

THE PEOPLE MOVING!

OLD LENOIR.

At a large and respectable meeting of the Whigs of Lenoir, held at the Court-house in Kinston, on Thursday afternoon, 16th inst., (the day of the General Muster), on motion of Henry F. Bond, Esq., Col. Blount Coleman was called to the Chair, and Reuben Barrow appointed Secretary. The Chair having explained the object of the meeting, a Preamble and series of Resolutions were submitted by Mr. Tho's S. Clark, which were on his motion, referred to the following Committee, appointed by the Chair, viz: Messrs. Lewis C. Desmond, Walter Dunn, Jr., John B. Clark, Jacob Parrott, John Williams, John King, Henry F. Bond, Thomas S. Clark, and Dr. E. L. Canfield, who having retired and considered the same, reported them to the meeting, as follows:

The Whigs of Lenoir, believing it their duty, as well as their privilege, to express their views and opinions on the great political questions of the day, have met in primary assembly for that purpose. While our fellow-citizens, both of congenial and of hostile political feelings in different parts of the State, are holding meetings and declaring their sentiments, we should betray an apathy to the public weal, and manifest an indifference to the best interests of our country, which we do not, and trust never will feel, were we longer to delay an open and formal expression of our sentiments on these subjects. Regarding it then not only as our privilege as citizens, but as our duty as patriots, to exercise this right, at this time, we would, nevertheless, fain do so in a spirit of charity and candor; we would do so in the spirit of honest freemen, desirous more of promoting the good of our country, than of advancing the interests of any party. It is true we were here under a party name, and as party men; but in a government like ours, deriving its very existence from the will of the people, and based on their sovereignty, party organizations must necessarily prevail, as long as diversity of opinion on political subjects exists. But casting aside, as far as the infirmities of human nature will permit, all party feeling, and discarding every consideration but that of patriotism, we would frankly and fearlessly declare our opinions of every issue of the country. And first, as to the Presidency: We regard this station not only as the greatest in the gift of the people, but as the most honorable and exalted in the world. The man who by the unadvised and unbidden suffrages of his fellow-citizens, is placed in the Presidential Chair, has attained a sublime elevation and has juster cause of honest pride, than the most potent sovereign that ever wore a diadem, or wielded a sceptre. Yet while this high and honorable office is open to the aspiration of all, it is only on such as have passed lives of virtuous usefulness in the service of their country that it should be bestowed. It should not be regarded as the reward of party services, however arduous; nor do we so regard it. The lack of party, who has passed his life in petty schemes and intrigues, regardless of the interests of his country, and striving only for the advancement of party ends, or seeking only the achievement of party triumphs, would be as much out of place in that exalted station, as the creeping reptile which had wound its tortuous ascent to the apex of the pyramid. It should be the reward of eminent public services, unbounded integrity, unquestionable patriotism, and an unswerving character; united to unwavering fidelity to the Constitution and laws, and the ability to construe and expound them, as well as the firmness to enforce them promptly and efficiently. If with these be associated that confidence which is inspired only by the faithful and able discharge of all the trusts reposed in him during a long and useful public career; talents of the highest order; yet used only to increase his country's welfare; a disinterestedness which the love of fame, or the desire of wealth, could never influence; an honesty of intention, and a firmness and consistency of purpose which the charms and blandishments of official influence and patronage never seduce, nor the fierce and insolent denunciations of factious cause falter for a moment; and a patriotism as pure and as holy as ever glowed in the breast of mortal man—we have the character which alone, in our opinion, should be placed at the head of this nation. If it be asked where such a character can be found, with pride and exultation we reply, it is to be found in the person of

HENRY CLAY, OF KENTUCKY.

the Farmer of Ashland. Born in the "Unfettered Commonwealth," we first see him, while yet in early boyhood, riding bareheaded, barebacked, barefooted, and coatless to the mill, through the "Slashes of Hangover," his native county. We next see him huckstering fruit through the streets of Richmond; then measuring tape and selling buttons, as a shop-boy in the same city. Before he has attained the age of manhood, he leaves the "Old Dominion" to seek his fortune in the "Far West" and next appears at the bar of Lexington, then, (as now), one of the most brilliant in the Union. Amidst this host of forensic learning and eloquence by which the young and fearless Virginian was surrounded, he soon acquired by his brilliant parts and close application to business, an influential position, while all admired his splendid talents, and rich and varied acquirements. Soon we again behold him in the Kentucky Legislature, and quickly after that, in the Congress of the U. States, when, as John Randolph, of Roanoke, said, "he made but one step from the door to the Speaker's Chair," being elected to that honorable and responsible station, the very first day that he took his seat in the House of Representatives—an honor never before or since conferred on any other man. This station he continued to fill till he was appointed one of the American Commissioners to treat for peace, when he resigned his seat in Congress, and sailed in company with the other Commissioners for Europe. Having with his colleagues negotiated the treaty of Ghent, by which an honorable peace was restored to our country, he was, on his return to Kentucky, again elected a member of the House of Representatives, and subsequently, several times Senator of that State in the Senate of the U. S. But we need not follow him throughout his career of honor and usefulness—a volume would be required to record all his noble deeds. His life is identified with the history of his country, for the last 30 years, and is enrolled in living characters on its brightest page. Wherever her star of civic greatness and renown during that shining with the greatest lustre, there, with beaming effulgence, blazes the name of HENRY CLAY. Twice the savior of his country, and almost its friend, he should now, after 20 years' public labor and usefulness receive the only honor, (for he can never be recompensed or repaid) commensurate with his services, in the power of a grateful nation to bestow on him. Such is the man we proclaim as our candidate for the Presidency, and appeal to every patriot in support of it. We would place him in the Presidential Chair, not as the reward of party services; we would place him there not even to recompense him for his usefulness and fidelity as a public servant.—We acknowledge the influence and weight of these considerations; but it is on higher grounds that we base our action. He has been true to his party, yet always true to his country. Judas like, he has never betrayed either the one or the other. His public services have been so great that we believe that neither honors nor emoluments can ever repay them; nothing less than the enduring and undying gratitude of his countrymen can be a suitable monument of their appreciation

of them. But we propose to elevate him to the Presidency as a reward of past usefulness, and as an expression of gratitude on the part of the nation, as well as a desire to repay in part, (what they cannot do in full,) the numerous and weighty obligations they fall under him. We believe that as President of these United States, Henry Clay would administer the government in the spirit of the framers of the constitution. We believe that he would do more to bring back the government to its primeval simplicity and spirit than any man living. We believe that he would do more to promote the true interests of the whole country, and increase its prosperity, than any man in the nation. We believe that he would do more to defend the character of the American people and nation abroad, and cause its rights to be respected, and its name honored than any man in existence. We believe, that if elected, he will be president of the nation, and not president of a party; and finally we believe that the American people with a proper appreciation of his usefulness, purity and ability, will assuredly place him in that exalted station, as the day of election arrives. We do not regard any National Convention necessary for the purpose of nominating him. He has already been nominated by the voice of the people to their primary assemblies throughout the length and breadth of the land. So far as our information extends, there has scarcely been a Whig meeting in any part of our country, in which he has not, with surprising unanimity, been nominated for that elevated post. And if the people of the U. States be true to themselves, and true to the highest interests of the country, they will on the proper occasion, come forth in all their majesty and strength, and with one united and overpowering movement, gratefully reward him for all he has suffered, as well as done for his country. Yet we do not wish to be understood as disapproving the Convention proposed to be held at Baltimore in May next. On the contrary, we believe it both expedient and necessary. Recent events have strongly and painfully admonished us that for the future, we cannot too rigidly scrutinize the candidates for the Vice Presidency. We have been taught by painful experience, under which the whole country is yet suffering; and gathering wisdom from the past, we would for the future, strive to avoid all its errors and misfortunes, by the exercise of every honorable means which human prudence and sagacity may suggest. Yet relying on the wisdom and patriotism of Members of the National Convention, we can cheerfully leave the nomination to them, confident that they will select some individual who will not only be worthy of the trust, but will never betray his party, or be false to his country. Such is a hasty sketch of the views and opinions of the Whigs of Lenoir. They fearlessly publish them to the world, resolved to stand or fall by them. Their cause they believe to be the cause of their country; and to the whole country, they confidently appeal in support of them. We therefore, the Whigs of Lenoir, in primary meeting assembled, do solemnly

Resolved, That we enter into the approaching political contests not for the purposes of elevating any particular individual only, or merely to achieve a party triumph; but for the purpose of promoting the welfare of all parties, and of our whole country.

Resolved, That we believe that the Whig party of the United States embraces a large majority in the nation; but that nevertheless we shall by all fair and honorable means, earnestly strive to increase its power, usefulness, and numbers, as it will thereby be furnished with an enlarged power of doing good, and of ministering to the highest interests of the country—the only object for which political power is desirable.

Resolved, That as long as patriotism is cherished, and public virtue and usefulness appreciated, the name and services of HENRY CLAY will command the admiration and gratitude of his countrymen.

Resolved, That our first, and last, and only choice for the Presidency, is HENRY CLAY, of Kentucky; and that we believe his long and valuable public services, incorruptible integrity, fervent patriotism, and brilliant talents, render him more worthy of that high office than any man in the country.

Resolved, That we are happy to believe that the Whig party numbers in its ranks many individuals of splendid talents, unquestioned integrity, and unspotted purity, who will fill the office of Vice President with credit to themselves, and honor and usefulness to the country; but that relying on the wisdom and patriotism of the National Convention, we pledge ourselves to support its nominee, whether it be Mr. Sergeant, of Penn., Mr. Tallmadge, of N. Y., Mr. Clayton, of Del., Mr. Preston, of S. C., or Mr. Bell, of Tenn.; or any other individual who enjoys the confidence and esteem of the Whig party.

Resolved, That the counties in this Congressional District be respectfully requested to appoint Delegates to a District Convention to be held at Kenansville, Duplin co., on the 2nd day of Duplin Court in January next, for the purpose of appointing a Delegate to this District to the National Convention, to be held in Baltimore in May next, and that Jno. C. Washington, Henry F. Bond, John Williams, Jesse Lassiter, and John B. Clark, be appointed Delegates from this county.

Resolved, That we also approve of the proposed Convention of the young men of the country, to be held in Baltimore on 2nd May next, for the purpose of raffling the proceedings of the National Convention; and that be appointed by the chair as Delegates from this county. (The following gentlemen were subsequently appointed: viz: Walter Dunn, Jr., Tho. S. Clark, Dr. A. C. Davis, John A. Parrott, Henry F. Bond, John B. Clark, John H. Peebles.)

And whereas it is proposed by the Whig Central Committee that the Whigs of every county in the State should send Delegates to the Convention to be held in Raleigh, on the 7th Dec. next, for the purpose of nominating a suitable candidate for the gubernatorial office, in place of our present able and worthy Chief Magistrate, who is constitutionally ineligible for re-election; and whereas we cordially approve of such convention: Therefore,

Resolved, That the Chair appoint as Delegates to attend said Convention on behalf of the Whigs of this county.

Resolved, That we have unbounded confidence in any and in all the distinguished individuals who have been spoken of by the Whigs, as candidates for this office; and that this meeting pledge itself to support cheerfully and heartily any one whom the Convention in its wisdom may see fit to designate.

The Preamble and Resolutions having been read, were submitted by the Chair to the vote, and were unanimously adopted, and the blanks in the 6th and 7th Resolutions filled with the names of the gentlemen that appear in them.

The following gentlemen were nominated by virtue of authority conferred by the 8th Resolution, as Delegates to the State Convention on 7th Dec. next: viz: Lewis C. Desmond, Henry F. Bond, Walter Dunn, Jr., Thomas S. Clark, John Williams, John B. Clark, Benjamin C. Williams, Dr. A. C. Davis, David Jones, Finckney Hardee, Jacob Parrott, Jno. King, John C. Washington, Jas. Parson, Wm. B. West, Dr. R. R. Canfield, Jno. A. Watson, Wm. H. Harwood, Dr. J. R. Washington, Jesse Lassiter, Jas. Waters, Wm. Sutton, Edw. J. Peck, Tho. Waters, Sr., Cot. N. G. Blount, Jno. L. Croon, Wm. H. Croon, Thomas Beeson, S. B. Casaway, Jno. P. Dunn, John Jackson, Jas. T. Davis, Jno. A. Parrot, Leonidas B. Colman, Tho. Waters, Jr., Dr. Jno. S. Taylor, Jesse Cobb, Walter Dunn, Sr., Jas. E. Meigs, Stephen White, Jno. H. Peebles; and on motion, the chairman and secretary were added thereto.

On motion, Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the chairman and secretary.

tary, and forwarded to the Whig Editors in Newbern and Raleigh, with the request that they be inserted in their respective papers.

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be returned to the Chairman and Secretary for their services.

On motion, the meeting adjourned *pro die*. BLOUNT COLEMAN, Ch'm. REUBEN BARROW, Sec'y.

HALIFAX COUNTY.

The Whigs of Halifax County, held a meeting in the town of Halifax, on Tuesday, 21st inst.—The meeting was organized by appointing Thos. Ouseby, Chairman, James N. Smith and Chas. N. Webb, Secretaries.

Mr. B. F. Moore addressed the meeting in his usual happy style of close argumentative reasoning—not by any appeal to the passions or prejudices of individuals, but arguments addressed to the reason and understanding of his hearers—and must have carried conviction home to all who heard him; that the doctrines and policy of the Whigs are calculated, when thoroughly carried out, to restore our country to its former state of prosperity, and to give a new impulse to the commerce and industry of the nation.

Upon the subject of the gubernatorial election, Mr. M. warmly advocated the claims of William A. Graham over all others, who had been spoken of for the office—and remarked that although he had the very highest regard for all the gentlemen, who had been seriously spoken of, (insisting that his own name and some others had been put forth merely to fill up the blanks of the Democratic Signal) he was willing to sacrifice any or all of them for the good of the cause—yes he said he would sacrifice his friend Col. Joyner and his friend Cherry, both before him, for the sake of the glorious cause in which we were embarked. He went for "Union of the Whigs for the sake of the Union," and hoped every good and true Whig would forget all personal preferences and unite cordially on the nominee.

After Mr. Moore had closed his speech, the Rev. Sidney Weller being called upon, arose and addressed the meeting and advocated with warmth and zeal the doctrines of the Whig Party and warned his hearers against the arts and wily tricks of that Politician who had so much of "the Fox and Weasel" about him. He said he was from New York himself, and knew something of the cunning of the New York Politicians, and particularly of Mr. Van Buren, and thought him a dangerous man, and invoked his friends to go for the great American Statesman.

Col. Joyner also made some remarks upon the resolution recommending William A. Graham for Governor. The Colonel said that it was known that his name had been brought forward for this office; that it had been done without his knowledge or consent, and against his wishes—that he did not wish to hold the office, and could not under any circumstances consent to be a candidate—that in reply to what Mr. Moore had said, he wished it understood that it was making no sacrifice of him—nor did he consider it as making a sacrifice of any one to select Wm. A. Graham—that he believed all of the gentlemen who had been named would readily yield to the nomination of Mr. Graham, and he believed from all that he could learn, that Mr. Graham was the choice of a majority of the Whigs of the State—was his choice, and he hoped and believed, that he would accept the nomination, and felt no doubt of his election by an increased majority of what the Whig vote had ever been.

Mr. Cherry then rose, and made a few remarks, concurring in what had been said by Mr. Moore and Col. Joyner, and stated that his name had also been brought forward for the office of Governor without his knowledge or consent—that he had no aspirations for the office and never had, and did not consider that it was making any sacrifice of him to select another, but would support warmly and zealously, any person who might receive the nomination. That he had frequently remarked, and now repeated, he would prefer Col. A. Joyner to any of the gentlemen who had been named, though he believed Mr. Graham was the choice of the Whig party generally, and no man would support Mr. Graham more cheerfully or more zealously, if nominated, than he would—and he was well satisfied that if Mr. Graham was the candidate, he would bear aloft the Whig and Clay banner, and would arouse the Whig spirit of 1840, and would add to the great majority of Morehead over Saunders.

Graham, he said, was a favorite of the West, and would be so in the East when well-known—but, said Mr. C. it is not the individual that I go for—but our cause, believing as I do, honestly and conscientiously, that our doctrines are calculated to promote the happiness and welfare of the large mass of the people; and if I did not believe it, I would renounce the Whig doctrine at once. I go then, said Mr. C. heart and soul for the nominee of the Convention, assure my Whig friends that I do not wish the nomination, but am willing to labor in an humble sphere for the Whig cause.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That the Currency question constitutes now, the great dividing line of policy between the Whigs and Democrats, and has divided the parties for years past. That on this question, the Whigs have advocated and recommended, as the most efficient means of restoring and preserving a sound circulating medium, precisely such, as at the two periods of greatest financial embarrassment, received the sanction of Washington and Madison. These periods were, that which on the adoption of the Federal constitution found the Country unable to redeem her foreign engagements, and unable to pay a soldier who had sacrificed their fortunes in the great war for her liberties; and that which succeeded the exhausting efforts of the war of 1812. That it is now known throughout the whole country, and to every man of reflection, that all the substitutes offered and tried, for the means used by those pure and patriotic men, have failed, and in their failure have brought distress and poverty on hundreds of thousands, have stagnated our Commerce, and paralyzed the arm of industry everywhere.

Resolved, That as practical men, it becomes us to cease experiments which have so tendency, other than to agitate the country, alay the pursuits of industry, and destroy both public and private faith.

Resolved, That the proceeds of the sales of the Public Lands rightfully belong to the States, and that while our sister States are burthened with debt, it is the duty of the General Government to aid them, so far as it can do so constitutionally, without incurring the liability for State debts, to redeem their engagements and preserve both them and the common Government, and the cause of liberty itself, from the reproach cast on the public faith of our blood-bought republic.

Resolved, That a Tariff for Revenue, sufficient to administer the government economically, according to the doctrine and practice of every President from Washington to the present time, does admit a wholesome discrimination in the duties, for the purpose of aiding our manufactures, and counterbalancing foreign restraints on our productions.

Resolved, That as we are determined that the administration of the Government shall be restored to the principles upon which our early Presidents conducted it, we no where find among the public men of the country, a man so well suited to our purpose as Henry Clay. Upon him the country has cast her hopes in the hour of peril, and for him we will cast our votes.

Resolved, That the candidate selected for the office of Governor, should be one who will bear aloft the flag of Clay—one whose principles and public career have endeared him to the Whigs for the soundness of his politics and his fearless advocacy of them, and that with a full determination to support the nominee of the Whig Convention with all our strength, we prefer WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, of Orange.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint fifty Delegates from this County to attend the State Convention, to be held in Raleigh on the 7th December next, and that said Delegates be also requested to unite with the Delegates from the other Counties of this Congressional District, in selecting some suitable person to represent this District in the National Convention to be held in Baltimore on the 1st of May next, to select Candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States.

Resolved, That we approve the proposition to hold a Young Man's Convention of ratification in Baltimore, on the 2d May next, and appoint every Whig in Halifax County to attend the same.

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be tendered to the Chairman and Secretaries.

Resolved, That the Editor of the Roanoke Republican, be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

Delegates to the State Convention. Starting H. Gee, Basil W. Edwards, John Fauslon, Jas. M. Newman, Nathaniel W. Edwards, Wm. H. Edmunds, C. B. Allen, Dr. Martin, Thos. F. Matthews, Thos. Fritchett, Jos. L. Simmons, Henry M. Parnell, Jas. O. Nicholson, Gideon T. Hervey, Austin Plummer, W. E. Turner, Richard B. Parker, Aubrey Crowell, Wm. E. Lane, Thos. F. Gregory, Alfred M. Simmons, Thos. W. Pierce, John H. Fenner, R. U. Bond, J. D. Perkins, Benja. Crowell, John L. Ouseby, B. F. Moore, Wm. P. Pope, M. Ferrall, Ben W. Cotton, John Laurence, W. H. Anthony, W. H. Faust, Edwin T. Clark, George W. Gary, W. J. Hill, Saml. W. Branch, Lewis Hale, Thos. P. Devereux, Charles N. Webb, Thos. Ferrall, James N. Smith, Wm. Fenner, Sidney Weller, W. H. Thorn, Wm. Arent, Jas. Simmons, Laurence Whitaker, Robert Hyman.

Upon motion, the names of the Chairman and Secretaries were added to the list of Delegates.

THOS. OUSEBY, Ch'm. JAMES N. SMITH, Sec'y. CHAS. N. WEBB, Sec'y.

EDGECOMB COUNTY.

A portion of the Whigs of Edgecomb assembled at Mrs. Gregory's Hotel in Tarborough, on Tuesday, November 29th, (it being Court week,) to express their views on the approaching elections of President, Governor, &c.

The meeting was duly organized—Col. Ben. D. Battle in the Chair, Henry Lloyd, Secretary.

Some pertinent remarks from the Chair, explained the object of the meeting.

On motion of Jno. F. Hughes, Esq. the Chair appointed a Committee of five, to wit: Jno. F. Hughes, H. Rogers, Henry Lloyd, Thos. Atkinson and — Daughtry, to draft Resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting; who, having retired for a few moments, returned and reported the following Resolutions, which were read and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That a crisis has arrived in the history of our Government, which demands the united efforts and vigilance of all the friends of equal rights and national liberty throughout the land; and that union, concert and harmony, are as necessary as they are important in the present posture of our political affairs.

Resolved, That our confidence in the wisdom, virtue, integrity and unrivalled abilities of the Hon. HENRY CLAY, remains undiminished, and as truth is now scattering its brilliant light abroad, and the patriot spirit of the revolution of 1840, again glowing in the bosoms of the friends of civil and religious freedom, we anticipate the triumph of Whig principles, with emotions of unalloyed pleasure, and to consummate such desirable results, we will therefore, use all fair and honorable means to elevate Mr. Clay to the next Presidency. Reform is necessary, and absolutely demanded, in order to purify the administration of public affairs, and give the people an opportunity of extricating themselves from the evils fastened on them by the defective and ruinous measures of the JACKSON, VAN BUREN and TYLER Administrations.

Resolved, That we approve of the plan to hold a Convention in the City of Raleigh on the 7th December, as necessary to put our Whig vessel in sailing trim, and to put her gallant crew in a position to develop their energy and patriotism in promoting the election of Mr. Clay, and some sound and talented Whig as Governor of the State.

Resolved, That virtue, talents, integrity, patriotism and energy are prominent and important elements to constitute a sound and efficient Statesman—and as the Whig ranks abound in the materials, we feel a lively interest and a proud assurance that the nominee of the Convention will bear our Standard not only gallantly, but successfully.

Resolved, That EDWARD STANLY possesses in an eminent degree, our confidence as a gentleman, patriot and a politician. His talents, virtues and sacrifices have won for him the respect and admiration of many warm and devoted friends throughout the Union, and his native State, distinguished as she is for promoting the meritorious services of her chivalrous sons, should reward him with its highest honors. We therefore recommend him as a suitable candidate for the office of Governor of the State of North Carolina.

Resolved, That should Mr. Stanly not be the choice of the Convention, we promise our zealous support to any true Whig the Convention may select as their nominee.

On motion, the Chair appointed the following gentlemen as delegates to the Raleigh Convention, viz: W. Atkinson, Thos. Atkinson, Willis Dupree, E. Bogata, Lewis Dupree, James Dupree, E. D. Battle, Richard Battle, Dr. James J. Phillips, W. A. Pope, J. H. Harrison, M. Western, W. Williams, Henry Lloyd, S. Moore, R. Daughtry, Dr. T. Watham, J. S. Battle, R. Soary, D. Soary, R. Chapman, Jno. Williams, J. F. Hughes, W. Faircloth, W. Hearn and A. Hearn.

On motion, the Chair appointed the following delegates to the District Convention, to be held at Washington, for the purpose of appointing a delegate to the Baltimore Convention in May 1844, viz: Willis Atkinson, Jno. E. Hughes, Willis Dupree, Lewis Dupree and Thos. Atkinson.

HERTFORD COUNTY.

A meeting of the Whigs of Hertford County, N. C., was held at the Court House, at November Court, 1843.

On motion, John G. Wilson, Esq., was called to the Chair, and James L. Grimes was appointed Secretary.

Wm. D. Valentine, Esq., explained the object of the meeting, and on his motion, a Committee of five was appointed to prepare Resolutions for the action of the meeting.

The Committee, composed of R. C. Borland, Watson L. Daniel, B. T. Spiers, Wm. N. H. Smith and Wm. D. Valentine, retired a short time, and returned and reported the following Resolutions:

Resolved, That this meeting, assembled for the purpose of promoting the cause of Republican Whig principles, recognises HENRY CLAY of Kentucky, as the great champion of their principles—and that we will prove our appreciation of his worth and our gratitude for his services; by using our utmost exertions, to secure his election to the Presidency of the U. States.

Resolved, That we approve of the proposed Whig Convention, to be held in Raleigh, on the 7th of December, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor of this State, to be run by the Whigs, and that we deem it proper to send delegates to said Convention.

Resolved, That among the various gentlemen whose names have been mentioned for the office of Governor, we recognise many whose private worth and public services entitle them to the esteem and gratitude of the Whigs of this State—and that we stand prepared to support the nominee of the Convention, whosoever he may be, believing he will be a sound Whig, "honest, capable, and faithful."

Resolved, That the following persons be appointed to represent the Whigs of this County in the Convention to be held in Raleigh, on the 7th of December next—B. T. Spiers, Wm. N. H. Smith, Wm. D. Valentine, James L. Grimes, Thos. P. Little, Dr. E. S. Neal, John L. Taylor, Jacob Sharp, and John A. Anderson.

Resolved, That, treasuring in our hearts, as wise and appropriate, the time-honored maxim, "United we stand, divided we fall,"—in union there is strength.—The Union of the Whigs for the sake of the Union,—this meeting do organize itself into a political association to be styled the "Clay Club of Hertford County," the object of which shall be to disseminate political information among the people, to expose the errors of our opponents, to vindicate and enforce Whig doctrines by facts and reason, and to advocate the election of HENRY CLAY for the next President of the United States.

Resolved, That we do most respectfully invite and request every Whig in the county to unite and co-operate with us.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be forwarded to the Editors of the Albemarle Sentinel, Old North State, Norfolk Herald, Roanoke Advocate, and Raleigh Register, with a request that they publish them in their respective papers.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

JOHN G. WILSON, Chairman. JAMES L. GRIMES, Secretary.

WARREN COUNTY.

At a meeting of the Whigs of Warren county, in Warrenton, on Tuesday, the 29th of November, on motion of William S. Ransom, Wm. Plummer, Esq. was appointed Chairman, and James M. Williams and James L. Duke, Secretaries.

The object of the meeting was then succinctly stated by Mr. Ransom, who moved that a Committee of three be chosen to report its purposes; whereupon, Dr. Ellis Malone, George C. Spruill, and Weldon Hall, Esq's. were selected, who returned the following Resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we approve of the Whig Convention, proposed to be held at Raleigh, the 7th of December next, for the purpose of nominating a suitable candidate to be run by the Whigs of the State for Governor, and to elect two Delegates to the National Convention, to be held in Baltimore, in May next.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint thirty-five Delegates to attend the Convention at Raleigh, and that the said Delegates represent the Whigs of the County in the selection of a Delegate from this District to a National Convention.

Resolved, That in the recent Whig successes, in various elections from Maine to Georgia, we see with joy a sure pledge of the triumph of Whig principles in the great contest for the Presidency in 1844.

Resolved, That in HENRY CLAY, the Whigs of the United States, have a leader, worthy of their entire confidence—a Statesman of the most eminent abilities, of long experience and of tried integrity—a Patriot who, in a public life of thirty years, has rendered to the country more important and valuable services than any other public man. Such a character, and such services, eminently entitle him to the first honor in the gift of the nation; and, with proper exertions on the part of the Whigs, we believe such a result will most assuredly be accomplished.

The Chairman then, in conformity to the 1st Resolution, appointed the following Delegates to the Raleigh Convention, viz: John G. Yancy, Garret Goodlow, William S. Ransom, James L. Duke, James M. Williams, William Morgan Powell, James Nuttall, James Patton, Dr. Henry J. Plummer, George E. Spruill, Dr. Ellis Malone, William P. Little, Dr. Charles Skinner, William H. Bobbitt, John B. Williams, Thomas G. Plummer, Thomas N. F. Alston, Henry G. Parham, Lewis Bobbitt, Joseph Cheek, John T. Williams, Robt. Ransom, Peter D. Powell, Benjamin Norwood, Richard Bullock, Edward Hall, Samuel Phillips, John M. Price, Stephen G. Turner, John M. Wilson, Lewis Y. Christmas, Kemp P. Alston and Dr. Solomon G. Ward; and, on motion, the name of the Chairman was added.

On motion of Dr. Skinner the meeting then adjourned.

WILLIAM RUMMER, Ch'm. JAMES M. WILLIAMS, Sec'y. JAMES L. DUKE, Sec'y.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

At a meeting held at the Court House in Plymouth, on the 21st November 1843, for the purpose of appointing Delegates, to represent the people of Washington County, at the Whig Convention, to be held in Raleigh on the 7th of December next—on motion, D. C. Guyther, Esq. was called to the Chair, and J. Beasley appointed Secretary.

Resolved, That we entirely approve the call for a Convention, to be held at the City of Raleigh, on the 7th December next, for the purpose of nominating a suitable Candidate for the Governor's Chair, to be run by the Whig party, in the ensuing election; and that we recognize a Convention as the only means, by which, unanimity may be attained and thereby success secured.

Resolved, That the prospects of the Whigs were never more encouraging than at this time, and that recent occurrences in the different States shew, that the party has risen itself from the depression into which it had fallen, occasioned by the disastrous events, which commenced with, and followed close upon, the death of the lamented Harrison—that the energy of 1840 has been awakened, and will not again seek repose, until the country shall have been redeemed from present, and protected against future misrule.

Resolved, That to accomplish this, all personal preferences, all sectional jealousies, must be abandoned, that the Whig phalanx may be one and undivided, united in principle, united in measures, united on men.

Resolved, That while we retain unshaken confidence in our late Representative in Congress, the Hon. EDWARD STANLY, and should receive his nomination as the respectful recognition, on the part of the Convention, of the claims of our section of the State; still, so deeply impressed are we with the truth, that the principle of unity is the principle of safety, that we forego all personal preferences, or sectional considerations, and pledge ourselves to receive the nomination of the Convention as our first, our best, our only choice.

Resolved, That the Whigs of the Union require no conference in reference to their candidate for the Presidency—Henry Clay, the Patriot—Statesman of Kentucky, has been designated by an acclamation not to be mistaken.

Resolved, That while we view the nomination for the Presidency as settled, we regard that for the Vice-Presidency as vastly important, requiring at once a person of known principles and admitted abilities, and (in the event of our success) one in whom the Whigs, as a body, may place implicit confidence, should such an emergency occur, in the dispensations of divine Providence, as would call him to the first office of the Government.

Resolved, That a delegation of fifty individuals be appointed to attend the Raleigh Convention, and ten to attend the District Convention at Washington, held for the purpose of electing Delegates to the Baltimore Convention, and that the same be appointed by the Chair.

Agreeably to the 7th Resolution, the Chair appointed the following Delegates to the Raleigh Convention, viz: J. B. Chesnut, Benjamin Maitland, John B. Beasley, J. S. Lindsay, Wm S. Pettigrew, Dr. H. Hardison, Jos. Beasley, Thos. B. Latham, Robt. Respas, Thos. S. Johnson, W. D. Davis, H. H. Watson, J. B. Griffin, A. S. Johnson, A. F. Garrett, Dr. W. W. Ward, A. O. Gregory, John Nicholls, M. W. Lucas, J. C. Pettigrew, T. M. Chesson, E. S. Rigg, H. Hoffman, J. G. Williams, H. Downing, W. W. Mifflin, W. D. Javenport, H. H. Phelps, B. W. Davis, Ash Norman, N. N. Phelps, Jos. Caloun, Jas. Norman, Wm. H. Flower, Wm. G. Duckett, Smith M. Clugon, Jas. Davenport, F. Snell, Abernethy, Chas. J. Lewis, Saml. Newberry, H. Norman, Jordan Walker, J. J. Harrison, J. B. Golet, W. C. Sleight, Chas. Latham, Ormond Respass, Aaron Harrison and Jos. Downing.

The following ten were appointed to the Washington Convention, viz: Josiah Collins, W. T. Pettigrew, N. N. Phelps, Jos. J. Lindsay, Ed S. Rigg, W. W. Mifflin, Jno. G. Williams, E. H. Walls, Thos. S. Johnson and N. Beckwith.

Resolved, That the Committee of Resolutions be added to the Raleigh Convention; also the Chairman of this meeting.

Resolved, That a copy of these proceedings be forwarded to the "Newbernian," "North State Whig," "Star," and "Register."

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be given to the President and Secretary.

D. C. GUYTHER, Ch'm. J. BEASLEY, Secretary.

ORANGE COUNTY.

A large number of the Whig citizens of Orange met at the Masonic Hall on Tuesday last, pursuant to public notice.

On motion, Priestly H. Mangum, Esq., was called to the Chair, who, in a few very appropriate remarks, explained the object of the meeting.

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