RALEIGH REGISTER,
AND NORTH CAROLINA GAZETTE.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

VOL. XLIII. } FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1842. { NO. 60.

Weston R. Gales,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS.

SUBSCRIPTION.—Five Dollars per annum—half in Advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—For every *Sixteen Lines*, first insertion, One Dollar; each subsequent insertion, Twenty-five Cents.

COURT ORDERS and JUDICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS will be charged 25 per cent. higher; but a deduction of 33⅓ per cent. will be made from the regular prices, for advertisers by the year.

Advertisements, inserted in the SEMI-WEEKLY REGISTER, will also appear in the WEEKLY Paper free of charge.

☞ Letters to the Editor must be POST-PAID.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE HAPPY MATCH.

'Now,' said Harry Hemphill to his young wife, as they went to housekeeping, 'it's my business to bring money into the house, and your's to see that none goes foolishly out of it.' This was the agreement with which they set forward in the world. He chose her first, because he loved her, and in the second place because he knew she was sensible, economical and industrious—just the reason which influences a sensible man in his choice now. And he thought it best that each should have a distinct sphere of action. Their interests were indivisible, consequently each had the same motives to act well the allotted part. His business called for his whole attention; he wished, therefore, to pursue it undistracted by other cares—for himself, he looked for happiness only at home: there he expected a supply for all his wants, and he was of course not disposed to spend any thing abroad in pursuit of what he thought every reasonable man ought to look for in the bosom of his family. Her duties being all domestic, she was able to compass them better by turning her whole attention to them. Her husband's business habits—his temperate and correct life, had all the powers of example, increasing her esteem, and doubling her anxiety to deserve his.

They married without waiting to get rich—they neither distrusted Providence nor each other. With little besides health, and a disposition to improve it, they nevertheless had that strong confidence of final success, which prudent resolutions inspire in those who feel that they have perseverance enough to adhere to them. Thus they begun the world.

To attach a man to his home, it is necessary that home should have attractions.—Harry Hemphill's had. There he sought repose after the toil and weariness of the day and there he found it. When perplexed and low spirited, he retired thither, and amid the soothing influence of its quiet and peaceful shades, he forgot the heartlessness of the world, and all the wrongs of men. When things went ill with him, he found always a solace in the sunshine of affection, in the domestic circle, that beamed upon, and dispelled every cloud from his brow. However others treated him, there, was all kindness, confidence, affection; if others deceived him and hypocrisy, with its shameless face, smiled on him to delude him, there, all was sincerity—that sincerity of the heart which makes amends for suffering, and wins the troubled spirit from misanthrophy.

Nothing so directly tends to make a good wife, a good housekeeper, a good domestic economist, as that kindness on the part of the husband which speaks the language of approbation, and that careful and well directed industry which thrives and gives strong promises that her care and prudence will have a favorable issue. And Mary Hemphill had this token and this assurance.

Harry devoted himself to business with steady purpose and untiring zeal; he obtained credit by his plain and honest dealing—custom by his faithful punctuality and constant care—friends by his obliging deportment and accommodating disposition. He gained the reputation of being the best workman in the village; none were ever deceived who trusted to his word. He always drove his business a little beforehand; for, he said, 'things go badly when the cart gets before the horse.' I noticed once a little incident which illustrated his character: A thrifty old farmer was accosted in the road at the end of the village by a youngster, who was making a great dash in business, and wanted to borrow a few hundred dollars. The wily old man was perfectly ignorant where it could be had, and slided off from him as soon as he could. He rode directly down to Hemphill, and told him he had a few hundred dollars to loan, and wished him to take it; the payments should be easy—just such as would suit. Indeed, replied Harry, you have come to a bad market—I have a little cash myself, and have been looking round these two weeks for a good opportunity of putting it out.

While Harry was prospering in his business, all went like clock work at home; the family expenditures were carefully made—not a farthing was wanted, not a scrap was lost—the furniture was neat and useful, rather than ornamental—the table plain, frugal, but wholesome and well spread—little went either to the seamstress or tailor—no extravagance in dress, no costly company keeping, no useless waste of time in ceaseless visiting, and yet the neighborhood praised Mary Hemphill, and loved her; she was kind without dissipation—and while few people lived more comfortable, none lived more economically.

The results of such management can never disappoint the expectations to which it looks. Even the angry frown of misfortune is almost put at defiance. A vantage ground is soon gained which the storm seldom reaches. And the full reward comes in the proper time to crown the meed of lives thus spent.

'The music of Harry's tools was in full play on the morning that I left the village for a distant residence. It was not yet sunrise.—And as the coach bore me rapidly past the cool and quiet residence of the villager, I saw the door was open and the breakfast smoking on the table. Mary, in her neat morning dress and white apron, blooming in health and loveliness, was busy amid her household affairs; and a stranger to the place, observed it, and said, 'there is a thriving family, my word for it.' And he spoke well. There are certain signs always perceptible about those who are working things right, that cannot be mistaken by the most casual observer. On my return to Alesbury, many years afterwards, I noticed a beautiful country residence on the banks of the river, surrounded by all the elegance of wealth and taste. Richly cultivated fields stretched themselves out on every side far as the eyes could reach—and flocks and herds were scattered in every direction. It was a splendid scene; the sun was just setting behind the western hills, and while a group of neatly dressed children sported on the adjacent school house green, the mellow notes of the flute mingled with their noisy mirth. 'There,' said an old friend, 'lives Harry Hemphill—that is his farm—those are his cattle, here is his school house, and those his own, and some orphan children of his adoption, which he educates at his own expense—having made an ample fortune by his industry and prudence, he spends his large income in deeds of charity, and he and Mary mutually give each other the credit of doing this.'

My heart expands then—it expands still when I think of them—and I pen their simple history in the hope, that as it is not entirely inimitable, some who read it will attempt to imitate it.

The last sensations of being blown up in a Steam-boat.—Captain Sutton who had command of the steamboat Medora, at the time her boiler exploded, and she was blown up, we are pleased to learn, has so far recovered from his wounds as to be able to walk out and enjoy the renovating influence of exercise. In describing his last sensations, at the very moment of the dreadful calamity, the Captain states that he remembers having heard immediately beneath his feet (as he stood nearly over the boiler) a strange rumbling noise, ominous that something was wrong. Succeeding this almost as quick as thought, before he had time even to move a foot, a deafening, dreadful peal, like that of thunder, fell upon his ear. This was accompanied with the last almost indescribable sensation. It was as though his body had been instantaneously, though mysteriously compressed into a compass much smaller than it previously occupied, or in his own more significant language, 'rolled up into a solid heap.' This was the peculiar sensation that impressed itself upon the mind at a time so critical and portentous, when, in the twinkling of an eye, memory was overwhelmed in the midnight of forgetfulness, and a veil drawn over the past, present, and future. It was over a fortnight before recollection told of what had happened, and made him conscious of how much the body had gone thro' and suffered. On recovering an equilibrium of mind it was like waking up from a troubled sleep, or the remembrance of a terrific dream.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

Ludicrous circumstance in a Church.—Speaking of first impressions at Church, brings to my mind a ludicrous circumstance that happened some fifty or sixty years ago, at——Church. The Rector, though a man of profound learning, and a great theologian, was of such eccentric habits as often to create a doubt among the vulgar whether he was at times compos mentis. Having remarked for several successive Sundays, a gentleman who was no parishioner, invariably using a seat in a pew next to that in which a young widow lady sat, he instantly eyed them; and at one time detected the young gentleman slyly drawing the lady's glove from off the back of the pew where she was accustomed to place it (her hand and arm were delicately fair) and placing in it a small neatly folded note. By and by the lady's prayer book fell—of course accidentally—from the ledge of her pew into the gentleman's; he picked it up, found a leaf turned down, and he hastily scanned a passage, which evidently caused a smile of complacency.

Our minister saw all their proceeding, and continued to watch them for two successive Sundays. On the third, as soon as the collects were read, and while the beadle yet waited to attend him to the chancel, our eccentric pastor, in a strong and distinct voice said "I publish the bans of marriage between M. and N. (deliberately pronouncing the names of the parties,) if any of you know just cause," &c. The eyes of the congregation were turned on them; the lady suffused with blushes, and the gentleman crimsoned with anger; she fanning herself with vehemence, and he opening and shutting the pew door with rage and violence; the minister meanwhile proceeding through his duties with the same decorum as if innocent of the agitation he had excited.

The sermon preached and the services ended, away to the vestry rush the party at the heels of the pastor. 'Who authorised you, sir, to make such a publication of the bans?' demanded they both in a breath.—'Authorized, me?' said he with a stare, which heightened their confusion. 'Yes, sir, who authorized you?' 'Oh!' said the minister with a sly glance alternately at each, 'If you don't approve of it, I'll forbid the bans next Sunday.' 'Sir,' said the lady,' 'you have been too officious already: nobody requested you to do any thing; you had better mind your own business!' 'Why, my pretty dear,' said he, patting her on the cheek, 'what I have done has been all in the way of business; and if you do not like to wait for three publications, I advise you, sir,'—turning to the gentleman—'to procure the licence, the ring, and—the fee, and then the whole matter may be settled as soon as to-morrow.' 'Well,' replied the gentleman, addressing the widow, 'with your permission, I will get them, and we may be married in a day or two.' 'Oh! you may both do as you please,' pettishly, yet nothing loathingly, replied the lady. It was but a day or two after, the license was procured, the parson received his fee, the bridegroom his bride, and the widow, for the last time, threw her glove over the back of the pew; and it was afterwards said that all parties were satisfied with their gains.

William Thompson,
Cabinet and Furniture Ware-house,
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE Subscriber has now on hand at his furnishing Ware Rooms, just in the rear of Messrs. Turner & Hughes' Book Store, a general assortment of Articles in his line, made in the most faithful manner, after the newest and most fashionable patterns, and which will be warranted. They will be sold at such prices, as to leave no excuse for sending to the North for Furniture. Call and look, before you send from home. WILLIAM THOMPSON.
Raleigh, April 4, 1842. 28—

☞ Walnut, Birch, Maple and Poplar Lumber, *well-seasoned*, taken in exchange for Furniture.

SPLENDID LOTTERIES
FOR AUGUST, 1842.
J. G. GREGORY & Co. *Managers.*
$24,000—$12,000—30 of $1,500—30 of $1,200.

MARYLAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY,
Class No 94, for 1842.
To be drawn in Baltimore on Thursday, August 11th 1842.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

1	Prize of	$24,000	1	prize of	$3,000
1	do	12,000	1	do	2,500
1	do	8,000	1	do	2,058
1	do	6,000	30	prizes	1,500
1	do	5,000	30	do	1,200
1	do	4,000		&c.	&c.

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2 50.
Certificates of packages of 26 whole tickets, $130
Do do 26 half do 65
Do do 26 quarter do 32 50

$30,000 Capital—40 prizes of $2,000.
VIRGINIA MONONGALIA LOTTERY,
Class K, for 1842.
To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. on Saturday, August 13, 1842.

CAPITALS.

1	prize of	$30,000	1	prize of	$3,327
1	do of	10,000	1	do	3,000
1	do of	5,000	1	do	2,500
1	do of	3,500	40	prizes	2,000

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2 50.
Certificates of packages of 25 wholes $130
Do do 25 halves 65
Do do 25 quarters 32 50

Capital $35,294—making $30,000 nett.
ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY,
Class A, for 1842.
To be drawn at Alexandria, D. C. on Saturday, August 20, 1842.

BRILLIANT SCHEME.

1	prize of	$35,294	1	prize of	1,600
1	do	12,500	1	do	1,500
1	do	10,000	2	prizes of	1,250
1	do	5,000	2	do	1,200
1	do	3,000	20	do	1,000
1	do	2,500	20	do	500
1	do	2,000	20	do	400
1	do	1,975		&c.	&c.

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2 50.
Certificates of packages of 26 wholes $130
Do do of 26 halves 65
Do do of 26 quarter 32 50

$30,000!—100 prizes of $1,000.
UNION LOTTERY.
Class No. 12, for 1842.
To be drawn at Alexandria, D. C. on Saturday, August 27, 1842.

BRILLIANT SCHEME.

1	prize of	$30,000	1	prize of	$2,500
1	do	10,000	1	do	1,017
1	do	5,000	100	prizes of	1000
1	do	3,000		&c	&c.

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2 50.
Certificates of packages of 25 wholes $130
Do do 25 halves 65
Do do 25 quarters 32 50

For tickets and shares or certificates of packages in the above splendid Lotteries, address
J. G. GREGORY & CO. Managers,
Washington, D. C.
Drawings sent immediately after they are over to all who order as above.

Worms—Worms—Worms!

Sherman's Worm Lozenges, proved in more than 400,000 cases to be infallible; the only certain worm-destroying medicines ever discovered. Many diseases arise from worms and occasion long and intense suffering and even death, without their ever being suspected; grown persons are very often afflicted with them and are doctored for various complaints, without any benefit; when one dose of these Lozenges would speedily cure them.

For sale in Raleigh by Williams & Haywood and N. L. Stith.

FOR SALE AT THE N. C. BOOK STORE, a system of Penal Law for the United States of America, consisting of a code of crimes and Punishments, a code of procedure in Criminal cases, a code of Prison Discipline and a Book of Definitions. By Edward Livingston. TURNER & HUGHES.
July 12, 1842. 56

Are you all scared?

NO Democrat has yet taken up my bet, offered some time since in the REGISTER, although the Election is less than one month off. My money is in Bank, ready to meet any takers. I dare any Democrat to cover my bet, viz: $500 that MOREHEAD is elected Governor, and $500, that the Whigs have a majority in the next Legislature. Who has the nerve to stand up to the rack! We shall see.
JOHN BUFFALOW.
Raleigh, July 8.

NO HUMBUG.

LATELY RECEIVED, a handsome supply of French Worked Collars, Edgings and Insertions. Also wide reverse do.

Thread Edgings and Insertions, fine plain Swiss Muslins, Earlston and American Ginghams, Ladies first quality Philadelphia make of Slippers, thick sole and Walking Shoes, French Gambroons, a new and beautiful article, White Satin and Kid Slippers for Parties.
THEO: H. SNOW.
Raleigh, July 14. 56—6t

To WILLIAM McDONALD, *of Baltimore.*

SIR:—Take notice, that I have been arrested under a *Casa*, issued at your instance, and having given bond for my appearance at the next term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the County of Wake, to be held in the City of Raleigh, I shall then apply to be permitted to take the oath of insolvency. You can appear and object, if you think proper.
JOHN C. ROGERS.
July 13, 1842. 56—5tp

TO PARENTS.—A Gentlemen, well qualified for the duty, is desirous of taking charge of a SCHOOL, wherein a thorough English education, together with the Latin and Greek languages, are taught. If desirable, the Lady of the advertiser would also instruct a small number of female scholars in all the various branches of a useful education. For terms, and references, address, if by letter, post-paid, to L at this Office.
Raleigh, July 15. 56

State of North Carolina.—*To the Sheriffs of the several Counties in this State.*—Please pay attention to the 16th section of the 53d chapter of the Revised Statutes, and to the 25th chapter of the pamphlet Acts of the last General Assembly, found on page 54, that the unpleasant duty, in case of failure, may not devolve on the Secretary of State.
July 14. 56

TO THE PUBLIC.—I have just put my MILLS (late SEAWELL'S) in complete order, and am prepared to do all kinds of Grinding and Sawing. I do not say too much, I think, when I express the opinion, that I can make as good Flour, as at any other Mill in the State. I shall be thankful for the custom of the public, and will use my utmost efforts to give satisfaction.
ELIHU SATER.
July 4, 1842. 55—
☞ My Mills are about 3 miles East of Raleigh.

PUMP REPAIRING, &c.—The Subscriber offers his services to the citizens of Raleigh and the public generally, to clean out Wells, repair Pumps, and, in short, to perform all the various branches connected with the business. Persons, desiring to employ him, can leave their names at this office.
WILLIS BYRD.
Raleigh, July 7, 1842. 55—3t

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

JUST received and will continue to receive by the mail train, a daily supply of Boston block Ice, which can be had by the pound or bushel.
N. L. STITH, Druggist.
Raleigh, May 16. 40
N.B. Families supplied daily on reasonable terms.

To Gentlemen of the Bar.—There can be had, at the North Carolina Bookstore, a few sets of the Reports of the Supreme Court of N. Carolina. Those who have broken sets, now have an opportunity of completing them.

The Subscribers also offer a very extensive collection of Law Books, and are prepared to supply any Law Book, that is in print, at short notice, which will be sold at very moderate prices for *Cash.*
TURNER & HUGHES.
June 14. 30

BUFFALO SPRING.—The Subscribers having made considerable additions to their improvements since last Season, are now prepared to accommodate an increased number of Visitors.
SHELTON & KENNON.
Buffalo Spring, Mecklenburg County, Va. }
May 3, 1842. }
P. S.—For particular information with regard to the Buffalo Spring, see Hand bills.
May 3. 37—17w S. & K.

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100 BARRELS HERRINGS, direct from Albemarle Sound—Cut or trimmed. Herrings, 1000 in a Barrel, for $4 50 per barrel. Also, Roe Herrings, put up expressly for Family use, in Half Barrels, a very fine article at $3—*Cash.* Call and examine for yourselves.
TURNER & HUGHES.
July 22, 1842. 59—2w
☞ Star and Standard, two weeks.

ONE MORE CARGO of very cheap Cotton Yarns and Cloths just arrived. Some of the Cloths are lower than we have ever before sold them.
WILL: PECK.
Raleigh, June 7. 47—2w

White Sulphur Water *from the White Sulphur Springs.*—Just received a large supply of the White Sulphur Water by the Box, Barrel and half Barrel. For sale only by
April 18. N. L. STITH, Druggist

HOUSE FOR RENT.—I wish to rent the House in which I at present live, near the Gum Spring. Immediate possession given.
J. H. KIRKHAM.
Raleigh, June 27. 52

A TEACHER, qualified to take charge of an English School, and to give instruction in the ordinary branches, may meet with a situation, on application at this office.
Raleigh, July 1.

EDGEWORTH SCHOOL.—For sale, a Stock of MUSIC, equal to any ever offered in the State for its superior excellence and cheapness. Teachers will be furnished at rates to suit them.
Greensboro', March 26. 26

SIDES OF BACON are much inquired after here at this time. I have sold all I had at 8 cents
WILL: PECK.
Raleigh, July 19. 57—2t

SALT BY THE SACK.—COTTON YARN for Carpeting. WILL: PECK.
Raleigh, July 8. 56—4w

JOB PRINTING
Executed with neatness and despatch,
AT THIS OFFICE.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.—The next session of this Institution will commence on the 1st day of October, and terminate on the 4th of July following. The Schools of the University, with their respective Professors, are:

1. Ancient Languages.—Dr. Gessner Harrison.
2. Modern Languages.—Dr. Charles Kraitsir.
3. Mathematics.—Mr. Edward H. Courtenay.
4. Natural Philosophy.—Mr. Wm. B. Rogers.
5. Civil Engineering—the subjects of which are divided between the Professors of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy.
6. Chemistry and Materia Medica.—Dr. John P. Emmet.
7. Medicine.—Dr. Henry Howard.
8. Anatomy and Surgery.—Dr. James L. Cabell.
9. Moral Philosophy.—Mr. George Tucker.
10. Law.—Judge Henry St. Geo. Tucker.

In both Schools of Languages are also taught the literature of the respective languages, and Ancient and Modern History; in the School of Mathematics is included mixed Mathematics; in that of Engineering, Mineralogy and Geology; in that of Moral Philosophy, Belles Lettres, Logic and Political Economy and in that of Law, besides Municipal Law in all its branches, the Law of Nature and Nations, the Science of Government and Constitutional Law.

To be admitted into this institution the applicant must be sixteen years of age: but the Faculty may dispense with this requisition in favor of one whose brother is a student.

Every student is free to attend the schools of his choice; but if he be under twenty-one years of age, he shall attend at least three, unless authorised by his parent or guardian, in writing, or by the Faculty, for good cause, to attend a less number.

All students under the age of twenty-one years are required to board within the precincts.

By a resolution of the Faculty, Ministers of the Gospel, and young men preparing for the Ministry, may attend any of the schools of the University without the payment of fees to the Professors.

The enactments which lately required students to wear a prescribed uniform have been suspended.

Every student resident within the precincts must, on matriculation, deposite with the Patron all the money, bills, drafts, &c., under his control, intended to defray his expenses while at the University, or on his return thence to his home: and the amount so deposited must be sufficient to pay his fees to professors, dormitory rent, for use of the public rooms, three months board, a contingent fee to cover fines and assessments, and to purchase the text books, &c., he may want at the commencement. All funds subsequently received by him must be deposited with the Patron, who has charge of his disbursements; and upon all deposites a charge of two per centum commission is authorised.

The act of the Legislature, prohibiting merchants and others, under severe penalties, from crediting students, will be strictly enforced. The licence to contract debts, which the Chairman of the Faculty is authorised to grant, is confined (except where the parent or guardian shall otherwise, in writing request,) to cases of urgent necessity; and these, it is hoped, that parents and guardians will, as far as possible, prevent from arising, by the timely supply of the requisite funds.

Religious services are performed at the University every Sunday by the Chaplain, who is appointed in turn from the four principal denominations of the State.

The expenses of the Session of nine months are as follows:

Board, washing, lodging and attendance,	$110
Rent of Dormitory, $16; for half, if occupied by two,	8
Use of public rooms and matriculation fee,	15
Fuel and candles, estimated at	20
Fees, if only one Professor be attended, $50; if two, to each Professor $30; if more than two, to each $25, say	75
Total, exclusive of clothes, books and pocket money,	$228

In the School of Law there is an extra fee of $20, payable by students attending the senior class.

The allowance for clothes is limited by the enactments to $100, and for pocket money to $45.
WILLIS H. WOODLEY, Proctor,
And Patron U. of Va.
July 22 59—3w.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.—The Plan of instruction in this department of the University, presents peculiarities to be found in no other School of Medicine in the Union. The Lectures commence on the *first of October*, and terminate on the 4th of July ensuing.

Owing to the length of the Session, which embraces a period of *nine months*, three Professors are enabled to perform all the duties which in other medical institutions are usually assigned to six; and the students are seldom required to attend more than two lectures on the same day. By this arrangement, the students have an opportunity of being well grounded in Anatomy, Physiology, and other elementary branches of Medical Science, before they investigate their applications in connection with the study of the practice of Medicine and Surgery.

Immediately before each lecture, the students are subjected to a full and rigid examination on the preceding lecture, or on portions of approved text books. It is apparent, that the plan, of which the outlines have been briefly stated, is one which allows the student to *commence* as well as to *complete* his medical studies in the institution; and presents a happy combination of the advantages of the system of instruction by private pupilage and that of public lectures.

Any person of approved moral conduct may offer as a candidate and receive the degree of M. D., without reference to the time he has been engaged in the study of medicine, or of joining the school, provided he undergoes in a satisfactory manner the various examinations prescribed by the enactments.

The Professors are:

John P. Emmet, M. D., Professor of Chemistry, Pharmacy and Materia Medica

Henry Howard, M. D., Professor of Pathology and Practice of Medicine, Obstetrics and Medical Jurisprudence.

James L. Cabell, M. D., Professor of Anatomy, Physiology and Surgery.
WILLIS H. WOODLEY, Proctor.
July 22 59—3w.

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND.—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.—The Regular Annual Course of Lectures in this Institution, will commence on *the 31st of October*, and continue four months. The Preliminary Course of Lectures, to which Students are admitted without additional charge, will commence on *the first Monday in September.* These Lectures are wholly independent of the Regular Course, which is complete in itself. The term will be considered entire to all who enter before *the 10th of November.*

NATHANIEL POTTER, M. D.—Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine.

RICHARD WILMOT HALL, M. D.—Professor of Medical Jurisprudence and Obstetrics.

WILLIAM E. A. AIKIN, M. D.—Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.

NATHAN R. SMITH, M. D.—Professor of Surgery

SAMUEL CHEW, M. D.—Professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Hygiene.

JOSEPH ROBY, M. D.—Professor of Special and General Anatomy.
SAMUEL CHEW, Dean.
June 30. 53—6t

Packet Boats for Scottsville and Lynchburg.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

OUR Mail Packet Boats, JOHN MARSHALL, Capt. Hull; and J. C. CABELL, Capt. Huntley, will leave Richmond from our landing, at the head of the Basin, for the above places, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 8 o'clock, A. M. precisely, and arrive at Scottsville by 1 A. M. next day, and into Lynchburg by 7 P. M.

RETURNING.

Leave Lynchburg, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 A. M. and arrive at Scottsville by 10 P. M. and into Richmond next day by 4 P. M.

By this arrangement, passengers for Tennessee and Guyandotte, will not be detained in Lynchburg, as heretofore. Our Boats will also connect with the lines of Stages from Scottsville to Staunton.

This is now the cheapest and best route to the different Virginia Springs, and offers many other inducements to travellers for preference.

The invalid will be pleased with his easy, comfortable and safe passage; the beautiful and romantic scenery will delight the admirers of nature, and the rich, far famed and highly cultivated James River low grounds and highlands, will gratify the agriculturist and man of taste.

On our arrival at Lynchburg, passengers have a choice of two routes to the White Sulphur Springs, with an assurance that all shall be sent on—two lines of Stages running over the Natural Bridge and by Dibbrel's Springs, and the other by Liberty, Fincastle and the Sweet Springs.
EDMONDS & DAVENPORT.
Richmond, June 20, 1842. 50 7t

WILLIAM GORDON,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
RICHMOND, VA.

References.

Basil Gordon, Esq. }
Jos. B. Ficklin, Esq. } Falmouth, Va.
Thomas F. Knox, Esq. }
Messrs. Jno. Scott & Son. } Fredericksburg, Va.
Messrs. Fry & Co. }
Messrs. Dunlap, Moncure & Co. } Richmond.
Messrs. A. Kevan & Brother, }
Messrs. McIlwaine, Brownley & Co. } Petersburg.
Messrs. Soutter & Bell, Norfolk, Va.

Mr. H. B. Montague, an experienced dealer in Tobacco, will pay special attention to the interest of the Tobacco Planters of North Carolina.

LIBERAL advances on all produce when in hand, and proceeds remitted to order.
July 6, 1842. 55

$25 REWARD.—Ranaway from this City on the 5th inst. a negro man named *John*, (he assumes the name of John Bennett.) He was purchased in Charleston S. C. about three years since. He is a *bright Mulatto*, five feet 7 inches in height, about 21 years of age. He generally wears his *hair long*, and has *lost two* of his *front* teeth, and *teeth* much decayed. He has but little to say unless spoken to, and generally holds his head erect. He has a Mother living in Charleston, S. C. and a brother in New York, and no doubt will endeavor to get to one or the other of these places. He is intelligent and will endeavor to pass as a free person. The above reward of Twenty-five Dollars will be paid by James Edwards, Sheriff, on his being delivered at the Jail in Wake County or any Jail in this State so that he is got.
Raleigh, July 13, 1842. 56
☞ The Petersburg Intelligencer and Wilmington Chronicle will insert the above 4 times and charge this Office.

Have you a Cough? Don't neglect it!

Sherman's Cough Lozenges. Are the safest, most sure and effectual remedy for *Coughs Colds, Consumptions, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Tightness of the Lungs or Chest, &c. &c.* The proprietor has never known an instance where they did not give perfect satisfaction. Several thousand boxes have been sold with the last year, restoring to health persons in almost every stage of consumption, and those laboring under the most distressing colds and coughs. They do not check and dry up the cough, but render it easy, promote expectoration, allay the tickling or irritation, and remove the proximate or exciting cause. They are made from a combination of the most valuable expectorant, or cough medicines, and are undoubtedly superior to everything in use for those complaints. Hundreds upon hundreds of certificates have been offered of their wonderful virtues, from those who have been saved from an untimely grave, and restored to perfect health, by using them.

The above Medicine may be obtained at the Drug Store of Messrs. Williams & Haywood, and of Dr. N. L. Stith, with full directions accompanying each box.

BOOKS, *Books, Books—More new Books.*—Just Received at the N. C. Book Store.

Charles O'Malley, with Illustrations,
Barnaby Rudge, do do.
Curiosity Shop do do.
Pickwick Club, do do.
Mis Sedgewick's Letters from abroad.
Stephens' Travels in Arabia Petra, &c
Lee's remarks on Jefferson.
Hallam's Literature.
Do Middle ages.
For sale by TURNER & HUGHES.
Raleigh, July 8. 55

Fresh Drugs, Medicines, &c.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD are now receiving from New York and Philadelphia, large additions to their present Stock of Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, Window Glass and Putty, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c. All of which they warrant to be of the *best quality*, and having been purchased upon the most advantageous terms, they assure their friends and customers, that they will be sold as *cheap* as similar articles can be procured in the State.

Orders promptly attended to.

Soda Water kept during the Summer—and Ice furnished by the pound or bushel.
June 16, 1842. 42—6w

NOTICE.—The duties of the School under the superintendance of A. G. Banks, will be resumed on Monday the 1st day of August, Mount Pleasant, 11 miles South of Raleigh. July 14, 1842. 58