

RALEIGH

AND NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1840.

NO. 42.

WESTON R. GALES,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS.

Subscription—Five Dollars per annum—half in advance.
Advertisements—For every 10 lines, first insertion, One Dollar; each subsequent insertion, 25 cents. Court Orders and Judicial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent. higher; but a deduction of 33 1/3 per cent. will be made from the regular price, for advertisements by the year.
Advertisements, inserted in the Semi-Weekly Gazette, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.
All Letters to the Editor must be post-paid.

THE WEEKLY MONITOR.

XXL

ON THE GOODNESS OF THE DEITY.

The reflections which religion awakens in the mind, although of the most serious and gloomy nature, at the same time pregnant with hope, and full of the sweetest consolation. This is strictly the case, in every point of view in which the awful discoveries of revelation offer themselves to our examination. The devout contemplation of all the attributes of the Divine Being, is calculated to excite the best feelings of our nature, and to fill with a holy and elevated rapture, the heart of man. But there is one view of this sublime subject, which more than all others, creates in my breast sensations of the purest delight. To me, it is almost exclusively the parent of joy, the nurse of hope, the inspiring spring of all spiritual exultation. Behold the varied scenery of nature. On every side the beneficence of the Deity meets our delighted view. It is impossible to reason for a moment, without confessing this great and animating truth. On every page of the vast volume of creation, the characters of infinite goodness are engraved, too deep to be stamped, too legible ever to be mistaken;—simplicity itself cannot err; and *he that runs may read*. As the sun in the firmament, incircled by the starry host, beams forth with unrivalled splendor, investing and glorifying all things—so shines, amidst an infinity of excellences, transcendently bright and glorious, the goodness of the Almighty!

To lead my readers to the contemplation of this delightful subject, I have copied from "Bennet's letters to a young lady," the following extracts, with which I shall conclude the present number.—Faint would I believe, that the zeal and animation of this charming and eloquent writer may kindle in some favoured breast, the flame of gratitude to the greatest and best of Beings, the giver of every good and perfect gift. Such a conviction would, indeed, prove a glorious reward for my humble labours, and supply me with that peace of mind, which the world can neither give nor take away.
"If your mind says this pious writer to his fair correspondent is in a proper frame, every thing in you and about you will illustrate the necessity, and prompt you to the continual exercise of devotion. You will find yourself encompassed with innumerable fears, weaknesses, wants, sorrows, diseases, wishes, hopes, under which all human creatures will be unable to assist, or give you any adequate relief; but where ever you cast your eyes, you will, at the same time be envied with the immensity of a Being, who is possessed of all possible perfections, and who holdeth the issues of life and death, and happiness and misery, solely in his hands. The power, majesty, grandeur, and wisdom of your Being, are discernible in every part of your frame, in every function of your mind; nay, in the curious and exquisite formation of every animal and insect. They are seen on a still sublimer scale, in the size, the distances, grandeur, and wonderful revolutions of the heavenly bodies; in the beautifully variegated canopy of Heaven; in all the delicious landscapes of nature; in the pleasing succession of day and night, spring and autumn, and summer and winter. In short, winds and storms, thunder and lightning, earthquakes and volcanos; the grand, magnificent ocean, waves and comets fulfilling his word, appearing and receding at his sovereign command; flowers, blossoms, fruits, fossils, minerals, petrifications, precipices, hills, caverns, valleys, all tell you, that your former is immensely magnificent, that the death what he will in the armies of Heaven, and amongst the inhabitants of the earth; and that "none can withstand the thunder of his power."
"This God, then, is able, to gratify your wishes, and support you under all your sufferings; he has wisdom enough to protect and guide you. The question then is; is he willing? On this head, hearken to all nature, for it speaks aloud. Look through the numberless orders and gradations of animals, insects—nay, the meanest reptiles, and you will be astonished with the attention that has been lavished on them, in the contrivance of their frame, the allotment of their situation, and the provision made for their continual support. They are happy. Shift your eyes to all the inanimate creation, and you will find it a scene of harmony, of order, and beauty, and seemingly constructed for our gratification. Lovely, picturesque views delight our imagination, shrubs, and plants, and flowers, regale us with aromatic smells.
"Indeed, if you reason for a moment, why should the Almighty create at all, but to diffuse and impart enjoyment. Inextricable source of happiness from all eternity, he needed not, and in fact, could not receive, an addition to his own. In himself supremely blessed, fountain of eternal majesty and splendour, adored by seraphs, surrounded by myriads of angels and archangels

what dignity could he derive from the existence or services of man, who is but a worm, or the production of ten thousand worlds? It was infinite wisdom, therefore, that sketched out the plan of universal nature, and all communicative goodness, that bade so many worlds exist and bade them to be happy.—The supreme and gracious former wished to communicate some scattered rays of his glory and his blessedness, to this extended world of matter and of life, and has therefore replenished every leaf, every drop of water, and every possibility of space with shoals of inhabitants! for—

"Sacred buds a leaf, or springs the lowest wood,
But little flock upon his bosom feed,
No food our palate courts, or taste or smell;
But on its fragrant bosom nations dwell."

"Is it not then a certain conclusion, that he created you, as well as all inferior animals for happiness? On this you may depend, as much as you can upon the certainty of your existence, that he is always more willing to be your protector than you are ready to request it."

"Open the sacred book, and from beginning to end, it will confirm this opinion, and exalt your ideas of the divine perfection. 'I delight in exercising loving kindness (saith the Lord.)—The Lord is good to all, and his tender mercies are over all his works.—If he clothe the grass in the field, which to day is, and to-morrow is cast into the oven, how much more shall he clothe you, O ye of little faith!' That religion is built on wrong notions, or a melancholy temper, which fills us with imaginary terrors. All nature breathes a language of hope and mercy. And nature is the messenger of God."

NOBLE EXAMPLE OF DISINTERESTEDNESS.

From Wilkes's History of the Persecution of the Protestants in the south of France.

To such an infamous perfection was the system of perjury and subordination carried, that twenty witnesses were found to sign and swear, that on the third of April, 1815, General Gilly, with his own hands, and before their eyes, took down the white flag of Nismes; though it was demonstrated that, at the time the tri-colored flag was raised, he was fifteen leagues from Nismes, and that he did not arrive till three days after the event. Before tribunals thus garnished, innocence had not even a chance of protection. General Gilly was too prudent to appear, and was condemned to death on the charge of contumacy. When the General quitted Nismes, he thought of either passing into a foreign country, or of joining the army of the Loire; and it was long supposed that he had actually escaped. But it was impossible to gain any point, or find any security; his only hope was in concealment. The attempt was desperate; a friend found him in an asylum in the cottage of a peasant; but the peasant was a Protestant and the General was a Catholic. "The step," says his friend, "merits consideration." The General did not hesitate; the peasant was poor, and his own life might be sold at a great price; but he confided in his honour. He entered the cottage of a peasant of the name of Anduze.—The name of Perrier deserves to be recorded; he lives by his daily labour; but he displayed virtues that would adorn a throne. The fugitive was welcome; his name was not asked; it was a time of proscription; his host would know nothing of him; it was enough that he was unfortunate and in danger. He was disguised, and he passed for the cousin of Perrier. The General is naturally amiable, and he made himself agreeable, sat by the fire, ate potatoes, and contented himself with miserable fare. For several months, he preserved his retreat, though subject to frequent and imminent alarms. Often he heard the visitors of his host boast of having concealed Gen. Gilly, and of being acquainted with the place of his concealment. Patroles were continually searching for arms in the houses of Protestants; often in the night the General was obliged to leave his mattress, and half naked hide himself in the fields. Perrier, to avoid these dangers and inconveniences, made an underground passage, by which his guest might pass to an out-house, constructed on the premises. The wife of Perrier could not endure that one who had seen better days, should live as her family, on bread and vegetables, and she occasionally bought meat to regale the melancholy stranger. These purchases were so unusual, that they excited attention; in a time of terror, danger is every where; it was suspected that Perrier had some one concealed; nightly visitors were more frequent. In this state of agony, he sometimes complained of the hardness of his lot. Perrier one day returned from market, in a meditative mood, and (after some inquiries from his anxious guest) he replied "Why do you complain; you are fortunate, compared with the poor wretches, whose heads were cried in the market; Brugniere, the Pastor, at 2,400 francs; Bresse, the Mayor, at 2,400 francs; and General Gilly at 10,000."

"Is it possible?" "Aye, it is certain." Gilly concealed his emotion; a momentary suspicion passed his mind; he appeared to reflect. "Perrier" said he, "I am weary of life; you are poor and want money; I know Gilly, and the place of his concealment; let us denounce him; I shall no doubt obtain my liberty, and you shall have the 10,000 francs." The old man stood speechless, as if petrified. His son, a gigantic peasant, 27 years of age, who had served in the army, rose from his chair, in which he had listened to the conversation, in a tone not to be described, said, "Sir, hitherto we thought you unfortunate, but honest; we have respected your sorrow, and kept your secret; but since you are one of those wretched beings who would inform of a fellow man, and insure his death to save

yourself, there is the door, and if you do not retire, I will throw you out of the window." Gilly hesitated; the peasant insisted; the General wished to explain, but he was seized by the collar. "Suppose, I should be General Gilly," said the fugitive; the soldier passed. "And it is even so," he continued "denounce me, and the 10,000 francs are yours." The soldier threw himself on his neck, the family were dissolved in tears; they kissed his hands, his clothes; protested that they would never let him leave them; and they would rather die than be more secure than they; but the cottage was more suspected, and he was at length obliged to seek another asylum. The family refused any indemnity for the expense he had occasioned them; and it was not till long after, that he prevailed on them to accept an acknowledgment for the hospitality he had experienced. When the course of justice was more free, in 1820, General Gilly demanded to be tried; but there was nothing against him;—and the Duke d'Angoulême conveyed to Madame Gilly, the permission of the King, for the return of her husband to the bosom of his country.

A BRIBE WILL WEIGHED.—A poor man in Turkey claimed a house which a rich neighbor had usurped; he held his deeds and documents to prove his right, but his more powerful opponent had provided a number of witnesses to invalidate them; and to support their evidence more effectually, he presented the Cadi with a bag containing five hundred ducats.

When the cause came to be heard, the poor man told his story, and produced his writings, but wanted that most essential and only valid proof, witnesses. The others, provided with witnesses, laid his whole stress on them, and on his adversary's defect in law, who could produce none; he therefore urged the Cadi to give sentence in his favor. After the most pressing solicitations, the judge calmly drew from under his seat the bag of five hundred ducats, which the rich man had given him as a bribe, saying to him very gravely, "You have been much mistaken in this suit; for if the poor man could bring no witnesses in the confirmation of his rights, I myself can produce at least five hundred." He then threw him the bag of ducats with reproach and indignation, and decreed the house to the poor plaintiff.

GOOD BREEDING.—Great talent renders a man famous; great merit procures respect; great learning esteem; but good breeding alone ensures love and affection.

TO BREEDERS OF HORSES.—The imported and through bred Race Horse Florida, and the high bred American Race Horse Tuskeno, one of the finest looking Horses in the Country, will stand at Wilton the present season (1840.) For terms, see handbill. E. O. H. CARTER. Wilton, Granville County N. C. } 22-12t
March 1, 1840.

UNIVERSITY.—The 50th Anniversary Examination of the University of North Carolina will be held at Chapel Hill on Monday the 25th day of May next, and be continued from day to day until Thursday the 4th day of June, being the first Thursday in the month, which last mentioned day is appointed for the Annual Commencement of the College.

The following Trustees compose the Committee of Visitation
His Excellency Gov. E. B. DURELY, Pres. ex officio.
Hon. D. L. SWAIN, President of College.
George E. Badger, Michael Hoke
Sammons J. Baker, Edward Jones
John L. Bailey, Willie P. Mangum
John H. Bryan, Charles Mauldin
Duncan Cameron, Samuel T. Morehead
James W. Clarke, James F. Patterson
Isaac Cronin, Tomulus M. Saunders
John R. J. Daniel, James S. Smith
Robert B. Gilliam, Richard D. Spaight
John D. Hawkins, John D. Tomnier
Louis D. Henry, Lewis Williams
Charles L. Hinton

By a resolution of the Board, the Commissioners are desired to appear at Chapel Hill on Monday preceding Commencement.
By order,
CHAS. MANLY, Secretary.
Raleigh, April 20—384t.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDS.—The Sub-Scriber will offer for sale, on Monday, the 1st day of June, next, at the Dwelling House of the late Newton Wood, the following Tracts of LAND, in Wake County pursuant to a decree of the Court of Equity directing the sale, for the purpose of division, viz:
The Manor Tract, containing 1060 acres, adjoining Hatwell Horton and others, on which there is a comfortable dwelling house, and all other necessary out houses
One other Tract, of about 600 acres, on Buffalo creek, on which there is a good Dwelling and out houses, and a good Pasture and Saw Mill.—adjoining the lands of Paul Perrier, Benj. Marriot and others.
Another Tract, known as the Chamblay tract, containing about 200 acres, on which there is a Dwelling and out houses—adjoining the lands of Benj. Marriot, and others
Another Tract, known as the Murphy tract, containing about 150 acres, adjoining the lands of Jos. Jones, and others.
And one other Tract known as the Rabun Tract, containing about 200 acres, and adjoining the House Tract.
The foregoing Lands will be sold on a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months, with interest from the day of sale. H. W. MILLER, Clerk and Master.
April 22, 1840. 34.—6t.

MEMOIRS & LETTERS OF MADAME MAILLAN, by the Countess De Merit. Just published and for sale by TURNER & HUGHES. (Star.) 40
May 19, 1840.

COMPANION TO MISS LESLIE'S Cookery.—The House Book; or A Manual of Domestic Economy, by Miss Leslie, containing directions for Laundry Work, Removing Stains, Cleaning Furniture, Waiting on Company, Carving, Making up Linen, &c. This day received at the North Carolina Book Store. TURNER & HUGHES. (Star.) 40
May 19, 1840.

PROSPECTUS OF THE ALABAMA HERALD.

The Subscribers propose to establish in the Town of Birmingham, Wilcox County, a weekly Newspaper, entitled the ALABAMA HERALD; to be devoted to Political, Agricultural, Literary and Miscellaneous Intelligence.

In addition to the importance of a Press in Wilcox, in a political point of view, the convenience and interest of the people of this and the neighboring counties require that a Paper should be established in this region, congenial to its feelings and devoted to its interests. The growing importance of this section of South Alabama, and the wants of its citizens, give every advantage that we will be liberally sustained in the enterprise by the "well-wishers" of the Herald. While we disclaim any intention to act liberally towards our political opponents or to refuse them an opportunity of defending their principles, in a non-partisan manner, through our columns, we wish not to conceal the fact, that our own sentiments are in accordance with those of the Wise party; and of course, given us members we must chiefly depend for encouragement and support, on the Well-wishers of Democracy and Republicanism, who look to Whig Principles and to Whig measures as the only means of restoring the Government to its former purity, and of eradication the pernicious and factious practices which corrupt Administrations have inflicted upon the country. We have witnessed and still witness the wrongs which the people have called to administer the affairs of the Government, disregarding the fairly expressed wishes of their constituents, and deeply contemned the known will of the people.

We have been a President of the United States, chosen on account of his high professions of Democracy and Republicanism, who has, in office with hypocritical declarations of attachment to popular rights, presumptuously accused a large portion of the people with bribery and corruption, because they expressed, in a constitutional manner, their opposition to one of his propositions. We have seen a companion office-holder and anticipated pecuniary plainly encouraged and protected in their acts of plunder and corruption. We have heard a "Democratic President" set the people that they expected too much from their own Government, and that it was the duty of the Government "to himself and his underlings" take care of their own affairs, and leave the people to extricate themselves from their embarrassments—embarrassments which his own and his "illustrious predecessors'" capricious experiments had fastened upon them. We have seen honest and capable public servants contemptuously dismissed from office, because they dared to differ in political opinion with those who were determined to rule the country with a rod of iron. And we now behold the authors of these wrongs, the perpetrators of these outrages, soliciting an approval of their course and a continuance of their power, at the hands of the American People.

It is against these practices, these doctrines, and these men, that we intend (if our undertaking shall meet with the favor of the public) to raise our humble voices. It is to open to the citizens of Wilcox, and the adjoining counties a medium of making known and defending their political opinions, that we make the attempt to establish a Whig Journal in Barbourville.

In the approaching Presidential contest, the Herald will cordially and zealously sustain the claims of Gen. Henry Harrison and John Tyler. Boasting a sound political opinion, and above all, "honest, capable and faithful to the Constitution," we shall cheerfully and honestly support their election. Whigs of Wilcox, of Monroe, Clarke, &c. will you be our efforts? Will you lend a hand in establishing a Journal devoted to the advocacy of your political sentiments, and inseparably attached to the cause and interests of the people? The cause in which we are engaged demands that we should be pure active and zealous in advancing our political sentiments. Let us then imitate the zeal and industry of our opponents; let us be as active in circulating and defending political truth, as they are in disseminating misrepresentation and error. And how can this object be better effected, than by the establishment of an independent Press? We are confident in the hope that our call for support will meet with a hearty and cheering response.

The Herald will be issued on an Imperial sheet, as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers can be obtained to justify the undertaking, and will be printed with good type and on fine paper.

TERMS.—Four Dollars per annum, if payment be made within three months after the commencement of the subscription; or Five Dollars if made after that time.

Communications should be addressed to the Subscribers at Selma.

JAMES H. CURTIS,
JOHN H. MARTIN.
April 10, 1840.
Editors friendly to the undertaking are requested to give the above an insertion.

PROCLAMATION.—By the Governor of the State of North Carolina.—3203 re-nu-
I HEREBY certify, that on or about the 10th February ult., a negro boy, the property of Col. Luke Russell, of Craven county, was supposed to have been kidnapped by John and Samuel Smith, which boy was discovered, ten or twelve days afterwards, near the road side in Green county, murdered and partially buried—a ball having been shot through his chest, and his throat cut from ear to ear; and as the said John and Samuel Smith stand charged with the above offenses.
Now, therefore, to the end, that the said offenders may be apprehended and brought to trial I have thought proper to issue this my Proclamation, offering a reward of one hundred dollars for either of them, to any person or persons, who will apprehend and confine them, or either of them in the Jail, or deliver them to the Sheriff of Craven county, and therefore ordered by me, as such party or parties, to do moreover, hereby require all officers, whether civil or military, within this State, to use their best efforts to apprehend or cause to be apprehended, the said fugitives.
Given under my hand as Governor, and the Great Seal of the State of North Carolina, at Selma, this 10th day of April, A. D. 1840.
EDWARD B. DUDLEY.
By Command,
C. C. BATTLE,
PRIVATE SECRETARY.
JOHN SMITH is described as a man of near middle age, about five feet nine or ten inches high, stoutly built, ruddy complexion and healthy appearance, dark hair and has lost an upper front tooth. No description of Samuel is given. They were born and brought up in Craven, but removed to either Georgia or Tennessee some years since, but returned under pretence of visiting their relations and have been lurking about under very suspicious circumstances for several months. They had, when they kidnaped Col. Russell's Negro, a sorrel horse with a flaxen mane and tail, with white feet and face, and are said to have a variety of counterfeit their Car and to charge them very frequently.
Standard, Washington Whig, Wilmington Advertiser and Banner, (Lincolnton) will insert this

PHOENIX OFFICE, ELIZABETH CITY.

FOR SALE.—The whole or one half of this Office will be sold to a Good Will. To any one wishing to purchase, the most liberal credit will be given. This Office presents great inducements to a man of practical business habits. The only reason which induces the proprietor to dispose of all or half of his interest, is that by so doing will relieve himself from the business part of the concern and thus be enabled to devote his attention more to the editorial department.

LADIES' PARIS RIDING HATS!—A splendid article, just received and for sale at E. HALL, & Co's Hat and Cap Store, Raleigh, April 27, 1840. 34 if

CAPE FEAR NAVIGATION COMPANY.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders in this Company will be held in the Town of Fayetteville, on Friday 29th May, instant.

RAILROAD NOTICE.—The third Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road Company, will be held at the Office of the Company, in Raleigh, on Monday, the first day of June next. A punctual attendance is requested in person or by proxy.

By order of the Board,
S. F. PATTERSON, Pres't.
Raleigh, May 6, 1840. 38 Sw.
Peterson's Intelligencer 3 weeks.

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE.—Intending to remove to another part of the city, I offer for sale my present Residence on Fayetteville street.

To persons not acquainted with the premises, it may be remarked that the Lot on which the Dwelling House is situated, contains about half an acre, in the heart of the business of the place, has an excellent Well and Ice House in the yard, and all conveniences for a family. The Dwelling is in the form of an L, is well arranged for the accommodation of a large family, and all in excellent repair. Appurtenant to the Dwelling, but on the opposite side of the street, is another half acre on which are situated a good Garden, Stables, Granary, Carriage House, &c. &c.
A very liberal credit will be given to the purchaser, if desired.
CHAS. MANLY,
Raleigh, May 6th, 1840.
The Washington Whig, and Wilmington Advertiser, will please insert 4 times and send their bills to me.—C. M.

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY. For the benefit of the Petersburg Benevolent Mechanic Association. Class No 5, for 1840. To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. Saturday, May 30th, 1840.

CAPITALS
\$30,000—\$10,000—5,000—3,500—3,070—3,000
2,500—40 Prizes of \$1,500—50 of \$50—60 of \$20 &c. &c.
Certificates of Packages of 25 Whole Tickets \$130
Do do 25 Half do 65
Do do 25 Quarter do 32 1/2
Orders of Tickets and Shares or Certificates of Packages in the above Splendid Lottery, address D. S. GREGORY & Co. Managers, Washington City, D. C.
Or Richmond, Va.
Drawings sent immediately after they are over, to all who order as above. 35

MILITARY NOTICE.—Attention Officers of the 35th Regiment of North Carolina Militia! You are hereby ordered to appear at the Baptist Grove, in the City of Raleigh, at 12 o'clock the last Saturday of May instant, being the 30th day, fully uniformed and equipped for Regimental Drill and Court Martial. Hereto fail not.
W. L. OTEY, Col. Com.
Head Quarters
Raleigh, May 7. 38.

NORTH CAROLINA, GRANVILLE COUNTY.—County of Equity.—Spring Term, 1840.—Benjamin Hester, Adm'r of Benjamin Hester, dec'd, against Hamilton Hester and others.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendants Charity Stipes, William Hester, Philip Hester, Benjamin Hester, John Hester, Philip Hester, and Mary D. Hester, wife of Abalom Field and Lucy his wife Jane Hester, the Heirs or Representatives of Benjamin Hester, dec'd, the children of Mary Gordon, dec'd, William Frazier, Arthur Frazier, John Richmond and Ann his wife, Charles Barnum and Charity his wife, the Representatives of Henry B. Watson, dec'd, John Curtis, Willie Currie, Garland Hester, Solomon Hayes and Mildred his wife, and the Representatives of Mary Hayes (wife of Simon Hayes, dec'd) are not inhabitants of this State, but reside beyond the jurisdiction of this Court; it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Raleigh Register, a newspaper printed and published at the seat of Government of this State, for the said Defendants to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in the town of Oxford, on the first Monday of September next, and plead, answer, or demur to the Plaintiff's bill, or else the said bill will be taken as confessed by the party or parties failing to do so, and be heard *ex parte* as to such party or parties. Witness, Thomas B. Littlejohn, Clerk and Master of said Court at Office, the first Monday of March; A. D. 1840.
THO B. LITTLEJOHN, C. M. E.
April 4 Pr. Adv. \$6. 29 6w

STAGE FARE reduced from Raleigh to Wayneboro' and Goldsborough.—From the date hereof, TWO DOLLARS only will be demanded from Passengers for Stage Fare from Raleigh to Wayneboro' or Goldsborough. This Stage leaves Raleigh three times a week, via Smithfield, viz: on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
E. P. GUION.
Raleigh, April 4, 1840.

COOKING STOVE FOR SALE.—The Subscriber has for sale on moderate terms, a first rate Cooking Stove, or would exchange for a smaller one his being too large for a single Family.
WESLEY WHITAKER.
May 1, 36-3w.

ALVARADO OR MULTIBOLOED COTTON SEED.—We have a small lot of the above, sent to us from Charleston, S. C. on sale from seed which sold for 50 cents a piece in South Carolina and Georgia.
Call at the North Carolina Book Store.
April 17. 33

LAW NOTICE & GENERAL LAND AGENCY.

HENRY B. WILLIAMS, Attorney at Law, will attend to the adjustment and collection of claims throughout the Western District of Tennessee, and also as Gen'l Land Agent in selling and clearing old disputed titles. Persons residing at a distance, especially North Carolinians, whose interests is so extensive in this country, would do well to notice more strictly the situation of their Land claims.

Office at Somerville, Tenn.
Refer to Col. Samuel King, Ireddell Capany, N. C. Thomas P. Devereux, Esq. Raleigh, W. M. Hill, Sec. of State, Turner & Hughes, Brown, Snow, & Co. W. M. Lewis, Millon, Ebelred J. Frazier, Northampton, John Hoke, Fayetteville, John McNeill, Cumberland County, February 18, 1840. 15-6m.

STRAYED.—From the Subscriber, some time last month, a SORREL MARE four years old this Spring, about four feet two inches high, her left leg white and a blaze in her face. Any person finding her will be thankfully rewarded, and if delivered to me at W. H. HARRIS, in Fayetteville, a reasonable reward will be paid. W. F. FORT, April 20, 1840. 34-5w.

NOTICE.—TAKEN UP and committed to the Jail of Anson County, on the 17th of December inst. a Negro Man, who calls himself TOM, and says he belongs to JOHN SMITH, of Albemarle County, in this State. Said Negro is about 5 feet 10 inches high, about built, copper colored, and, apparently, about 24 years of age. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away; or he will be dealt with as the law directs. Y. H. ALLEN, Sheriff, Wadesboro', Dec. 14, 1839. 8-6m.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—By the County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1840. James R. Raynor vs. James V. Russell, Attachment. B. H. Russell, Garnishee. It appearing to the satisfaction of this Court, that James V. Russell has removed beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for six weeks, for the said James V. Russell to make his appearance at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, and defend the said suit, or Judgment by default will be entered against him.
By order of the Court,
SOL. CHERY, CLK. May 15, 1840. 40

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—Washing-ton County, In Equity.—Spring Term, 1840 Sarah Ann Keith vs. William Keith; Bill for Divorce. On motion, and it appearing to the Court that two Subjugas to answer the Bill of Complaint issued to Bertie county, against Wm. Keith, have been returned by the Sheriff that he is not to be found in that county; and also, that said William Keith is not an inhabitant of this State, or not within the jurisdiction of this Court: The Court doth order that advertisement be made for thirteen successive weeks in the Raleigh Register and North Carolina Gazette, advising the said William Keith that, unless he appear before the said Court, at the Court house in Plymouth, on the second Monday of September next, and plead, answer or demur to the Complainer's Bill of Complaint, it will be taken *pro confesso*, and such decree thereupon, as shall be considered just.
Test, TH: TURNER, C. & M. E.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—Will be sold at the Court House in Lumberton, on the 4th Monday of May next, so much of each of the following Prizes of Land as will be sufficient to satisfy the Taxes thereon for the year 1838, together with incidental costs and charges for advertisement, viz:

A Tract of 100 Acres, on the South-west side of Great Marsh, adjoining Baxley & Glover, listed by Rodrick McSwain for 1837 and '38. Tax \$12 61
1222 Acres on Little's Marsh, adjoining McNeill's, listed for the Heirs of Duncan McNeill for the years 1837 and '38 1 75
225 do, on Gum Swamp, adjoining Lockler, listed by William Lockler 1 68
50 do, on Lumber River, adjoining Watson, listed by William Lockler 0 06
250 do, on Lowrie Road, adjoining Dial's, listed by Daniel Lowrie 0 00
81 do, on Bear Swamp, adjoining Campbell, listed by Owen Lowrie 1 83
150 do, on Bear Swamp, adjoining Brown & Lockier, listed by Levi Lockier 4 43
500 do, on Burnt Swamp, adjoining McAlpin, listed by Arch'd. McGill 7 75
100 do, on Bear Swamp adjoining Campbell, listed by Sampson Revels 1 89
200 do, on Holy Swamp adjoining Bigg's, listed by Raleigh Revels 2 18
110 do, on Lumber River, adjoining Watson, listed for Catherine Lowrie for 1837 and '38 5 66
56 do, on Saddle Truss Swamp, adjoining McNeill's, listed by Birch Jacobs. Taxes for 1836, '37 and '38 2 56
50 do, on Lumber River, adjoining McNeill, listed by Wm. H. McNeill 8 91
200 do, on Richard Swamp, adjoining McAlpin, listed by Daniel Graham for 1836 and 1838 1 96
43 do, near Flower's Swamp, adjoining Griffin, listed by Patrick Burfield 1 60
50 do, on South-west side of Indian Swamp, adjoining Ivey, listed by Theophilus Ivey 6 64
250 do, on Lumber River, adjoining Wilkinson, listed by Clayborn Ivey 1 94
268 do, on Long Blainch, adjoining Ivey, listed by Dennis Ivey 1 94
50 do, on Jacob Swamp, adjoining Warwick, listed by Jesse Jones for Ervin Jones for 1837 and '38 1 14
100 do, on Jackson Swamp, adjoining Warwick & Fuller, listed by Jesse Ivey 2 20
4910 do, on Great Swamp, adjoining Powers & King, listed by Saltar Lloyd 25 234
100 do, on Jackson Swamp, adjoining Warwick's, listed by Matthew Wilkins 9 44
UNLISTED.
212 do, Beaver Dam Creek, adjoining Purcell & others, supposed to belong to the Heirs of Colin Lindsay 7 72
312 do, on Toney's Creek, adjoining John McLean, Esq., supposed to belong to the Heirs of Colin Lindsay 7 72
40 do, near Little Marsh and Buck Horn, adjoining Mc Donald, owner unknown 3 33
TAXES.—CASH.
NEILL McALPIN, Sheriff, Robeson County, N. C. April 18, 1840. 87-6

LATE FRANCES STURDIVANT.—The Subscriber administered to the Estate of the late Frances Sturdivant, of Wake County, and is ready to pay to John Sturdivant, brother of the deceased, or to other Heirs of said Estate, whatever is coming to them therefrom, on an application. Some of these heirs are residents of the State of Alabama, or some other of the Western States, and will take notice of this advertisement. HENRY STURDIVANT, Wake County May, 18th 1840. 15-5w.