RALEIGH, N. C. Friday, August 28, 1846.

THE NEXT GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

APPOINTMENTS TO OFFICE. We observe a Communication in the last " Star,

referring to a report, that Mr. Manoum will decline a re-election to the Senate, and proposing, in that event, that Mr. BADGER and Mr. OSBORNE, should be sent as the representatives of North Carolina in that body. We have also heard the names of Governor MOREREAD and Mr. STANLY mentioned in connexion

It is not our purpose, in noticing this subject, to express any preference amongst these gentlemen .-We shall not declare any dissent from the commendation which the Correspondent of the 'Star' bestows on Messrs. Badger and Osborne. We know Gov. MOREHEAD, and have often given, in no measured terms, expression to our warm affection, and high respect for him-and in every political contest, he is and ever has been, what Gen. TAYLOR is to the enemies of the Country, the "Rough and Ready" of North Carolina. Of EDWARD STANLY we need not speak. The Old North State has not a truer or nobler Son, or the Whig party a more able and devoted supporter; and we doubt not he would maintain, with brighter lustre in the Senate, the reputation he has already won with the Whigs of the whole Union. We do not blame our Western friends, for desiring to see Mr. MOREHEAD or Mr. OSBORNE in the Senate; or our Eastern brethren for wishing to place such a man as EDWARD STANLY there.

With the appointment of any or either of the gentlemen named, we shall be well satisfied, and doubt not the honor of the State will, in such hands, be safe. But what we want to say is-that in our opinion, it is premature and injudicious, thus to bring the names of gentlemen before the public. What good purpose can it secure ? Are these gentlemen so little known, that it is feared they will be forgotten by the Whig Members of the General Assembly, unless their names are announced; or be overlooked, unless their merits are proclaimed? We think it unnecessary, certainly, and probably wrong, now to agitate this matter. It is scarcely delicate towards the gentleman named, or towards the Whig Members of the General Assembly.

If Mr. Mangun should not be in nomination, because his name may probably be required by the Whigs of the Country for a higher station, or for any other reason, let the Whig Members, from every part of the State meet, and unbiassed by any previous action of the Press, consider who, under all the circumstances, with just reference to the claims of the different sections of the State, and of the whole State, should fill the two vacant seats in the Senate. Or, should nothing occur, to prevent Mr. Mangum from again serving the State in that body, let the Whig Members, alike uninfluenced, settle who shall be associated with him in the high trust.

And while speaking on this subject, we hope we shall be pardoned, if we warn the Whig Members respectfully, against committing themselves by be filled by the ensuing Legislature. Let every member come here untrammelled by promises which hnpair his free agency-consult with his Whig brethren -be ready to surrender all personal predilections to the common judgment of his friends, and thus let the Whig party move forward in harmonious efforts to do the best for the Country, preserving their organization entire, and showing the unity and the force of the ancient Phalanx, which made Grecian valor indomitable. In these sentiments, we feel sure Whig party, whatever else he may be-is nor a

MR. HAYWOOD'S ADDRESS.

We copy to-day, from various papers, the opinions of their respective Editors, upon the Address of Ex-Senator Haywood, without pretending, of course, to endorse any or either of the sentiments advanced, for, it will be observed, they are conflicting and different; but merely to give our readers some idea of the tone of the public Press on the subject. But we must be permitted to say, without taking part in the quarrel tive and ruinous tendencies upon the industry and between Mr. H. and his Loco Foco friends, that the sentiments of the "Richmond Whig," which are to be found in another column, are more to our taste, and speak more truly and boldly our own views upon the matter, than any of the numerous comments in which the corps Editorial have indulged, that have fallen under our observation. It is not our opinion, that men, because they are party men, are blindly to follow the behests of party, without having the privilege of discriminating and choosing between Truth, Justice and Love of Country, on the one hand, and Party Fanaticism, run-mad Political Jacobinism, and reckless, infuriate party ambition, on

IJ We learn that Col. MEARES, one of the Aides to Gen. YELL, of Arkansas, now in service in Mexico, and whose name is going the rounds of the papers improperly spelt, Mayers, is a son of the lamented WILLIAM B. MEARES, of Wilmington, in this State.

PRACTICE VS. THEORY.

The friends of Mr. WALKER's British Tariff bill, maintained that it would enhance the price of our Agricultural products, and diminish the price of foreign manufactures. The news by the Caledonia. shows that provisions and breadstuffs are fallingwhile British manufactures are rising, in consequence of the passage of the bill.

MR. ATKINS BAILED.

We learn by the " North Carolinian," that Bent. ATKINS, Esq. of Cumberland, who shot Mr. McDair-MID, of that County, has been bailed by Judge Bar-TLE, in the sum of \$5,000.

MR. HAYWOOD AND THE "STANDARD."

The last " Standard," in speaking of Mr. Havwood's Address, says, "that he (Mr. H.) refused, for no good reasons, to remain in the Senate and contribute by his vote to reduce the tariff-taxes of the people of North Carolina; that he flinched at a moment when, if ever, he might have proved himself a " successful" supporter of the Administration ; and that his course upon this vital question, so far from entitling him " to the confidence, respect and approbation of the Democratic party," is justly calculated to expose him to a loss of confidence and approbation, and to the profound and lasting indignation of all genuine Republicans."

" No good reasons." Is it considered by " genuine Republicans," that conscientious motives are to have nothing to do with a Politician's public acts, and that conscientious, settled conviction of the unjustness and deleteriousness of a measure, constitute "no good reasons" why he should not support it? Is he, imperatively REQUIRED, madly to pursue the work of destruction marked out for him by his masters, the Powers that be, at the head of Government, without the privilege of remonstrance or dissent, in order to entitle him to "the confidence and respect" " of all geuine Republicans"? No, no. In the language of Mr. Haywood, " no man, with a due sense of honor and accountability, could put himself in a position, where obedience to the mandates of others was both imperative and unavoidable; and nobody would be

But, it seems, Mr. Haywood thinks he had " good reasons" for acting as he has, and " with the proud consciousness of having dared to do his duty." he invokes no sympathy," but indignantly defies the malice of all bad men, who measure the motives of the virtuous by a standard of morals which vice has erected in their own bosoms," and relies "upon the discernment and judgment of an intelligent public" to do him justice, and lays claim " to the confidence, respect, and approbation of all good men."

fit to serve the Republic who could."

The "Standard" also adds :- " The springs which moved him to the performance of the act which all his friends regret, and which he must regret to the last day of his life, are buried in his own bosom, or perhaps disclosed in his Address." What is meant in this charge by inuendo, we are sure we cannot comprehend. Does the Editor mean that the whole secret is not told? That there is something yet behind the scenes? 'Twould seem so, from this grave

" PARTY DRILL."

Perhaps the most startling developement made in Ex-Senator Haywoop's Address, is the omnipotence. so to speak, of party drill at Washington! He says! " I KNEW WELL, that the Senate were about passing the bill, CONTRARY to the judgment of a MAJORITY, under the duress of a PARTY DRILL!" And another TWO-THIRDS of the Senate were opposed to the bill!" -and yet it passed that body by a majority of one!

Is not this an alarming confession, coming, too, from the highest Legislative functionary of our Government-composed of men who should be "above suspicion and above reproach"-that under "a duress of party drill," THEY could so far forget their duty to their Country and their God, as to suffer themselves to be coerced into the support of a measure, "contrary" to their enlightened judgments! Truly, truly, we have fallen upon evil times. Has it come to this, that a high-minded, honorable man-one who has been elevated to the proud and lofty distinction of Senator in this great Nation, can arise in his place, in the Senate Chamber, and denounce a measure as unwise, impolitic and destructive, and yet, "under duress of a party drill," he can be made to sacrifice all his higher, and we may say not unjustly, his holier obligations, and vote in favor of that identical measure! The reflection is indeed humiliating, and goes far to controvert that boasted " freedom of action," in our Government, over which we hear so many praises sung.

GEORGIA.

We see by our exchanges from this State, that preparations are making by the Whigs, for an active and pledges, to support any candidate for any Office, to vigorous campaign, for the election of members to Congress. We are glad to see this, for, generally, this gallant State is found "right side up," nobly fighting, side by side, with honest old North Carolina, for right and justice. We hope, at her next election, to see her redeem herself from the unfortunate position into which she suffered herself to be betrayed, in the support of Polk and Dallas, in 1814. The Old North State has just set her a glorious example-one worthy of imitation. Let us see, then, that the State which has such noble Whig champions as BERRIEN, all our readers will concur-for an aspirant to any Toomas, Sternens, King, &c., cannot again be dup-Office, who is willing to succeed by dividing the ed into the support of men who will sustain the miserable, bungling, ruinous measures of the present Administration. We shall look for Whig thunder from Georgia, on the first Monday in October. Shall we be disappointed?

MARYLAND.

The Whigs of Maryland seem to be alive to the mportance of their approaching election. Situated as they are, contiguous to the Federal Seat of Government, where they can see the corruption and misdoings of Polk's Administration-witness its destrucprosperity of the Nation-and having her escutcheon free from stain in the trying times of 1844--it can hardly be expected, that at this late day of misrule. she will give in her adhesion to its mad and disorganizing schemes. The Old North State has set the ball in motion, and we doubt not the descendants of the heroes of Bladensburg and Stony Point, will give it fresh impetus in October next.

We are happy to learn from the "National Intelligencer," that Mr. Mangum, of the Senate, who has been detained in Washington City by indisposi-

The Sale of the "Portsmouth and Roanoke Rail Road," advertised in this paper, is to take place on Friday next, the 4th of September.

FAILURES IN NEW YORK.

The "New York Telegraph" says: "Quite a number of failures of prominent houses have occurred within a day or two, and the times are sadly out of

The population of Illinois, has increased sixty per cent. in six years past. The Rock Island Whig estimates that by the year 1850 Illinois will contain one million inhabitants, and that in twenty years it will contain three millions of people.

The Hon. ROMULUS M. SAUNDERS, U. S. Minister to Spain, arrived at Madrid on the 21st of July, safe and well.

THE NEWS FROM MEXICO.

The news from Mexico, which we publish to-day, is creating considerable speculation, especially as regards the course Santa Anna will pursue in regard to the war, should he be successful in putting himself at the head of the Republic. The New York correspondent of the " Philadelphia Inquirer," says :-

The community was surprised this morning by a innouncement in the public prints, that the Castle of San Juan de Ullon, and the citizens of Vera Cruz, had declared in favor of the exile Santa Anna, who had left Havana and gone to Vera Cruz, and thence, no doubt, to the Capitol. This is considered highly important intelligence, and various opinions are given as to the result it will have on the war. The general impression is, that as Santa Anna has on all occasions avowed his opinion of the rightfulness of the government straining every nerve to carry it on sucessfully, that he is committed, and on assuming the reins of power will exert himself to prolong it, and decline coming to peace on terms that would be satisfactory to the United States.

ALABAMA.

Whig Representative in his stead. They have nominated S. S. Beman, Esq .- a gentleman who, it is said, if elected, will be an honor to the State. We sincerely hope they may succeed-fer the character of Alabama has most grievously suffered, by being represented by such men as YANCEY, McCONNELL, &c.

SUPREME COURT.

on the 15th instant. The following are the closing

By Ruppin, C. J., in Bridges v. Pleasants, in Equiv. from Orange. Also, in Weir v. Humphries, in Equity, from Guilford. Also, in State v. Conoly, from Wilkes; judgment for the State on the verdict. Also, in Newlin v. Freeman, in Equity, from Orange; declaring the plaintiff entitled to relief in respect of the land which the wife had at the marriage, and not as to the other lands. Also, in State v. Petersburg Rail Road Company; judgment on the demur-Bowden, in Equity, from Northampton ; directing a Uncle Sam. Served him right! A more consumdecree for plaintiffs. Also, in Allen v. McRae, in Equity, from Anson; dismissing the bill with costs. Also, in Michael v. Michael, in Equity, from Orange; him, could not well boast. He, by this time, probadismissing the bill with costs.

Washington; affirming the judgment below. Also, in the matter of Latham, guardian, in Equity, from Beaufort. Also, in Doak to use of Adams v. Bank in the Park, placing it in the Grand Square of Mexi-

By NASH, J., in Ashcrast v. Little, in Equity, from Anson ; decree affirmed. Also, in Spencer v. Haw- far as Dixon, to the New Orleans Calaboose. None kins, in Equity, from Granville : dismissing the bill with costs. Also, in Hunter v. Jamieson, from Ma- they don't like hardships; they abhor fighting in the dem. Sawyer v. Sawyer, from Camden ; affirming doing good service, in the ranks of Locofocoism. You the judgment below.

CAUTION TO THE CARELESS.

A serious accident occurred near Gorgetown, on and Walter Hillary, were severely injured. They were sitting in the bar-room of a tavern, side by side, when a third man, Joseph Goodyear entered the room, and, carelessly snatching up a gun, jocularly exclaimed, "he would shoot them." not supposing the piece to be charged. The gun was loaded, however, and the two received its contents in the face and upper part of the body, mangling them very severely. Goodyear made no attempt to escape, but expressed the poignant remorse he felt at his care-

MR. BENTON-THE OREGON TREATY. The "Union" publishes Mr. BENTON's Speech on the Oregon Treaty, delivered in secret Session, generally approving it. Mr. BENTON thinks the right of navigation of Columbia river, limited. So far, so good. But Mr. BENTON published his Speech first in the "National Intelligencer." Upon which the "Union" takes care to observe, that it " copies the speech of its own accord, without request from any one"and that, of course, the " Senator from Missouri has a right to select his own medium." Of course he has. And what is more, it appears that he exercises

TALL LADIES.

A New York paper says that tall ladies invariably prefer short men. An exchange paper thinks this an error, and observes that no woman objects to Humen.

The unblushing effrontery of a portion of the Democratic Press in making predictions of success in elections where all the chances are against them, is only equalled by the gullibility displayed by Democratic editors elsewhere, in swallowing as truth these groundless assertions. We have a case in point. The Democratic papers, of North Carolina, just preceding the election in that State, were teeming with most flattering predictions of the success of their candidate for Governor. Now these predictions could not have been intended for the home market, inasmuch as every one at all conversant with the state of public sentiment there, knew that GRAHAM would be elected; they were, therefore, designed to operate at a distance and some of the Democratic papers in other States one or two in our own among the number. were so far misled by them as to predict a Democratic triumph in North Carolina. The Raleigh Standard, as it ever has done, took the lead in this work of deception. The Register, in publishing the returns, which show a perfect Waterloo defeat to the Locofocracy, also publishes the predictions of the "Standard." Give

Wonder if the Standard won't attribute their defeat to the apathy of the Democracy in their strong-holds-particularly in " Chunn's Cove ?" Athens (Ga.) Whig.

The Enquirer, after quoting the statement, copied by us from a Northern paper, in relation to the alleged determination of a son of Gen. Romulus M. Saunders, to commence the publication of an Abolition paper in North Carolina, says :-A few days since, we saw Mr. James Saunders, he person referred to. We interrogated him as to the truth of the above assertion, and he said he the subject of the 'persecutions of the N. Hampshire Insane Asylum,' whence he had twice made his escape on account of the cruel and oppressive treatment which he received. From a sense of gratitude, he had in public spoken highly of Garrison as a man, but had given no countenance to his Abolition views." The Enquirer farther learned from Mr. Saunders, that he was on his way to North Carolina, for the purpose of editing | 25 a \$3. 75 c. . Whig paper .- Richmond Whig.

TOOTH-ACHE.—We copy the following simple ecipe for the cure and prevention of this most excruciating complaint from a city paper. " Put a piece of lime, about the size of a walnut, into a quart bottle of water ; with this, rinse the mouth two or three times a day, and clean the teeth, using this water every morning. If it tastes strong, dilute it, for it should be just strong enough to taste the line, and no stronger. I was till I used this mixture, and never had it since." the way of Vetoes.

EDITOR'S CORRESPONDENCE.

New York, Aug. 24th. THE BARQUE " CHATHAM," which, you will rementer, was chartered some four months ago at this port, or the purpose of carrying out provisions, etc., to the captives rescued from the Slave ship "Pons," on the coast of Africa, arrived, on Menday last, from Monrovia, where these unfortuate beings are reported to have settled. A letter frem J. J. Roberts, Esq., Agent there of the New York State Colonization Society, says the arrival of the "Chatham," with supplies was opportune indeed. The great scarcity of provisions in the Colony had rendered the condition of many of them very distressing; and serious fears had been entertained that, not only the captives, but the colonists also, would soon begin to experience great want. It really does seem that the condition of the "Pons" Slaves, now, is nearly as wretched as it would have been, possibly, had that vessel succeeded in the attempt to bring them to America. On their arrival at Monrovia (says Mr. R.,) the citizens generally agreed to receive a large number of them into We see that the Whigs have gone earnestly to their families, and promised to provide for them to the work, in Mr. YANCEY's District, to try and secure a extent of their abilities. Many of the captives, howver, fell into the hands of those whose limited means. when provisions became scarce.) would not allow them to retain the poor wretches longer, without reducing their own families to want. The consequence was that in a few months hundreds of them, including a number that had been apprenticed to irresponsible persons, were thrown as paupers upon the community, most of them emaciated, sick, and in a wretched state of helplessness. When the "Chatham" left, scores of them, we are told, were hanging The Supreme Court of North Carolina adjourned upon the skirts of the settlement, living mainly upon what they could plunder from the colonists; and it is said that the present dearth of provisions at Monrovia, is owing, in a great degree, to their numerous depredations upon the young crops of the farmers.

So, as you will perceive by the New Orleans papers, " General" George Washington Dixon, instead with a thickening of the mucous membrane of the of revelling in the "Halls of Montezuma," is meditating upon the mutability of human affairs in a cell in the Calaboose of the ungrateful Crescent City, whose unmerciful officers, when they laid their impious hands upon the redoubtable Captain of the Yucatan Expedition, it seems, had no reverence either for his Epaurer for the defendants. Also, in Exum and others v. letts, or his asseverations of being in the service of mate loafer, or a more degraded, yet pitiful specimen of humanity, New York, when it luckily got rid of bly, is properly appreciated by those "ladies," here, By DANIEL, J., in Guyther v. Pittijohn, from who prior to his departure for Yucatan, presented him with a costly embroidered flag, which, it is now said he has sold, instead of, as he declared at a meeting of the State, from Guilford; affirming the judgment co! We have, of just such vagabonds, yet " a few more left," and it would be rendering the City an eternal benefit, if they could be induced to travel as of them will go to Mexico, none of them to Texason; affirming the judgment below. Also, in denex field, though they are ever at home on election days,

have heard of the Empire Club? WESTERLO WOODWORTH, a son of Judge Woodworth, of Hyde Park, in this State, committed suicide, on Wednesday morning last, in the Insane Asylum at Yorkville, while under the influence of of it in connection with the remed some \$60,000, left him by a deceased relative. Thus we see wealth the ruin of a young man who, had he been dependent upon his own honest industry, or thrown upon his own exertions, for a livelihood, might, in all probability have been a worthy and useful member of society. But the unlimited and imprudent use

of gold, in a short period of time, brought him to irretrievable ruin, disgrace and the dark abyss of a suicide's tomb. THE CALIFORNIA EXPEDITION has not yet taken its departure, but lingers still in a state of "masterly inactivity" at Governor's Island. The three Ships engaged for the transportation of the troops are, at last, ascertained to be the "Susan Drew." "Thomas Perkins," and "Loo Choo," which are all staunch and Sea worthy vessels, lately engaged in the Tea trade For these vessels the sum of \$62,000 is to be paid,

and the total cost of the whole affair has been estimated at the enormous sum of a million of dollars ! Meanwhile there are some very serious charges mak- | Hope, the great Banker of London, and a blood reing against Stevenson, the Colonel of the Regiment, by one Thomas Jefferson Sutherland, a man well known in these parts, and withal somewhat notorious for the conspicuous part he took in the Canadian re-bellion, in 1836.

The following is a copy of some of the most prominent of these, which I transcribe for the Register, as a matter of as much interest to its readers as to us, the Expedition bearing the character of a national concern, and an undertaking in which, it may turn out, the honor of the country is in no small degree involved Sutherland offers to prove his allegations before a Court of Enquiry, if need be. First, then, he de- ry Minetree, of Warren County, in this State. clares that Stevenson has purposed a fraud upon the members of his regiment, by procuring a large quantity of clothing, not American in its fashion, nor suited to the climate of California, which he designs to compel his men to purchase from him at prices far above sisting of he real value, his son-in-law being the pretended con-

That he reported company rolls to the Governor of this State as complete, according to the requisition of the War Department, when in fact the companies did not contain the men professed to have been enrolled, and thus procured commissions for favorites, to the exclusion of competent men and good officers, who had reported perfect rolls of companies, whose ranks were filled with respectable men.

That he has used his influence to exclude from the corps of officers of his regiment all men of capacity and experience, and those who would be most likely to be directed by a nice regard for the interest and honor of their country, and to constitute it a body of weak, or very young and inexperienced men, who must needs be his suppliant underlings.

That he has publicly declared that, if he ibas sent out by the Government, in convoy, he would run away from the naval commander; and that after he had landed in California, he would no lon- furnish me with such proof. As the selling of liquors ger obey the President of the United States, nor to Slaves is done secretly, I deem it perfectly honoraany other authority of the Government. That he has practised duplicity on the President.

the Governor, and other persons in office in this State, unbecoming an officer and a soldier. These are grave charges, which concern not me alone, but the whole country, and they are now de-

clared with the fullest sense that I endorse their truth with the commission which I myself hold.* and a fine and imprisonment on an indictment for libel, if the charges should prove to be such-and with this I am

THOS. JEFFERSON SUTHERLAND. *Sutherland, is, himself, a Captain of Volunteets.

NEW YORK MARKETS. Cotton. The Great Western's advices have had rather enlivening effect upon the market, and in some instances an advance has taken place.

Flour. Michigan and Oswego \$4, Straight Genwarm friend at the moment when he (S.) was and Howard Street \$4 184. These are the only descriptions that have met a sale. Grain. Sales of 30,000 bu. red Western wheat at

> Rye also is in brisk request and sales are made at 70 a 72 c., 50,000 bn. Corn (Western mixed) sold for \$1, \$1 50 and \$3; Pamphlets gratis. distilling at 48 a 51 c. Provisions. But little doing in this article the past week, and prices show no material variation. Rice. Market active. Sales of 300 tierces at \$3;

81 and 84 c. Genesee is in demand for shipment --

Naval Stores. Sales of 4,000 bbls. Newbern & Washington turpentine, New Crop at \$2 50c. The stock of old at the yards 25,000 bbls. Spirits of turpentine 32 cts ; No. 1, Rosin \$1,50 2 121 Stock of Rosin on hand 100,000 bbls.

A braver set of men, says the Keene Sentinel, never were than our present Congress. They have declared war against Mexico, against manufactures, laborers and wool growers, and resuscitated the dead Sub-Treasury. Mr. Polk is not tormented with the toothache for several weeks, to be outdone by Gen. Jackson or Mr. Tyler in

Use or Hogs .- The Cincinnati Price Current says: "In consequence of the existence of a city ordinance, which prohibits the feeding of hogs within the corporation, the owners of one of the

city distilleries are about to suspend operations as they find the business cannot be carried on profitably, unless they are permitted to feed hogs." FURTHER TESTIMONY JUST RECEIV

ED FROM DR. HOWLAND, in favor of Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort, 375 Bowery, as a cure for Consumption, Liver Complaint, Palpitation of the Heart, Brough itis, and Asthma. WEST POINT, March 9th, 1844. Dear Sir,-It is with the greatest possible degree

of heartfelt gratitude, and pleasing emotions of the soul, that I attempt to east in my mite in favor of Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort. Appreciating as I do the virtues of that excellent medicine, and sympathizing with, and feeling at the very soul, for those who may be afflicted as I was, I cannot-and do justice to my own feelings-withhold my influence from urging suffering humanity to make at least a trial of Doctor Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort. It is impossible for me to describe to you what I have suffered for the past fifteen years. When about eighteen years of age was seized with the paralysis of the left leg, which confined me to my bed for a number of months, but by the untiring perseverance of my physicians, I was partially restored.

My liver and digestive apparatus, and nervous sys-

tem in toto, suffered from the attack most severely.

and I have ever been subject to the most violent attacks of inflamation of the liver, suffering in the most excruciating manner in taking cold-was never free from pain in my right side, accompanied by all that host of nervous affections which render life a burden to all who are objects of its prey. In this way I suffered until the autumn of 1842, when I was seized with the bilious remitting fever. My life was despaired of for some weeks, but by the unvielding perseverance of my physicians I was again partially restored to health. But my lungs, during my illness, did not escape with impunity. I was threatened bronchial tubes, my cough was extremely severe, a great tightness across the chest, shortness of breath. and violent palpitation and soreness in the intercostal muscles, and constipation, sometimes, however, diarrhæa. The matter expectorated assumed the aspect of genuine pus-was streaked with blood; with nothing but impending death I of course expected very soon to stand at the Bar of God. In this condition was, when advised by a friend to try Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort (from 375 Bowery, New York.) I did so and before one bottle was gone I was entirely restored; but being too ambitious, I exposed myself, and was again taken alarmingly ill.

I lost my recollection so far that I could not remember any transactions from day to day and scarcethe names of my children-All the symptoms of nsumption returned with almost redoubled vigor then went to Saratoga Springs where I spent the summer but without the least advantage-when I returned I was so troubled with palpitation, that it many times threatened immediate suffocation, I again ad recourse to Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort, from 375 Bowery,) and by its continued use, I am now almost entirely restored to health. I have occasionally made use of it in my practice, and that with marked advantage. I declare myself to be an enemy to all quacks and cure-all medicines; but so fully convinced am I of the virtues of your medicine, it is my candid belief that if the Faculty would make use hands, less by far would be the victims of that dreadsipation, idleness and want, although only five years ful disease denominated Consumption. If, sir, what ago, when he became of age, he was possessed of I have written will be of any advantage to you, or to humanity, you are at perfect liberty to use it. Yours, with much esteem,

(Signed) A. B. HOWLAND, M. D. Beware of counterfeits ! Buy nothing instead. Ve will engage the Balsam to cure where there's the least hope! Buy only at No. 375 Bowery, or of Dr. G. J. LEEDS, 177 Water street.

For sale, wholesale and re ail, by P. F. PES-CUD, Raleigh, N. C.

DEATHER MAIL

By Rev. Mr. Jeffreys, Mr. Henry Read, of Person, to Miss Ann Lockard, of Caswell. In Caswell, Mr. James Dameron, to Mrs. Sally

In Yancvville, on the 19th inst. by John E. Brewn Esq., Mr. George Nelson Hope, son of Admiral Wm. lation to Lord Nelson, the great Naval Captain of many wars, to Miss Martha P., youngest daughter of John Taylor, Esq , of Yancyville .- Milton Chron.

Dicd

In Lincoln County, on the 2d inst., Wm. Sidney, and on the 12th inst. Robert Henry, infant sons of Dr. Sidney X. and Mrs. Harriet K. Johnston. In Petersburg, Va., in the 20th year of her age, on the 21st inst. Mary W., daughter of David and Ma-

N COMMISSION, and just to hand a lot of Rambaut's famous Chewing Tobacco, con-

5 Boxes of Dew Drop. 5 do. Bee's wing, and

We invite an examination of the lot, which we wil sell low as we can, by the box, or at retail. Raleigh, August 28, 1846.

3 do. Peach Leaf.

Dealing with Servants.

T is with sorrow I have to say, that some person or persons, in or near Raleigh, are doing serious injury to soul and body of my most valuable Servant by habitually selling him intoxicating drinks. It is therefore, with the hope of putting a stop to such an insufferable evil, that I now give public notice of my fixed determination to enforce the laws of the State against the first violation I can prove, and hereby offer a Reward of Five Dollars, to any one who will ble to promise secrecy also to my informant, of whatever color he or she may be, who will give me the name of some white person, by whom I can certainly prove the selling of liquors to either of my Servants, or to any other colored person, getting it pro-WILL: PECK. bably for them. Raleigh August 28.

THREE AGENTS WANTED For Dr. Criehton's

GALVANIC RINGS, BANDS AND BRACELETS. HE increased demand for these articles throughout the South and West, since their introduction, Address, post paid, Dr. H. C. CRIERTON, 1574 ton St., New York.

Any person remitting \$1, will receive four common Rings or one Gold Plated; Bracelets and Bands August 24, 1846.

ARPER'S NEW MISCELLANY of Popular Literature, in 12 mo., vols. "Books that have an aim and mesning in them. Whewell's Elements of Morality and Polity, Dendy's Philosophy of Mystery, Holmes' Life and Letters of Mozart, Dick's Practical Astronomer, Mackenzie's Life of Paul Jones, Parrot's Ascent of Mount Ararat. Remarkable Criminal Trials, Darwin's voyage round the World. Mrs. Farnham's life in Prairie Land, Barron's Arctic Voyages. The above are for sale by

H. D. TURNER, at the North Carolina Book Store. August 1846.

Prime Vinegar, Just received by JAS. LITCHFORD. very apperior article of Crushed Sugar, do do do Pulverized do.

St. Croix and Port Rico Best old Java Coffee, Laguira and Rio do. Prime Molasses, Mustard, Ground Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Bar Sosp, &c., &c. &c. On hand and for sale by

JAMES LITCHPORD. August 25.

Fall Stock. HATS AND CAPS.

INO. R. ECKLES.

ZATHE Subscriber has commenced receiving his supply of Hats and Caps, for the Fall trade, em-bracing every variety, usually kept in Hat Establish-Merchants visiting this Market, are requested to call and examine, confident that his prices will be as ow as any other house in the State.

Petersburg, Va., Aug. 25, 1846.

Young Ladies School.

HE Young Ladies School in this place, under the care of the Misses PARTRIDER, will comnence on the 1st day of September pext, at the House formerly occupied by the Misses Pulliam, on Wilmington Street. Terms per Session of five months as follows, viz : English Branches from

Drawing and Needle-work 5.00 Painting Music, with the use of the Piano 20 00 Board, Washing and Fuel. 50 00 Raleigh, August 25, 1845

Fresh Arrivals of ROUND Alum and Liverpool Salt, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Brown, Crushed and Clarified Sugars, Sperm Candles, &c. S. M. WHITAKER.

August 22. FOR SALE .- Brown Sugar by the Barret .-Rio and Java Coffee by the sack. Three kinds of feas by the box. Loaf Sugar, and a general assortment of Groceries at retail, also a large Stock of Solo and Upper Leathers, which we offer low. WILL: PECK-

Consignment of Liquors.

Raleigh, Ang. 12, 1846.

RENCH Brandy, Holland Gin, Old Virginia Apple Brandy, old Rye Whiskey, Peppermint Cordial, Port and Madeira Wine, Champagne by the Basket, London Porter. At the Auction and Commission Store of

N. B. HUGHES, Agent. Raleigh, Aug. 17, 1846.

FEMALE SEMINARY. RALEIGH, N. C. Rev. J. J. FINCH, Principal, Mrs. M. L. FINCH, Teachers.

HE next Session of this Institution will commence on the 1st of October ensuing. The instruction, at present, will be given by three Teachers, and others will be employed as they may be needed. It is the intention of the Principal to secure the best l'eachers, and to furnish every necessary facility for acquiring an exact and therough education. The Boading Pupils will live together as one family, over whom a parental government will be exercised; and no pains shall be spared to form their manners and habits upon the hest principles of taste and propriety. Parents are particularly requested not to furnish their daughters with any articles that may encourage a love

The deportment and recitations of the Pupils will be strictly noted, and a report rendered monthly to Parents and Guardians.

Pupils can enter at any time and pay from the time of entering; but when entered they cannot be withdrawn till the end of the Ression without the consent of the Principal, nor will any deduction be made for absence, except in cases of protracted sickness.

TERMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS I Board, Washing, Fuel. Primary English Branches, Second Class do. do. Highest, Music. Latin. French Needle Work, Drawing and Painting, There will be a vacation of one month at the end of each Session, during which, Pupils can remain without any extra charge.

Ruleigh, August 14, 1846. 66-4f 4,100 Acres of Valuable Land, On the waters of Deep River. Chatham County. FOR SALE.

Being too old and feeble to attend to concerns of such magnitude, I hereby offer for sale, on the most accommodating terms, the following very valuable

Egypt, the Plantation on which I reside, conaining about 3,000 acres-900 of which are cleared. and 100 more in process of clearing. Of these, 500 acres are low grounds, but so situated as to suffer but little from overflow. Fifty dollars would cover all losses from damage of this kind, for the whole period of 18 years that I have owned the Plantation. There can be 1200 acres of cleared Land on the Farm, and no part of it more than 11 miles from the Homestead. There is a great diversity of soil in this Tract, which enables the owner to grow any crop he chooses, suitable to the climate. It is peculiarly adapted to the culture of small grain and Tobacco, as is evidenced by my Crops. The Farm is cultivated under the three-shift system, and is well drained with open, covered and horizontal ditches; and the whole is under a good fence, with all the buildings necessary for a Farm of this extent. In addition to the ordinary buildings, there is a Granary that will hold 1500 bushels of Wheat in the Sheaf; and contains, beside, a fine Thresher, Crusher and Corn-sheller,-There is, also, a capital Gin House, with Screws, &c. Also, a good Smoke House, and a Store building eligibly situated for Country trade. There is, in adin consequence of their certain cures of Rheumatism, dition, a Toll Bridge across Deep River, and the Headache, Paratysis, Neuralgia, and other nervous half of a fine water privilege on the Rivet, for a disorders, has induced the inventer to advertise for Mill or Factory. And to crown the whole, it is conthree young men of good character, to act as agents venient to Mills, and a Market, has a fine range for tion, has so recovered, that he was expected to leave had been grossly misrepresented. He added, in a day or two for his residence in North Carolina. however, that Garrrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, that Garrison had acted the part of a however, the however of a however of a how tween Raleigh and the Mountains.

I will sell this Farm on an accompdating credit, if the debt be made perfectly secure, and the interest punctually paid, annually. A small payment only will be required, when the deeds are executed.

It may be asked why it is that I offer such valuable property for sale ? I answer, in addition to the fact of my growing infirmities, that I have but one son that is a Farmer, and he has removed to Mississippi, where I wish to send my negroes.
I will also sell Stock and Provisions, and Planta-

tion Implements to the purchaser. PETER EVANS. Egypt, Chatham County, June 1846. N. B. Wishing to quit the Mercantile business, whether or not I sell my Lands, I offer for sale my Stock of Goods now or hand. I will rent my Store—a first rate stand for business, as my books will show—and will board the person purchasing the

Goods in my family. Persons wishing to purchase, can apply to me personally, at Egypt, or address me by letter, to Pittsbore', Chatham County.