

VOL. XLI.

**WESTON R. GALES,**  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS.  
Subscription—Five Dollars per annum—half in  
advance.  
Advertisements—For every 10 lines, first insertion,  
One Dollar; each subsequent insertion, 25 cents  
Court Orders and Judicial Advertisements will be  
charged 25 per cent. higher; but a deduction of 33  
per cent. will be made from the regular prices, for ad-  
vertisements by the year.  
Advertisements, inserted in the Semi-Weekly Ras-  
ph will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of  
charge.  
Letters to the Editor must be post-paid.

from the officers to the men. The British  
advanced to within ten or twelve rods of the  
American works, when they commenced dis-  
playing their columns to form a line. At this  
moment Gen. Warren gave the word "fire!"  
On the instant the whole breastwork was in a  
blaze, and a report, like prolonged thunder,  
rolling along the line. The enemy was thrown  
into disorder, and were unable to form their  
lines; a few successive well directed fire com-  
pelled them to retreat, which though hasty,  
was conducted in good order. Gen. Warren  
ordered a cessation of firing, on account of the  
scarcity of ammunition. The ground occu-  
pied by the advancing columns was nearly  
covered with the dead and wounded who lay  
in heaps as they fell across each other. The  
wounded raised their heads in imploring at-  
titudes, but neither their friends nor their  
foes could afford them relief. But few of  
the Americans were killed or wounded in the  
attack.

The British received some reinforcements  
from Boston, and again advanced in pre-  
cisely the same order as before. All was still  
as the grave until the front of their columns  
had passed over all their dead, when the Amer-  
ican General, without waiting for the fire of  
his enemy, gave the word that was to con-  
sign hundreds to instant death. The fire  
was even more destructive than before, and  
the enemy retired in some confusion. The  
ground was now literally covered with their  
dead. The British fired but a few shots, and  
those did but little execution.

The British received farther reinforcements  
and a general officer from Boston, and ad-  
vanced a third time, not in column, but in line.  
They again marched over their dead, and a  
brisk firing commenced on both sides which  
lasted nearly an hour, until the firing of the  
Americans died away for want of ammunition.  
The British then undertook to storm  
the fort. Gen. Warren sent a reinforcement  
of about sixty men to Col. Prescott, and  
sent Mr. Maynard to inform him that he  
would send more men if he wanted them.—  
Col. Prescott at first thought he had as many  
men as could stand to advantage; but detain-  
ed Mr. Maynard until the result of the ene-  
my's first attack should be known. The ene-  
my scaled the embankments with their bay-  
onets. The Americans had few bayonets, but  
fell upon their foe with the breeches of their  
guns, knocked them down with cobble stones,  
seized and wrested their guns from them and  
turned their own bayonets against them.—  
Prescott was every where encouraging his  
men, and joining in the general melee and  
shooting with his hoarse voice, "down with  
them—seize their guns—knock out their  
brains with stones—cobble stones are our  
cannon shot," &c. &c. The British were  
driven out a second time, with great loss; a  
third time they advanced to the attack, when  
Col. Prescott discovering that the provin-  
cials had been driven from the hay breast-  
work and that his retreat would soon be cut  
off, ordered a retreat. The retreat now be-  
came general, but was conducted in good or-  
der. Mr. Maynard was not with Gen. Warren  
when he fell, having been detained in the  
fort with Col. Prescott.

Soon after the retreat commenced, Mr.  
Maynard found his elder brother, John, (the  
father of John Maynard of Syracuse) with  
a broken leg and a British musket for a  
crutch, making the best head-way he could  
from the enemy. He threw his wounded  
brother across his shoulder, and carried him  
amid a shower of bullets beyond the reach of  
the enemy's fire, where he fainted from loss  
of blood; a ball had passed through his leg  
and the blood flowed profusely; the bullet  
holes were plugged with wads of grass; the  
wounded brother was again shouldered and  
carried to Bunker Hill, nearly a mile from  
the battle ground on Breed's hill, before help  
could be obtained. His wounded brother  
was soon cured of his wound, and served  
through the war, and before its close was  
promoted to the rank of Major.

Mr. Maynard was afterwards in many se-  
vere battles that followed this terrific open-  
ing of the grand drama that secured our in-  
dependence—but the length of this sketch  
prevents a farther recital from its interesting  
reminiscences.

The men who achieved our independence  
were a remarkable generation of men, in  
whom were combined the most inflexible  
virtue, and the most unflinching courage—  
soon, too soon, will the last of them have  
paid the debt of nature, and it is well to lis-  
ten to, and record their tale, that their virtues  
may not soon be unrespected, or their names  
unhonored.

CHILDREN.

How little do they who have grown up to  
man's estate, trouble themselves about the  
feelings of children! It would really seem  
as if they fancied children were destitute of  
all those fine and delicate springs of emo-  
tion, which are recognised in mature life,  
and are the sources of all our joys and sor-  
rows. It is time that the grown up world  
went to school to some one who has not for-  
gotten the tender susceptibilities of child-  
hood; that it may sympathise with the little  
sufferers. This germinating bud has within  
its folded recesses all the beauty and the fra-  
grance of the flower; the gentle distillations  
of Heaven sink as sweetly in its secluded  
shrine, and the sunbeams fall there as sooth-  
ingly, as on the prouder petals that would  
claim all to themselves. How many a sweet  
spirit withers beneath the blighting frown of  
an un sympathising guardian; how many a one  
retires to weep in solitude because it is not  
loved as it would be, and is not comprehended  
in its affection! We little imagine what  
a scene we read when the words "of such is  
the Kingdom of Heaven," pass unheeded ut-  
terance.

THE RIGHTEOUS NEVER FORSAKEN.

It was Saturday night, and the widow of  
the Pine Cottage sat by her blazing faggots  
with four tattered children at her side, en-  
deavouring by listening to the artlessness of  
their juvenile prattle, to dissipate the heavy  
gloom that pressed upon her mind. For a  
year her own feeble hands had provided for  
her helpless family; for she had no support-  
er—she thought of no friend in all the wide  
unfriendly world around. But that mysteri-  
ous Providence, the wisdom of whose ways  
is above human comprehension, had visited  
her with wasting sickness, and her little  
means had become exhausted. It was now,  
mid-winter, and the snow lay heavy and deep  
throughout all the surrounding forests, while  
storms still seemed gathering in the heavens,  
and the driving wind roared amidst the bend-  
ing pines, and rooked her puny mansion.

The last herring smoked upon the coals be-  
fore her; it was the only article of food she  
possessed, and no wonder her forlorn, des-  
olate state brought up in her lone bosom all  
the anxieties of a mother, when she looked  
upon her children—and no wonder, forlorn  
as she was, if she suffered the heart-swel-  
lings of despair to rise, even though she knew  
that he whose promise is to the widow and  
to the orphan, cannot forget his word. Provi-  
dence had, many years before, taken from  
her, her eldest son, who went from his fore-  
st home, to try his fortune on the high seas,  
since which she heard no note nor tidings  
from him; and in the latter time, the hand  
of death had, deprived her of the compani-  
on and staff of her worldly pilgrimage, in  
the person of her husband. Yet to this hour  
she had been upborne, she had not only been  
able to provide for her little flock, but had  
even an opportunity of ministering to the  
wants of the miserable and the destitute.

The indolent may well bear with poverty  
while the ability to gain sustenance remains.  
The individual who has his own wants to  
supply, may suffer with fortitude the winter  
of want—his affections are not wounded; his  
heart not wrung. The most desolate in popu-  
lar cities may hope, for charity has not quite  
closed her hand and heart, and shut her  
eyes on misery. But the industrious  
mother of helpless and depending children,  
far from the reach of human charity, has  
none of these to console her. And such a  
one was the widow of the Pine Cottage; but  
as she bent over the fire, and took up the last  
scanty remnant of food to spread before her  
children, her spirits seemed to brighten up  
as by some sudden and mysterious impulse,  
and Cowper's beautiful lines came uncalled  
across her mind:

Judge not the Lord by feeble senses,  
But trust him for his grace;  
Behind a frowning Providence  
He hides a smiling face.

The smoked herring was scarcely laid on  
the table, when a gentle rap at the door, and  
loud barking, attracted the attention of the  
family. The children flew to open it; and a  
weary traveller, in tattered garments, appar-  
ently in indifferent health, entered and beg-  
ged a lodging, and a mouthful of food. Said  
he, "it is now twenty-four hours since I last  
ate bread." The widow's heart bled anew  
as under a fresh complication of distresses,  
for her sympathies lingered not round her  
freside. She hesitated not even now; rest  
and share of all she had, she proffered to the  
stranger. "We shall not be forsaken," said  
she, "or suffer deeper for an act of charity."

The traveller drew near the board—but  
when he saw the scanty fare, he raised his  
eyes towards heaven with astonishment.—  
"And is this all your store?" said he—"and  
a share of this do you offer to one you know  
not I then never saw I charity before! But  
madam," said he, continuing, "do not wrong  
your children by giving a part of your last  
mouthful to a stranger!" "Ah," said the  
poor widow, and the tear drops gushed into  
her eyes as she said it, "I have a boy, a  
darling son, somewhere on the face of the  
wide world, unless Heaven has taken him  
away, and I only act towards you, as I would  
that others should act towards him. God  
who sent manna from heaven can provide for  
us as he did for Israel—and how should  
I this night offend him, if my son should be  
a wanderer, destitute as you, and he should  
have provided for him a home even poor as  
this, were I to turn you unrelieved away."

The widow ended, and the stranger spring-  
ing from his seat, clasped her in his arms—  
"God indeed has provided just such a home  
for your wandering son—and has given him  
wealth to reward the goodness of his benefac-  
tress—my mother!—my mother!"

It was her long-lost son—returned to her  
bosom from the Indies. He had chosen that  
disguise, that he might the more com-  
pletely surprise his family,—and never was  
surprise more perfect, or followed by a  
sweeter cup of joy. The humble residence  
in the forest was exchanged for one, com-  
fortable, and indeed beautiful, in the valley;  
and the widow lived long with her dutiful  
son, in the enjoyment of worldly plenty; and  
in the delightful employment of virtue; and  
at this day the passer by is pointed to the  
luxuriant willow that spreads its branches  
broad and green above her grave, while he  
listens to the recital of this simple and homely,  
but not altogether worthless tale.

An effectual method of augmenting our re-  
sources is by diminishing our wants. And  
those wants which respect only our real com-  
fort, are so few and so cheap, when compar-  
ed with the number and costliness of those  
which are artificial and which chiefly re-  
spect the eyes of our neighbors only, that  
were the latter curtailed, the former would  
be readily and abundantly supplied from the  
savings.

JEREMY TAYLOR, BISHOP OF DOWN.

This eloquent Prelate, from the fertility  
of his mind, and the extent of his imagina-  
tion, has been styled the Shakespeare of  
Divines. His Sermons abound with some of  
the most brilliant passages, and embrace  
such a variety of matter, and such a mass of  
knowledge and of learning, that even the  
acute Bishop Warburton said of him, "I can  
fathom the understanding of most men, yet I  
am not certain that I can always fathom the  
understanding of Jeremy Taylor." His  
comparison between a married and single  
life, in his Sermon on the Blessedness of the  
Married, is rich in tender sentiments, and  
exquisitely elegant imagery. "Marriage,"  
says the Bishop, "is the mother of the world,  
and preserves kingdoms, and fills cities, churches,  
and even Heaven itself. Celibacy, like  
the fly in the heart of an apple, dwells in a  
perpetual sweetness; but sits alone, and is  
confined and dies in singularity; but marriage,  
like the useful bee, builds a house and  
gathers sweetness from every flower, and la-  
bours and unites into societies and republics;  
and sends out colonies and fills the world  
with delicacies; and obeys their king, keeps  
order, and exercises many virtues, and pro-  
motes the interest of mankind; and is that  
state of things to which God hath designed  
the present constitution of the world. Mar-  
riage hath in it the labour of love and the deli-  
cacies of friendship; the blessings of society,  
and the union of hands and hearts. It hath  
in it less of beauty, but more of safety, than  
a single life; it is more merry and more sad;  
it is fuller of joys and fuller of sorrow; it  
lies under more burdens, but is supported by  
all the strength of love and charity; and  
these burdens are delightful."

IRREVERENT CONDUCT OF A DOG.

"Among the historical anecdotes of dogs,  
it must not be forgotten that the memorable  
schism between England and Rome, which  
commenced in the reign of Henry VII. was  
rendered irreconcilable by the irreverent  
behaviour of Sir Thomas Boleyn's dog to  
Pope Clement the Seventh. Sir Thomas  
Boleyn, who was father of the celebrated  
Anne Boleyn, afterwards one of the queens  
of Henry VIII, had been created Earl of  
Wiltshire by that monarch, and was at the  
head of the embassy appointed by him to  
argue the point of his divorce from Catharine  
of Aragon, before the Council assembled at  
Bologna, in the presence of the Pope. The  
Pope, when he gave audience to the Earl,  
required that he should acknowledge his su-  
premacny by kissing his toe. This the Earl,  
being of the reformed religion, positively re-  
fused to do, although it was a piece of homage  
which all the Sovereigns of Europe were  
accustomed to perform, when admitted into  
the presence of the Papal Church. While  
Clement, in a very high tone, was insisting  
on the propriety of the English Earl submit-  
ting to the ceremony, and extending his toe  
significantly towards him, at the same time  
the Earl's dog, imagining, no doubt, that a  
signal insult was intended to his master, by  
this gesture, sprang forward and bit his holiness's  
toe, which provoked a general burst of  
laughter from all present, and was so highly  
resented by the Pope, that he refused to ad-  
mit the Earl to a second audience. The Earl  
of Wiltshire returned to England with his  
suit, and the separation of this country from  
the Papal sect took place in less than four  
years after this ridiculous incident.

The Emperor Alexander, during the occupa-  
tion of Paris, was present at an Annivers-  
ary of one of the Hospitals. Plates were han-  
dled round for contributions and they were  
borne by some of the patrons wives and  
daughters. The plate was held to the Em-  
peror, by an extremely pretty girl. As he  
gave his Louis d'ors, he whispered, "Made-  
moiselle, this is for your bright eyes." The  
girl curtsied, and presented the plate again.  
"What," said the Emperor, "more?" "Yes  
sir," said she, "I NOW WANT SOMETHING  
FOR THE POOL."

THE THOMPSON DINNER.—We have the  
satisfaction of announcing to our Whig friends  
and the public generally, that Tuesday the 29th of  
this month has been fixed on as the day on which the dinner  
will be given, by the Whigs of Pittsylvania, to  
Gen. Waddy Thompson, in the Town of Danville.  
The procession will be formed at 9 o'clock A. M.  
THOMAS P. ATKINSON,  
Chairman of the Committee of Invitation.  
Danville, Va., July 11, 1840.

NOTICE.—Land for Sale. The subscriber hav-  
ing a wish to remove to the Western country,  
offers his Tract of Land for sale lying eight miles  
north west from Raleigh on the lower Hillsborough  
Road, containing 280 Acres, with a framed Dwelling  
House, and out Houses; an excellent Clover Lot and  
open ground for five or six hands. A further descrip-  
tion is unnecessary, as any person desirous to  
purchase will view the premises. Early application is  
desired, as the Subscriber is desirous of moving early  
in the Fall.  
W. F. SMITH.

DWELLING HOUSE FOR  
SALE.—Intending to remove to an  
other part of the City, I offer for sale my  
present Residence on Fayetteville street.  
To persons, not acquainted with the premises, it  
may be remarked that the Lot on which this Dwelling  
House is situated, contains about half an acre, in  
the heart of the business of the city, has an excel-  
lent Well and Ice House in the yard, and all conven-  
ient offices and out houses. The Dwelling is in  
the form of an L, is well arranged for the accommo-  
dation of a large family, and all in excellent repair.  
Appurtenant to the Dwelling, but on the opposite  
side of the street, is another half acre on which are  
situated a good Garden, Stables, Granary, Carriage  
House &c. &c.  
A very liberal credit will be given to the purchaser,  
desired.  
CHAS. MANLY,  
Raleigh May 6th, 1840.

JAMES HERRON,  
CIVIL ENGINEER,  
Inventor of the improved construction of Rail-way  
Address, Baltimore, Maryland.

BUFFALO SPRINGS.—These Springs, situ-  
ated in the County of Mecklenburg, Va. are  
additional improvements, since the last season. Of  
the healing effect of these waters in cases of dyspep-  
sia, liver complaints, and cutaneous affections, it is  
unnecessary to say any thing, as the numerous visitors  
who have experienced their benefits, will attest their  
efficacy and virtues, more fully and satisfactorily than  
can possibly be done by an advertisement. With  
other amusements for the entertainment of visitors,  
we have provided a select band of Music, and every  
necessary to render the visit of those who may choose  
to patronize us, both pleasant and beneficial.  
Mr. Field will again take charge of the establish-  
ment, and flatters himself, with the experience of the  
past season, will be able to give general satisfaction.  
The charge for board per day \$1, for a single meal  
50 cents—children under 12 years of age, and ser-  
vants, half price—horses 75 cents per day.  
JOHN FIELD,  
ALEX. S. JONES,  
June 13 40-47

SMITH'S GEOGRAPHY.—Geography  
on the Productive System, for Schools, Academies  
and Families, revised and improved by Roswell  
C. SMITH, accompanied by a large and valuable At-  
las. For sale at No. 1, by  
TURNER & HUGHES,  
April 17. 35

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, FRANKLIN  
County.—Superior Court of Equity, Spring  
Term 1840. Will for sale of Land.  
Nathaniel Dunn, of Franklin County, Ann and  
William Merritt infants, by their guardian, Daniel R.  
Merritt, of the State of Kentucky, complainants, a-  
gainst Mary Cooper, John Dunn, Gray Dunn, John  
Broom and his wife Nancy, Charles F. DeLoach and  
his children and Thomas Dunn, all of whom, except  
Mary Cooper are non-residents.  
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that  
John Dunn, Gray Dunn, John Broom, and his wife  
Nancy, Chas. F. DeLoach and his children and Thom-  
as Dunn, five of the defendants in this cause, are  
not inhabitants of this State and reside beyond the  
jurisdiction of this Court. It is therefore ordered  
by the Court that publication be made for six suc-  
cessive weeks in Raleigh Register and N. C. Gazette  
that the said defendants make their personal appear-  
ance at the next Superior Court of Equity, to be held  
for the County of Franklin at the Court-house in  
Louisburg on the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday  
in September next, then and there to plead, answer,  
or demur to said Bill of complaint otherwise the  
same will be taken pro confesso and heard ex-parte  
as to them and decree made accordingly.  
Witness, Samuel Johnson, Clerk and Master of  
our said Court of Equity, the second Monday after  
the fourth Monday in March, A. D. 1840.  
SAM. JOHNSON, C. M. E.

LAW NOTICE & GENERAL LAND  
AGENCY.—HENRY B. WILLIAMS, At-  
torney at Law, will attend to the adjustment and col-  
lection of claims throughout the Western District of  
Tennessee, and also act as Gen'l Land Agent in selling  
listing and clearing old disputed titles. Persons re-  
siding at a distance, especially North Carolinians,  
whose interest is so extensive in this country, would  
do well to notice more strictly the situation of their  
Land claims.  
" " Office at Somerville, Tenn.  
Refer to Col. Samuel King, Ireddell County, N. C.  
Thomas P. Devereux, Esq. Raleigh, "  
William Hill, Sec. of State, "  
Turner & Hughes, "  
Brown, Saow, & Co. "  
W. M. Lewis, Milton, "  
Elielred J. Peebles, Northampton, "  
John Huske, Fayetteville, "  
John McNeil, Cumberland County, "  
February 18, 1840. 15-6m.

VALUABLE PROP-  
ERTY FOR SALE.—By  
virtue of a Deed of Trust ex-  
ecuted the 4th of September,  
1830, by J. M. Forney, Esq. of Lincoln county,  
and registered in Book No. 38, page 59, 60 and 61. I  
will expose to public sale, the property therein specifi-  
cally mentioned, consisting of the FURNACE, known as  
Mount Walsome Forge, also the following SLAVES,  
hitherto connected with the Forge,—old Jess, over  
50 years of age—youth Jess 25—Temple 26—Tim  
23—Green 27—Sandy between 45 and 50—Tom 50—  
Sam about 60, and old Ned.  
Together with all the horses, cattle and stocks of  
whatever kind, connected with the Forge.  
N. B. Dr. Wm. Johnson of this County, has an e-  
quitable title to one half of the Forge, and all the prop-  
erty above specified, and consequently it will be sold  
subject to his claim.  
The sale will take place at the Forge, the resi-  
dence of the late Gen. Forney, on Friday the 28th of  
August next.  
Terms—Cash will probably be required, but posi-  
tive terms will be made known on the day of sale.  
F. M. REINHARDT, Trustee.  
Lincoln co., N. C. July 8, 1840. 57 t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—Washing-  
ton County, In Equity.—Spring Term, 1840  
Sarah Ann Keith vs. William Keith & Bill for Divorce.  
On motion, and it appearing to the Court that two  
Schooners to answer the Bill of Complaint issued to  
Berrie county, against Wm. Keith, have been returned  
by the Sheriff that he is not to be found in that  
county; and also, that the said William Keith is not  
an inhabitant of this State, or not within the jurisdic-  
tion of this Court: the Court doth order that adver-  
tisement be made for thirteen successive weeks in the  
"Raleigh Register and North Carolina Gazette," ad-  
vising the said William Keith that, unless he appear  
before the said Court, at the Court house in Plymouth  
on the second Monday of September next, and plead,  
answer or demur to the Complaint's Bill of Com-  
plaint, it will be taken pro confesso and such decree  
made thereupon, as shall be considered just.  
Test, TH. TURNER, C. & M. E.

ADWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE IN  
THE CITY OF RALEIGH.—I offer to the  
Public, at private sale, until the 1st day of Septem-  
ber, the House and Lot in the City of Raleigh, at  
present occupied by me. Persons desirous of purchas-  
ing, will, of course examine the premises for them-  
selves. If not sold by the time stated, I shall dispose  
of it at public auction to the highest bidder.  
RALPH SMEDLEY,  
Raleigh, July 20, 1840.

STRAYED OR STOLEN, from my Stables in  
Kinston, Lenoir County, a likely YOUNG GIN-  
NY MULE, three years old, she is of dark color, with  
some light between her fore and hind legs. The a-  
bove described mule was purchased from a Kentucki-  
an last fall, and in all probability may attempt to get  
back. Any information respecting the said mule,  
will be thankfully received, and the informant suffi-  
ciently remunerated.  
JAMES E. METTE,  
July 13. 59 t.

MATCHES.—50 GroceDoie's Patent Friction  
Matches—a superior article, for sale by the  
Gross or in smaller quantities, at the North Carolina  
Book Store.  
TURNER & HUGHES,  
June 29th, 1840. 64c.

LANDS FOR SALE.—The following val-  
uable property is now offered for sale, to wit:  
Mill Lot No. 226, 4th district, Wilkinson county.  
Fraction No. 3, 5th do do (104 acs.)  
227, 18th do do  
255, do do do  
256, do do do  
257, 3d do do  
107, 13th do do  
107, 3d do do  
161, 15th do do  
1086, 3d do do  
Nos. 23 & 30, Starbuckville, Lee co. (107n lns.)  
Seven hundred and twenty acres, Taliaul county  
on the Altamaha River, adjoining lands of Amherst  
Gordon and others.  
These lands are offered to be sold at private sale,  
but if not disposed of in this manner to our satisfac-  
tion, they will be sold to the highest bidder, on the  
first Tuesday in December next, at the Court house  
door in the city of Milledgeville, one-third cash,  
the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest,  
and undoubted personal security.  
We offer for sale also two splendid settlements of  
land, in Baker county, one containing 1250 acres, the  
other 2250 acres. The first settlement embraces the  
following lots: Nos. 26 and 8, 8th district Baker;  
Nos. 19, 20, and 22, 7th district Baker.—1250 acres.  
—The other settlement contains the following Lots  
of Land, to wit: Nos. 235, 256, 265, 295, 324, 326,  
297, 229, 252—2250 acres, and all in the 3d district  
Baker county.

In regard to the character of these two last named  
settlements of land or plantations, it is sufficient to  
say, they have been pronounced by competent judges  
to be inferior to no body of land north of the Sabal  
River. Their location, fertility, and production, for  
corn and cotton, cannot be surpassed; they lie be-  
tween the Chatahoocbee and Flint River; a section  
of our State that is rapidly attracting public notice,  
and in a very few years will stand unrivalled as a cot-  
ton growing section of the Southern States. These  
were selected with great care and expense, by one of  
the best judges of such property in his life time, for  
his special use and accommodation.  
The undersigned are very desirous to dispose of  
these two bodies of land, in two separate plantations,  
and will do so at private sale, to a fair purchaser, and  
on good time. But if not so arranged, they will be  
offered at the same time and place, and on the same  
terms, as the first mentioned scattering lands, lot by  
lot, and they are offered to the public at this early no-  
tice, in the hope of their receiving the strictest personal  
examination.  
R. S. WILLIAMS, Esq.  
N. J. WILLIAMS, Esq.  
M. G. WILLIAMS, Esq.  
In regard to the character of these lands, reference  
may be made to Gen. James Hamilton, Charleston  
S. C. J. Cowles, Macon, Ga.; Thomas B. Stubb,  
Milledgeville, Georgia; and William Bennard, Bar-  
kler County Georgia; and the last named gen-  
tlemen will show the land to any person desirous of  
a personal examination. All communications on  
this subject addressed to either of the Executors, on  
Joseph T. Williams, Milledgeville, Ga.  
Milledgeville, March 3, 1840. 29 10m

MORE NEW GOODS.—The Subscriber  
has just received their new Spring and Summer  
Goods, consisting in part of the following arti-  
cles: Superior Black and blue-black Silks, fancy col-  
ored ditto. Bleached DOM. unbleached do. Gen's.  
Gloves of every kind; Ladies' superior horse-shoe do.  
also white and black Silk, white and black Pickwick  
Gloves, Handkerchiefs and Scarfs; Gen's. Summer  
Clothing of every description; Straw Matting; Ladi-  
es' fine colored Shoes, also black ditto; Fringed  
Mantles, &c. &c.  
We are determined to sell for the smallest advance  
for Cash. Those wishing to buy any of the above  
named articles, will do well to call and examine our  
Stock.  
TOWLER & CALUM,  
Fayetteville Street.  
May 30, 1840. 45

BLANK BOOKS, PAPER, &c.—500 Reams  
Footslop Paper—500 do. Letter do.—50 do  
Wrapping do.—BLANK BOOKS, of every descrip-  
tion; viz: Ledgers, Journals, Registers for Courts  
Day-Books, Inventories, Letter Books, Receipts and Bill  
Books, Memorandum, Bank & Pass Books, Cypher-  
ing and Copy Books, &c. &c.  
For sale low at the N. C. Book Store.  
N. B. Book Binding executed in all its varieties  
with neatness and dispatch, &c. &c.  
T. & M.

BOOK BINDING.—The Subscriber  
has just received the inhabitants of this and the  
adjacent Counties, that he still carries on the Book  
Binding business, in its various branches, from plain  
to ornamental, and at Northern prices.  
Great care will be taken to bind all Periodicals to  
pattern and match volumes.  
Grateful for past favors, he still hopes to receive a  
share of public patronage.  
His business is back of the Raleigh Register Office,  
where all orders in the above line will be promptly  
attended to.  
P. S. Blank Books, of every description, made and  
ruling to any pattern, and quickly done, and a liberal  
discount made on a large job.  
JOHN H. DE CANTERET,  
Raleigh, May 30, 1840. 47

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BOOK AND  
STATIONERY ESTABLISHMENT IN  
PETERSBURG, VA.—James Woodhouse & Co.  
dealt extensively in Books in the various departments  
of Literature, Law, Letter Books, Receipts and Bill  
Books, Memorandum, Bank & Pass Books, Cypher-  
ing and Copy Books, &c. &c. and pronounce that  
they will compare in price to quality and kind with any  
house, South of the Potomac.  
" " Music, Musical Instruments and Musical Merch-  
andise of every description at wholesale and retail.  
June 18. 49 J. W. & C.

SOLE LEATHER, SUGAR, COFFEES  
&c.—The Subscriber has recently received:  
700 Bales "Good" and good "damaged" Hem-  
lock Sole Leather, of excellent quality.  
20 Hides prime Porto Rico Sugar.  
20 Boxes various Qualities Leaf do.  
120 Bags prime green Laguira Coffee.  
110 do do do do do do.  
And expect further supplies of articles in their line—  
all of which will be sold on accommodating terms.  
Our best attention will be given to the sale of  
Country Produce, and to forwarding Goods for Mer-  
chants and others.  
N. M. MARTIN & DONNAN,  
Petersburg, Va. July 10, 1840. 57 c.

FOR SALE.—That pleasant situation,  
4 miles from Raleigh, on the Chapel Hill  
Road, well known as the Streeter place, it  
contains about 140 acres, 33 or 40 of which  
are cleared and in cultivation, the balance is woody.  
There is a small orchard of first rate fruit of early and  
late Apples, besides other fruits, and an orchard of  
2000 Mulberries, which, alone, will, when they  
begin next November and the people get to work  
again, pay what is asked for the place. It is deemed  
unnecessary to mention all the advantages of the situation  
unless to mention all the advantages of the situation  
unless to mention all the advantages of the situation  
unless to mention all the advantages of the situation  
purchase will look at the premises.  
J. T. C. WYATT,  
June 29th, 1840. 64c.