

Bank Appointments.—Joseph G. B. Roulhac of Windsor, and George W. Barney of Edenton, have been appointed Directors of the Edenton Branch of the State Bank, vice Governor Iredell & J. J. Tredwell, resigned.

A vote was taken on the Presidential Question in Beaufort County, a few days since, when there appeared for Adams sixty for Jackson, One!

In a very few days, the Citizens of North-Carolina will be called on to exercise the highest prerogative of freemen, in the choice of those to whom are to be committed their dearest rights and most valuable interests. On the THIRTEENTH OF NOVEMBER, they may contribute to a decision, so far as their votes will avail, of the important question, whether JOHN Q. ADAMS, our faithful and efficient Chief Magistrate shall be honored with a renewal of the people's confidence or be hurled from his station to gratify the lust of power on the part of his opponents. On the issue of this contest, is involved the great principles of Civil Freedom, which are consolidated in our Constitution and which have been to us a source of so much happiness. Whether those principles shall be handed down to our children, pure and unimpaired, rests entirely on those to whom we entrust the Administration of this Constitution.—Would it be safe in the hands of a mere Military man? In a single word, we answer, No! It would be little less than madness, to select for the highest civil office, one who has no qualifications to offer but military endowments. In former ages, it was thought dangerous, and history proved it so, to entrust military men, even when gifted with civil acquirements, with supreme sway in a Republic.—It appears to have been left to a portion of the citizens of these United States to see no danger in this course, and thus put at naught, the wisdom of ages.

There is one charge against General Jackson, which the Opposition papers in this State, seem unwilling to canvass, and they do wisely. For it is a charge, which must produce a great effect in the State, if our fellow-citizens are not insensible to the value of reputation and regardless of the estimate which may be placed on their character. We allude to the denunciation by the Hero, of the Legislature, Executive and Citizens of North-Carolina. At a public dinner table, he declared they were a set of rogues and rascals! And for what? Because Governor Martin, one of our Senators in Congress, spoke in terms of merited indignation, concerning Stokely Donelson, the brother-in-law of Jackson, who was so deeply implicated in the frauds committed on our Land Office, about the year 1796. And yet this is the man whom a large portion of the citizens of N. Carolina (we hope for the credit of the State, not a majority) would place at the head of our Republic.

The collision of political elements has brought to light an important letter never before published, written by Mr. Jefferson to Mr. Giles, in relation to a communication made by Mr. Adams to the former gentleman, while President of the United States. At a time when the Union appeared to be menaced by a band of disaffected citizens at the North, operated upon, no doubt, by their own cupidity, and British intrigues and promises, and when mischiefs to the country were threatened, which nothing but a discovery of the designs of the disunionists could avert, Mr. Adams then came forward and disclosed to Mr. Jefferson the information which accident had put into his possession, and by this means probably saved the country from the dreadful evils of a civil War. Judge Stuart, of Virginia, having learnt that such a document was in existence, addressed a letter to Thomas J. Randolph, Executor of his Grandfather, who furnished him with the copy which is now given to the public, and which is highly honorable to the course pursued by Mr. Adams in that critical conjuncture of the affairs of the Union.

The letter, with some remarks upon it, authorized by the President himself, will appear in our next Register.

It is the unworthy artifice of many of the advocates of General Jackson, to denounce every man as his enemy, and as destitute of gratitude for his services, who ventures to suggest, no matter in what language, a doubt of his fitness for the office of President. This is intolerant, inasmuch as every American feels grateful to him for his services at New Orleans,

though we deny that those services constitute any claim to the Presidency, as a reward. When he claims it in this way, and we yield it, he exhibits the disposition of a tyrant, and we that of slaves.—Fitness & capacity ought to be the only criterions in selecting men for office. Gen. Jackson is rash and self-willed, regarding military qualifications beyond all others. He considers a denial of his claims and merits, a crime, for which nothing can atone. He feels too lightly the weight of constitutional and legal obligation, and his information and capacity as a politician are very moderate. We need no other proof of this than his exhibitions in the Senate of the United States. Whilst a member of that body, several questions of pervading interest were before them, similar to those on which his mind would be compelled to act, in discharge of his duties as President. On which of these questions, did he exhibit the accomplishments of the scholar, the sagacity of the Statesman, the sound good sense of the practical politician. On what subject did he show himself superior, or even equal to the men with whom he was associated in that body. What report of the Committee over which he presided as Chairman, manifested either his industry or his powers? His imbecile effort on the Tariff, in which he was surpassed by almost every one who discussed it, was the best display he made. There is no difficulty in crediting the fact that his friends regretted his exposure, and would have been gratified at his retiring from public observation; a step which he afterwards took and thereby gave additional evidence of his incompetency.

Election Returns.—In Pennsylvania, the Jackson Congressional Ticket has succeeded in every District heard from, though the majorities have greatly decreased since 1824.

In New-Jersey, the Administration Ticket for the Assembly has succeeded by upwards of 3,000 majority. The following is the strength of the two parties in that body: Administration 44, Jackson 14—majority for Adams, 30.

Partial returns have been received from Ohio. The election of Allen Trimble as Governor, over his competitor John W. Campbell by a majority of from five to ten thousand votes, proves what has been confidently asserted, that the electoral vote of Ohio, is safe for Mr. Adams.—There have been some changes in the Representation in Congress, which have been produced solely by local causes.—The vote for Governor exhibits the true test of parties. In our next, we shall no doubt be able to give a full account of the result of the election.

The Editors of the Star and North-Carolina Journal are in ecstasies, because the Jackson Ticket has prevailed in Pennsylvania, where they have always claimed a majority of about 50,000 votes, but they are mum about the Administration triumphs in Delaware and New-Jersey.—The last State voted for Jackson in 1824, & will now give Mr. Adams at least 5000 majority. So we go.

Non Sequitur.—The U. S. Telegraph says Jackson will certainly be President, for Major Eaton saw him a few days since, in fine health and spirits.

Georgia.—In this State, Messrs. Gilmer, Wilde, Thompson, Wayne, Foster, Haynes and Lumpkin are elected Representatives to Congress.

Dr. Charles Williamson, one of the Candidates for Congress, in the State of Georgia, died suddenly of Cholera Morbus, at Milledgeville, on the 16th inst. He did not live to learn the result of a contest in which his name bore an honorable part.

Fayetteville Market.—Cotton, 88 x 8 25. Bagging, yard, 17 a 24. Bacon 6 a 8.—Candles, mould, 16. Coffee, 16 a 16 1/2.—Flour, \$ 4 60; Iron \$5 50 a 6 50.—Flaxseed, 80 a 85. Lard, 7 7 1/2; Lime, 82 50 a 3. Molasses, 40 a 45. Nails, cut, 9; wrought, 18 a 20. Sugar, common, 10 1/2 a 11; prime 11 a 12. Saff, Liverpool, 90; Turke Island, 83. Steel, American, 8 a 9. Tobacco, leaf, \$2 50 a 2 75. Ap. Brandy 36 a 40. Whiskey, 25 a 30. New Wheat 75 a 80.

U. S. Bank Notes, 2 a 2 1/2 per cent. premium.

Another warning.—It is our painful duty to record another sudden death occasioned by intemperance. Mr. Dan. Munroe, of this county, was found dead in the suburbs of this town on Sunday morning last, and the verdict of the Jury of Inquest who sat over him was, that he came to his death "by Intemperance."

Mr. Munroe was a hard working, honest citizen, and not very much addicted to drinking to excess. He had been in town on Saturday, and had become much intoxicated before he left the house of a friend, at about 11 o'clock at night, to go home. It is supposed he fell from his horse & was suffocated, as his face was very black when he was found. N. C. Jour.

The Grape Vine.—We would call the readers attention to the advertisement on our first page, of Mr. Alphonse Loubat, relative to a subscription which is now opened at this office for the sale of a great variety of Grape Vine Roots. Such an opportunity for procuring them has not been offered to the people of this State, and we trust it will not be neglected by those who are aware of the great importance which this cultivation may become to the Southern States, and particularly to North-Carolina. Every consideration of patriotism and of interest seems to urge upon us the necessity of diverting some of the capital and labor of the State to other objects than at present engage them—and all who have thought upon the subject must agree that none can be better adapted to our situation, soil, climate, &c. than the Grape Vine and Silk Worm. The public already manifest such an interest in these, that we cannot doubt that a few years will see them generally and successfully cultivated. We know several ladies in this town and other parts of the State, who are determined to engage without delay in making Silk. And as to the Vine, it is but a day or two ago, that we were invited to drink a glass of very tolerable wine, made in Fayetteville, as an experiment, by Capt. Weisacre, whose small vineyard is in a very flourishing State, and, under his skillful management, being rapidly extended and improved.

We see more and more reason to hope, that North-Carolina will yet improve the advantages she evidently possesses, and regain that wealth which has for a few years past, been constantly "taking to itself wings."—Fayette, Obs.

Last week the Visitors of the University of Virginia, met agreeably to adjournment, which Mr. Madison was prevented from attending, by debility consequent on severe indisposition, under which he has suffered since the previous session. We have chanced to see, lately, several letters from Mr. Madison, written in the hand of his lady: a circumstance, which, as showing the extreme inconvenience that he is put to by every one of the numberless letters daily pouring in upon him, should be generally known and remembered. No one who has not had an opportunity of hearing a representation of the tax from their own mouths, can form an idea of the manner in which Mr. Jefferson was, and Mr. Madison continues to be, oppressed by letters from every point of the compass: generally, too—for every writer considers himself singular—containing congratulations on the entire leisure enjoyed by them.

So entirely beyond his strength had the labor thus imposed upon him, become, that the former, at a late period of his life, wrote an address to his fellow-citizens—which, however, was not published—representing his utter inability to meet it. With regard to the latter, we have understood, from an unquestionable source, that the mass of writing which he now has to wade through, exceeds what he had to perform when he was Secretary of State. And this, too, superadded to the fatigue attending the management of several extensive farms, on the productiveness of which depends his means of supporting the elegant hospitality which is found under his roof, by an almost unbroken succession of Visitors from the New and Old Worlds.

Charlottesville Advocate.

BALTIMORE, OCT. 20. Execution of Pirates.—By the schooner Centurion, Captain Miller, arrived at this port yesterday from St. Thomas, whence she sailed the 1st inst. the editors of the Chronicle have received a letter from their correspondents of the 30th ult. which says—"We have received information here that twenty-four of the Pirates, which captured the English brig Caraboo, of which we informed you some time since, were executed at St. Kitts, say thirteen on Saturday and eleven yesterday. We have had no further particulars as yet. Four of the gang are under examination here, and it is generally supposed they will share the same fate."

The late Mrs. French.—In announcing the lamented decease of the late Mrs. French, of Washington, the Philadelphia Gazette adds the following merited tribute to her character.

"Mrs. French was a native of Philadelphia, where, surrounded by affectionate relatives and friends, were developed those extraordinary musical talents, which afterwards called into temporary exercise, by the noblest self devotion that maternal or conjugal duty could dictate, became the admiration and delight of those of refined taste in every part of the Union. Mrs. French, on her marriage, removed to Baltimore, in which city, as at Washington, where her family had been established, it is not going too far to say, no individual enjoyed the friendship of a more extensive circle. To accomplishments various and rare, and most winning manners, were united those amiable qualities of the heart, and that sacred performance of duties, which excited and secured the affections of all who enjoyed her society."

Upwards of three hundred barrels of Maple Sugar have been received at New-York, by the Canal, which has been sold at five cents a pound. Last season we understand a parcel of about seventy barrels was received. It is supposed the manufacture of this article will increase, and that it will soon be one of considerable importance. The supplies of Sugar from New-Orleans have already increased to such an amount, that they are rapidly taking the place of Foreign Sugar, & it is supposed by many intelligent persons, that in a very few years, the supplies from New-Orleans and some of the other Southern States, will be sufficient for the consumption, and that no Foreign Sugar will be required. N. York Daily Adv.

There have been left in our Office this morning, for public inspection, two stalks of Cane from Maj. Twigg's plantation, that will vie with any production of the kind from any quarter. One is the Otaheite and the other the Ribbon Cane. The former is at least nine feet in height and each nearly two inches in diameter. There are 17 joints on the latter and 12 on the former. We are informed Maj. Twigg will be making Sugar in a few days. He has sent us a phial of his Molasses. Such exhibitions are worth three-score and ten resolutions against the Tariff. Our country and her domestic productions, whether of nature or art! Georgia Cour.

Augusta, (Maine) Oct. 10.—There was a little regimental insubordination at a regimental review a few weeks ago at Belfast. It was, we believe, the revival of an old dispute as to the correctness, chiefly, of a certain manoeuvre which Major General Hodson, both last year and this, ordered the Colonel to perform, and which the latter refused to obey, considering it un military. The grand question appeared to be, in preparing for inspection, whether the line should be broken by obeying the General's order, "Break into open column of companies, to the left back ward." The Colonel thought they should wheel to the right forward, and either did not obey the order of the General, or did not do it quick enough, and the General took the immediate command himself, and the men were inspected. Meantime the Colonel gave word to the Captains to dismiss the companies as soon as the inspection was completed. But when the inspection was finished, the General ordered the Captains to wheel their companies into line. All obeyed but Captain Patee, of Searsport; the General ordered him under arrest, and gave his order to the Lieutenant to wheel, &c.; he also refused to obey, and was put under arrest; the ensign followed suit. The General then sent for a Lieutenant of another company to take command; but before he arrived, the Orderly Sergeant of the refractory company dismissed it, and the men scattered tumultuously.

FOR THE REGISTER.

Messrs. Editors:

Amidst the giddy din of "huzzah for Jackson," we will continue to raise the still small voice of truth and reason, in warning the populace against the threatened danger of a mad and military rule of our beloved country. The charges against Mr. Adams, you know, are unsubstantial, conjured up by self-interested partizans, to rouse the passions, and mislead the judgment, of the uninformed part of the people, in the hope of riding on their shoulders to seats of power. Is it not a well attested fact that Gen. Jackson did threaten to cut off the ears of those members of Congress who disapproved of his rash military command? When did Mr. Adams ever utter such a threat against his most bitter persecutors, either before or since his becoming President? Is it not notorious that most of the General's private life has been chequered with frequent affrays and assaults? Can the enemies of Mr. Adams find an instance of such flagrant immorality, in his whole life, from his youth, up to this hour? Is it possible, Sirs, that the sober, moral part of this great community can for a moment, think of giving their vote for Jackson in preference to Adams? SENEX.

[COMMUNICATED.]

The Gentlemen of the Bar in attendance at Caswell Court, held a meeting on the 9th inst. for the purpose of adopting Resolutions expressive of their respect and affection for their deceased brethren BARTLETT YANCY and CHARLES D. DONOHO, Esquires, when A. D. MURPHEY being called to the Chair, and Thomas Settle appointed Secretary, James H. Ruffin offered the following Resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in the death of Bartlett Yancy, and Charles D. Donoho, Esqs. their brethren of the Bar have sustained a loss which they deeply deplore. Cut off in the prime of life, in the vigorous exercise of their faculties, and in a career of public and private usefulness, they have left to their friends the mournful duties of sorrow and resignation. Their friends will cherish their memory with affection, and watch over their good name with the most anxious solicitude.

Resolved, That the members of this meeting will wear crape on the left arm for three months, as a mark of respect for the deceased, and of sorrow for their death.

Resolved, That copies of the foregoing resolutions be transmitted to the mother of Mr. Donoho, and to the widow of Mr. Yancy, with an assurance of the condolence of every member of this meeting in their present affliction.

Resolved, That the foregoing Resolutions be signed by the Chairman and secretary and be published. A. D. MURPHEY, CH'N. THO'S SETTLE, Sec'y.

Married.

In this city, on Thursday evening last, Mr. James Newland to Miss Martha Deloach.

DIED.

Near Hookerton, Greene county, on Sunday the 12th inst. Mass. Broom, a Soldier of the Revolution. He fought at Branfwine, at Germantown, and at Guilford Courthouse. Really indigent, he was on the pension list. As a relic of the Revolution, he possessed the veneration of the young and the esteem of old. He was regarded as "God's noblest work, an honest man."—Communicated.

At her residence in Wadesboro', on the 13th inst. Mrs. Rosanna Harrington. Few persons have been more deservedly or more universally beloved; few have possessed qualities more amiable or more elevating.

In Chenerville, S. C. on the 9th inst. of a kick from a horse, Mr. John Wilkinson, lately a resident of Fayetteville. By this sudden stroke of Divine Providence, an affectionate wife is bereaved of a devoted husband, and two small children of a kind father.

Washington City, Oct. 24. The Election in the State of Ohio, having added another to the number of States which have enrolled themselves on the side of the cause of Civil Liberty and the Constitution of the United States, the result of the approaching election of President of the United States becomes more and more certain. In succession, we have received assurances, from the ballot-box, of the loyalty to Free Principles and Republican Government, in opposition to Martial Law and Despotism, of the following States, giving the number of electoral votes annexed to them, respectively:

Table with 2 columns: State and Number of votes. Louisiana, 5; Indiana, 8; Kentucky, 14; Maryland, 10; Delaware, 3; New-Jersey, 8; Ohio, 16; Maine, 9; New-Hampshire, 3; Massachusetts, 13; Rhode-Island, 4; Connecticut, 6; Vermont, 7. In all, 112 votes.

Thus, a MAJORITY OF THE STATES have already declared in favor of the Administration.

The vote of New-York, it would be insulting to the intelligence of the People of that State to doubt. A bare majority of the electoral votes of that State decides the election in favor of the re-election of the patriotic, upright, and unimpeachable ADAMS, without counting upon any other States. We claim from that State twenty-four votes.

Bank Stock for Sale. FOR SALE, 70 (Seventy) Shares of Stock in the State Bank of North-Carolina. For terms, apply in person or by letter, postage paid, to David Jordan, Suffolk, Va. Oct. 20. 15 6w

NOTICE. THE Subscriber lost, on the 18th of March last, in the city of Raleigh, his pocket-book, containing the following Notes, Judgments and Executions, which he hereby forwarns all persons from trading for, and the makers of them from paying the same, to any person but himself: 1 Note on Col. Wm. Daniel, due Nov. 1827, for \$84 05; 1 do. on Alvan Utley, due in 1826, 32; 1 Judgment and Execution against Henry Jones, for 13; 1 do. against Uriah Perry, 3 40. There were also in the Pocket Book, sundry other papers, and thirty dollars in money. LEMUEL JONES. Wake county, Oct. 25. 15 St

J. Gales & Son, Have just received a supply of ADLUMS MEMOIR on the Cultivation of the Vine, and on the best mode of making Wine, second Edition. Washington City, 1828. Price half-bound, One Dollar. Raleigh, Sept. 22. 6

JUST PUBLISHED, GALES'S North-Carolina Almanack, FOR 1829, CONTAINING besides the usual Astronomical Calculations, some useful Essays on Agriculture; a variety of valuable Recipes and much instructive and entertaining matter. The Almanack may be had wholesale of the Publishers, J. Gales & Son, Raleigh, or of Mr. Edward J. Hale, Observer of the Office, Fayetteville, or of Mr. Salmon Hall, Bookseller, of Newbern; and retail of most of the Storekeepers in the State. Sept. 10, 1828. 2

NOTICE. M. L. DRINKARD wishing to withdraw from the Commission Business, the Copartnership of Gilmore & Drinkard in this day dissolved by mutual consent. Those who are indebted to that concern, will settle the same with either of the subscribers, and those who have claims will call on them for payment. WM. GILMOUR, M. L. DRINKARD. Sept. 30.

COPARTNERSHIP. THE Subscribers have formed a Copartnership under the firm of Wm. Gilmore & Co. for the purpose of continuing the Commission Business heretofore conducted by Gilmore & Drinkard. Their counting room is in the store of L. E. Stainback, on Bollingbrook Street, and they occupy the large fireproof Warehouse adjoining that of the former firm, where they are prepared to receive Cotton and other produce for sale and on storage. They request a continuance of business from their friends, assuring them of every advantage to be derived from personal attention, from acknowledgment of markets at home and abroad, and from being sellers and not purchasers of produce. They will receive and forward goods for Country merchants and others, at the customary rates. WM. GILMOUR, L. E. STAINBACK. Petersburg, Sept. 30.

\$50 REWARD. RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 6th of Oct. 1828, a negro man of the name of BILLY, about 26 years old, a very stout muscular fellow; weighing about one hundred and ninety or two hundred pounds. He is light complexioned, has a small scar on the end of his nose, with very prominent cheek bones—no other mark recollected. He had on when he absconded, a Thread and Cotton Shirt; a long-tailed, homespun mixed Coat, white Cotton Pantalons and a black fur Hat. He also had with him, a striped pair of Pantalons and mixed Roundabout Coat. I thought him of Mr. John Elliott, Jr. near the junction of Wayne, Duplin and Sampson counties. He will no doubt be back for his old neighborhood, as I had only carried him about thirty or thirty-five miles. I will pay the above reward to any person who will secure him in Jail so that I get him, and if delivered to me in Milton, Caswell county, all reasonable charges will be paid. JNO. G. WINGFIELD. Raleigh, Oct. 9, 1828. 10