Rectster.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Harwood. - Thomas Love, S. Ninian Edmon on and Benjamin & Brittain, C. State of the Poll. Senate, Love 199, Col. Jooh Cather 134. Commons, Edmonston 653, tain 577, James R. Love 561. Duplin - Stephen Miller, S. by a majority of totes over Andrew Hurst. William Wright I Joseph Gillespie, C. Hyde County alone remains to be heard

On the Fence. - This term has been vesignificantly applied to all those perone in the community who have hitherto kept themselves aloof from taking either side of the present contest for the Presidency. Many of these respectable citizens have, no doubt, been waiting to obtain all the information in their power, in relation to the merits of the two Candidtes, before they made up their minds on the subject, and others, desirous of voting with the majority, might possibly be waiting to see which of the Candidates would be most likely to succeed, before they de-

lared themselves for either. We submit to both these descriptions of persons, and to all others who may hitherto have hesitated on the subject, whether the time has not now arrived, when they ought to step off the fence?-We think it has been very clearly shewn, that Mr. Adams has hitherto executed the duties of his high station in the most unexcharacter are of the first order; that no disparagement. That General Jackson, his competitor for the office, however high him. And as it is now evident, from the indications and assurances given from different parts of the Union, that Mr. Adams will certainly receive a majority of the suffrages of the People, to continue to preside at the helm of Government for another term of service, agreeably to the precedent established by the great and good Washington, and followed by Mr. Jefferson, Mr. Madison and Mr. Monroe, we can see no reason for citizens in any part of the Union remaining longer on the fence. We trust, at all events, that our fellow-citizens of this State-all who are not determined to put down Mr. Adams, right or wrong-will unite with us in support of the present upright and talented Administration.

Gov. Ray-We have seen it mentioned in several papers, that this gentleman recently elected Governor of Indiana, had died suddenly of bilious cholic. The Indiana papers are however sitent on the subject, and we therefore presume the report is founded in error. Most of the Opposition papers claim Gov. Ray as belonging to their party, but the following extract from his last address, proves that his politics are any thing but Jacksonian : " The Hon. Thomas H. Blake, the Representative in Congress in the first District, has been with me in ten counties, and he will tell the world, that my course has been uniform. I have told the people every where, on the stump and by letter as I have always admitted publicly and privately, that I was in favor of the present Adhistration, and have reasoned to convince the people, that they sught to be so too. I am now in favor of it, and I am convinced I ever shall be in favor of it, whilst the essential measures of the West are so ably vindicated as they are." In the Legislature of Indiana, it is supposed there are two Administration meh to one Jackson man. There is no doubt of its Electoral vote for Mr. Adams.

The Convention. - It appears by a Proclamation of the Governor of Virginia, ty excepted. They exhibit the following result :- For a Convention 20,825-No The Whig states, that the vote in the county of Harrison was 1050 for, and 50 against a Convention. The majority is therefore 5230.

Things in General .- Mr. Clay was in Cincinnati, on the 22d August. His reecption was enthusiastic there, and at Louisville. He declined a public dinners at both places. The invitation at Cincinnati was signed by 900 citizens. His health was becoming vigorous. The Democratic Press states that he will return by the way of Ontario, Buffaloe, Albany, and the Atlantic cities, to Washington. Yale College. - We hear that the difficulties which has for some time past existed between the Faculty and the Stu-

will probably terminate in a harmoni

Staves .- A man in Livingston County, New-York, has invented and put into operation a machine, which with the attendance of one man and a boy, dresses in day 3600 barrel staves, fit for the truss hoop, taking them from the log. Two hundred staves in the usual way is a common days labor.

Connecticut State Prison .- During the six months ending on the 31st of March last, this institution netted the sum of \$1,017 16 cents over and above its expenses. The number of prisoners were

77, including 4 females. Indian Sagacity.-An Indian Chief in the Western part of New-York was asked a few days since whom he preferred for President. He promptly answered, "Adams." He was asked why? He arised his long staff to a horizontal position, and one end to his mouth .- " Because Mr. Adams, like a good sachem, smokes the pipe of peace, and keeps every thing safe and good." "But why don't you like Jackson; he has killed too many Indians perhaps ?" " Na na, that not it. What he done to be President for? He fight one battle. S'pose I go over in Cahada and fight one battle too; must be Chief of the six nations! Umph!"

Heroism. - The following trait of heroism in a Greek female, is mentioned in letter from the Levant, which appeared in the northern papers. A young woman ceptionable manner; that his talents and of Missolonghi and her brother quitted that place, and fighting their way through man can, with truth, say a word to his the ranks of the Turks, succeeded in reaching the mountains. Upon arriving there, the young man overcome by the efhe may rank as a Military Man, has no fort and weight of his arms, sunk down pretensions to that grade of talents, as a and could go no further. At that moment Civilian and Statesman, which alone can a Turkish horseman came up, with his fit a man for executing the high duties of sabre in his hand. The young woman the President of these United States :- seized her brother's pistol, shot the Turk, on the contrary, that his education is de- took his horse, and after assisting her broficient, and his temper violent; and in no ther to mount it, conveyed him to Salona. civil office of importance, has he found From thence she went to Napoli di Romahimself equal to the duties required of nia, to sell the horse, in order to buy food and medicine for her brother.

> A writer under the signature of Hamilton has addressed several sensible essays, through the medium of the National Intelligencer, to the people of the Southern States. The following is the concluding paragraph of his last number :

> "It now remains to consider whether any, and if any, what remedy can be applied to the evils under which the cotton growing section of the country labors. The first step towards a cure, moral or physical, is to ascertain correctly the source and nature of the disease. Both are fully developed here. It is abundanty proved that those evils arise solely from excess of production, whereby an article of first necessity is rendered a complete drug. The remedy then is to use all fair means to render production no more than commensurate with demand. How is this to be done? In various ways. By increasing consumption at home-by encouraging manufactures of every kind, so as to induce many of those who have abandoned them to return, thus converting rivals into customers, and also to induce foreign manufacturers to migrate to this country from Europe-by both these means increaing the market for the productions of the farmer, and so far improving his condition as not to put an end to all inducement to change his occupation for cotton planting, but to induce some who have quitted the former for the latter, to return to farming. In a word, let us in every thing reverse the system of 1816-17-18 and 19 and then the United States will gradually attain that high degree of prosperity and happiness, to which their immense advantages, natural, moral, and political, entitle them to aspire, and which nothing but a most mischievous policy could have prevented.

Cape Fear River .- We have been gratified to learn that the improvement of Cape Fear River above. Fayetteville has been begun with flattering prospects of success. In a conversation with Mr. Keen, who is engaged in superintending that returns have been received from all tion of a set of wing dams at Buoy's dential election, of 124 votesthe counties, of the votes taken relative shoals, and cutting through three ledges to the call of a Convention, Harrison coun- of rock, with some other work which was completed in a few days, good batteaux navigation has been obtained to Silver run shoals, sixteen miles above Fayette-Convention 16,595-Majority for it; 4,230. ville. The water having fallen, the hands returned to Spring Hill shoals, three miles below Fayetteville. At this place there was, at this time, but twelve inches of water, and at this place much loss has been experienced by those concerned, by the detention of boats at dry seasons of the year. With eight or nine hands, in four days, a dam was erected two hundred and thirty feet long, and a channel opened affording four feet of water. This obstruction having been removed, the hands returned up the river, and in the course of a fortnight, it is expected batteaux navigation will be made as high up as Averasborough. We hope in a short time to give still farther accounts of the rapid progress of improvements up this river. Hillsbo. Reco.

> From our correspondent who obligi cavored us with the state of the poll

lents of Vale College, is in a train which | Rutherford, we learn that James Grah Esq. one of the members elect from county, repeatedly declined offering for the station; but his fri not content to be deprived of his es in the Leiday preceding gislature, resolved, on M the election, in despite of his refusal, to vote for him. His election, under these circumstances, must be flattering to the feelings of that gentleman, and is honorable to the people of that county, as evincive of their determination to discountenance the too prevalent system of electioneering. - West. Caro.

rule. Judging from the melancholy ex- tiffs; also, that by general usage, whenhe won the battle of New Orleans. They and vote for

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS,

Whom Washington, in 1797, considered the most valuable public character we had abroad.

Whom JEFFERSON, in 1805, esteemed so highly that he said to Mr. Gerry. " I congratulate your country on their prospects in this young man."

Whom Madison appointed first to negotiate a treaty for peace.

Whom Monroe, with the advice of Gen. Jackson, placed first in his cabinet-Whom THE PEOPLE, in 1824, elevated to the highest station in the world.

Whose Administration, though assailed from the beginning by an Opposition unexampled for its bitterness and profligacy, has been singularly prosperous.

And who, in less than four years, besides defraying the expenses, of govern- Gibbin, master, being pursued by a French nent, (great and "extravagant!" as they are said to be by his opponents)-and sixty-five slaves overboard. The French besides applying upwards of TWELVE MIL-LIONS, to works of public improvement and national defence, HAS PAID MORE THAN THIRTY-THREE MILLIONS OF THE PUBLLIC DEBT. Marylander.

It was so natural for Mr. Clay to vote for General Jackson, that he could not vote for another without a corrupt motive being presumed. To those who have so mistaken an idea, we recommend the concluding paragraph of the speech of Mr. Clay on the celebrated Seminole war:

"He (Mr. Clay) hoped gentlemen would deliberately survey the awful isthmus on which we stand. They may bear down all opposition; they may even vote the General the public thanks; they may carry him triumphantly through this House. But, if they do, in my humble judgment, it will be a triumph of the principle of insubordination-the triumph of the military over the civil authority-a triumph over the constitution of the land. And he prayed most devoutly to heaven that it might not prove, in its ultimate effects & consequences, a triumph over the liber ties of the people."

Mass. Journal.

Mississippi. — This has been always claimed by the Opposition party, and generally considered to be, a thorough-going murder shall be abolished in it. Jackson State. It has been denied that the friends of Mr. Adams amounted to a third of the votes in any one county of the State; yet we find the votes thus divided between Mr. Bingaman, the Administration candidate, and Mr. Hinds. the leading Jackson candidate at the late Congressional election, in seven counties, being all that we have heard from. Bemen were voted for, and received between he has travelled to Halifax. them, in all the counties, several hundred

Counties.	Bingaman.	Hinds.
Adams,	362	368
Jefferson,	194	433
Wilkinson,	227	287
Hinds,	72	187
Amite,	132	383
Warren,	194	381
Claiborne,	249	277
	1.480	2.316

The Natchez Ariel, states that, in one the work, it appears that, by the construc- Administration gain, since the last Presi-

Missouri.—The appearance, since the election, of one of the handbills which were industriously circulated through the State prior to the election, convinces us that the contest between Mr. Bates and his Jackson competitor was materially influenced by local questions. If the editors of the Richmond Whig, who incline to a different impression, will look at the Boon's Lick paper of the 9th ult. they will find pretty strong evidence in support of our opinion .- Nat. Int.

Frauds in imported Goods .- We understand that point and dufil Blankets, imported into this city the present season. from England, have been found to be badly damaged, chiefly in the centre of the bales. These goods are sold abroad by weight. Some liquid of a deleterious na-

foundation, and that there has not been been gradually sinking "more cry than wool." It is said the li- He has left a wife & a r more cry than wool It is said the li quid poured into the des probably in creased the weight 15 to 20 per cent.

Attachment.-The S. J. court for the ounty of Washington, closed a session at West Machias, on Saturday, July S dges Mellen and Weston were present, former presiding.

At this court there were several civ actions of some considerable interest the public; amongst these, was the cause between Thatchers and Haskell, of Bos-We know several old gentlemen, of ton, and Thomas A. Snow, late of East our acquaintance in this city, who have Machias, and now of Thomastown. In not voted for many years, one not since | 1826, the plaintiffs sold the defendant dry the year 1813, who have determined to go goods to the amount of 800, and charged to the polls at the ensuing election, & record | them in account; but in a short time betheir votes against General Jackson, and came alarmed about his ability to pay, & we believe this feeling is prevalent with sent down to Machias, attached the goods the great body of our aged citizens and shut up his store. The defence set throughout the nation. They consider it | was, that the goods were purchased on six to be a moral duty they owe posterity to months credit, and consequently that when lend their aid to preserve our country the attachment was made (13 days after plate his prices per Saw are \$1 50 and \$2 from the threatened danger of military the purchase) he did not owe the plainamples of other republics, they tremble ever dry goods were purchased in Boston, at the idea of placing at the head of ours, and not paid for at the time, six month's a man of an ignorant and uncultivated creditwere the terms on which the negotiamind, whose every feeling is military, tion is understood to be made. The and whose only recommendation is, that plaintiffs contended, that the defendant was insolvent and embarrassed at the have therefore determined to go the polls | time of purchase—that he had misrepresented his circumstance to them-and that no such usage existed in Boston as was contended for by the defendant. The case seemed to involve principles of great importance to the city and country trader, whose interests appear to conflict; and raised, which is not exactly known, but su the testimony of a great number of respectable merchants in Boston, and in Washington co. were introduced to prove the existence and non-existence of such a usage as the defendant contended for. The decision was in favor of the plaintiffs, and of course against the pretence of such usage. - Ellsworth Maine Courier.

> Slave Trade.—The August number of the African Repository states this hateful traffic to be still carried on to a great ex tent, and under circumstance of great eru elty to its unhappy victims. The La Perle, cutter, in order to avoid detection, threw slave trade appears to be undiminished; and the number of Spanish vessels thus employed is immense. The ravages of disease, from the crowded state of the vessels, and the scarcity and wretchedness of the provisions, though they are shocking to the contemplation, are hardly noticed; they are one of the circumstances of the trade. In a Spanish schooner of 60 tons burthen, in which 221 were crowded, 80 died, and the remainder were landed in a miserable state of disease and emaciation. These scoundrels, the vultures of their race, sometimes prey on each other, often seizing slavers of inferior force, murderng the whites and taking possession of the cargo. To the Brazils the trade is carried on with circumstances of the most odious barbarity. Out of a cargo of 310. there have been known to die 70 in a passage of 46 days. Of another, 186 out of 446 were released by death from a situation which combines more horrors in it than any other that is conceivable in the whole range of human misery. Some of the accounts given we forbear to repeat-Ladguage furnishes no epithets to express the guit and odiousness of the wretches immediately engaged in this terrifying traffic, or of those who fatten on the spoils at home. The civilization of the world ought only to be dated from the period this legalized compound of robbery, cruelty and

Balt. Amer.

We yesterday saw in our streets Donald M'Donald, who is seven years older than Dr. Holyoke. He has served in seveveral wars. Nearly 50 years years ago he offered for re-enlistment in the Ameri can army. Washington told him he was too old, and with a present dismissed him. sides these, however, two other gentle- Since visiting this town last year, he says

Portsmouth N. H. Journal.

Plymouth, Aug. 16, Distressing Accident .- As a small party of ladies and gentlemen on Thursday morning were returning from a ride upon the beach, passing through Warren's farm, horse took fright and overset the chaise to which he was harnessed, throwing out two ladies who were in it with such violence, that one of them was almost instantly killed, and the other considerably injured -of the above counties, there has been an | The young lady who has thus met an untimely and melancholy death, was Miss Sally C. Robbins, the only daughter of Capt. Samuel Robbins. Truly, "in the midst of life we are in death."

Memorial.

Futal accident .- As a Mrs. St. John, of Henrietta, was descending a pair of stairs in the Globe Building, on Wednesday afternoon, with a child about eight months old in her arms, her foot hit a nail, which caused her to fall down the stairs ; and, we regret to say, killed the child instantly. Mrs. St. John was not seriously injured .- Rochester Daily Advertiser.

Married. In Franklin County, on Wednesday evening

ast, by the Rev. Mr. Dowd, Mr. John M. Mason, of this City, to Miss Theresa A. T. Hicks, daughter of John Hicks, Esq. of that county.

DIED.

weight. Some liquid of a deleterious nature, seems to have been poured into the bales, evidently to increase their weight, and the effect has been to injure the texture 25 to 50 per cent. These goods of course, are sold by auction. It will be seen therefore that the discontent of manufacturers & anti-auction men has some In the late weight and devoted himself to agricultural pursuits.

He came to this city a few weeks ago, and has specified to the late weight, and the effect has been to injure the texture of the late war, Major B. was an active Officer

In Warren County, on the 16th ult. age years, Col. Henry Christmas W short but severe iliness of the bi In Duplin County, on the 28th Aug D. Pearsall, Esq. in the 25th year of his Mr. Pearsall's death is (and very just) source of great grief to his surville was industrious, prudent and c a word, he lived a virtuous life, and die perfect resignation to the will o ter, and from his confidence now doubtless enjoying the rewards of spent life.

COTTON GINS

THE Subscriber has for sale in Warrent upwards of 40 Cotton Gins, of John H. vidson's best manufacture, consi sizes, of from \$5 to 51 saws, both Iron and

GORDON CAWTHORN Sept. 4, 1828.

STOP THE THIEF. DAN AWAY from Capp's Gold Mine Me It lenburg County, N. C. on Saturday the 18 day of August, a negro m about 20 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inch dark complexion, with a scar on one cheeks, as well as recollected, his left. him a large grey mare, 16 or 17 hand a long switch tail. He has been trace Charlotte to Torrence's K Roads, on the ville road, thence through Salisbury to Gree borough, passing himself by different names as on different business. It is expected make for the neighborhood in which h ed to be near Tarborough.

Any person secucing him in jail, and takin care of the beast so we may get them again, she be reasonably rewarded, by giving notice to the subscribers, and all reasonable expenses paid. NATHANIEL HOBBS. JOHN MAYHEW

Mount Mourne, Iredell Co. 21-3t. N. C. September 1, 1828.

The Tarboro' " Free Press" will give the above three insertions, and forward their accoun to the Subscribers for payment.

Dismal Swamp Canal Lottery, CLASS NO. 17

To be drawn at Richmond, Va. 21st O

SUHEME			
1 Prize of	\$10,000 i	s \$10,000	
1	2,500	2,500	
1	2,000	2,000	
1	1,200	1,200	
11	1,022	1,022	
2	1,000	2,000	
4	500	2,000	
5	800	1,500	
10	200	2,000	
peides \$150%	Q100% Q40	0 0000 052	

Whole tickers \$4, Haives \$2, Ors. \$1. All orders (post paid) promptly attend ed to, address

YATES & M'INTYRE

The Managers have had the pleasure of selling and paying within a few weeks, of \$6,000—1 of \$5,000—3 of \$3,00 of \$2,500—3 of \$2,000—5 of \$1,000 &c YATES & MCINTYRE

A NEW BARGAII

THE Subscriber will certainly sell to the h L est bidder on Wednesday the 22d de October next on the premises, the tract of land on which he now lives, on the following terms viz. one third part of the purchase money to be paid 1st of January, 1829, one third the 1st of January, 1830, and the remaining third the 1st of January, 1831. Bonds with approved securities will be required, or notes recent in ties, will be required, or notes negotiable at eiof land is situated in the county of Granville, miles south of Roanoke, and 17 miles north Oxford, lying on the waters of Grassy and Jone than's Creeks, containing nineteen 1 acres, six or seven hundred of which are in a good state of cultivation, and well adapt to the growth of Wheat, Cotton, Corn, and T bacco. There are about 150 or 200 acres low grounds. Of the ridge land seven or eig hundred acres contiguous to the dwelling, as inferior to none in this section of the country with ten or fifteen constant S provements are extensive; the dwelling is among the largest, most roomy, and respect, the most convenient in th is new and built of the very best m tifully situated on a gentle eminence

ing a large extent of country. The out of every kind, are also new, and in a sty commodation suited to the dw Within half a mile of the dwelli grist mill, and cotton gin. The grist mill 1000 bushels of corn and 150 or 200 bushels wheat, per annum. A read made of the produce of the tains an extensive Orchard, of fruits. The tract is situat a neighborhood, which for hea ligence, morals, and every social considerat yields to none in the State. The subscr forbears a more minute description of the above tract, as those wishing to purchase, are expected to come and judge for themselves, previously to the day of sal HENRY YOUNG

FOR SALE light SULKEY with a neat Harne

June 2.

Important Sale. DY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court

the United States for the District of North Carolina, I shall on Monday the third day of vember next, at Snow Hill in the county Greene, expose at public Vendue to the high bidder, all that VALUABLE TRACT OF LA in Greene county in the District of N. Caroling on the East aide of Great Contentnes creek, he tofore conveyed by Robert Whyte and wire Willie J. Stanton, and by said Willie J. Stanton mortgaged to secure the pur said Robert Whyte, contains SAND ACRES, more or less land conveyed by the said Wi parcels, to John Pope, William 1 Edwards, John Harper, Jesse S Speight, Elisha Woodward, Arth Theophilus Edwards.

The land will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers, (particularly those who heretofore purchased from Willie J. Stanton,) on a credit of on