

RALEIGH REGISTER,

AND NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE,

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace,
"Unwarped by party rage to live like brothers."

Vol. IV.

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No. 415

THE REGISTER

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ADVERTISEMENTS

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From the North American Review.

SPEECHES OF HENRY CLAY.

Mr. Clay belongs to the class of men, numerous in all free countries, and in no country so numerous as ours—the architects of their own fortunes, men who without early advantages, rise to eminence by the force of talent and industry. The eloquence of such a man will partake of the merits and of the defects, which are naturally incident to a want of the best opportunities in youth, and to practice continued and continued, not in the retreats of academic leisure, but at the bar and in the Senate. The great orators of Greece and Rome learned their profession of actors, sophists, rhetoricians, and philosophers; shut themselves up in caves for solitary exercise; made voyages that they might get access to the best teachers; practised before looking glasses, and trained their voices by declamation. These arts or means are unknown to the ardent young American, who is launched on the stormy ocean of life, with no inheritance, than that of "infancy, ignorance, and indigence." As he advances to manhood, he will gradually form his own manner. It will commonly be earnest but unartificial; its alternate strains of argument and passion will succeed each other rather by accident, than in the order prescribed by systems of rhetoric. There will be fulness of matter without exhaustion, perhaps without the most skilful disposition of topics; and vigor and impressiveness of style, connected with occasional inaccuracies of language.

Such, in general, is the character of these speeches. In connexion with some of the remarks, which we made above, on the manner of reporting which prevails in this country, we ought not to omit to state, that the speeches are understood to be given, without subsequent revision as they appeared originally in the National Intelligencer, from the pen of the reporter. Few orators in any country have ever been more negligent of fame than Mr. Clay. Not one half of his speeches, we believe, have ever appeared in any form of report, and those reported have almost without exception been left by him to the unreviewed preparation of the reporter. No person who has had occasion to make such a course a matter of experience, will refuse to admit, that it puts the reputation of the speaker to the greatest test.

In casting the eye over the list of the speeches contained in the volume, we find them to comprehend a wide and varied range of topics. They are on the subject of manufactures, on the line of the Perdido, on the charter of the Bank of the United States, on the augmentation of the military force of the country, on the increase of the navy, on the new army bill, on the emancipation of South America, on internal improvement, on the Seminole war, on a mission to S. America, & on American industry. The reader will perceive in this catalogue, the greatest questions in our internal policy, in our foreign relation, and in our recent history. On perusing Mr. Clay's speeches on any or all of these subjects, and comparing them with those of his contemporaries in Congress on the same or kindred topics, we presume it will be cheerfully admitted, on all hands, that he ranks second to none in the originality, power and versatility of his intellect. In these physical qualities by which the ability and reputation of the orator are graduated, and in that general reputation of a parliamentary speaker, which is built on political standing, on intellectual talent, and external gifts, Mr. Clay would probably, by a large majority of the American people, be allowed to have stood first on the roll of the eminent men, who were associated with him in Congress.

We are not sure that such would be the opinion of those who should estimate his character as a parliamentary speaker, solely from the perusal of the speeches contained in the volume before us. In point of literary execution and theoretical finish, they are not to be considered as models. They should be regarded in justice, as they appear to be, reports of speeches, for the most part unrevised by the author. Compared with other speeches appearing under the same circumstances, they appear to the first advantage. They ought not to be contrasted with that class of productions of ancient or modern orators, which owe their exquisite finish, their well compacted order, their faultless correctness, and harmonious proportion, not to the inspiration of the forum and the senate house, but to the leisure of the closet. It is recorded by Plutarch, both of Pericles and of Demosthenes, that they ever refused to speak except on premeditation; even though the assembly loudly called on them, by name, to defend their own measures; and when

by the 'Life of Sheridan' that his impromptu, both of wit and passion, passed through several editions in his study, before they were uttered in Parliament, and that he even marked down beforehand the places for, 'Good God, Mr. Speaker.' Of this kind of preparation the orations of Mr. Clay exhibit no trace. We are quite sure that not one of them was written before it was delivered, and we perceive in the greater part of them no marks of subsequent revision.

It is a necessary consequence of this, that they contain few single passages likely to be quoted as prominent specimens of oratorical declamation. It deserves remark, that in the orations of the greatest orators of the modern world, those passages which are selected as specimens of style, as extracts for declamation, are evidently such as received either before or after delivery the benefits of the *time labor et mora*, and which consequently evince not so much the talent of the speaker as the skill of the writer. We suppose no one will think that the apostrophe to filial piety dropped unwritten from the lips of Sheridan. The inimitable passages on the attachment of the colonies to the mother country, in Burke's speech on Conciliation with America, and the terrific description of Hyder Ally's invasion of the Carnatic, must with equal certainty have been written. Of such passages as Curran's on universal emancipation, we are informed that they were written beforehand, in a style of the ancient rhetorical exercises on the topics to be used when they might happen to be wanted. Of eloquence of this kind (and some may think it the highest kind, because it gives to some brilliant idea, struck out in a happy moment of inspiration all the advantage of judgment and meditation in clothing it in words) the speeches of Mr. Clay contain no specimens. In this respect, however, they resemble the printed speeches of the first orators of the age.—The man who should read the collected volumes of the speeches of Mr. Fox and Mr. Pitt, with a view to the selection of the brilliant flights of oratory, would close his task in disappointment. The disappointment, we think, would be more complete in the case of Fox than in that of Pitt, although Fox is allowed to have had the finer genius. The excellence of both, as parliamentary speakers, lay in an unsurpassed readiness to grapple with any subject, and in the full flow of thought with which any subject was taken up and pursued; added, in Pitt, to the effect of a lofty display of conscious political power, and in Fox to an ever burning zeal and intensity of feeling. Of this school is the parliamentary eloquence of Mr. Clay. It is that of the debater, of the politician, the prominent leader of a powerful party, of the hearty champion of some great and favorite cause.

JUST PUBLISHED, GALES'S NORTH-CAROLINA ALMANACK; FOR 1828,

CONTAINING, besides the usual Astronomical Calculations, some useful Essays on Agriculture; a variety of valuable Recipes, & much instructive and entertaining matter.

The Almanacks may be had wholesale of the Publishers, J. G. & S. in Raleigh, of Mr. Edward J. Hale, Printer, in Fayetteville, or of Mr. Salmon Hall, Bookseller, of Newbern; and retail of most of the Storekeepers in the State.

Cotton Gins.

THE Subscriber has for sale, in Warrenton, 50 Cotton Gins, of Davidson's best manufacture, consisting of from 35 to 50 Saws, both Iron and Cast Steel. His prices per saw, are \$2 and \$2 50.

GORDON CAWTHORN.

Oct. 18, 1827.

CITY HOTEL, RALEIGH, N. C.

MRS. S. M. JETER, grateful for the patronage she has heretofore received, begs leave to inform her friends and the public generally, that she has engaged with Mr. A. J. SMITH to attend to her business, and that she now keeps the Stage House for the Northern, Southern & Western line of Stages. She has also procured several convenient and comfortable out rooms, which will enable her to accommodate fifteen or sixteen members of the ensuing Legislature.

Her Bar shall be constantly supplied with the choicest of Liquors, her stables well provided with Corn, Fodder, Oats, and attentive Ostlers.

September 11th, 1827.

Mrs. O'Brien's School,

FOR the present Session terminates on Tuesday the 13th of November, and will be resumed on the 3rd Monday in January next.

Terms as heretofore, (to wit,) \$50 per Session for Board and Tuition, including every branch of Literary and Scientific Education, usually taught in Female Seminaries.

Music \$25
Drawing & Painting \$15
Each Young Lady must be provided with a Coverlet, blanket, pair of Sheets and two Towels; otherwise a separate charge for those articles will be made.

We wish to employ some lady (one without a family) well qualified to take charge of the Drawing and Painting department. Early application by letter or otherwise, to Mrs. O'Brien, or the subscriber, will be promptly attended to.

SPENCER O'BRIEN.

Williamsborough, N. C.

Oct. 25, 1827.

The Raleigh Register, Editor, North Carolina Gazette, and Tarboro' Press, will be above the three insertions and forward their accounts.

Fashionable Hat

AND

CLOTHING STORE,

Three doors below the Newbern Bank, Raleigh.

THE Subscribers present their sincere thanks to their friends and the public in general, for the liberal encouragement hitherto received, and respectfully inform them, that they have just returned from New-York, where they purchased a splendid assortment of Goods in their line, consisting of

Super Blue and Black Velvet Cloths,
Drab, Brown and Claret do
Steel Mixt do
Blue and Black Cassimeres,
Drab and Steel Mixt do
Elegant English Silk Handkerchiefs,
First quality of Black do
Common do do
Baudanno and Flag do
Also a great variety of Fancy Cravats and Stocks
Superior Horseskin and Beaver Gloves,
Patent Suspenders
Common do
Lambawool Shirts
Lambawool and Cotton Drawers
Black, Drab and White Beaver Hats of the first quality

Second do. made to order in the latest New-York and Philadelphia Fashions.

They have also on hand a general assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, manufactured from materials recently imported and under their own inspection in Newbern and in Raleigh, consisting of

Blue & Black Dress Coats
Blue, Green, Claret & Olive Frock do.
Blue & Drab Box Coats
Drab over ditto
Blue Cloth & Camlet Cloaks
A variety of Cloth & Cassimere Pantaloon Cut Velvet, English Silk, Toilett, & Valencia Vests.
Blue and Black Cloth do.

Gentlemen will find it greatly to their advantage to call and examine the above goods, as they intend selling lower for cash than any heretofore offered in this market.

F. C. ELLIS & Co.

N. B. They have in their employ a number of the best workmen that could be obtained at the North, which will enable them to execute all orders which they may be favored with, in a style that cannot be surpassed.

Two or three additional Journeymen wanted. Apply to F. C. E. & Co.

Raleigh, Oct. 23, 1827.

Notice.

THAT some time past I had some of my clothing burnt, and among them was a note on Rigdon Johnson, due 25th Dec. 1824 for \$68, which note I think was burnt with other things, but if it should not be, I forward all persons from trading for it as said Johnson gave me a new note for it on the 6th of the present month.

ELIZABETH WHITE.

Oct. 8, 1827.

NEWMAN'S

CELEBRATED

PATENT GRIST MILL.

The Runner at the Bottom

A PATENT having been issued by the President of the United States, to Edward Newman, for his valuable improvement on the Grist Mill, the subscriber is fully authorized and empowered to make sale of Rights for using a single Mill, or the Rights for using said Mills in any County, or in any State in the Union, except Louisiana.

Persons wishing to purchase Rights, can direct their letters to Samuel Morehead, Postmaster, Martinville, Guilford, N. C. and they will be immediately attended to.

The superior advantages of this Mill, consist in the grinding being done so near the centre, where the power is applied—the small size of the stones, and the application of pressure to supply the absence of weight. The running stone is placed on the spindle, and facing upwards to be bed stone, which is permanently fixed. The ressure is applied to the centre of the runner, and the grain introduced into the mill through the eye of the bed or top stone.

The simple construction of this Mill, its great durability and cheapness, and its convenience and usefulness to all persons having large families and stock; and the facility with which animal or water power can be applied, have given it the decided preference over all the inventions of this kind, with persons who can judge such things correctly.

SAMUEL MOREHEAD, Agent for Edward Newman, Patentee

March 30.

The Editors of the Register are authorised to act as Agents for the sale of Rights, in Wake county.



J. GALES & SON have just received from the North, an assortment of Stationary and Fancy articles, viz:

Fine Medium, ruled faint lines } Paper.
do. plain
Fine Demy
do. Foolscap, faint lines
do. plain
do. Post

Blank Books in great variety, comprising Ledgers, Journals, Day, Record and Memorandum Books.

Mathematical Instruments, and Paint Boxes, assorted.

Glass, Iron, Pewter, Wedgewood, and Cork Inkstands.

Pewter and Wooden Sand Boxes, Pocket Books of various kinds, Best Black Ink in bottles,

—Red. do. do.
Indelible Ink do.
Elastic Slates; Common do.

Visiting Cards, Conversation do.
Portable Pens in boxes,
Steel and Silver do.

Ivory fixed handle Knives, Damascus do.

Fine Silver Pencil Cases, Ivory Folders,

Morocco Memorandum Cases, Court Plaster, &c. &c. &c.

Raleigh, Sept. 26, 1827.

FOR SALE

A valuable Plantation in Wake.

THAT valuable Farm, lately known by the name of West-Hill, lying on both sides of Swift & Williams's Creeks, adjoining the Plantation of Governor Branch, about nine miles from Raleigh, on the Road to Haywood, settled originally by Joseph Lane, the Grandfather of the late occupant of that name, at a time when farmers had choice of the best lands in the country. The whole Tract of land contains Two Thousand Two Hundred and Twenty acres—near 1200 of which is prime land—a considerable portion of it fine low grounds. The residue is well-timbered long-leaved Pine Land, and is supposed to afford the best range for cattle and hogs in the county. The farm under cultivation is between 3 and 400 acres, on which there is a tolerably good Dwelling-House, and other out-buildings, on as handsome and healthful a site as can be found in the county, or perhaps in the State. There is a small Grist-Mill, which is convenient for family and neighbourhood purposes.

The farm is in good order, and that and the land may viewed, on application to Mr. Thomas Howell, on the premises; and the terms of sale, which will be accommodating, will be made known on application to J. Gales.

Raleigh, June 24, 1827.

59-1f.

Land for Taxes.

TO be sold at the Court-house in Ashe county, on the 2d Monday of December next, for the Taxes due thereon for the years 1825 and 1826:

50 acres given in by Aaron Church, adjoining the lands of Jas. Phillips.
20 acres do do do do
417 acres given in by Richard White.
600 acres belonging to the Heirs of William Chaffin, dec'd.
400 acres do do do do
100 acres given in by Richard Arnold.
20 acres supposed to be the property of Paul Hanson.
50 acres belonging to John Estep, on the Fork Ridge.
100 acres belonging to Jas. Estep.
40 acres belonging to the Heirs of Ruth Estep.
100 acres belonging to Richard C. Swearingen, on Watauga River. JNO. RHEA, Sheriff.
Price adv. \$2 00 98 3w

JAMES LITCHFORD.

RETURNS his sincere thanks to his friends & the public generally, for the liberal patronage he has heretofore received, and begs leave to inform them that he still continues to carry on the Tailoring Business at his old stand one door above Mr. Richard Smith's Store and directly opposite the Post-office, where he has in his employment some first rate workmen; and gentlemen wishing expedition, can have a suit of clothes made in one day, not inferior to any work done in the State. He has also on hand an assortment of Superfine Cloths, and more are daily expected. He has at present some Ready Made Clothing, which he will sell cheap for cash, or on a short credit, to his punctual customers.

N. B. All orders for work, promptly attended to. J. L.

Raleigh Oct. 19th 1827.

12 lawSt

CLOTHING STORE.

THE subscriber informs the public, that he still continues at his old Stand, one door above Messrs. H. & R. Kyle's Store, where he carries on his business in its various branches. For the liberal support he has uniformly received, he tenders his sincere thanks and trusts that his assiduity and attention, united with a disposition to please, will continue to secure for him a share of patronage. He keeps constantly in his employ the best workmen, which will enable him to execute all orders with neatness and despatch. He has also on hand, a very general assortment of

Ready Made Clothing,

Suitable for Winter, made of the best materials, and consisting in part, of
Blue and Black Dress Coats
Blue, Olive, Green & Claret Frock do.
Blue and Black Pantaloon
Black Silk, Valencia, Toilett, Marseilles and Cloth Vestings.
Fancy Cravats and Pocket Handkerchiefs
Woodstock Gloves
Common do
Suspenders and other articles of Wearing Apparel.

ALEX. CAMPBELL.

Raleigh Oct. 27 1827.

One or two additional Journeymen will meet with employment and good wages on application as above.

Wanted also, two Apprentices to the Tailoring business, from 12 to 15 years of age.

12 law4w

Petersburg, Virginia.

GREAT BARGAINS!

For a short time.

THE Partnership now existing under the firm subscribed hereto, will expire by limitation on the first day of January next, in order to facilitate the closing of the business, their present stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, of which upwards of One Hundred and Fifty packages have been received from Auction Sales within the last few weeks, and which altogether is worth more than SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, will be offered in many instances much below PRIME COST, and in all a great deal cheaper than they can be procured elsewhere. We are aware that it has been said advertisements of this kind are frequently sent forth to deceive the public, such is not the case in the present instance, we beg leave to state positively and distinctly that our object in the sacrificing the usual profits on this Stock of Goods, is for the purpose of closing this concern within the limited time. The goods will be arranged in the course of this day, and offered on the above terms; our old friends and customers whose favors we have so long experienced, are particularly invited to reap the advantages attendant on such a sale—it will afford us pleasure to see them partaking of the general benefit. Merchants and Planters will find the present an opportunity of procuring cheap Goods seldom to be met with.

NOBLE, PAUL & KELLY,

Boilngbrook's rect. 12 2t

Miss E. Geddy can accommodate ten or twelve Members of the approaching Legislature with Board. Those who prefer rooms out from her dwelling-house, are requested to make early application.

October 22.

10 3t

Watches, Jewellery, and Silver Ware.

BERNARD DUPUY respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has just returned from the North and has opened an elegant assortment of the above Articles, which he will dispose of at very reduced prices for cash.

All kinds of Gold and Silver Work manufactured and repaired in the most elegant style and shortest notice. He hopes that by his punctual and assiduous attention to business, to merit a continuance of that liberal encouragement he has received since he commenced business.

Raleigh, Oct. 8.

6 8w

PROSPECTUS

SOUTHERN AGRICULTURALIST.

THE want of a Work to which our Planters could refer for information, relative to the Agriculture of the Southern section of the Union has long been felt, and has long been submitted to as a necessary evil, for which no remedy was at hand. With a sufficiency of talents and of enterprise, to conduct experiments, to draw inferences, and to detail them, yet have we presented to the world, the spectacle of a high minded and enterprising agricultural community, destitute of original agricultural works, & depending solely on oral communications, or Foreign publications, for all our knowledge on these subjects. Whilst others have carefully collected and recorded the experience of their practical Farmers, we have permitted the hard-earned knowledge of our fathers to perish with them. Whilst others have been straining every nerve in the cause, we have been mere lookers on. Whilst they have advanced rapidly, we have been stationary, or at best have progressed but slowly. From what cause has arisen the vast superiority of the North over the South in all which relates to Agriculture? Has it been that they alone have turned their attention to the subject, that they alone have made experiments and profited by them? Not so.—The Planters of the South have been as enterprising and as active in their researches, as those of the North. But whilst the discoveries made by the latter are brought immediately into notice, by their periodical publications, those of the former are known but to few, for want of a proper vehicle of communication. Hence it has been that their improvements have been more rapid than ours, and that we are at this day so deficient in this branch of knowledge. Such being the case, does it not become our Planters to come forward and assist in the present undertaking, and contribute from time to time such information as may be of service to the community. This work will be divided into three parts. Part 1st, Original.—Part 2d, Selections and Reviews.—Part 3d, Agricultural Information.

Part 1st will contain all Original Essays on Agriculture, Horticulture, Botany, Rural Affairs, and Domestic Economy. Not only the present staple articles of the South will be attended to, but also the introduction of new objects of Culture, such as the Grape Vine, Olive, Capers, Tea, Sugar Cane, Silk Worm and others, which have yet been untried; and of course not known how far they may be climatised. Only that branch of Horticulture will be for the present attended to, which relates to the Kitchen Garden. When the proper time shall arrive, we are prepared to give directions for the cultivation of the higher branches.

Part 2d will contain Selections from Foreign Works on the above subjects, so far as they may be applicable to the soil and climate of the Southern section of the Union, or may in some way be of use to our Planters. Reviews of such Works, as may treat of the Agriculture of these States, or such as may either directly or indirectly have an influence on us, will be inserted in this part of the work.

Part 3d will contain brief Agricultural Notices, so that our Planters may not remain ignorant of what is going on, but may have an opportunity of knowing what is done in the different parts of the world in aid of Agriculture. It is hoped, that this knowledge, will be as a spur to our enterprise, and cause us also to make fresh exertions. Here also will be inserted a list of Agricultural, Horticultural and Botanical Works, & occasionally some notice will be taken of their contents. Advertisements of Agricultural Works, and Implements, or any other which may interest the Planters generally, will be published on a separate sheet, and attached to each number.

We hope all such as are favourably disposed to the work will assist us in contributing to its pages, and also in procuring subscribers for it. We request, all who are disposed to contribute, to forward to us their communications as early as possible. Those who have made experiments with Grape Vines, Olives, Silk Worms, or any other articles new to our States, or can give any information relative to them, we particularly solicit to communicate what they may know on the subject.

TERMS.

This work will be printed on good paper, and in the octavo size; at Five Dollars per annum, payable on the delivery of the first number. Six Dollars, if paid in two months after.

The first number will be issued on the 1st January next, and on the first of every month succeeding, in numbers of from 32 to 50 pages, accompanied with engravings when necessary.

JOHN D. LEGARE.

Charleston, August 7th, 1827.

Subscriptions for this publication received by Joseph Gales & Son.

In an action of slander between Henry Gorman and Benj. D. Rounsaville, the words spoken as alleged in the Declaration, were that the meaning (Henry Gorman,) stole goods out of Fair's store. Now I the said Rounsaville do hereby declare that I never made any such charge against the said Gorman—nor do I believe he was ever guilty of the said crime. Witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand this 3rd. October, 1827.

B. D. ROUNSAVILLE.

Test. H. G. Burbin.

Raleigh, Nov. 3, 1827.

J. GALES, & Co.

PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office.