expenses of recruiting; for apprehending deserters; for compensation to Judge Advocates; for per diem allowance to persons attending courts martial and courts of inquiry, and to officers engaged on extra service beyond the limits of their stations; for printing and stationery of every description, and for books, maps, charts, nautical and mathematical instruments, chronometers, models, and drawings; for purchase and repairs of steam and fire engines, and for machinery; for purchase and maintenance of oxen and horses, and for carts, wheels and workmen's tools of every description; for postage of letters on public service; for pilotage; for cabin furniture of vessels in commission; for taxes on navy yards and public property; for assistance rendered to public vessels in distress; for incidental labor at navy yards, not applicable to any other appropriation; for coal and other fuel for forges, foundries, and steam engines; for candles, oil and fuel for vessels in commission and in ordinary; for repairs of magazines and powder houses; for preparing moulds for ships to be built; and for no other object or purpose whatever, two hundred and forty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses for objects arising in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, and not hereinbefore enumerated, five thousand dollars.

For pay and subsistence of the Marine Corps, one hundred and twenty two thousand three hundred and seventy-six dollars.

For clothing for the same, twenty eight thousand seven hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For fuel for the same, twelve thousand one hundred and ninety-six dollars.

For contingent expenses, thirteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For additional contingencies, not enumerated for the same, five hundred dollars.

For military stores for the same, that is to say, for keeping the arms in repair, armorer's pay and armorer's tools, and ordnance stores, three thousand dollars.

For medicines, hospital stores and instruments for the use of the officers and marines on shore, two thousand three hundred and sixty-nine dollars.

For the compensation of Colonel Samuel Miller, for certain extra services relative to the accounts of R. M. Desha, one hundred and twenty one dollars and twenty cents.

For the following items which have been carried to the surplus fund on the first of January, eighteen hundred and twenty eight, viz:

For contingent expenses prior to one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, eight hundred and forty-two dollars, thirty-four cents.

For contingent expenses for one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, two thousand eight hundred and ninety-three dollars, four cents.

For contingent expenses for one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, seven hundred and eighty-four dollars, twenty-eight cents.

For contingent expenses for one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, not enumerated, two hundred and forty dollars, eight cents.

For Navy Yards, five thousand dollars.

For Navy Yard at Pensacola, three hundred dollars thirty seven cents.

For Swords and Medals, five hundred and seventy nine dollars sixty two cents.

For five schooners, fifty eight dollars thirty three cents.

For building Barges, sixty-seven dollars sixteen cents.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the aforesaid sums be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That there be, and hereby is, appropriated, for the purchase of such lands as the President of the United States may think necessary and proper to provide live oak and other timbers for the use of the Navy of the United States, a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars, to be paid out of the moneys appropriated for the gradual improvement of the Navy of the United States, by the first Section of the act, entitled "An act for the gradual improvement of the Navy of the United States, approved the day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven."

A. STEVENSON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives,

J. C. CALHOUN,

Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

Approved—19th March, 1828.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

No. 9.

AN ACT making appropriations for certain Fortifications of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated to wit: for fortifications, to each specifically, as follows:

For Fort Adams eighty thousand dollars:

For Fort Hamilton, sixty thousand dollars:

For Fort Monroe, one hundred thousand dollars:

For Fort Calhoun, eighty thousand dollars:

For Fort Macon, Bogue Point, fifty-two thousand five hundred dollars:

For Fort at Mobile Point, eighty thousand dollars:

For Fort Jackson, eighty-eight thousand five hundred dollars:

For repairs and contingencies, fifteen thousand dollars:

For Fortifications at Pensacola, five thousand dollars:

For Fortification at Charleston, twenty-five thousand:

For Fortifications at Savannah, twenty-five thousand:

For Fort at Oak Island, North-Carolina, sixty thousand dollars:

For preservation of islands in Boston harbour, two thousand dollars.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the several sums hereby appropriated, shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Approved—10th March, 1828.

No. 10.

AN ACT granting the right of preference, in the purchase of Public Lands, to certain settlers, in the St. Helena Land District, in the State of Louisiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States

of America in Congress assembled, That every person, his or her legal representatives, comprised in the list of actual settlers reported to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, by the Register for the District of St. Helena, in the State of Louisiana, under the authority of the act of Congress, entitled "An act for adjusting the claims to land, and establishing Land Offices, in the District East of the Island of New Orleans," approved the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, or who did actually inhabit and cultivate a tract of land in said district on the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, not rightfully claimed by any other person, by virtue of any written evidence of claim, legally derived from either the French, British, or Spanish government, or granted as a donation by any act of Congress heretofore passed, shall be entitled to a right of preference, on becoming the purchaser from the United States, of such tract of land, at the same price for which other public lands are sold at private sale: *Provided*, That such tract of land shall not contain more than one quarter section, to be located by sectional lines; and that the same shall be entered with the Register of the Land Office in said District, within two years, or before, if the same shall be offered at public sale.

Approved—19th March, 1828.

No. 11.

AN ACT making appropriations for the Military Service of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively appropriated for the Military Service of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, to wit:

For pay to the Army and subsistence of Officers, including the Military Academy, one million and fifty-six thousand three hundred and six dollars and seventy five cents.

For subsistence, in addition to an unexpended balance in the Treasury, on the thirty-first of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, of sixty five thousand dollars, two hundred and eighteen thousand dollars.

For forage for Officers, forty thousand one hundred and twenty-eight dollars.

For clothing for servants of Officers of the Army, and of the Military Academy, and twenty supernumerary Second Lieutenants, graduates of the Military Academy, nineteen thousand seven hundred and seventy dollars.

For the recruiting service, in addition an unexpended balance in the Treasury, on the thirty first of December, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, of thirteen thousand six hundred dollars, twenty two thousand six hundred and seventy four dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the recruiting service, in addition to an unexpended balance of three thousand three hundred dollars, in the Treasury on the thirty first of December, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, fourteen thousand eight hundred and thirty seven dollars.

For arrearages of the year eighteen hundred and twenty seven, being the difference between the amount appropriated by Congress for the pay and subsistence of the Captains and Subalterns, and that allowed by the act of the second of March, eighteen hundred and twenty seven, thirty eight thousand and seventy seven dollars and eight cents.

For the Purchasing Department, in addition to materials on hand, amounting to forty thousand dollars, viz: for clothing for the Army, camp equipage, cooking utensils, and hospital furniture, one hundred and seventy eight thousand three hundred and seventy seven dollars and forty nine cents.

For the purchase of woollens during the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty eight, in advance for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty nine, twenty thousand dollars.

For the Medical and Hospital Department, twenty five thousand five hundred dollars.

For the Quartermaster General's Department, three hundred and forty three thousand dollars.

For arrearages in the Quartermaster General's Department, forty-two thousand dollars.

For Quartermaster General's Department, viz: barracks for two additional companies, and quarters for the graduates from West Point, ordered to join the Infantry School of Practice, and to complete store houses and hospital, engine and hose firebuckets, barrack quarters, defences, &c. for four companies at Prairie du Chien; to complete quarter barracks, hospital and storehouses at

Fort St. Philip; to complete the buildings and enclose the ground with pickets, at the establishment near Savannah; for engine and hose complete for Fortress Monroe, and for fire buckets, forty-four thousand two hundred and thirty dollars and eighty-four cents.

For fuel, stationery, transportation, &c.; repairs, and for improving barracks, erecting new buildings, procuring articles for the mathematical, drawing, chemical and mineralogical departments, and for the library and contingencies, for the Military Academy at West Point. "Excluding the items for Quartermaster's Clerk, Adjutant's Clerk, and Quartermaster's Sergeant, thirty-two thousand two hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty-eight cents."

For defraying the expenses of the Board of Visitors, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingencies of the Army, ten thousand dollars.

For arrearages, prior to the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, ten thousand dollars.

For National Armories, three hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For current expenses of the Ordnance Service, sixty five thousand dollars.

For Arsenals, fifty-seven thousand three hundred dollars.

For completing the Arsenal at Augusta, in Maine, thirty thousand dollars.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the several sums hereby appropriated, be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of War be authorized and required to settle, adjust, and pay, in conformity with the provisions of the act of the second of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety five, regulating the pay of the Militia, when called into actual service, the claims of the Militia and Indians of the State of Illinois, and Territory of Michigan, called out by competent authority, or received into service by any General or Field Officer of the United States, on the occasion of the recent Indian disturbances, and that the expenses of transportation, supplies, materials, ferrage, and work incident to the expedition, shall be settled, according to the justice of the claim, and with strict regard to the law and usage heretofore established for the settlement of such claims; and that the sum of forty thousand dollars be appropriated for the aforesaid objects, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the sum of five hundred and fourteen dollars and twenty-one cents, being part of an appropriation made by the act of fifth of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, for the relief of Lieutenant Colonel William Lawrence and others, and which was carried to the Surplus Fund on the thirty first of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty six, be, and the same is hereby, re-appropriated.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the unexpended balances of a appropriations for the following objects be, and the same are hereby, re-appropriated, viz:

For balances due certain States on account of militia in the service of the United States during the late war, sixty-eight thousand eight hundred and eighty-five dollars and seventy cents.

For a Road from Little Rock to Cantonment Gibson, five thousand five hundred and fifty-eight dollars and twenty-six cents.

For extinguishing the Creek title to lands in Georgia, four thousand nine hundred and eighty-nine dollars and fifty seven cents.

For claims against the Osages, by citizens of the United States, eight hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty cents.

Approved—20th March, 1828.

From Washington Irving's Life of Columbus.

THE PREFACE.

Being at Bordeaux, in the winter of 1825—6, I received a letter from Mr. Alexander Everett, Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States at Madrid, informing me of a work then in the press, edited by Don Martin Fernandez de Navarrete, Secretary of the Royal Academy History, &c. &c. containing a collection of documents, relative to the voyages of Columbus, among which were many of a highly important nature, recently discovered. Mr. Everett, at the same time, expressed an opinion that a version of the work into English, by one of our countrymen, would be peculiarly desirable. I concurred with him in opinion; and, having for some time intended a visit to Madrid, I shortly afterwards set off for that capital, with an idea of undertaking, while there, the translation of the work.

Soon after my arrival, the publication of M. Navarrete made its appearance. I