

Wesley A. Gales,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS.
Subscription.—Five Dollars per annum—half in Advance.
Advertisements.—For every 16 lines, first insertion, One Dollar; each subsequent insertion, 25 cents.
Court Orders and Judicial Advertisements will be charged 25 percent higher; but a deduction of 33 1/3 per cent, will be made from the regular prices, for advertisements by the year.
Advertisements, inserted in the Semi-Weekly Recorder will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.
Letters to the Editor must be post-paid.

SELECTED FOR THE REGISTER.

BONAPARTE'S CAMPAIGN IN RUSSIA

The following account of the horrors of war, and the sufferings of the French Army after the burning of Moscow, is taken from a Narrative written by Capt. Eugene Labaume, who served in the Russian Campaign. During this Campaign five hundred thousand French Soldiers perished, the victims of inordinate ambition and savage barbarity.

The French troops entered the Russian capital about noon; and towards five in the evening the whole city was in flames!

We hurry from the dreadful contemplation. In their retreat, the French army had to experience miseries seldom paralleled. Encamped on the bare snow in the midst of the severest winter, closely pursued by the enemy without any defence from cavalry or from artillery; this devoted soldiery, without shoes, and almost without clothes, suffered all the unavailing agonies of despair. They were enfeebled by fatigue, and were groaning with famine. They reclined upon their knapsacks; and happy was the wretch who could borrow an hour's forgetfulness from slumber.—Arising, benumbed, nay almost frozen, their only solace was a slice of horse flesh, forced down their throats with draughts of melted ice. Often they were without fuel; on these occasions they would burn the adjacent huts, which lodged their generals, and often the little village which flanked their encampment at the setting sun, had wholly disappeared before the morning.

The hour of departure being arrived, we set fire to Cuckovitchina, whose houses had been so useful to us. Although sufficiently accustomed to all the effects of a conflagration, we could not restrain our astonishment at the horrible, yet superb spectacle which it now presented, amid the shades of a forest covered with snow, and strangely illuminated by the flames. The trees, covered with a sheet of ice, dazzled the sight, and produced as with a prism, the most vivid and variegated colours. The branches of the birch, drooping to the ground, like the weeping willow, appeared like beautiful chandeliers, while icicles, melted by the heat, seemed to scatter around us a shower of brilliant and sparkling diamonds.

In the midst of a scene full of splendid horror, our troops re-united, and proceeded from the town on the road to Smolensko.—Although the night was unusually dark, the flames that ascended from the neighbouring villages, which had been also destroyed, formed so many aurora-boreales, and till the dawn of day, shed a frightful glare upon our march. Beyond Toporovo, the road of Pologhi, which we had followed when we came from Smolensko to Dorogoboi, was on our left. The snow, that covered all the country, had nearly buried the villages which formed from afar only a black spot on one boundless surface of white. The difficulty of approaching them saved many from the general desolation. When I compared these peaceful asylums with the torments to which we were a prey, I could not refrain from exclaiming, "Happy people! exempt from ambition, you live tranquil and undisturbed, while we are fast sinking under the most frightful calamities. The winter preserves your existence, but it devotes us to death. When the sweet spring shall have accomplished your deliverance, you will see our carcasses bleaching on the plain, and you will be doubly happy in having suffered so little from our tyranny, and in having added nothing to the weight of our misfortunes."

Approaching Smolensko, hope began to revive in this miserable army. Abundance would, they believed, succeed to want, repose to fatigue. Many French females, to shun the apprehended vengeance of the Russians, had followed the army. They were on foot, clad in robes of silk or fine muslin, with light shoes, wofully calculated to defend them from the frozen snow. In their despair, they tore the tattered garments from the dead bodies of the soldiery, as they fell on their march, presenting to the view a variety of wretchedness agonizing to humanity.

Of all the horrors of war, no one inspired warmer pity than the young and interesting Fanny. Beautiful, affectionate, amiable, and sprightly, speaking many different languages, and possessing every quality calculated to seduce the most insensible heart, she now begged for the most menial employment; and the morsel of bread which she obtained, drew from her rapturous expressions of gratitude. Imploring succour from us all, she was compelled to submit to the vilest abuse; and though her soul loathed the prostitution, she every night belonged to him who would charge himself with her support. I saw her when we quitted Smolensko. She was no longer able to walk. She was clinging to the tail of a horse, and was thus dragged along. At length her powers were quite exhausted. She fell on the snow, and there remained, without exciting one emotion of

compassion, or obtaining a look of pity; so debased were our souls now become, and our sensibility quite extinguished. But what need of more testimonies of the calamities which befell us, we were all fellow-sufferers.

CARTOUCHE THE ROBBER.

Cartouche the robber, infested Paris in the early part of the last century, [born in Paris 1693]. His people were arranged in bands, and regularly placed, every night, as so many guards; but certainly not for the protection of property. He picked himself on being a generous and gallant man; and his behaviour to Madame de Segur, had some claims to support his pretensions. That lady found on her toilette, one morning, the following epistle, respectfully addressed to her, without being able to form the most distant conjecture, as to the means by which it was placed there.

"Madame!—As I am informed of every thing that passes both in the City, and at Court, I know that two days ago you spoke of me very advantageously to the Regent, Monsieur le Duc d'Orleans, and that you said, 'that a man like me might make a good general in the army.' I am extremely grateful for the good opinion you entertain of my abilities; and by way of demonstrating my gratitude, I have caused one hundred bottles of Champagne wine, which I have carefully chosen as excellent, to be placed in your wine cellar. I add to this small present an impression from my seal. It is a sovereign safe conduct, and you may securely walk in any part of Paris, at whatever hour you please, without feeling the smallest misadventure. I am with respect Madame,

Your most humble, and most ob't. serv't,
CARTOUCHE."

Madame de Segur, astonished at this information, recollected however, that she had spoken of Cartouche to the Regent. She instantly sent servants to examine her wine cellar, and sure enough they found the one hundred bottles of Champagne mentioned in the letter. She conceived violent suspicions of the honesty of her domestics, and proposed to remove to another house; but her friends advised her to confide in the honor of the robber who had promised his protection, and who would not suffer her to be robbed. Besides, said they, all Paris is full of Cartouchians, and perhaps you may fall into hands of gangs still more desperate. It is certain, that Madame de Segur, never could discover by what means his agents had access to her house; and, it is equally certain, that she never could perceive that she suffered the smallest injury.

SINGULAR CIRCUMSTANCE.

About two years ago, a remarkable fine bull belonging to a gentleman in Europe, was lost every method was tried to find him, without success. One day the gentleman's steward having directions to examine a coal-pit which had not been worked for several years, on account of a spring, having issued from an elevated part of the mine, went there with some assistants; and having descended to the bottom of the pit, found that the water had nearly gone away; and on further prosecuting their search, found to their inexpressible astonishment, the very bull which had been so long lost, standing as if in the act of drinking; nor did their astonishment in the least abate, on discovering that the beast had become a most striking instance of petrification! Every feature and muscle were as perfect as when he was living, except that the hair on his hide was changed into a beautiful mossy substance, which still retained the original color of the animal, and extended in curls all over it, in a manner not to be described. The owner has made several attempts to have the bull removed; but he has now given up the idea, as the moss is of so brittle a nature as to break with the slightest touch. Several Noblemen and distinguished Gentlemen have already visited this phenomenon, and have borne testimony to the wonderful effects of nature exemplified in this animal.

EXTRACTS FROM LOCKE ON EDUCATION

It seems that the principle of all virtue and excellency lies in the power of denying ourselves the satisfaction of all our desires, where reason does not authorize them.

God has stamped certain characters upon men's minds, which, like their shapes may, perhaps, be amended, but can hardly be totally altered and transformed to the contrary. Affection endeavors to correct natural defects, and has always the laudable aim of pleasing, though it always misses it.

Some men give more clear light and knowledge by the bare stating of a question, than others by talking on it in gross whole hours together.

What our minds yield not to, makes but a very slight impression, and does us but little harm.

Fortitude is the guard and support of other virtues, and without courage a man will scarce keep steady at his duty, and fill up the character of a truly worthy man.

True fortitude I take to be the quiet possession of a man's self, and an undisturbed doing his duty, whatever evil besets him or dangers lies in his way.

Where danger is, sense of danger should be—that is, apprehension is consistent with fortitude, though fear is not.

I think there is frequently more to be learned from the questions of a child, than the discourses of those who talk in a road according to notions they have borrowed and the prejudices of their education.

No cover was ever made so big or so fine as to hide itself. Nobody was ever so cunning as to conceal their being so.

Our short lives will not serve us for the attainment of all things, nor can our minds be always intent on something to be learned. The great business of all is virtue and wisdom.

THE TOMB.

When I look upon the tombs of the great, every emotion of envy dies within me; when I read the epitaphs of the beautiful, every inordinate desire goes out; when I meet with the grief of parents upon the tomb stone, my heart melts with compassion: when I see tombs of parents themselves, I consider the vanity of grieving for those whom we must soon follow: when I see kings lying with those who deposed them, when I consider rivals laid side by side, or the holy men that divided the world with their contents and disputes, I reflect with sorrow and astonishment on the little competitions, factions and debates of mankind; when I read the several dates of the tombs, of some that died yesterday, and some six hundred years ago, I consider that great day when we shall all of us be contemporaries, and make our appearance together.

ADDISON.

Dr. Johnson very beautifully remarks that "when a friend is carried to his grave, we at once find excuses for every weakness, and palliation for every fault; we recollect a thousand endearments, which before glided off our minds without impressions; a thousand favors unrepaid, a thousand duties unperformed; and wish for his return, not so much that we may receive, as that we may bestow happiness, and recompense that kindness which before we never understood."

Youth is fed by poetry and imagination; mature age, by realities: as plants draw all their nourishment from the air, until they bear fruit; and afterwards, from the ground only.

W. J. RAMSAY,



Watch and Clock Maker,
JEWELLER AND SILVERSMITH,

Respectfully informs his old customers and friends, and the public generally, that he is prepared to repair all kinds of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Silver Ware, in superior style. He has in his employ a skilful and steady workman, and will besides, also give the business his personal attention; and from his knowledge of all the different branches of business, he flatters himself that he will be able to give general satisfaction. His Shop is in the Store formerly occupied by Hazlett Kyle, deceased, nearly opposite the New Market House.

* * All work warranted to perform well. Persons visiting the City would find it to their interest to give him a call as his prices will be such as to suit the times. Raleigh, March 1, 1841. 91

A CARD.

W. & W. H. RICHARDSON,
EXTENSIVE UMBRELLA MANUFACTURERS,
No. 6, South Third Street, Philadelphia.

Respectfully inform their customers and Merchants generally, that they have for sale a large and superior Stock of SILK & COTTON UMBRELLAS, comprising some thousands of every description, which, with a handsome assortment of PARASOLS, (part of which are manufactured of Silk imported expressly by themselves,) will, they trust, be found worthy the attention of their customers and the Public, as they will sell at the lowest prices, and warrant their Goods to be of such manufacture as can be depended upon.

* * All orders will receive particular and prompt attention.
February 17, 1841.—if

LEAVE the choice of your Piano to myself, and I'll insure you a fine one. There are many persons who would purchase Piano Fortes if they could be sure of being suited without much trouble. To such I would say leave the choice of the instrument to myself, and if I send you an indifferent article it will be my own loss. Simply send in your order, and say what priced Piano shall be chosen.

I am thoroughly convinced myself that my Pianos are superior, and in order that others may be convinced also, I will agree for them to be tried before being paid for. It is out of my power to make a more liberal proposition.

E. P. NASH.

Book and Piano Forte seller, Petersburg, Va. February 6, 1841. 13

TO THE MEDICAL PUBLIC.—The Chair of the Theory and Practice of Medicine, in the Medical Department of the Transylvania University, is at present vacant, and with a view to fill it in the best possible manner, applications for the appointment are invited from the Members of the Medical Profession.

The communications on the subject must be addressed to the *Dean of the Medical Faculty of T. U.* and come to hand before the 1st of June next, when the appointment will be made. The name of no one but the successful candidate will be made public.

M. C. JOHNSON, Ch'm.
Board Trustees Transylvania University. 23 61

CITY TAX LISTS.—The inhabitants of Raleigh are hereby notified, that their Lists of Taxable Property will be received at the City Hall, on Saturday the 27th instant, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Persons failing to give in their Lists of Taxable Property, as required, will be subject to a fine of two dollars.

ALEX. J. LAWRENCE,
Intendant pro tem. 23 3t

TO PRINTERS.—A Journeyman Printer, who is willing to work either at Home or Press, is desirous of a situation. Applications, personally or by letter, may be made at this Office.
Raleigh, March 15, 1841. 23

A LIKELY NEGRO WOMAN AND TWO CHILDREN for sale. Apply at this Office. Sept. 50, 1840.—80 t.

GOOD BACON.—Low for the Cash, by the WM. PECK, Agent. Raleigh 2d. March. 19—4w.

JOB PRINTING
Executed with neatness and despatch
AT THIS OFFICE.

State of North Carolina.—Craven County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, A. D. 1841.

Francis Downing, John Downing and Jane, his wife, (the said Jane the daughter and only child of Dawson Downing,) Bernard, John, Edward and Jane Donnelly, (who are the children of Barbara Donnelly, otherwise Downing,) Edward Donnelly, son of Mary Donnelly, (otherwise Downing,) John, Samuel, Robert and Edward Downing, (children of Jane Downing,) PETITIONERS;

Against
John M. Roberts, Administrator of Edward Downing, Rose Quinn, (widow of James Quinn, and daughter of Mary Donnelly,) Michael McClernon and Sally his wife, (the said Sally being also the daughter of said Mary Donnelly,) James, Dawson and Francis Downing, (who were sons of Jane Downing aforesaid,) DEFENDANTS.

It being proved to the Court, that the Defendants, Rose Quinn, (widow of James Quinn,) Michael McClernon and Sally his wife, James Downing, Dawson Downing and Francis Downing, are not inhabitants of this State: It is ordered by the said Court, that publication be made for five weeks, successively, in the Raleigh Register, that the said Rose Quinn, Michael McClernon and Sally his wife, James Downing, Dawson Downing and Francis Downing, appear at the County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Craven County, at the Court-house in Newbern, on the second Monday of May next, and plead, answer or demur to the said petition, otherwise the same will be taken pro confesso against them and heard accordingly. Witness, James G. Stanly, Clerk of said Court, at Newbern, the second Monday of February, A. D. 1841. J. G. STANLY, Clerk. Pr. Adv. \$5 25 20 5w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, Caswell County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1841.

Joseph Bracken & wife others, Petition for divorce, vs. Henry Hundley & wife others, &c.

In this case it, appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that all the defendants, to wit, Henry Hundley and his wife Eliza, John Hooper and Martha Motley, are inhabitants of other States.—It is Ordered and Decreed by the Court that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for the space of six weeks for the said defendants to be and appear at the next Term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the said County of Caswell, at the Court House in Yanceyville, on the first Monday after the fourth Monday of March, 1841, then and there to answer the said petition, otherwise Judgment pro confesso will be entered against them, and the cause be set for hearing, and heard exparte.

Teste, PAUL A. HARALSON, Ck. Feb 2-6w11.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—Pitt County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1841.

William R. Somersell vs. Rufus K. Hearn. Original Attachment.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Rufus K. Hearn is not an inhabitant of this State: It is ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for six weeks, that the said Rufus K. Hearn appear before the Justices of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Pitt, at the Court-house in Greenville, on the first Monday in May next, and reply or plead to issue, or judgment final will be entered against him.

Witness, Archibald Parker, Clerk of our said Court at office in Greenville, the first Monday in February, A. D. 1841. ARCHIBALD PARKER, Ck.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—Pitt County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1841.

William Clark vs. John Satter. Original Attachment.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that John Satter is not an inhabitant of this State: It is ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for six weeks, that the said John Satter appear before the Justices of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Pitt, at the Court-house in Greenville, on the first Monday in May next, and reply or plead to issue, or judgment final will be entered against him.

Witness, Archibald Parker, Clerk of our said Court at office in Greenville, the first Monday in February, A. D. 1841. ARCHIBALD PARKER, Ck.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—Notice.—I shall

surrender to public sale, at the Court-house door, in the town of Rockingham, Richmond County, on the third Monday of April next, as much of the following Tracts of Land as will be sufficient to satisfy the tax due thereon for the years 1838 and 1839, and costs of advertising, viz:

45 Acres more or less, said to belong to Pearce, Tax. 55 1/2 cents, lying near Buffalo Creek, 150 do. listed by Roderick McSwan, near Marks' Creek, Taxes 15 cents.
100 do. listed by James Nelson, lying on Carter-ledge Creek Tax \$9 54 cents.
600 do. listed by Alexander Cunningham, de'd, lying on the waters of the Rocky Fork, Tax \$8 40.
55 do. listed by Charles Brown, near Barnes' Bridge, on Gun Swamp, Tax 23 cents.
50 do. listed by Daniel P. Lyth, adjoining the lands of Jinnett McNaught and others, Tax \$3 74 cts.
SAMUEL TERRY, s.d. Rockingham, Richmond County, Feb. 24, 1841. Price Adv. \$7 50. 18

INFANT SCHOOL.—The Infant School under the superintendence of Mrs. P. A. T. from Philadelphia, will be opened as early in the Spring as the weather will permit.

The abuses which have crept into the system will be rejected, and the plan of Pestalozzi will be pursued as much as possible, namely, to develop the powers of the mind by presenting ideas and not a mere mass of words. The memory will be exercised, but not over taxed.

As central a location as can be procured, will be chosen for the School. Children will be admitted from the age of three to seven.

TERMS.—The first Class, which will embrace the elements of Natural History, History, Natural Philosophy, Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, Writing, and Drawing, per Session, \$10 50
Second Class, 8 50
Third Class, 6 50

Those who wish to patronize the School, will be so good as to send their names to Miss MILLER, at Mr. LeMessurier's, corner of Morgan and Salisbury streets. Feb. 12-14

SIX HUNDRED DOLLAR PIANO.—I have for sale another of those splendid six hundred dollar Pianos Fortes. Those who want something extra, and uncommon, will do well to get the instrument alluded to.

Most of the Pianos bought from the subscriber, are never seen by their purchasers, until unpacked at their places of destination.

E. P. NASH. Petersburg, Feb. 6, 1841. 13

State of North Carolina.—Lenoir County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1841.

Stephen White, vs. Bryan Burnet. Original Attachment, levied, &c.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Bryan Burnet is not an inhabitant of this State: It is ordered that notice be given by public advertisement in the Raleigh Register for six weeks, that the said Bryan Burnet appear before the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Lenoir, at the Court-house in Kinston, on the first Monday of April next, and reply or plead to issue, or judgment final will be entered against him on this attachment. Witness, Lewis C. Desmond, Clerk of said Court, at Kinston, the first Monday of January, A. D. 1841. LEWIS C. DESMOND, Ck. Feb. 12. Pr. Adv. \$5 62 1/2 14 6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—Lenoir County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1841.

Daniel Andrews, vs. Bryan Burnet. Original Attachment, levied, &c.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Bryan Burnet is not an inhabitant of this State: It is ordered that notice be given by public advertisement in the Raleigh Register, for six weeks, that the said Bryan Burnet appear before the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Lenoir, at the Court-house in Kinston, on the first Monday of April next, and reply or plead to issue, or judgment final will be entered against him on this attachment. Witness, Lewis C. Desmond, Clerk of said Court, at Kinston, the first Monday of January, A. D. 1841. LEWIS C. DESMOND, Ck. Feb. 12. Pr. Adv. \$5 62 1/2 14 6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—Lenoir County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1841.

William Phillips, vs. Bryan Burnet. Original Attachment, levied, &c.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Bryan Burnet is not an inhabitant of this State: It is ordered that notice be given by public advertisement in the Raleigh Register, for six weeks, that the said Bryan Burnet appear before the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Lenoir, at the Court-house in Kinston, on the first Monday of April next, and reply or plead to issue, or judgment final will be entered against him on this attachment. Witness, Lewis C. Desmond, Clerk of said Court, at Kinston, the first Monday of January, A. D. 1841. LEWIS C. DESMOND, Ck. Feb. 12. Pr. Adv. \$5 62 1/2 14 6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—Lenoir County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1841.

William Holland & Co., vs. Bryan Burnet. Original Attachment, levied, &c.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Bryan Burnet is not an inhabitant of this State: It is ordered that notice be given by public advertisement in the Raleigh Register, for six weeks, that the said Bryan Burnet appear before the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Lenoir, at the Court-house in Kinston, on the first Monday of April next, and reply or plead to issue, or judgment final will be entered against him on this attachment. Witness, Lewis C. Desmond, Clerk of said Court, at Kinston, the first Monday of January, A. D. 1841. LEWIS C. DESMOND, Ck. Feb. 12. Pr. Adv. \$5 62 1/2 14 6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—Wake County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1841.

Samuel G. Smith and Wife Sarah, Isiah Baucum, James Nutt and Wife Gilly, Gray Dunn and Wife Lydia, Wesley Johnson, Berry Johnson, Mark H. Whitaker and wife Emily, Willis Johnson, vs. Urins Baucum, Ransom Baucum and Wife Harriet, Gustin Banks and Wife Candace, and Sidney Baucum.

Petition for Division of Land.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Ransom Baucum and Wife Harriet, Gustin Banks and Wife Candace and Sidney Baucum, who are Defendants in this case, are not inhabitants of this State: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for six weeks, successively, notifying said non-residents to be and appear before the Justices of our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Wake, at the Court House in Raleigh, on the third Monday in May next, and there to demur to and answer this Petition, otherwise the Court will proceed to hear the same ex parte as to them, and to grant an order for partition according to the prayer of the Petitioners.

Witness, Alfred Williams, Clerk of said Court at Office in Raleigh, the third Monday of February, 1841. A. WILLIAMS, C. C.

State of North Carolina.—Wake County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1841.

Ransom H. Smith, vs. Hardy T. Lewis. Attachment levied on Land.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant Hardy T. Lewis, in this case, is not an inhabitant of this State: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for six weeks successively, notifying said defendant to be and appear before the Justices of our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Wake, at the Court House, in Raleigh, on the 3d Monday in May next, then and there to reply and plead to issue, otherwise judgment by default will be granted against him, and the land levied upon condemned, subject to the Plaintiff's recovery.

Witness Alfred Williams, Clerk of our said Court, at office, in Raleigh, the third Monday of February, 1841. A. WILLIAMS, C. C.

THE SUBSCRIBERS offer for sale privately, their well known Farm and Mercantile stand, which is believed to be the best county stand any where in the County. The Farm is amply sufficient for four or five hands; the Dwelling is large and commodious, with three rooms below stairs, and three rooms with five fire places; framed kitchen and Stone chimney, with good houses for servants' use.

The Store House is sixty-two feet long, with two fire places, and the Store thirty-eight feet in length, and sixteen feet wide, and not too large for the business of the vicinity. Also a Gin House, twenty-four feet square, and a Church close by the Store, within seventy yards. There are besides, all necessary Out-houses. Further particulars are deemed unnecessary. On application, any person can examine for themselves. If we should not sell by the 1st of May, we may go to business again ourselves.

A. S. WYNNE & CO.

Wake County, January 15th, 1841.

PRACTICE OF THE LAW.—NATHANIEL J. PALMER, of Milton, N. C.

would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he intends for the future to devote himself, (almost exclusively) to the Practice of the Law, and will attend the Superior and County Courts of Wake, Orange, Person and Caswell counties, and also the Federal Court at Raleigh. He will receive claims for collection due in any part of North Carolina, or the counties of Pittsylvania and Halifax, Virginia. Business of any kind entrusted to his management shall be faithfully and diligently attended to.

REFERENCES.
D. W. Stone, Esq. and Alfred Jones, Esq. Raleigh. Thomas Clancy, Esq. P. M. and Maj. James M. Palmer, Hillsborough, N. C. Samuel Watkins, and Martin P. Huntington, Milton, N. C. Feb. 24.

19 3w

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The Subscriber, desirous of carrying into execution his long cherished intention of removing to the West, offers for sale, for very valuable Establishment, in the City of Raleigh, known as the CITY HOTEL.

Having had personal charge of the Hotel, for several years, the Subscriber can speak from his own knowledge as to the productiveness and value of the property. To a person, who is well acquainted with the business, the certainty of a profitable investment of his money will be ensured. It always has commanded, and from its eligible situation, always must command a fair proportion of custom. Its advantages as a Public House are too numerous to be detailed in an Advertisement, but can be demonstrated to any one inclined to purchase. The terms of sale, which will be very accommodating, may be known on application.

DANIEL MURRAY.

Raleigh, Jan. 27, 1841. 10

N. B. The Subscriber will also sell a Plantation of 200 Acres of Land, situated within 2 1/2 miles of Raleigh, known as the GRANT Tract.

* Standard and Star, till forbid.

State of North Carolina.—Lenoir County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1841.

William Holland, vs. Bryan Burnet. Original Attachment, levied, &c.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Bryan Burnet is not an inhabitant of this State: It is ordered that notice be given by public advertisement in the Raleigh Register, for six weeks, that the said Bryan Burnet appear before the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Lenoir, at the Court-house in Kinston, on the first Monday of April next, and reply or plead to issue, or judgment final will be entered against him on this attachment. Witness, Lewis C. Desmond, Clerk of said Court, at Kinston, the first Monday of January, A. D. 1841. LEWIS C. DESMOND, Ck. Feb. 12. Pr. Adv. \$5 62 1/2 14 6w