THE CONTEST BEFORE US.

Carolina will ever give a vote of approval to the

abominable schemes which have characterized and

disgraced the Party now in power. If, then, the

gallant Whigs of the Old North State would make

their influence felt throughout the Union, they must

not only "hold their own," but they must increase

their majorities in the Legislature and on the popu-

lar vote for Governor. To do this, they have only

to merge all personal feelings in a desire for the suc-

cess of the cause-to go to work systematically and

harmoniously. The eyes of the Union will be upon

us in August, as our Elections will be among the

first, to move that "Ball," which, we trust and be-

lieve, is, in November, to roll on and crush forever

the predominancy of Loco Foco misrule in the con-

trol of the affairs of this Nation. If we would glad-

den the hearts of our brethren every where, we must

be diligent and unflinching in the performance of

our duty, in selecting such men as, with whom, de-

feat is impossible! We have a vigilant, wily and

unscrupulous foe to contend with, and a victory over

the elements of evil, is ever worthy of our most ear-

With CHARLES MANLY as our Champion to lead

off in the Gubernatorial race, and proper men to re-

greatest Whig triumph can be achieved this year,

brought out in every District and County, for the

Senate and House of Commons, and we shall achieve

REPUBLICANISM ESTABLISHED IN FRANCE.

RICHMOND, MARCH 28, 11 P. M.

a Buena Vista triumph.

readers as soon as we receive them.

from Europe. Money depressed.

cipal features.

FROM THE CITY OF MEXICO.

The Steamship Massachusetts and the ship Dan-

vers arrived at New Orleans on the 19th ult. from

era Cruz; the latter bringing dates to the 12th

An armistice has been signed, by which it is

agreed that the Americans are not to occupy any part

of the country not now in their possession ;-the cel-

lection of taxes is suspended, except those on gam-

ing-houses, liquor-shops, and places of amusement

the American forces, they are to withdraw from the

limits of the town until the election is over. There

almost the entire right to the government.

are a number of other articles, giving the Mexicans

General Lane left the capital on the 17th ult

About the fourth day he arrived at Sequaltaplan.

Before his arrival, however, information reached him

that a thousand Mexican lancers were posted at that

place. When they got opposite to the first house

at the edge of the town, a volley of escopette balls

was fired from the inside. The doors were forced

open, and the assailants killed. At the next house,

the scene was repeated. The town was then as-

The enemy was soon driven from every position,

Gen. Lane and Colonel Hayes. The Mexicans

were terribly cut up-about 100 of them being kill-

killed, and 4 wounded. Fifty prisoners were taken;

among them Capt. Montano and 2 lieutenants .-

It was rumored that Gens. Pillow and WORTH

The debarcation of our troops was celebrated at

Some difficulty had occurred with the Ayuntami-

assessment for four days, until the armistice was

signed; the members had all sent in their resigna-

tions to the Governor. The archbishop had written

Santa Anna was again at Tehuacan on the 12th

ult. : the government had given him the passports he

desired. It was supposed that in asking it, he in-

The court-martial in Worth's case had not con

Advices from Queretaro state that Congress w

slow in coming together; at the last meeting there

WAR EXPENSES .- Daniel Webster, a year ago,

and a half per week. The government press and

But the War Secretary has made a report to

the Senate, at their call, in which it is stated.

that the War Department alone, has expended

during the first year Forty one millions, seven hun

its echoes every where ridiculed the estimate.

himself at the head of a large body of troops.

Martinex, a bosom friend of Jarauto, escaped.

had been restored to their commands.

Vera Cruz on the 9th

were but 21 members.

saulted, the enemy firing from every house.

-when elections are held at any place occupied by

ultimo. The news is important. We give the prin-

" Our's are the plans of fair delightful peace, "Unwarp'd by party rage to live like brothers."

# FOR GOVERNOR, CHARLES MANLY

RALEIGH, N.C. Saturday, April 1, 1848.

MR. WEBSTER'S SPEECH. We commence in this paper, and shall conclude it our next, the unanswerable Speech of the Hon. DAN-IEL WEBSTER, in the Senate of the United Stases, on the Bill to authorize a loan of sixteen millions of dollars to the Government of the United States .-We bespeak for it, a calm, candid and careful perusal as it is, decidedly, one of the ablest exposures of the corruptions of the Party in power, that we have ever seen. We hope not a single subscriber to the REGISTER will fail to read it.

" The time of the singing Birds is come !"

We have had for the last week, most delightful Spring weather, which has set our Botanists and Horticulturists all agog, about preparing their daisy beds, flower plots, and kitchen gardens for pruning and cultivation. The doors of sealed green houses have been thrown open-the Orange trees and Geraniums are now set out from their prison houses, to catch the soft nectar dew, to be kissed up by the invigorating Oriental King, as he rises to give light and life to all around. The Blue-bird is again visiting us, with its beautiful and pensive warble, and the Marten's return heralds the death of that stern old monarch-WINTER. And last, but not least-the Ladies are out, "good as new," (no rea thousand other nice things. And the Gentspshaw! there's no Poetry about them-strapped down to earth, and dollars and cents, as they are.-But we do love the sweet, mild Spring.

#### ADVERTISING IN RALEIGH.

We venture the assertion, that in no place of the size and business pretensions of Raleigh, is there so little Advertising done by the Merchants and business men, as here. But few of our Merchants even advertise the arrival of their new Stocks of Goods! and yet we hear these very men complain of dull times and slow sales! How can they expect any thing else?-do they deserve any better luck?-They do not let the public know that they have any inducements to offer customers, and, therefore, they do not go to see. We have heard great complaints made by some of our Merchants, about the patronage bestowed by our citizens upon transient Dealers. who come and squat down in Raleigh for a limited time. But, it is not to be wondered at; nor does it require a Solomon to divine the cause. When they come, they appear in the Newspapers with flaming advertisements, telling all the world how good and cheap their Goods are; and, as a natural consequence, the people go to see, and they buy, too. Let our own Merchants profit by their example.

But there are a few honorable exceptions to the reprehensible practice of neglecting to advertise, among our Merchants; and for the names of such, we refer the render to the Advertising columns of the REGISTER. We can wouch for these, that they will give the BEST of bargains, and will use every exertion to please their Town and Country customers. They have done so heretofore, and we are sure they cannot fail to accommodate and gratify ALL who may visit them this season. We will not particularize these Establishments by calling names, now, believing that all will take the hint, and do themselves the justice to follow the example so sensibly set them. But we will say, that we don't know that we have ever seen a variety of richer, more beautiful, or more substantial Goods, than are to be found on the shelves and counters of our Merchants who have advertised -nor do we remember a time when the same articles could be purchased upon more reasonable terms.

To the Ladies of our City, whose approbation so much delights the Merchant, (and is duly cherished by the Printer.) we can only say, if a visit to any of these Stores does not now charm them, and they will notify us of the fact, we will "take the responsibility," and give the delinquent Merchant a "serious curtain lecture"-through the window.

GENEROUS BEQUEST. We understand from the "Hillsboro' Recorder," that the Court of Wardens of the Poor of the County of Orange, at their last meeting, received from the Hon. DUNGAN CAMERON, of this City, Executor of the late Thomas D. Benneham, Esq. a bond for one thousand dollars, in trust to the said Wardens, and a protest against the heavy assessments on church their successors in office, for the benefit of the Poor of said County. This was done in compliance with a bequest in the will of the said Thomas D. BEN-NEHAM to this effect: "I give to my friend Duncan CAMERON, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be appropriated to Christain and Benevolent purposes,

at his discretion. The Court directed that a copy of the Bond, and the assignment accompanying it, should be spread upon its minutes, and that their Chairman should return their thanks to Mr. CAMERON, and assure him that they duly appreciate the motives that induced him in his discretion to bestow the generous bequest upon the Poor of their late friend's native County.

# MEXICAN MISSION.

hey

Mr. Seviez arrived in Wilmington on Saturday morning last, and took the Boat for Charleston, on his way to Mexico.

The President informed the Chairman of Foreign Relations on Thursday, that he apprehended the publicatin of the papers would defeat the ratifiaction of the Treaty of Mexico.

WILMOT PROVISO-THE "STANDARD." The time is near at hand, when Candidates for We had expected, from the threat thrown out in the Legislature, in the different Counties, will have the "Standard" before the last, that we had "corto be chosen. We almost regard it as an uncalled nered" ourself upon the subject of the Wilmot Profor task, to call upon the Whigs of North Carolina viso, that we would have been badly used up in the to rally in defence of their cherished principles, and forthcoming number of that paper. After patiently waiting and nerving ourself for the excoriation, it for the maintenance of their honor, as men pledged has appeared-and lo! this "mountain has labored, to stand by the Constitution. And, was the ensuing and brought forth-a mouse!" The reply of the contest one of an ordinary nature, we might not so "Standard" to the positions taken in the REGISTER soon be heard in making our appeals. But there are times, in the history of every country, when tardiof the 18th ultimo, is just no reply at all. It is noness or silence is treason-"and these are they."thing but the stale, stereotyped slang of the " Wash-Inaction, now, is crime. Never did a nation-sitting ington Union," revised and corrected, without the in sackeloth for the sins of its rulers-call more imshadow of truth, or a single fact to sustain it in the peratively upon all good citizens to vindicate her declarations made. For proof, let us quote a re-

fame, than does ours at the present time. The great mark. The "Standard" says: question to be decided this year is, will the PEOPLE "The Albany Argus, the Pennsylvanian, and the sanction all the acts of usurpation and corruption perorgans of the Democratic party in Maine, Ohio, Connecticut, and in other States, met the question petrated by President Polk's Administration? We boldly at the outset-denounced the Proviso as a do not believe that the intelligent yeomanry of North

Ah! did they? And is it still regarded by them as a "fire-brand?" We do not often see one of these spark-extinguishing "organs," but, by chance, we happen to find a reply to an article from one of them in an exchange. It is from the "New Haven (Connecticut) Register," (Loco.) It seems that the Locos have no Candidate for the State Senate in that District, and the "Register" appeals to the Abolitionists, to have nothing to do with the Whigs-that they are going to nominate a slave-holder for the Presidency;" and it tells the Locos of the 6th Senatorial District to vote for EBER HOTCHKISS, the Abolition Candidate, who is known to be an antislavery, Wilmot Proviso man, rather than for Fen-NER BUSH, the Whig Candidate, whom it does not regard as so sound in this doctrine! The "Standard" says of the above quotation, from that paper-"These are facts which the Editor of the Register cannot meet." We think we have met one-accidentally, it is true-but if we had access to these beautiful "organs," we could "meet these facts" in a thousand similar instances.

The "Standard" is opposed to asking Congress to establish" slavery in new Territories, but says "hands off!" is his doctrine. It makes one quotapresent us in the Legislature, we are sure, that the tion from our article of the 18th, in favor of Southern rights, and dissents from it. We will reiterate that has ever been accomplished, even in the invinanother proposition we then made, and ask the cible Whig State of the "honest Old North." Let "Standard" whether this suits his North Southern our friends see to it, then, that the right men are views? Here it is. We said:

> "Let Southern members of Congress bring forward a Resolution, declaring that the citizens of Slave States may remove with their Slaves into new Mexico, and California," &c.

THIRTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. We then pronounced this the only true test question between the North and South, and asked, "how The following despatch, (says the Petersburg many votes will it command from any free State in flections, we didn't say old.) flitting, like butterflies, Republican, of Wednesday,) announcing the arri- the Union?" But the "Standard" will object to in beauty and finery, visiting and making Pa's and | val of the Steamer Caledonia was received at our of- | this, likewise, because he knows, that "Buchanan Husband's pockets suffer-chatting Beaux, and giv- fice yesterday about half mast 1 o'clock. It gives Cass, Dickinson, Croswell, Forney," and all the peing bewitching side-glances on the pavement-and but a meagre outline of the news brought over by culiur friends of the South, in the free States, will the Steamer, but enough to show that it is very im- by this means be made to show the cloven foot, in portant and to produce a feverish anxiety to get the going, as they would, against the South!

details. These we shall hasten to lay before our The "Standard" winds up, with a chapter of Prophecies, but as he is well known in these regions as a false Prophet, they are not worth noticing .-The steamer Caledonia has arrived. Republi-We will ask the Editor of that paper one plain canism is established in France-her independence question :- If JAMES K. POLK should be the nomiacknowledged by England, Belgium, Switzerland nee of the Baltimore Convention for President, and and Austria, and other surrounding nations. Lou-DAVID WILMOT, or one of his stripe, for Vice Presis Phillippe and other Royalists are in England. All Europe is tremendously agitated, and the peoident, wouldn't he go the whole figure, tail and all? ple are leaning towards Republicanism. No more "We pause for a reply." But will we get a positive lighting in France-soldiery favored people. Italy answer, one way or the other? We doubt it. But turning towards a Republican form of government. Riots, in London, Liverpool and Belgium .-This is the most important news that has ever come

The truth is, "the Southern Platform," as the Wilmot Proviso Loco Focos call it, cannot be erected on the other side of the Potomac. Indeed, even in some parts of the South, it is objected to as being entirely too narrow. The "Banner," a Loco Foco paper, published at Athens, Georgia, by an ex-member of Congress, and the "Louisiana Courier." are both out against the Alabama and Virginia Resolutions, because they say they require a test which no Northern aspirant can subscribe to, without losing the support of every non-slaveholding State, and consequently substituting for the present political organizations, parties divided altogether by geographical lines. They ask, what is the South, the weaker party, to gain by the application of this test. if the result of it must be either the exclusion of every Southern man forever from the Executive Department of the National Government, or a dissolution of the Union! And to this complexion will the "Standard" have to come at last! Mark it.

The Correspondent of the "Baltimore Clipper, of March 27, says:-I informed you yesterday of the rumored resignation of Mr. Buchanan, Secretary of State, as not being true. This report, I apprehend, arose from the investigation, by a Committee of the Senate, in reference to the publication of certain documents in the New York Herald, not previously made public. From circumstances connected with the investigation, it is suspected that and collected in a body outside the town, pursued by these documents were procured from the State Department. That department is no father restricted in keeping documents secret than may be dictated ed. In the action, the American loss was 1 man by mere considerations of propriety; but if the papers alluded to, (the first correspondence and the treaty,) were obtained from that department, wheth-Lieut. Col. Montano (father of the captain) and er the Secretary was cognizant of it or not, it is reasonable to suppose that he should come in for a share of the censure. Hence the difficulty supposed to exist in the Cabinet-the result of which may ultimately be a resignation of Mr. Buchanan, if not a decided rupture in the national cabinet. Nous verento of the Capital, respecting a suspension of the rons.

# RATHER TOO FAST.

A Resolution was offered by a member of the Kentucky, Democratic Convention during its session last month, approving the ratification of the Chairman of the Finance Committee (Mr. Ather. Brushes, &c., which they are prepared to furnish to Treaty with Mexico, provided its terms are such as are represented in the papers. For a time, no objection was made to it, and the vote was about to be taken, when a Mr. CLARK arose and remarked that tended only to deceive the government, and to put the Resolution was, in his opinion, premature. He said the proceedings in the Senate on the Treaty were not yet known, and although it was understood the President favored the Treaty, it was not known how the parties stood upon the final vote by which it was ratified-there "is no reliable information as yet, whether it is a Whig, or a Democratic Treaty." The effect of Mr. CLARK's suggestion was electric. declared in the United States Senate, that the The Resolution was speedily withdrawn, and all acexpenses of the war would amount to one million | tion on the subject postponed, until it is ascertained "whether the Treaty was ratified by Whig votes, or Democratic votes." This is Democracy!

SCOTT AND CLAY TRPUMPHANT .- Messrs. E. P. Tcott and O. G. Clay were on Tuesday elected by the Virginia Legislature, Brig. Generals by a triumphant vote. The Legislature this windred and eighty one thousand, seven hundred dolter have made two distinguished Generals (Wash-



NEWS BY THE CALEDONIA.

In addition to the meagre Telegraphic account given in another column, we are since its receipt, in ossession of more extended intelligence brought by the Caledonia, which, on account of the lateness of the hour when it was received last night, we are compelled to condense as much as possible. The LOOK WELL TO THE MARKS OF THE following is a brief summary:

It is said that the revolution has spread through out France. All the Departments have joined the Republic. Louis Phillippe and the Royal family, with Guiot, have arrived in England.

The European Times, dated Liverpool, Sunday

March 12, says: The revolution in France is now au fait accompli The abdication of Louis Phillippe, the appointment and rejection of a regency, the complete triumph of the Parisians over the army, the establishment of a Provisional Government, the proclaim of a Repubic. the overthrow of the House of Peers and titled distinctions, the precipitate and abject flight of all the members of the Orleans family and their misguided ministry to our own shores or other places of exile, the immediate recognition of the new Republic of France by Great Britain, Belgium, Switzerland, and the United States, have all fallen in such rapid succession, that the events of every hour come teeming with some mighty occurrence affecting the doctrines of whole nations and dynasties.

A decree has gone forth that a new National Assembly is to be called on the 20th of April, when the Provisional Government will resign its power into the hands of the definitive Government. Universal suffrage, and vote by ballot are to secure liberty, equality and fraternity to France.

Our latest advices from Paris, are to March 9th and represent the City as tranquil, but the financia crisis still continues unabated, and some eminent houses are spoken of as being in difficulties, but no further failures have been announced.

The Arch Bishop of Paris, accompanied by two ricars generals, presented himself to the Provisional Sovernment on Tuesday, and gave in his adhesion o the new order of things in the name of the entire of Wilkes. lergy of the Diocese.

England waits with her arms folded, in deep and nxious alarm, for the next scene of this "strange, ventful history."

In London, a triffing disposition to riot was experienced in the early part of the week, but the disorderlies were confined to mischievous boys and citizens out of empleyment. Order was speedily restored. In Glasgow, the tumults were more serious, and everal persons were unfortunately shot by the military. The rioters in that city were merely thieves

who plundered the shops and have evident no political object in view.

The Ex-King and Queen of France arrived at in landing, was dressed in a green blouse and blue over-coat, borrowed of the captain of the Express. The King had not, in fact, a change of clothing .-The Ex-King and Queen have, for some days, been noving from farm-house to farm-house, in the neighborhood of Trefort. They were nearly exhausted by fatigue; and, on his arrival, the King stated that, night or two back, he had thought of giving him-

On landing, the Ex-King and Queen were welcomed by the inhabitants, nearly the whole of whom had the gratification of being shaken by the hand

by Louis Phillippe.
PARIS, Feb. 29.—Mr. Rush, Ambassador of the U. States, accompanied by Mr. Martin and major Pineson also waited on the members of the Provisonal Government, to whom he delivered a flattering address. The following details of this interview

are taken from the National: At 2 o'clock, the representative minister of the United States went to the Hotel de Ville, in formal ecognition of the Provisional Government, to whom he delivered a flattering address. It was appropriate in the representative of the American Union, to e the first to welcome our infant Republic, for there is no bond more powerful between nations than community of sentiment. The step taken by the minister of the United States has made existing circumstances of serious importance. Although fully exthe Provisional Government; and, after an inter- Low, if application be made this week or next. view, in which were exchanged the noblest sentiments, they in a body accompanied this Representative of a great nation to the threshold of the Hotel de Ville, as a proof of the cordial affection which must ever exist between the American and French above Trees to E. P. Guion, Esq. who is well ac-

The whole of the Colonels of the 108th and 78th were nearly all massacred by their own men for refusing to march against the Tuileries.

# CONGRESS.

The Senate was not in session on March 25. having adjourned over until Monday. The House of Representatives, on mation of Mr. Rockwell, of Conn., went into committee

for the purpose of taking up the private calen-Mr. Mullen, from the Committee on Elections case. The majority of the committee decide, upon the evidence brought before them, that the seat occupied by Mr. Jackson, the sitting member, be awarded to Mr. Monroe, the claimant .-

other was ordered to be printed. The House then adjourned. In the Senate, on March 27, after some unimportant business, the consideration of the Loan Bill was resumed and Mr. Niles addressed the

The minority also have a report, which, with the

Mr. Niles concluded by warning the country against the consequences of accumulating a large copies of The Lost Children.

Mr. Atherton replied briefly to some of the remarks of Mr Niles.

Mr. Niles explained. Mr. Clayton moved an amendment, which was adopted, providing for the ultimate redemption of the loan, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Mr. Davis, of Massachusetts inquired of the on.) whether, if all accounts were now settled up. the public debts would be less than 100.000,000. tain contingencies.

In the House of Representatives, on motion of Mr. Harralson, the joint resolution to refund price of every article they offer for sale. Their supmoney for expenses incurred, subsistence or ply of pure Chemicals and Pharmaceutical preparatransportation (urnished, and money advanced by individual citizens of the United States, for the use of the volunteers, before and after being nustered into service, was taken up and made the special order for Wednesday next.

Mr. Boyd moved a suspension of the rules, fo the purpose of reading a first and second time and referring the Ten Regiment bill from the Senate, but the House, 89 to 87. (two thirds beug necessary,) refused to suspend.

On motion of Ma Vinton the Indian Appropriation Bill was then taken up in committee of the whole and the amendment of Mr. McKay, pending when the House adjourned on Thursday, was adopted, which being amended, was read the third time and passed.

Mr. Wentworth offered a Resolution which was adopted, instructing the committee on pub-

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND

IMITATIONS. \
The unparalleled and astonishing efficacy of Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, in all the diseases for which it is recommended, curing many cases after the skill of the best physicians was unavailing, has effected a large and increasing demand for it. This fact has caused many unprin-cipled counterfeiters and imitators to palm off spurious mixtures, of similar name and appearance, for the genuine Balsam. Some are called "Syrup of Wild Cherry," "Balsam of Spikenard," "Wild Cherry Comfrey," &c. Another "Wester's Balsam of Wild Cherry," mispelling the name, and forging certificates to resemble those of the true Balsam, "Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry," is the only genuine. The rest merely imitate the name of the original, while they possess none of its

GENUINE. The genuine Balsam is put up in bottles, with the words, "Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, Phila.," blown in the glass; each bottle bearing a label on the front, with the signature of

H. WISTAR, M. D. This will be enveloped hereafter with a new wrapper; copy right secured, 1844; on which will always appear the written signature of "I. BUTTS." For sale in Raleigh, wholesale and retail, by WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO., and by Druggists generally in North Carolina.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC PERSONS wishing to obtain the genuine SWAIM'S ANACEA and Swaim's VERMIFUGE, (which have been recommended by the most celebrated Physicians of the United States and Europe, for nearly thirty years, for diseases arising from impurity of the blood and debility of the digestive organs,) should be careful to observe that the name of SWAIM.

is spelled correctly on the bottles and labels. None genuine, unless signed-I. BUTTS on the

For sale in Raleigh, wholesale and retail, by WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO., and by Druggists generally in North Carolina.

#### MARRIED

In Beaufort, Mr. Jesse M. Jarvis, of Hyde County, to Miss Jane Satterthwaite, of the former place. On the 22nd of March, by the Rev. Jesse Adams, Mr. J. Mortimore Conly, of Caldwell County, to Miss Emily A., daughter of Major James M. Parks,

May all the joys attending love Be realised by you, Your path through life successful prove, Each find the other true.

#### Died

In this City, on Wednesday last, of Beuro-Pneumonia, Mr. William T. Hopkins, aged about 40 years, formerly of Georgia, but for several years a resident of this City. He has left an affectionate wife and four children, plunged in the deepest grief at their

In Ireland, no breach of the peace has yet taken consumption, Mrs. Mary Hood, consort of W. H. Consumption, Mrs. Mary Hood, consort of W. H. Hood, Esq., aged 30 years. Despairing of all hudition for running, as when new. She will take her of the press, which surpasses anything within our man aid, and feeling the approaches of death, she place on the Line, and run in connexion with the called her family to the bedside, and after giving Evergreen. The Evergreen, during the lowest stage each of them a solemn and affecting charge, took Brighton, (England) on the 3d of March. The King, her leave of them and the second herself to the will her leave of them all, (the scene was tender beyond of Heaven. Her faith in the Redeemer was triumphant. Mrs. Hood had been for many years an exemplary member of the Baptist Church. She was a dutiful child, a loving wife, a fond mother, a kind friend and neighbor, and an indulgent Mistress .--The virtues of charity and benevolence, were conspicuous traits in her character. "Blessed are the dead, who die in the Lord. Yea, saith the spirit. for they rest from their labors, and their works follow them." She has left a husband and four little pledges of her love, besides numerous relatives and riends to mourn her loss .-- Communicated.

> WILL PECK & SON WILL PECK & SON. April 1, 1848.

New and Beautiful RENCH worked Capes and Collars. Swiss, Jaconett, Lisle and Lace Edgings and Insertings.

Tarleton Muslins, Zephyr, Worsted, &c. Just to hand and for sale cheap at JORDAN'S. March 29.

# Peach Trees.

E have just received a great variety of Peach Trees, on consignment from New Jersey, and pected, it has touched acutely all the members of as the season is advanced, we will sell them VERT PESCUD & JOHNSON, Druggists,

> Raleigh; N. C. P. S. We would refer those in need of any of the quainted with their character.

> > Deeply Interesting Temperance Work: JUST PUBLISHED.

# THE LOST CHILDREN,

BY T. S. ARTHUR. With Nine Beautiful Engravings.

HIS is considered by many to be the best temperance story from the prolific pen of Mr. Arthur. It was originally published in the NEW YORK ORGAN, and forms No. 3 of the valuable series of Illustrated Temperance Tales, now issuing from the made a report relating to the New York election press of the publishers of that paper. Friends of emperance will greatly benefit the cause of suffering humanity by giving these interesting and very attractive works, an extensive circulation.

It is a beautifully printed pamphlet of 32 large oc-tavo pages, on fine paper. Price—one copy, 123 cents, ten copies, \$1, one hundred, \$8. Orders through the post office, post paid, will receive prompt attention. News agents, pedlars, do,, will find a ready sale for this work. Address

OLIVER & BROTHER, New York City. Papers giving this advertisement, entire, two conspicuous insertions, will be entitled to twelve

### PESCUD & JOHNSON. Apothecaries and Druggists

large and valuable accessions to their stock of Foreign and Native Druge, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Perfomery, Fancy Articles, Instruments, Physicians, Merchants and the public generally, at a reasonable profit. They would invite all who need Mr. Atherton replied that it depended upon cer. articles in their line, to come and examine their stock, and they feel confident that all those who examine for themselves, will be pleased with the quality and tions were never more complete and every article of Medicine, &c. has been selected with special referance to its purity.

Below they enumerate a few of the leading articles; Quinine, Calomel, Ipecac, Rhubarb, Jalap, Cream Tartar, Sup. Carb Soda, Sal Æratus, Rochelle Salis, Arrow Root, Aloes, Asafætida, Epsom and Glober Salts, Camphor, Scotch Snuff, Macc. do., Blacking, Shoe Brushes, Matches, Madder, Seidlitz Powders, Soda do., Blue Mass, Borax, Indigo No. 1. Putry, Window Glass, Copperas, Blue Stone, Fig. Blue, Prussian do , White Lead No 1 and pure. Red Lead, Litharge, Glue, No. 1 and 2, Fancy Soaps, Cologne Water, Florida do., Hair Brushes, Tooth do., Turmeric, Shaving do., Redwood, Log wood, Oil Vitriol, Linseed Oil, Tann. do., Castor do., Copal Varnish, Japan do., Leather do., Spis. Turpentine, Olive Oil, Ink, blue and black, Mustard, Oil Lemon, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Allspice, Ginger, Pepper, Pearl Barley, &c. &c.

Spring and Summer Supplies

FOR 1848!



WE are now receiving large additions to our stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye-stuffs, Perfumery, Glass-ware, Surgical Instruments, &c. &c. which we nvite the attention of Physicians, Country Mercants, and others dealing in our line, before purchasing. feeling satisfied they will find it to their interest, as we intend to offer inducements that cannot fail to please.

We are in receipt of a large lot of Druggists, Glass-ware and Labels, specially for furnishing Physicians who are about to commence the practice of Medicine, and are prepared to supply them with a complete stook at Northern prices.

WILLIAMS, HAY WOOD & CO. April 1.

ANOTHER NOTICE! LL persons indebted to the firm of Heartt & Jotdan, by note or otherwise, are again requested to call and settle, as it is desirable that the business of the late firm be settled as soon as practi-L. E. HEARTT. April 1:

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E have just received a large supply of Brush es of almost every variety, consisting in part the following, viz: Tooth Brushes, assorted sizes and qualities, Premium Hair Brushes, Crumb, Cloth, Shoe, Counter, Nail and Paint Brushes, for sale low by PESCUD 4 JOHNSON. Standard.

#### NOTICE:

PY Virtue of a Deed in Trust, made to me b QUINTON UTLEY, dated 16th March, 1841 to satisfy the claims therein mentioned, I shall p ceed to sell at Public Auction, on the 12th de April, at the Court House in the City of Raleigh 1 following Property, for cash, to wit : Une Tract o Land, lying and being in the County of Wake, one mile West of Raleigh, joining the land of James H. Cooke and others; and all the stock of Goods and Groceries on Harget street. Also, the following Slaves; to wit : Abram, Isaac, Candis, and her four children; one Carryull and Harness, two Bay Horses, two Wagons and Harness, one black Stallion, all the Household and Kitchen Furniture, two Cows, one Calf, Bacon and Lard, the property of the aforesaid. QUINTON UTLEY.

J. O. JEFFREYS, Trustees. March 31, 1848.

# Semi-Weekly Line

For Freight or Passage. THE Henrietta Steam Boat Company intend running as near as practicable, a Semi-Weekly Line of Steamers between of water for the last two years, has regularly come to the wharf at this place, with the exception of one trip. The Fayetteville, now at Wilmington, will be ready at any time to bring up goods with despatch. Thankful for former and desirous of a continuance and increase of patronage, we will use our best endeavors to advance the interest of those shipping or ravelling our Line.

DANIEL JOHNSON. Agent Henrietta Steam Boat Company. Fayetteville, March 28, 1848.

#### D. Paine & Co. MANAGERS OF LOTTERIES, RICHMOND, VA.

THE same attraction, as heretofore, is still offered to the patrons of D. PAINE & CO., who are now the front rank Managers of Lotteries in the United States, being the oldest, and presenting schemes which are equal, if not superior, to any heretofore offered; and as a still further evidence of the brilliant success which attends this agency, we have the please ure of announcing that another handsome prize of \$15,000 was sent to this agency in the Susquehann Lottery, drawn the 23d inst.

Drawn Numbers in Susquehanna. No. 17. 16 2 65 23 12 72 38 14 8 7 75 31 Ticket Nos. 2 23 65 the prize of \$15,000 sent to this agency and can be seen at our office. Examine the following brilliant schemes, and for packages or single tickets address your orders to us

> C. W. PURCELL & CO. Richmond, Va.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY. of Delaware and Georgia. Class No. 15:

To be drawn at Wilmington, Delaware, on Saturday; April 8, 1848. 78 Nos. 18 Drawn. 1 prize of \$40,000 | 1 prizes of \$4,000 15,000 1 " 3,377 10,000 | 5

6,000 | 25

4c. &c. 4c.

Tickets 10, shares in proportion. 18 Drawn Numbers-fine Lottery for Packages! SUSQUEHANNA LOTTERY.

Class No. 20. To be drawn in Baltimore, on Wednesday, April 12th, 1848. 18 drawn ballots out of 25 tickets.

82,000 \$40,000 | 1 prize of 1,750 1,500 1,250 12.730 6,000 2 de do 4,000 | 2 de 3,000 2 do åc.

In this Lottery the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th or 9th drawn numbers will be entitled to \$15: and, the 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th to \$10.

Tickets \$15, shares in proportion. Susquehanna Lottery:

HAVE by fecent arrivals, received Class No. 21. To be drawn in Baltimore, on Wednesday, 19th of April, 1848. 75 Numbers-12 Drawn. \$20,000 | 5 prizes of \$1,332 3,000 20 do 1,750 &c. åc. Tickets \$10, shares in proportion.

SUSQUEHAN NA LOTTERY. Class No. 22. To be drawn in Baltimore, April 26, 1848.

78 numbers-13 ballots: \$50,000 | 50 prizes of 20,000 | 50 de do 10,000

Tickets \$15, shares in proportion. GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY.

Class No. 18. l'o be drawn in Wilmington, Delawate, April 29th. 78 Numbers-13 Ballots. \$50,000 | 1 prize of 15,000 10,000 | 10 do 8,000 10 do Tickets \$15, shares in proportion, Orders meet with prompt attention, if address D. PAINE & CO., or

C. W. PURCELL & CO. Richmond, Va. JOB PRINTING EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE,

With neatness and despatch:

WHATS IN A NAME .- James K. Polk was com- ington and Scott,) in whose veins respectively lic lands to enquire into the expediency of extenmitted to jail at Pittsburg, on Saturday, for being flows the blood of their relations of historic ding the time for payment for lands acquired un-March 29. drunk and noisy. der pre-emption laws to three years. Adjourned. " Standard and Biblical Recorder copy.