REPORTED FOR THE REGISTER.

IN SENATE-TUESDAY, Nov. 22.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approve A letter from John B. Pollock, (the Senator elect from Onslow County,) resigning his seat, was read, accepted, and the 1st of December appointed for the election to fill the vacancy. Gen. Wm. Williams moved, that the Speaker seign one or more seats for Stenographers, to report the proceedings of the Senate. Carried, nem.

A message was received from the House of ommons, informing the Senate of their organizathe election of Officers previously report-

ed: When

Mr. Cooper made a motion, that the Senate do
now proceed to vote for three Engrossing Clerks.

A message was immediately afterwards received from the House, embodying the proposition of
Mr. Cooper, and stating that Messre. Hays, Graves,
West, McCleland, Rumley, Cochran, Lancaster,
Tait, Jones, Coleman, Thomas, Gray, Drake, Hoover, Hoyt, Miller and Hancock, were in nomination, to which the name of John R. Buie was subion, to which the name of John R. Buie was sub

muently added.

Mr. Dockery proposed that a Message be sent to the House, to appoint a Joint Committee for the purpose of waiting on the Governor, inform-ing him of the organization of the two bodies, and their readiness to receive any communication he may think proper to lay before them :- pending

A message was received from the House similar purport, which was considered and agreed to; and Messrs. Dockery and Moore appointed on the part of the Senate.

Gen. Williams moved that a Committee of five members be appointed, to adopt Rules of Order for the government of the Senate; which was greed to, and Messrs. Edwards, Joyner, Brown, Spruill and Shepard nominated as such Committee. A message was received from the House, staing that Messrs. Biggs and Caldwell form its Committee to superintend the election of three. Engrossing Clerks, when Messrs. Reid and Jaocks were appointed on the part of the Senate.

The Senate proceeded to ballot for three Ensing Clerks, when the vote was as follows Rumley 21; Graves 9; Drake 7; Cochran 22; Jones 7; Hoyt 13; Moore 3; Buie 8; Gray 4; Hancock 1; Miller 12; Hayes 3; Lancaster 1 Thomas 14; McClellan 8; West 7. No election. A message from the House, informing the Senate that Messrs. Caldwell and Miller are its Committee upon Joint Rules of Order; Messrs.

part of the Senate. Gen. Dockery, from the Committee appointed to wait upon the Governor, reported, that they had performed the duty assigned them, and were inbe laid before the Senate, to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

A message from the House, proposing again to vote for three Engrossing Clerks, was agreed to, and Messrs. Pasteur and Spruill formed the Committee to superintend the election on the part of the Senate. The result of this ballot, in Senate, was as follows :- Cochran 22 ; Rumley 26 ; Mc-Clellan 10; Gray 1; Hancock 1; Miller 15 Graves 5; Buie 1; Hayes 4; Drake 8; Hoyt 17 Coleman 9; Hoover 3; Thomas 18; West 4. On motion of Mr. Edwards, the Senate adjourned

HOUSE OF COMMONS. * The House met, according to adjournment, at

10 o'clock. The Journal of the preceding day was read and Mr. McCollum, from Anson, and Mr. Whit-ley, from Johnston, came forward, were qualified

The House then proceeded to the election of Assistant Doorkeeper; Messrs. Anderson, Finch, Depoe, Cooley, Brown, Low, Merrit and Bobbit, Anderson received 58 votes, Finch 25, Depoe

23, Cooley 3, Brown 2, and Low 2. 112 votes having been given, and 58 being a majority, Mr. Anderson was declared duly elected.

A message was received from the Senate, announcing that that body was organized for the

despatch of business On motion of Mr. Thos. Wilson,

Resolved, That a Message be sent to the Senate, informing them of the organization of this House, and of their readiness to proceed to the despatch of public business: and proposing to raise a Joint Select Committee, consisting of two members of each House, whose duty it shall be to wait upon His Excellency, the Governor, and inform him of the organization of the two branches of the Legislature, and of their readiness to receive such communication as he may think pro-

On motion of Mr. Jones, of Orange, red. That a Committee of five members be appointed to prepare and report Rules of Order for the government of this House, and that, in the interim, the rules of the last session be deemed and held in force. Messrs. C. Jones, Biggs, Barringer, Bragg, and

endenhall, were appointed the Committee. On motion of Mr. C. Jones,

Resolved, That a Message be sent to the Senate, proposing to go into the election of En-

A message was received from the Senate, acceding to the proposition.

The House then proceeded to vote for three

Engrossing Clerks, which resulted as follows :-Hoover, 23; Hayes, 14; Hoyt, 31; Miller, 43; Clerk. Hancock, 9; Buie, 11; Graves, 18; West, 12; Mr. Barringer moved that the message and the McClelland, 22; Rumley, 30; Cochran, 45; Lan-accompanying documents, be sent to the Senate, aster. 7; Tate, 4; Jones, 13; Coleman, 19; Thomas, 26; Gray, 7; Drake, 11.

.A message was received from the Senate, agreeing in the proposition of the House, to raise a Select Committee of two on the part of each House, to wait on the Governor, and inform him of their organization, &c. Also one, proposing to raise a Joint Select object of the motion was to send the

Another vote was then had for Engrossing Clerks, which resulted as follows:—Hoover 15: Hayes 18: Heyt 34: Miller 46: Hancock 7: Buie 7: Graves 27: West 10: McClefland 26: Runley 37: Cochran 57: Lancaster 1: Tate 6: loses 11: Coleman 15: Thomas 27: Gray 3: Drake 10. 83 being necessary to a choice, it was a picayune business to deny them the formula on comparison with the vote of the content of the cost of paper and inc.

Mr. Bowler, was in favor of the amendment. He went in for retrenchment and reform. Mr. Francis, concurred with Mr. Mills. The people had a right to have this information. If was a picayune business to deny them the formula of the purpose of saving this little expenditure.

IN SENATE-WEDNESDAY, Nov. 23.

art of the Senate, to superintend the ballo or three Engressing Clerks, reported that 163 votes were cast, necessary to a choice 83, and that no person having received a majority of such vote, there was no election; which report was

Mr. Miller, the Senator of Rutherford, appear ed, qualified, and took his seat. A message was received from the House pro-

posing "to go into the election of three Engrossing Clerks"; which being agreed to, the House was informed thereof, by Message, and Mr. W. P. Williams and Mr. Jones were appointed a Committee to superintend the balloting. The names of the following Candidates were withdrawn from nomination, viz. Messrs. West,

Gray, Hancock, Haves, Buie and Moore. Edwards moved that the Rules of Order for the Senate, together with the Constitution, be printed for the use of the Senate; but after a few remarks from Mr. Dockery, withdrew his motion. Received from the House a certificate from the County Court of Iredell, in favor of Ann Patter-son, a Pensioner, which was read, and ordered to be countersigned by the Speaker of the Senate. Mr. Reid presented the Pension Certificates of Isabella Campbell and Martha Spears, from the

Clerk of the County Court of Cumberland which were also read, ordered to be countersigned by the Speaker and transmitted to the House. The Senate then proceeded to vote for three

Engrossing Clerks, when the vote stood thus:—Cochran 27; Rumley 26; McClelland 12; Miller 21; Thomas 21; Drake 5; Coleman 10; Hoyt 14; Tate 1; Graves 7. Mr. Morehead offered the following Resolution:

Resolved, That a Committee of two be appointed to ascertain and report the amount of Public Taxes paid into the Treasury of the State, in the years 1838-'39-'40-'41 & '42 by each County in the State, that said Committee set forth in their Report the aggregate amount of Public Taxes paid by each County into the Public Treasury for the five years aforesaid, also the average amount paid by each.

Resolved, That they further report the Federal community may require.

spulation of each County, as ascertained accordopulation of each County, as ascertained accordng to the census taken under the Act of Congress passed in the year 1839 entitled "An Act to provide for taking the sixth Census, or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States."

Mr. Edwards suggested to the Senator from Guilford, whether, in the room of appointing a Committee to obtain the information sought for welfare of the community. by the resolution, it would not better become the dignity of the Senate to call upon the Department to furnish the Statistics be required; further than this, he had no objection to the resolu-Morehead and Arrington were appointed on the

> Mr. Morehead replied, that he had offered the resolution without any consultation with the friends he usually acted with ; he, for one, was not ductions of the soil, have been such as to desirous of staying the entire Winter in Raleigh; elicit the most profound gratitude towards the matter sought for by the resolution was required before the Senate could act upon a most important duty which devolved upon them, and that his sole wish was to facilitate the business of the Senate. After a further interchange of opinions between

Messrs. Edwards and Morehead when the former observed, no one could ever accuse him of attempting by any action of his, to prolong a Session, the resolution was laid upon the table until On motion of Gen. Spruill the Senate adjourned

The House met according to adjournment. On motion, a message was sent to the Senate, proposing to vote for Engrossing Clerks. Mr. Bracken introduced the following Resolu-

HOUSE OF COMMOMS.

Resolved That seats be appropriated in House for such persons as may be engaged in re-porting its proceedings for publication. On motion of Mr. Mendenhall, it was laid on

the table, in consideration that provisions would be made for this object in the Rules for the gove ernment of the House. Mr. Francis introduced a Resolution for the re-

lief of the late Door-keeper, which passed its first Mr. Halsey introduced the following Resolu-

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to prepare and report to this House a Tabular Statement of the population of North Carolina, contained in the several Counties, agreeable to the last Census, and the Federal Population contained in each; and prepare and report a statement of the Taxes paid into the Public Treasury of this State by each county for the last five years. Which Resolution was adopted, and Messrs. Halsey, Biggs, and Norcum were appointed the

A message was received from the Senate agreeing to the proposition to go into the election of three Engrossing Clerks. The House then proceeded to vote; which re-

sulted as follows: Graves 23; McLellan 37 Coleman 16; Drake 10; Tate 5; Lancaster 3 Hoyt 44; Rumley 49; Miller 52; Cochran 63; Thomas 46. The whole number being 163, and 82 being a majority, Mr. Robert Cochran was declared duly elected. Two more to elect. Mr. Hawkins moved that a message be sent to the Senate, proposing to taise a joint select com-mittee on Military Affairs; which, at the sugges-

tion of Mr. C. Joues, was withdrawn. The Governor's Message was then received and was read to the House by the Assistant

with a proposition to print five copies for the use

Mr. Biggs moved to amend, by inserting one In comparison with the vote of the Senate, 82 . Mr. Biggs moved to amend, by inserting one being necessary to a choice, it was found that no instead of fire. He stated that he made the modern was reader to the Cotion without intending any disrespect to the Governor, but it was merely to save money. The expenses of printing had increased greatly since 1838, and it was time that they were retrenched

The custom before that time was to print but one.

Mr. Mills, objected to the amendment. The committee of two on the part of each House, to equilate the intercourse between the two Houses; which was agreed to.

Mr. McLaughlin, from Iredell, presented a cer
The Go and give access to one of the safest harhors the Roads, so greatly interested in this constitution, as amended, whereby it becomes your duty, at this Session, I refer you to the first land.

And among the people for their information. The Go are constitution, as amended, whereby it becomes your duty, at this Session, I refer you to the first land.

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id perhaps if he were to carry us back ni would show us some strange things in legi tion. They had commenced their reform with vengeance. They have turned out a Clerk who has served the State faithfully for nineteen years, and we know not what to expect next. I want reform in substance, and not in name. Mr. Brower made some additional remarks in

favor of the amendment. The question was then taken on Mr. Biggs' motion, and it was adopted. Ayes 60; Noes 55 The motion of Mr. Barringer, as amended, was then adopted.

Mr. C. Jones, in behalf of the Committee apointed for that purpose, reported Rules of Order for the government of the House. On motion of Mr. Cardwell, they were amend

ed, and afterwards adopted The House then adjourned until to-morrow morning, 10 o'clock.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Gentlemen of the Senate, and of the House of Commons

The periodical assemblage of a portion of the people, selected for their eminent qualifications, for the important trusts confided to them-to enact laws by which they, as well as their constituents, are to be governed--is an occasion interesting to the philanthropist, cheering to the friends of rational liberty, and an able commentary upon the excellence of our political institutions.

To that Department of the Government, assigned to superintend the due execution of the Laws, this assemblage should always be acceptable, as affording an opportunity to show how the daties of that Department have been discharged-to point out the defects of the laws, which experience has proven to exist-and to suggest such amendments and enactments as the good of the

citizens, which brings us together; and, in the name of our common constituents, cordially greet von, and tender you my hearty co-operation in the adoption and execution of all measures that may redound to the

Since the last meeting of your Honorable body, although portions of our State have been visited with affliction, and with physical causes, destructive to the hopes and labors of the husbandman-yet the general health of the faed, and the bounteous prothat Author, from whom all blessings flow, and to whose superintending Providence we are indebted for all we are, and for all we hope to be. And it is our especial duty, as it is that of every Department of every American Government, earnestly to solicit a continuance of those peculiar favors, which have rendered the American people the bles-

sed of the earth. Within the same period, an event has taken place, in the death of our late lamented Chief Magistrate, which, while a grateful people have mourned their bereavement, and a suffering country felt the affliction, yet has it proven the foresight of our Revolutionary sages, in the adoption of our Constitution, and has tested its wisdom and stability. A similar event, in most other countries, would have been followed by a resort to force, or, at least, to extraordinary legislation, to establish the succession. With us, the successor, already indicated by the people themselves, glides into the Chief Magistracy, with an ease and quiet on his part, and an acquiescence on ours, that proves, how fortunate it is for the human family, when, in the establishment of their forms of Government, they select Wisdom, instead of Ambition, for their counsellor. And, it is to be fondly hoped, that every future test, like this, will assure the friends of our form of Government, of its strength, and its enemies, how delusive the

hope of its destruction. The result of the late Treaty with Great Britain, gives us pleasing prospects of continued peace; and, however widely some of the productions of industry are so low, and continue for years to come, it is the part of to make payment. ns may differ from the President, as to the manner in which he has discharged a portion of his duties, yet the meed of praise is due to him, for his earnest and successful efforts, sustained and carried through by the eminent abilities of his distinguished Secretary, to adjust our difficulties with that Power upon principles of Honor and of Justice. Nor is it to be believed, that the good, arising from this adjustment, will be confined to the parties immediately concerned. The noble example, set by two of the most powerful, intelligent and honorable nations of the earth, in adjusting their difficulties, by a resort to argument, instead of arms, will be worthy the initation of every member constituting

the great family of nations. The history of nations ought to have taught, and it is hoped has taught the present generation, that that good which arises from the guidance of reason, and the dictates of justice, is more beneficial and permanent, than that which results from the most brilliant triumph of arms, victorious over right and

In inviting your attention to such matters, as ought to engage your deliberation, during copies, that would be but trilling. The public printing had been let to the lowest bidder on the Speaker, and to apportion the representatives of the Senate to be countersigned by the Speaker, and to apportion the representatives of the Senate to be countersigned by the Speaker of that body.

If C. Jones moved to lay it on the table, which you are to be guided in the discharge of your daties, are so explicitly had down more than the cost of paper and ink.

In these improvements, the Commerce of the nation is interest, the Commerce of the nation in the House of Commons among the sevent in the House of Commons am in the Constitution itself, as to preclude all suggestions on the subject.

At the last Session of Congress, an Act

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aws of his country, is so obviously just and undeniable, that it is deemed scarcely necessary to suggest its adoption for your guidance in the discharge of your important du-

By an Act of Congress, approved the 4th Sept. 1841, entitled "An Act to appropriate the Proceeds of the sales of the Public Lands, and to grant Pre-emption rights," a payment became due to North-Carolina at the Public Freasury, on the 1st July last. On the 24th June preceding, a communication from the Preasury Department was addressed to this Department, requesting that an Agent should be designated to receive the payment, I Esq. Public Treasurer, the Agent of this State, to receive the payment; who proceedof the United States, informed me that the forthwith requested the Department at Washington to forward him a Draft for the amount. as your wisdom may suggest.

pany availed themselves of the Act of the Should this Road be continued to Wayneslast Session, entitled-" An Act to secure boro', which might be done at comparative. State. The face of the country necessarily the State against any and every liability, in- ly small expense, the Farmer would have makes the construction of Roads very diffi. curred for the Raleigh and Gaston Rail-road | the choice of markets, of Wilmington by the | cult and expensive, and the sparseness of the Company, and for the relief of the same,"- Rail-road, or, Newbern by the river Neuse. population in many places, forbids the impo by accepting the benefit of the Act, and giv- This Turnpike, it is confidently believed, sition of a duty so ouerous upon them. These ing the Executive notice of the acceptance would aid greatly to sustain the Rail-roads, Mountain Roads are made at an expense, within the time therein prescribed. The and, at the same time, give to Industry, fa- much less than might be supposed; and Deed of Mortgage, and Deed of Pledge, cilities, to which it is now a stranger. required by said Act, have been duly exe- In connection with these Roads, 1 will kept in repair. The rapid descent in the cuted and registered, and Bonds, to the a- again invite your attention to the facility Streams forbids much hope from Navigation. mount of \$500,000, conditioned as required, with which the State can be called upon for and, therefore, renders their claim upon the have been executed and delivered to the payment. If either of these Companies shall liberality of the Legislature, to aid them in Treasurer, signed by obligors, whom I be- fail "to pay the principal and interest as it lieved at the time, to be able to pay and sat- accrues, the Public Treasurer is authorized When good Roads shall be, established in isfy said Bonds. The Treasurer endorsed to pay the same, out of any money in the that region, it is believed the population \$300,000 of the Bonds of said Company, as Treasury at the time," and for this the faith | will increase with rapidity, Agriculture imdirected by said Act to do, and delivered of the State is pledged. By reference to prove, grazing will be extended, and Manthem to the Company; and having heretofore, the amount of semi-annual interest, and ufactures and the mechanic Arts will flourunder a former Act, endorsed \$500,000, the annual payments of principal, which are re- ish in a location, combining so many advan-State stands responsible for the Company, quired to be paid, it will be seen, that it is tages, and inviting their growth. The imnow, to the amount of \$800,000. As yet, I not probable, nor indeed it is necessary, that | proved Highways will be additional induce. am not aware that the Treasurer has been there should be in the Treasury at all times, ments to the citizens of other sections of bility, incurred by the State for this Cor- gencies which, it is to be hoped, will never Tours, or visit to the Virginia Watering pla-

I am not aware that any demand has been belonging to the Treasury are exhausted. you give to that section of the State, such made upon the Treasury, for any liability in- By a Resolution of the last Legislature, aid, as in your wisdom its condition may regreatly diminished. No doubt is entertain- pected the call. ed but that both Roads would speedily extricate themselves from debt, and make their stock profitable, could they have full employment. - Any act of legislation, that can aid them, in procuring additional employment, without incurring additional responsi-

and give us the means of offering our products in the rival markets of Petersburg,

are much more familiarly known than even | most expedient, to some point on a similar Fayetteville or Raleigh; much less, those road, leading from Raleigh, Westward, thus Towns farther Eastward; and this grows out giving the West the advantages of both Mar of the impracticability, in a great degree, of kets; with such favorable conditions in the passing over our Roads, with heavy burdens | Charter, as beretofore suggested, that Cani at that season of the year, most convenient talists will be induced to embark in the en to take our products to market. The remedy terprise. And, surely, this scheme cannot for these evils, is believed to be in good Turn- fail for the want of means. Labor will be pikes-improvements more within our means, an excellent substitute for money, and labor and therefore more likely to be made, and cannot be difficult to obtain, in a region answering every desirable purpose. I there- now growing Cotton at six cts. per lb. Coin at fore recommend, that a Charter be granted, one Dollar per bbl. and Wheat so low, that to make a Turnpike Road, from the City of it takes one half to transport the other i Raleigh, to some point Westward, selected Market. Should this Road ever reach the with a view to its ultimate continuance to the Yadkin, no doubt is entertained of its continuance forthwith appointed CHARLES L. HINTON, extreme West, requiring the Corporation to unnce across the Catawba, westward-the commence operations at Raleigh, and to giving to this Road, the advantages which finish specified sections of the Road, within will arise from the navigation of these two ed to Washington for that purpose, but the specified periods, and making it forfeit its mobile Rivers, from the Falls on the Southern amount was not then paid, for the reason, charter as to all that part of the contemplaas it was alleged, that the net amount for ted Road, which is not finished within the distribution had not then been ascertained, time prescribed, but granting the privilege On the 4th November, the acting Secretary to charge Tolls on all such parts as are completed, having a due regard to the citizens accounts had been adjusted, and the sum of of the counties, through which the Road may \$22,917 97 was found due this State, of pass, so that they shall not be barrassed by which the Treasurer was informed, and he unnecessary exactions on those parts of the Road, lying in the Counties where they reside. Such a Charter would hold out in-This Draft is daily expected. It becomes ducements to capitalists, to embark in the your duty to apply this fund to such purpose enterprise, as they could abandon it, whenever they found it was likely to be injudic- dure of its mountains, and, above all, its en-The Ruleigh and Gaston Rail-road Com- lous, and yet retain what they had finished.

quired to pay any thing for any responsi- an amount sufficient to meet these contin- our State, to abandon their usual Northern happen. Yet, as they may happen, and as ces, for a Tour much more interesting among At the same Session, an Act, somewhat the pledge of the State must be kept under our own Mountains, much cheaper and much similar, entitled " An Act for the relief of all circumstances, inviolate, and its faith more beautiful-a Tour in which they will the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail-road Com- sustained, I recommend that the Treasurer inspire health in every breath, and drink in pany," was passed. That Company availed have authority to borrow from our Banks, a health at every draught. The large amount itself of the benefit of the Act, by fully com- sum not exceeding, at any one time, the of money paid, and to be paid, into the Pull plying with its requirements, in giving the amount which the State may be required to lic Treasury, from that quarter; for Vacant security, and their Bonds, to the amount of pay between the sessions of the Legislature, and Cherokee Lands, would seem to give \$300,000, have been endorsed by the Trea- and that these loans be contracted only as stronger claims to aid from the Treasury. I surer, as by said Act he was directed to do. the demands are made, and after the funds is, therefore respectfully recommended, that

curred for this Company; and I am informed the Treasurer was directed to borrow from quire, and the condition of the Public Treasurer that the Company has discharged \$50,000 the Literary and Internal Improvement sury may justify. of said bonds, as required by the Act. Be- Funds, such sums as might be necessary to - The Buncombe Tornpike, in which the sides the interest, which the State should defray the expenses of the State, until the State is a stockholder, shows the great adfeel, from pride and from utility, in the suc- 1st Nov. 1842-" he, at no time, borrowing vantages arising from such improvements. cess of these two noble enterprises, there is more than is required for the time being," an additional interest, which invites your and the officers, having charge of these per annum, prove the great use that is made serious attention. For the first of these Funds, were directed thus to loan them .-Roads, we have seen that the State is bound | The inconvenience of this plan, to supply as security for \$800,000-for the latter, she | the wants of the Treasury, is experienced in is bound as security now for \$250,000, be- this: A large amount of these funds have sides being a Stockholder in the same to the to lie idle in the Treasury, to be ready This extensive Territory is wholly destitute amount of \$600,000. The first, and most when the Treasurer may wish to borrow .- of Banking facilities, although it is so large, important consideration then, is-How the The Boards, having charge of the funds, are that the County, which once embraced near-Roads can be enabled to meet their liabili- thereby restrained from seeking for them | ly the whole of it, was frequently dignified ties, and thereby secure the State. The permanent investments, and the profits, with the appellation of a State. When it is embarrassment of the country has been, for which ought to arise from so large an amount, recollected, the large amount that is due to some time past, and is likely to be for some is greatly diminished, as it is not presumed, the State, for the sale of Cherokee Lands, it time to come, so extraordinary, that travel, the Legislature contemplated paying in- becomes a matter of public interest, that the the most profitable source of revenue to terest on any more than was actually used. debtors, who reside mostly in that quarter, Rail-roads, has decreased exceedingly, and As these liabilities of the Treasury are to should have a currency among them in which the profits of merchandise so reduced, that prudence to make provision to meet them the income from heavy transportation has promptly, no matter how sudden and unex- of the State, two improvements, said to be

I would respectfully invite your attention | ders them National in their character. to the Public Highways generally. In the allude to the opening of Roanoke Inlet, and Eastern section of the State, the variety of the connection of Panilien Sound, by a Ship navigable sounds, rivers and streams, and Channel, with Beaufort Harbor. Frequent the excellent adaptation of the face of the surveys of the first of these proposed im-Country to good Roads, render Legislative provements, made by able and scientific bility on the part of the State, will certainly negligence on these subjects, less oppres- Engineers, and, more particularly, one later sive. But from Fayetteville, the highest ly made under the authority of this State, by It is more than probable that application will be made to charter a Company to construct a Rail-road from some point on the direction, excepting the slight batteau Navi-Raleigh and Gaston Rail-road, to Weldon, gation of the Dan, as high as the County of the feasibility of this work. The advantathe point where the Portsmouth and Roan- Rockingham,) to the Buncombe Turnpike, a ges arising from this improvement to our oke, and Wilmington and Raleigh Rail. distance of some two hundred and fifty or Commerce, are too obvious to need pointing roads meet; thus connecting, by a continu- three hundred miles, what navigable Stream, out. But the view to be taken of its vast ous Rail-road, our seat of Government with Rail road, Turnpike, or McAdamized high- importance, is, in the protection it will afford our own excellent. Port of Wilmington, on way, gives to the laborer facilities of trans. to our shipping, and the lives of our seamen. the one hand, and with one of the hest sea- portation? None !-literally, none! This The difficulty and dangers often encounterports in the world, on the other. No valid vast extent of Territory, reaching from the ed at Ocracoke Inlet, render the connection objection to granting this charter is perceiv- Blue Ridge in the West, to the alluvial re- hetween Pamlico Sound and Beaufort Har- ed, while there is much to sustain its pro- gion in the East, and extending across the bor of vast importance to the convenience priety. The distance is short, some fifteen whole State, it is believed, will compare with and security of our Commerce and Shipping. miles, the ground is favorable, and the usual any spot upon the globe, for the fertility of lt will be an extension of that inland navieurense of Depots and Cars can be dispenits soil, the variety of its productions, the sagation, so essential to us, in time of war, your present Session, I refer you to the first sed with, by the use of those belonging to lubrity of its climate, the beauty of its land- and give access to one of the safest harhors

portion of the State—it is the business of the manner most likely to effect the object your wisdom to supply them. Fayetteville The attention of Congress has been repeat-

their navigation for a great distance towards their sources. The Western portion of the State, compri-

sing what may be termed the Mountain Counties, is a vastly interesting region, and invites your due regard. To make them more interesting, we only have to make them more accessible. The sublimity and beauty of its Mountain Scenery, the purity of its waters, the buoyancy and salubrity of its at. mosphere, the fertility of its valleys, the ver. ergetic, intelligent and hospitable inhabit tants, make it an inviting pertion of the when well made, are very firm and easily these Roads, more just and meritorious .-

and its profits, of twelve to fifteen per cent

There is another inconvenience to which this section of the State labors, and to which I deem it proper to call your attention.-

Turning our attention to the Eastern part

practicable, assume an importance that ren-