

RALPH REGISTER,

AND NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE,

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace,
"Unwarp'd by party rage to live like brothers."

Vol. VI.

Thursday, August 27, 1829.

No. 602

THE REGISTER

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JOSEPH GALES & SON,
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ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding sixteen lines, neatly inserted 3
times for a Dollar, and twenty-five cents for
every succeeding publication; those of greater
length in the same proportion. COMMUNICA-
tions thankfully received. LETTERS to
the Editors must be postpaid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SCOTLAND.

There is no country in the world more
full of interest to the eye of the observer,
than Scotland. From our childhood, when
we pored over the mighty deeds of
Wallace, and gloried in the achievements
of his companions, as though they were
our own fathers, we have been accustomed
to look to Scotland with fond regard, and
have often experienced the full force of
her bard's feeling, when he exclaims,

"Is there a man with soul so dead
Who never to himself hath said,
This is my own, my native land?"

What other country is there with which
there are so many interesting associations
and recollections connected? Her warriors,
her poets, her statesmen, her people,
have gained her a name which other na-
tions may well envy. Her poorest chil-
dren feel the pride of their situation.—
Buras could follow, "in glory and joy,"
—"His plough upon the mountain side,"

and sing the songs of his country's fame
while cutting the green sward of the val-
ley. Wallace has sown over her rocks
"the imperishable seeds of high thoughts
and great actions. The marks of his
feet are shown, as if the stone and the
flint would retain them forever, by a
patriotic peasantry to their children,
"going to the ploughed field or the hill
pasture. Bruce is as fresh a name as
"if he had lain but a few years in the
"tomb." As a nation, none have a greater
affection for fatherland. Her poets have
contributed to make this a part of the na-
tional character. A Scot, recreant to his
country, is seldom found. Truly it may
be said of him—*Cælum non animum mutant
qui trans mare current.* The Swiss
has his Ranze de Vaches, to recal his re-
collection to the land of his birth, and a-
waken his dormant feelings; but there is
not a tradition of his country, or one of
her songs, which does not speak to a
Scotsman of home. He longs to breathe
the air of the heath-clad hills—to mingle
with the people whose affections cling
with his to "Auld Scotland." Though the
"sceptre has departed from Judah," he
turns to the silent and tenanted walls of
Holy-rood, and feeds his memory with the
glories of past times. The memorials of
Scottish valor are every where around him,
and in the breathing thoughts and burning
words of the loftiest poets of his land, he
can recount these deeds of valor. He
cherishes the memory of those who have
honored the land, as a father preserves the
memory of his children, and dying be-
queaths the feeling of a true Scot as "a
rich legacy" to a posterity.—*Alex. Guz.*

In one of Walter Scott's novels, "THE
PIRATE," a striking instance is given,
of the feelings alluded to in the foregoing ar-
ticle:

*Minna Troil's Refusal to leave her native
Country.*

"There are lands," said Cleveland, "in
which the eye may look bright upon groves
of the palm and the cocoa, and where the
foot may move light as a galley under sail,
over fields carpeted with flowers, and sa-
vannahs surrounded by aromatic thickets,
and where subjection is unknown, except
that of the brave to the bravest, and of all
to the most beautiful?"

Minna passed a moment ere she replied,
and then answered, "No, Cleveland,—
My own rude country has charms for me,
even desolate as you think it, and depress-
ed as it surely is, which no other land on
earth can present to me. I endeavour to
vain to represent to myself those visions of
trees, and of groves, which my eye never
saw; but my imagination can conceive no
sight in nature more sublime than those
waves, when agitated by a storm, or more
beautiful than when they come, as they
now do, rolling in calm tranquillity to the
shore. Not the fairest scene in a foreign
land,—not the brightest sunbeam that ever
shone upon the richest landscape, would
win my thoughts for a moment from that
holly rock, misty hill, and wide rolling oc-
cean. Highland is the land of my deces-
sed ancestors, and of my living father; and
in Highland will I live and die!"

AN ECCENTRIC SPEECH.

The disposition to depreciate the merit of
those who contribute generously to public
objects, was well taken off by the Rev. Mr.
Barnett, of Cork, in an eccentric speech
which he delivered at the late anniversary
meeting of the London Missionary Society.
The Meeting was rendered unusually animat-
ing by the presence of the three young
Frenchmen recently ordained in Paris, in-

tended as missionaries to the Cape of Good
Hops. Mr. B. observed,—

A gentleman who had experienced nothing
of this day's excitement, who has not
witnessed this animating scene from France,
and who, sitting in Christian coolness in
his own closet, has not mingled among you,
has sent to your society what he conscien-
tiously and honestly considers it entitled
to; and I take for granted, that many in
this meeting will rise far above him. Re-
member that this is the offering of a cold,
calculating man, given not at the altar, but
to the priest at a distance from it—without
any of the excitement you have this day
experienced; and I do expect that his ex-
ample will this day be followed up, and
surpassed by many, because of the feelings
which they must have this day experienc-
ed, and which give them so great an ad-
vantage over this cold, calculating man, in
his closet. He has sent you his contribu-
tion—it is a check for £100! Remember,
this is the cold man's offering; but if his
example be not followed up, shall we not
say that the poles of some regions are hot-
ter than the equators of others? (Cheers.)
But some of you will say, "O! this is a
rich man, who has nothing to do with his
money, and is glad to give it away rather
than be obliged to keep accounts," or
"perhaps he only wants to make a flourish
at a missionary meeting." If such be the
case I shall surely disappoint him, for I
shall not mention his name; but as he was
aware of this beforehand, it is not likely
to have been the principle on which he ac-
ted. (Cheers.) But it may be said again,
"O! this is some one who gives to a mis-
sionary society, but who gives to nothing
else." The fact is, however, not so; for
let me tell you, that when I preached last
year a sermon in behalf of this institution,
I have reason to know that this same cold
calculating individual put a £50 note in
the plate! and he is, besides, an annual sub-
scriber to an auxiliary society.—(Applause.)

"O!" but some of you may say, "this
is his hobby, and every man likes to sub-
scribe liberally to his hobby." I tell you,
however, that this is also not the case; for
this gentleman is now engaged in erecting
a chapel, which will cost no less a sum
than £3,000, every fraction of which
comes out of his own pocket. (Cheers.) I
may be told now that he is some old bachel-
or. (Laughter.) This is also a mistake,
for he happens to have been married twice.
(Cheers.) "But," it may be said, "al-
though he has had two wives, he may have
no children, and therefore no one to inher-
it his wealth." This is a mistake too; for
he happens not only to have children, but
grand children; yes and two batches of
them. (Great Laughter.) And notwith-
standing his great liberality, all of them
are well provided for. I will next be told,
"O! the man was left this money, and
never knew what it was to earn it; or he
has been left an enormous legacy, which he
little expected; or he may have gained a
twenty thousand pound prize in the lottery
by some lucky turn of the wheel of for-
tune." Here again you would be at fault,
for the man made all this money himself.
(Cheers and laughter.) In short, this gen-
erous man is a plain, honest, conscientious,
Christian Englishman, who has many to
provide for and does provide amply for
them all by his labours; but who, with the
fruit of his labor, contrives to come forward
and answer the demand for every good
work, brought home to his understanding
and his conscience. Not being present at
this meeting, he has not had like you, any
excitement to stimulate him to this act.—
Let me see, then whether this cold calculat-
ing man—this twice married grandfather
will outstrip in his closet the efforts of
those who, under the influence of a Lon-
don fever of zeal, are boasting of London
efforts. (Great cheers.) If his exam-
ple be not followed, what a reproach
will it be to you! I now beg leave to se-
cond the resolution.

The resolution was carried with laugh-
ter and applause, and a collection was then
made in the meeting.

Slave Trade.—The last number of the
African Repository contains some extracts
from a paper on the subject of the Slave
Trade, recently received from the Colony
of Liberia, drawn up by Dr. Randall, the
late agent. It appears from these, that traf-
fic is still carried on to a very great extent,
and with great activity; and that in
the opinion of the writer, the measures
pursued at present by the Christian na-
tions are not likely to put an end to it.
The Slave-traders frequently carry on
their operations within sight of the coloni-
al factories. At Gallenas a regular Slave
Agent is established, who purchases large
numbers of slaves and furnishes the slave
vessels, which generally bring out specie.
These vessels cruise up & down the coast,
and when a convenient opportunity offers,
run in for their cargoes of human beings.—
They are sometimes captured, sold and
bought again at Sierra Leone, by their
original owners, who send them out again
on the same destination. The English and
French governments send out a frigate with
a broad pendant, and two or three sloops of
war, which move up and down the coast
two or three times a year, and serve no
purpose in checking the slave-trade. The
slave-traders employ a number of Kroonin

to give them notice of the motions of these
vessels. As soon as a man of war is about
to leave Sierra Leone, these active mes-
sengers in swift canoes give notice to the
slavers, who immediately leave the coast.

In Dr. Randall's opinion, the only way
of breaking up the slave trade, is to have
ten or twelve light, fast sailing schooners,
who should cruise the whole year on the
coast at those places where the slavers
can procure their cargoes, and who might
relieve each other at proper seasons.—
He thinks they should have one or two
sloops of war with them, the forces of
which would be strong enough to land
and break up the slave factories. If this
course were pursued by the nations who
have undertaken to suppress the slave
trade, he thinks there would not at the
end of two years be found a slave vessel
on the coasts of Africa.—*N. Y. Post.*

He that has observed the glowing cheek
and the faltering tongue of young persons,
must know that the sense of propriety grows
up in them very soon. They are scared at
our frown, they are cheered by our smiles,
they invite us to sympathize in the raptures
they feel upon performing what we have
been accustomed to praise, and on the de-
tection of any little impropriety, they hide
their drooping heads. Upon feats which
far transcend their own strength, they gaze
with admiration; they weep at the mere
neglect of those whom they have been taught
to revere, and if through heedlessness or
curiosity, they have ventured to commit
what is forbidden, they either tremble at
our approach, or by tears and blushes,
by promises and embraces of amendment,
and a thousand little winning arts, they
strive to regain our esteem. Now the ca-
pacity for this sense of shame is given by
nature, but the direction of it depends up-
on the care of others. Easily it may be
preserved, and easily destroyed. If there-
fore, we commit outrageous actions, or ut-
ter indecorous words in the presence of the
young, a blind mechanical proneness to
imitation leads them to adopt similar prac-
tices. But when those practices are after-
wards continued from deliberation, or from
custom, young men will see, not equity,
but harshness, when they are corrected for
doing that which by their parents or their
superiors, they have seen done with im-
punity. Example, on the side of virtue,
is more powerful than precept. But in re-
spect to vice, the case is nearly reversed;
for our evil actions may be imputed to
frailty, but our evil words, implying a re-
nunciation of common opinion, and a defi-
ance of common censure, are supposed to
spring from deep and serious conviction.
If, therefore, we add the weight of bad
precept to bad example in training up our
children, if we remark not only with in-
difference, but even with complacency, the
facilities with which oaths and obscenities
trip off their tongues, if we call the sallies
of their petulance mere uprightness, and
openly impute their bursts of anger to
high spirit, we have no right to complain
of consequences which we ought to have
foreseen—we have no right to be surprised
or provoked, when customs which we had
ourselves fostered, have shot up to their
full magnitude, when they annoy us by
their malignity, when they are too sturdy
to be resisted, and too inveterate to be er-
adicated.—*Parr.*

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND, in Wake county, ly-
ing on both sides of Dutchman's Branch,
containing 397 acres, and another Tract lying on
the south side of Swift Creek. The Tracts are
contiguous, and were purchased some years
ago by the late Wm. Gilmore of Wm. Brown.
Apply to the Editors of the Register, who are
authorised by the owner to sell said land.
August 15, 1829. 991f

State of North-Carolina,

Guilford County,
In the Court of Equity.

Curtis Jackson, }
v. }
Jno. Anderson, } Heirs at Law of Miriam
Lydia Anderson, } Anderson, feme covert,
James Anderson, } deceased.
Phebe Anderson, }
Mary Anderson, }

In this cause, it appearing to the satisfaction
of the Court that the Defendants are inhabi-
tants of another State: It is therefore ordered
by the Court, that publication be made for six
weeks in the Raleigh Register, for the Defend-
ants to appear at the next Superior Court of Law
and Court of Equity, to be held in and for the
County of Guilford, at the Court House in
Greensborough, on the fourth Monday after the
fourth Monday in September next, then and
there to plead, answer or demur to the Com-
plainant's Bill, or the same will be taken pro con-
fesso, and decree made accordingly.
Teste. A. GEREN, C. M. F.

NOTICE.

PROPOSALS will be received by Wm. Peace,
Esq. at his Store in Raleigh, until the 1st
Saturday in Nov. next, for a Contractor to take
charge of the Poor of Wake county, at the Poor
Houses thereof. There are about 30 paupers
well provided with Houses, cooking utensils and
other necessaries for their convenience. There
is also a good Plantation, House, and Grist-mill,
for the use of the Contractor. The Contractor
is desired to state his terms for furnishing the
said paupers with food and raiment for one year
by the head, with the addition of the Mill and
Plantation, to commence from the 1st day of Jan-
next. If desired, Cash will be paid in advance.
Bond and approved security will be required.
W. PEACE, Clerk of the Court of Wards.
Wake county, 20th Aug. 1829. 600 Sw

FOR SALE!

I WISH to sell the place within a mile of Hills-
borough, on which I now reside. There are
205 acres, about one half cleared, ten acres of
Meadow land and the balance in wood. The
improvements are all new, and finished in the
best manner—they consist of a Dwelling House,
containing eight rooms with fire places, besides
passages, closets, &c. a large Barn and Stables,
and other necessary Outhouses. There are sev-
eral never failing Springs of the best water on
the tract, and a large and well selected fruit
Orchard.
I will sell this property on the most liberal
terms—either for money on easy credits—or will
exchange it for Negroes or Western lands.
Application may be made by letter to the sub-
scriber, at Hillsborough.

W. ANDERSON,
Nov. 15. 21 edit

MANAGERS' OFFICE,

RICHMOND, VA.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

40 PRIZES OF \$1,000.
42 500.
Union Canal Lottery, No. 10.
To be drawn 5th Sept. in Philadelphia.

SCHEME.
1 Prize of \$10,000 is \$10,000
1 3,350 3,350
40 1,000 40,000
42 500 21,000
51 300 15,300
51 200 10,200
51 100 5,100

Besides 51 (each) of \$90, \$80, & \$70
102 (each) of 60, 50, & 40
204 of \$30, 1020 of \$20, & 11475 of \$10
Whole Tickets \$10. Halves 5. Qrs. 2 50.

A package of 20 whole, for \$200, which is
compelled to draw nearly one half of the amount
invested, may draw some of the above splendid
prizes.

Send your orders to the Managers' Office,
Richmond, Va.

YATES & McINTRE.

"Hewson's Prize List."

DRAWING OF THE

Connecticut State Lottery,

Ninth Class.

No. 7, 10, 33, 28, 8, 37, 58, 48, 1.
No. 1, 37, 58, a Capital of Fifteen Hun-
dred Dollars, was sold at HEWSON'S FOR-
TUNATE OFFICE, on Tuesday last.

Any one of the drawn Nos. is entitled to \$4.
Orders for Tickets in the Lotteries to be drawn
this month will meet with prompt attention, and
the drawn numbers forwarded the moment the
drawings are received.

Address to B. W. HEWSON,
Petersburg, Va.

Washington Consolidated Lottery,

Draws 9th August.

15,000 DOLLARS,

HIGHEST PRIZE.

Tickets \$5, Halves 2 50, Quarters 1 25.

Washington City Lottery,

13th Class.

10,000 DOLLARS,

HIGHEST PRIZE.

Tickets \$4, Halves 2, Quarters 1.

"Prizes all payable in Cash."

Tickets and Shares for sale at the Lucky Of-
fice of B. W. HEWSON,
Petersburg.

Aug. 19, 1829.

Managers' Office.

Grand Consolidated Lottery,

Class No. 16.

To be drawn 29th August.

1 Prize of \$15,000 is \$15,000
1 6,000 6,000
1 4,000 4,000
1 3,000 3,000
1 2,025 2,025
5 1,000 5,000
5 500 2,500

Besides 400's, 300's, 200's, 150's, 100's,
&c. &c.

Send your orders (post paid) to
YATES & McINTYRE,
Richmond.

Richmond, Aug. 1, 1829.

City and County Auctioneer.

The Subscriber having been appointed by the
County Court of Wake
and the Board of Com-
missioners of the City of
Raleigh, Auctioneer for
the County and City, offers his services to the
Public.
JOHN T. C. WIATT,
August 18, 1829. 1004f

State of North-Carolina.

Wayne County.

Superior Court of Law—Spring Term 1829.

Jesse Barden vs. Ann Maria Barden.

Petition for Divorce.

In this case a subpoena and alias having been
issued, and the Sheriff of Wayne county
making return thereon that the defendant was
not to be found, proclamation was duly made at
the Courthouse door aforesaid by the Sheriff of
said county, requiring the said Ann Maria Bar-
den to appear and answer as she was required to
do in said subpoena, and she failing to appear, it
was ordered by the Court that publication for
three months be made in the Raleigh Star, and
the Raleigh Register, giving notice to the said
defendant, that unless she appear at the next
Superior Court of Law to be held for the county
of Wayne, at the Courthouse in Waynesborough,
the first Monday after the fourth Monday of Sep-
tember next, and then and there to answer or
demur to said petition, judgment will be taken
pro confesso and heard ex parte.

N. WASHINGTON, Clk.
Price adv. \$5 25. 69

State of North-Carolina,

Buncombe County.

Superior Court of Law—April Term, 1829.

Ashur Lyon, }
v. }
Lucinda Lyon, } Petition for Divorce.

ORDERED by Court, that publication be made
for 3 months successively in the Raleigh
Register, and the Yadkin and Catawba Journals,
that the Defendant be and appear at the next
Superior Court of Law to be held for Buncombe
county, at the Court-house in Asheville, on the
2d Monday after the 4th Monday in September
next, and plead or answer to the Plaintiff's peti-
tion, or the same will be heard ex parte.
Witness, Robert Henry, Clerk of said Court
at Office, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday
of March, 1829.

ROBERT HENRY, C. S. C.

State of North-Carolina,

Buncombe County.

Superior Court of Law—April Term, 1829.

William Roberts, }
v. }
Margaret Roberts, } Petition for Divorce.

ORDERED by Court, that publication be made
for 3 months successively in the Raleigh
Register, and the Yadkin and Catawba Journals,
that the Defendant be and appear at the next
Superior Court of Law to be held for Buncombe
county, at the Court-house in Asheville, on the
2d Monday after the 4th Monday in September
next, and plead or answer to the Plaintiff's peti-
tion, or the same will be heard ex parte.
Witness, Robert Henry, Clerk of said Court
at Office, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday
of March, 1829.

ROBERT HENRY, C. S. C.

State of North-Carolina,

Buncombe County.

Superior Court of Law—April Term, 1829.

Andrew Presley, }
v. }
Eleanor Presley, } Petition for Divorce.

ORDERED by Court, that publication be made
for 3 months successively in the Raleigh
Register, and the Yadkin and Catawba Journals,
that the Defendant be and appear at the next
Superior Court of Law to be held for Buncombe
county, at the Court-house in Asheville, on the
2d Monday after the 4th Monday in September
next, and plead or answer to the Plaintiff's peti-
tion, or the same will be heard ex parte.
Witness, Robert Henry, Clerk of said Court
at Office, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday
of March, 1829.

ROBERT HENRY, C. S. C.

State of North-Carolina,

Buncombe County.

Superior Court of Law—April Term, 1829.

Jacob Raper, }
v. }
Deborah Raper, } Petition for Divorce.

ORDERED by Court, that publication be made
for 3 months successively in the Raleigh
Register, and the Yadkin and Catawba Journals,
that the Defendant be and appear at the next
Superior Court of Law to be held for Buncombe
county, at the Court-house in Asheville, on the
2d Monday after the 4th Monday in September
next, and plead or answer to the Plaintiff's peti-
tion, or the same will be heard ex parte.
Witness, Robert Henry, Clerk of said Court
at Office, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday
of March, 1829.

ROBERT HENRY, C. S. C.

State of North-Carolina.

Superior Court of Law and Equity,

Wake County.

Spring Term, A. D. 1829.

The Creditors of William Ruffin, Caroline M.
Ruffin, Mrs. Catherine Ruffin, who is feme
covert and wife of Archibald R. Ruffin, who
sues in this behalf by G. E. Badger, Esq. Ro-
bert R. Ruffin.

Thomas Ruffin, Thomas Ritchie, Henry M. Mil-
ler, Administrator with the Will annexed of
William Ruffin deceased, John M. Ruffin in-
fant son of Thomas R. Ruffin, Frederick Ruf-
fin and Archibald R. Ruffin.

ON MOTION, it is ordered by the Court that
Benjamin A. Barham, Esq. be appointed
Commissioner to settle the administration ac-
count of the administrator of William Ruffin, de-
ceased, and that he give notice of the time and
place of taking such account to the parties inter-
ested by public advertisement in one of the
newspapers published in the city of Raleigh,
and that he make Report to the next term of this
Court.

The parties in the above named suit, are here-
by notified, that I shall proceed at my office in
the City of Raleigh, on the 29th day of Sep-
tember next, to audit and settle the accounts of the
Administrator of the late William Ruffin, when
and where they are invited to attend.

BEN A. BARHAM, Comm'r.
Raleigh, July 11, 1829. 89

TO THE PUBLIC.

KNOWING the great and proper interest felt
by the people of Virginia in the approaching
Convention, the subscribers make the following
proposition: They have employed the best
Stenographers to report the debates, which will
be published as rapidly as possible in the Whig.
As many persons are not in the habit of filing
their papers, and as when taken into their fami-
lies they are liable to be destroyed, they pro-
pose to file in this Office, the papers containing
the debates, for as many as desire it. The ex-
pense of this will be apportioned by the annual
price of the paper (\$5) and the length of time
required to publish the debates—for example
if three months are required to publish the de-
bates, the price of the file will be \$1 25. This
we imagine, no man will hesitate to give for a
complete copy of the debates of Convention.—
If subscribers desire their copies bound that can
be done at a small additional expense.

Letters (post paid) addressed to us will be
attended to, or persons wishing to subscribe, can
make known their desire through the members of
Convention. The subscription to be paid at the
time of delivery.

City subscribers are of course apprised that
the Debates will first appear in the Daily
paper. PLEASANTS, ABBOTT & CO.
Richmond, Va. 99 1w.

PRINTING

Of various descriptions neatly executed
at this Office.