

Although, sir, I am fully persuaded that such would be the effect of a successful prosecution, I am far from believing that any gentleman on the other side expects such a consequence; I have known many of them too long to suspect such a thing for one moment. Yet, sir, I am confident that the great majority of those out of this House, who have joined in this hue and cry, are aiming at nothing less than what has been termed the *let-off law*. The motives and conduct of these people, I cannot think of with any sort of patience. They have got the money of the Banks—they have bought property with it—they have paid their debts, and many of them have made large profits by speculating on their distressed neighbours—and now, forsooth, when pay-day is come, they are willing to see the whole country involved in ruin, rather than fulfil the obligations to which they have voluntarily pledged themselves. This conduct remains me strongly of some dishonourable gamblers, who are willing enough to play as long as they have a chance of winning, but when called upon to settle, they endeavour to raise a dispute about the fairness of the game, in order to get off from paying their fair losses. "I know you, Sir John," says Dame Quickly to Falstaff; "you owe me money, and you want to pick a quarrel to beguile me of it." I trust, sir, that the complaints, much less the threats of such people as these, never will constitute any part of the inducement to this, or any other Legislative action.

Although it may be true that the State Bank, with the others in this State, have obligingly helped many a man to his ruin, by affording him facilities which he otherwise could not have obtained; you might as well charge the Apothecary with murder, who, in the course of his business, sells laudanum to the suicide, as to endeavor to fix the blame of the present pecuniary distress upon the Banks. The true cause of these evils are to be sought for elsewhere; they date their origin from the spirit of speculation and habits of extravagance that possessed the people of this country about the year 1819, when men thought themselves passing rich with borrowed notes in their pockets, and a large credit bottomed on comparatively little property. And now, sir, let me prescribe the remedy. Let us get rid of as many of these expensive habits as our real comfort will permit. Let us sell all we can spare. And when we next go to the store to buy new coat, let us consider (as poor Richard says in his Almanack) whether the old one will not do for another year. And if we must have a new coat, let us try and prevail upon our good friends the ladies, to help us to one from our own looms and spinning wheels. Let us endeavor further to prevail with them to join us in this work of retrenchment, persuade them if possible to curtail from the topmost feather to the shoe-tie. On the other hand, we must resolve to rise earlier, plough deeper, & go to bed later; and I will be bound that we can get out of debt and be happy, without this quo warranta or any other sort of warrant, than a good conscience. (Debate to be continued.)

Twelve or Fifteen VALUABLE NEGROES for sale, in the vicinity of Raleigh. Apply to the Printers, 24th Jan. 1829.

For Sale or Rent, THAT Valuable stand on Fayetteville Street, recently occupied as a Grocery, by Allen Sims, and formerly by John F. Gonsky, as a Confectionary Store. Apply to W. R. GALES, Raleigh 26th Jan'y.

Just Published, THE NUMBERS OF CARLTON. Addressed to the People of North-Carolina, on a Central Rail Road through the State.—Price 75 Cents. Dec 8. 27—

TRUST SALE. IN pursuance of a Deed of Trust for that purpose executed, will be sold at the Court-House in Raleigh, on Monday the 30th March next, being the first day of Wake Superior Court, the Country Residence of the late Chas. F. Justice Taylor, lying westwardly of and immediately adjoining the City, and containing 63 acres of land, with a handsome dwelling house and all convenient out-buildings. Also, at the same time, a tract of 100 acres of unimproved land, lying on the south side of Bushy Branch, and about 24 miles from Raleigh, and several valuable Slaves, among whom are two young and good Mechanics, of excellent character. In the sale of the Country Seat, an exception will be made of an eighth of an acre, to include the burying-ground. The purchaser will be required to give a note or notes for the amount of the purchase-money, with approved securities, negotiable at the Banks in Raleigh, and payable on the 1st of January next, up to which day it is to remain in the occupation of Th. Buffin, Esq. who has a lease from the Trustees for the residue of this year. On the sales of the other property, notes with approved securities, negotiable as above, payable at 90 days, and with interest from the day of sale, will be required. As the object of the sale, solely, is to meet certain Bank engagements, assurances have been received that such notes as may be approved by the Banks, will be renewed, as is usual at these institutions. THO. B. DEVEREUX, Trustees. WESTON R. GALES, 47

On the same Day, immediately after the above Sale, I will sell on a credit of ninety days, with interest in the date, several NEGROES, belonging to the same Estate, conveyed to me in trust. WM. H. HAYWOOD, Jun. BLANKS For sale at this office.

Raleigh Register.

FRIDAY, MARCH 20, 1829.

Silk Worm Eggs.—The several Agricultural Societies of this State have been notified by an advertisement in this paper, that they can be supplied with the means of raising Silk on application to the Register office. And the sooner the application is made the better, as when the warm season commences, the Eggs cannot be conveyed by mail.

For the encouragement of those disposed to make experiments in raising Silk (says the Hillsborough Recorder) we state, that last summer we were presented, by a female friend, with a skein of sewing silk of her own make, nearly equal to the Italian. May it not be, that the time is near at hand, when the homespun of many of our industrious females shall approach, in neatness and elegance, the famed productions of foreign looms?—Surely it would be a matter of some moment, if the demand for the finer productions from abroad can be lessened by home industry.

Although the culture of silk has for many years been almost totally abandoned in this country, yet at one period it appears to have been an article of considerable importance among the productions of the country. We have seen an extract from the Gentleman's Magazine of October 26, 1753, from which it appears, that at a meeting of the board of trade and plantations, it was shown, that the then colony of Georgia produced upwards of 17,000 [75,555 dollars] worth of raw silk, from January, 1752, to that period, besides what had not yet come to the notice of the board. If the colony of Georgia, 76 years ago, was capable of producing upwards of \$75,000 worth of raw silk in less than one year, can it be idle to anticipate a supply still more abundant from the industry of the present population? The production of silk is simple, and the labor light; and we trust experiments will be made sufficient to test its profit. If it was formerly laid aside for the culture of cotton, or other articles, than of more profit, may it not be proper to inquire, now that those articles are reduced in value, whether the culture of silk may not be resumed with advantage?

Improved breed of Cattle.—But little attention has been hitherto paid in the Southern section of the Union to improving our breed of Cattle. We are glad to see that some of our Farmers are at length turning their attention to this matter. We observe that Seth Jones, Esq. of this vicinity, has procured at considerable expense, a Bull of the famous English Devon breed—a breed of Cattle not only remarkable for their thriftiness and docility, and for the quantity and richness of their milk, but the Steers of which are excellent under the yoke, being quick and active.—Until our Farmers provide Meadows and good Pastures for their Cattle, they cannot expect, however, to derive the great advantages from them which are experienced in England and other Countries, where their Cattle are well fed throughout the year. The Devon Cows there give from 10 to 12 lbs. of Butter each, weekly; and they would be equally productive here, if proper attention were paid to them.

A particular description of the Animal, with his pedigree, embellished with a drawing of him, may be seen at the Court Houses of Wake, Johnston and Franklin.

The Virginia Convention is to take place in October next. The elections will be in May. There will be 96 members, 60 from Eastern Virginia, and 36 from the Western Counties. This inequality has occasioned much dissatisfaction.

Stephenson taken.—We learn from Savannah, that this notorious individual, was taken on the 11th instant, 17 miles from that city, by some persons without any legal process, with a view, no doubt, of obtaining the large reward offered for him, & put him on board a pilot-boat. Efforts were made by some citizens to discover Stephenson, in order to have afforded him protection against what they considered an illegal seizure. But it is supposed the pilot-boat immediately put to sea.

A calculator in the American Daily Advertiser says, that there are 1,289 tipping shops in Philadelphia, who are attended by 6,195 drunkards, who bring distress on 30,975 persons, being their wives and children.

The British ship *Jessie*, which arrived at Charleston on the 18th ult. is 680 tons British measurement. The Patriot says she is the largest merchantman that has ever visited Charleston.

Pirates.—The vicinity of the island of Cuba has lately been greatly infested by Pirates. Several vessels have been taken by them, and it is apprehended, after taking every thing valuable from on board, the vessels have been destroyed and the crews murdered!

The nomination of Thomas P. Moore, as Minister to Columbia, in place of Gen. Harrison, is confirmed by the Senate.

Gold.—The gold regions in this State is enlarged by new discoveries almost every day. We learn that the precious article has lately been found in several places near Carthage, in Moore county, about 40 miles from this town. *Flay. Obs.*

A Mr. John M'Gagan, of Robeson county was killed by the fall of a tree during the violent storm on Thursday afternoon last. He was on his return home from this market. *ibid.*

Our market.—Flour is at present unusually scarce and dear in the market. Back country flour is sold out of the wagons at \$84, and resold by the merchants at \$9. Northern flour is at \$10. Those farmers in the Back Country who have flour cannot do better than to forward it speedily to Newbern. Flour has fallen in Baltimore to \$7 50, and in Richmond to \$7.—*Newb. Spec.*

Execution against Lands.—Among the subjects which occupied the attention of the late General Assembly was one, offered, we believe, by the humane and enlightened representative of our town, which proposed to enable every owner of lands, under an order of court, to have surveyed and set off, a part of his lands, not exceeding fifty acres in any case, nor more than one-third of his real estate, which, when thus set apart and the proceedings recorded, shall be free from sale by execution, though it may be disposed of by himself. This little spot with the improvements thereon, (entitled his *homestead freehold*) would be a resting place for many a family over which the storm of misfortune had passed; and from which, with renovated prospects, they might again embark, with hope and industry, in some useful employment; instead of being doomed, from former wealth or competency, to hopeless poverty and misery. We think it a measure calculated to win, by its benevolence the humane, and by its policy the intelligent. It is obvious that it would have the effect to maintain and promote at once, the decencies of society, and the value of our lands. The measure was sanctioned by the House of Commons, but was lost in the Senate. We trust we shall yet have the satisfaction to announce its enactment. *Newb. Spectator.*

Within the last twelve months 22 steam-boats have been built at Pittsburg and its vicinity. They are all, says a correspondent of the Pittsburg Gazette, comfortable and substantial boats, and some of them are finished in a style of elegance that can vie with any in America. The whole amount of tonnage is 4570 tons.

The Liverpool and Manchester Railway, now in progress, is the most important and extensive enterprise which the English have for a long time witnessed. The total quantity of merchandise passing between Liverpool and Manchester is 1200 tons per day. This immense aggregate tonnage is at present subject to all the delays incidental to the river navigation. The travelling between Liverpool and Manchester is upon the same extensive scale. The line of railway passes through a rich and extensive coal district, in full working, of which a great portion is brought to market by land carriage:—the consumption of coal in Liverpool and Manchester is one million tons per annum.

Lynchburg March 9. METRODIST ANNUAL CONFERENCE.—The annual session of the Virginia Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church commenced in this place on Wednesday the 25th ult. and terminated on Thursday the 4th inst. The subjoined is a statement of the stations which the Ministers have been respectively appointed to occupy during the ensuing year:

- James River Dist.—LEWIS SKIDMORE, P. E. Richmond, 2 Shoemaker Hill—Martin P. Parks. 3 Trinity—Simon B. Sykes. Williamsburg—William S. Peyton, Robert J. Carson. Gloucester—Samuel Harrell. William R. Rowzee. Caroline—John W. Childs, Wm. W. Keiningham. Hanover—Rufus Ledbetter, Isaac Haines, R. Wilkinson. Culpeper—Philip Anderson, Henry S. Peyton. Charlottesville—Wm. Holmes, David Wood. Amherst—James Boyd, Robert Scott. Columbia—Joshua Leigh, Saml. D. Tompkins. Meherrin District—JOHN EARLY, P. E. Lynchburg—William J. Waller. Petersburg—William A. Smith. Bedford—Caleb Leach, Albert G. Burton. Campbell—William W. McClun, Joshua Bethel. Buckingham—John A. Miller, Jesse Powers. Greensville—George W. Dey, Henry T. Weatherly. Mecklenburg—George W. Mahood, Mathew M. Dance. Brunswick—William H. Starr, Jas. Jameison. Amelia—Isaac Soule, Thomas Mann, sup. Chesfield—Bennet T. May, Samuel T. Moorman. New District—MOSES BROOK, P. E. Raleigh—George W. Nolley. Newbern—Christopher Thomas. Raleigh Ct.—Wm. N. Abington, Wm. Anderson. Trans—Wilson Barfield, Vernon Eskridge. Beaufort and Straits—George A. Bain. Black River—William H. Schoolfield, Alfred Norman. Tar River—Curtis Hooks, James M. Donald. Topam Inlet—Robt. P. Bailey, David Roberts. New River—Wm. Compton, Jos. Goodman.

- Yadkin District.**—PETER DOUG, P. E. Yadkin Ct.—Charles P. Moorman. Caldwell—Stephen W. Jones, Jun. J. Head. Salisbury—John H. Watson, Thales McDonald, Miles Foy. Frankln.—Jas. Reid, Stephen D. Winbourne. Guilford—Richard D. Merrimether, Joshua Joliff. Caswell—Benon Field, Raymond R. Minor. Banister—George Stephens.
- Norfolk District.**—HENRY HOLMES, P. E. Norfolk—Bennet T. Blake. Portsmouth—Thomas Crowder. Edenton—James Dey. Elizabeth—Henry J. Evans. Murfreesborough—Abraham Harrell. Gates and Bertie—Joseph Carle, Horatio N. Bucktrout. Suffolk—George W. S. Harper. Suffolk & Surry Ct.—Simeon Norman, Jno. W. White. Princess Ann—James Morrison, J. D. Halstead. Sussex—Thompson Garwood, Thos. Barnum. Camden—Thomas V. Webb.
- Roanoke District.**—JOS. CARSON, P. E. Roanoke Ct.—Thos. R. Brames, D. S. Daggett. Granville—Henry Alley, George Gregory. Washington and Plymouth—LeRoy M. Lee. Albemarle Sound—James W. Bell. Banks and Iredell—Thos. S. Ran-on. Plymouth and Occochee—John Kerr. Newse and Pamlico—Benj. Kidd, Rufus Wiley. Mattamuskeet—Henry Speck, David Fisher. Halifax—Abraham Penn. Daniel Hall without a station, from in ability. William Hammet privk. g. d. to go to Ireland, to see his mother. James W. Dunahay, transferred. Irvin Atkinson without a station, in consequence of affliction. Hezekiah G. Leigh, College Agent. John Early, Wm. A. Smith, L. Skidmore, Henry Holmes, H. G. Leigh, Moses Brock, Thomas Crowder, Edward Cannon, Wm. J. Waller, James Boyd, M. M. Dance, and Wm. Hammet, were appointed Trustees on the part of the Conference of a contemplated College to be located in the bounds of the Virginia Conference—whose duty will be to meet the College Agent at Petersburg on Friday 29th of May next, to fix on the location of the College—appoint a like number of Trustees from the laity, and make such other arrangements as will be necessary for carrying into operation the Institution. The next Conference will meet in Richmond, on the 17th February, 1830.
- Mr. PORTER complains, in the last STAR, in his own way, of the imperfect manner in which his Speeches on the Bank Question have been reported. If this be the fact, he has no one to blame but himself. As before stated, we early furnished him with memorandums of his several Speeches, in order that he might write them out for himself. This, after promising he would do, and thereby delaying the publication, he declined performing, and gave us the trouble, several weeks after they were delivered, of making out his remarks as well as we could from our notes. Whether our sketches be correct, or otherwise, we leave to the decision of those who heard the Debate.



Washington City, March 16. In the Senate, on Saturday, after a good deal of discussion, the injunction of secrecy was removed from such part of the Executive Journal of the Senate, for the last session, as relates to the questions concerning nominations made by the late President of the United States, but not acted upon by the Senate. No nominations, of any consequence, were made to the Senate, by the President, on that day, and only one or two remaining, of the previous nominations, were confirmed. It is not known, we believe, whether or not any further nominations will be made to the Senate, though further changes and consequent removals and appointments, are spoken of in public.

Letters from Panama, (says the New-York Mercantile Advertiser,) of January 25th, state that the Peruvian fleet commanded by Admiral Guise, attacked the Columbian fleet in the port of Guayaquil in December last. The latter was protected by the Columbian batteries. The action was very severe without being decisive to either party. About 500 men were killed, including Admiral Guise, the Peruvian commander, (an Englishman,) whose body had been sent to Lima.

The November English Packet, not having arrived at Halifax on the 11th of February, the inference is that she has foundered at sea.

Married. At the residence of Mr. A. Whitaker, in Halifax County, on the 5th instant, Mr. Henry Frear to Mrs. Mary Johnston. Also, in the same County, on the 10th instant, Mr. Lemuel Johnston to Miss Harriet Crawley, daughter of Mr. Benjamin Crawley. In Wilmington, on the 26th ult. Mr. John R. Callender to Miss Anna H. Howard, daughter of Henry B. Howard, Esq. In Brunswick County, on the 24th ultimo, Mr. Henry N. Howard to Miss Mary E. B. Baker, daughter of John C. Baker, Esq. In Orange County, on the 5th instant, Mr. Jas. N. Strayhorn to Miss Mary Blackwood, daughter of John Blackwood, Esq. In Chatham County, on the 22d ult. Mr. David Patterson, of Orange, to Miss Sarah Heading. In Guilford County, on Thursday evening, by the Rev. E. W. Caruthers, Mr. John C. McLean to Miss Rebecca Rankin.

DIED. At Williamston, on the 19th ult. Samuel Hyman, Esq. a worthy citizen. In Wilmington, on Saturday night last, very suddenly, Mrs. Elizabeth Howard, wife of Henry B. Howard, Esq. On Tuesday, the third instant, at his residence in Greene County, Mr. James Oymood, aged about 50 years, leaving a wife and six children, and many other relations to lament his death; but from the life which he lived, his friends have every reason to believe that their loss was to himself an eternal gain. He was for many years a member of the Methodist Church and lived a pious and upright life. He was a respectable, enterprising and useful citizen; and has left an example which we hope will be imitated by many in future times. He was a man of considerable estate, and died indebted to no person whatever a single cent. (Communicated.) At Washington City, on the 10th inst. of a bilious pleurisy, Mr. Redding Banks, of Elizabeth City, in this State, aged about 21.

The Members of the GOVERNOR'S GUARDS, and all those who may feel inclined to join the Company, are requested to meet at the Court-House on Friday evening, the 20th inst. at 7 o'clock. March 19.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, HAVE just received, and offer for sale the following valuable and highly approved Medicines:

Swain's Panacea, For the cure of Scrofula or King's Evil, Syphilis, and Mercurial Diseases, Rheumatism, Ulcerous Sores, Diseases of the Liver and Skin, &c.

Anderson's Cough Drops, A valuable Medicine for Coughs & Consumptions.

Whitehead's Essence of Mustard, An efficacious remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Sprains, Bruises, Numbness of the Limbs, &c.

Clemens' Almond Lotion, For removing Pimples, Freckles, Ringworms, Sun-burn, &c. from the face, and for beautifying the skin.

Rogers' Vegetable Pulmonic De-tergent, An article highly recommended for Coughs, Catarrhs, incipient Asthma and Consumptions.

James's Antidyspeptic Pills, An approved remedy for Dyspepsia or Indigestion, habitual Costiveness and Piles. Raleigh, March 18.

Statute of Limitation. HAVING lately seen a publication in the Register, charging me with having pled the Statute of Limitation to a just debt, I make no delay in replying to it, which, had the whole facts of the case been stated, I should not have thought necessary.

Marian Robertson had been called to my house as a Midwife, for which service she was paid, & expressed herself satisfied in the presence of witnesses. About a year afterwards she presented a lumping charge for some medicine composed of roots and barks, of two dollars, which, as I had never employed her to prepare, I refused to pay; and I heard no more of it. She never brought suit; but about three years afterwards, her son, Jacob Robertson, warranted me for this account, and on the trial before Dorris Cady, J. P. I pled that the account was unjust, and therefore should plead the statute in bar of it. THOS. ROGERS. 56 3rd. March 18, 1829.

"Fortunes Afloat!" 15,000 DOLLARS, Highest Prize.

Union Canal Lottery, No. 2, To be drawn in Philadelphia, on Tuesday, the 24th instant.

SCHEME.

1	Prize of 15,000 Dollars.
1	do 6,000 Dollars.
1	do 4,000 Dollars.
1	do 3,000 Dollars.
1	do 2,025 Dollars.
5	do 1,000 Dollars.
5	do 500 Dollars.
5	do 400 Dollars.
10	do 300 Dollars.
10	do 200 Dollars.
20	do 150 Dollars.
24	do 100 Dollars.

Besides many of 70, 60, 50, 40, &c. &c. Whole Tickets going at the low price of Whole, \$5, Halves, \$2 50, Quarters, \$1 25. For sale in the greatest variety of numbers at the Lottery and Exchange Office of B. W. HEWSON, Petersburg. Orders from the country thankfully received and promptly attended to. The Cash is ready for all Prizes: recollect and send to "Fortune's Home." Address to B. W. HEWSON, Petersburg, Va. 16th March.

Something Splendid! All to be drawn on the fourth of April.

Grand Consolidated Lottery, 14TH CLASS. 60 Number Lottery, 9 Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1	Prize of 30,000 Dollars.
1	do 15,000 Dollars.
1	do 10,000 Dollars.
1	do 5,000 Dollars.
1	do 4,010 Dollars.
10	do 1,000 Dollars.
10	do 600 Dollars.
10	do 500 Dollars.
10	do 400 Dollars.
10	do 300 Dollars.
20	do 200 Dollars.
51	do 100 Dollars.

Besides many of 90, 80, 70, 60, 50, 40, &c. Whole Tickets, \$10; Quarters, \$2 50, Halves, 5, Eighths, 1 25. For sale in the greatest variety of numbers at the Lottery and Exchange Office of B. W. HEWSON, Petersburg. Successor to Messrs. S. & M. Allen & Co. Petersburg. N. B.—All orders promptly attended to, and the drawing sent where directed. "Delay not" to secure a chance; another opportunity like this may never offer. Address to F. W. HEWSON, Petersburg, Va.

Notice. WAS taken up and committed to the Jail of this county, on the 2d inst. a negro man, supposed to be a slave, who calls himself SAMUEL WILKINS, and says that he was bound an apprentice to Wm. Mosely, of Norfolk, Va. and that he ran away from the said Mosely before his term of apprenticeship had expired. The said negro has been in this county 5 or 6 years, and has passed during that time as a free man; he is about 24 years of age, 5 feet, 4 or 5 inches high, and coal black. The owner of said negro is requested to come forward, prove property and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law directs. JAS. PALMER, Jailor. Windsor, Bertie county, March 9. 56 3d

FOR SALE A light SULKEY with a neat Harness. Apply at this Office. June 2. 73