OUR OWN CANDIDATES,

Whig Candidates for those two high and important in his Note:

offices. CHARLES MANLY is well and favorably known throughout the length and breadth of North Carolina, as a working man. He has never held any sinecure offices of emolument. Whenever he has held office he has had to render services adequately equivalent to his pay. He is emphatically a man of the People. He is a self-made man. Dependent upon the People for a support at his profession, he has mingled with them and fully understands their wants and wishes. He is no new convert to popular schemes-but is an old, well-tried Republican, of plain, unostentatious demeanor, of unimpeachable character, and of sterling virtues. The breath of malice cannot sully his irreproachable fame. With the Constitution for his guide, he goes heart and hand in sustaining the hitherto proudly won fame of glorious old North Carolina. He stirs up no feelings of enmity to that sacred instrument which he will have to swear to support, if he be elected the Chief Magistrate of the State. His interests, his hopes, his all, are identified with her prosperity and advancement, and to the promotion of them will his whole energies be applied, whether in public or in private life. Such a man is CHARLES MANLY-

choose ye between him and DAVID S. REID. Of ZACHARY TAYLOR, the Whig cardidate for President, naught can be said, naught dare be said that is not noble, exalted, praise-worthy. Unlike Gen. Cass, he has never been found at the foot of power, vilely seeking favor. In his own emphatic language-he "asks no favors, and shrinks from no responsibility !" Spoken like an honest, bold and independent man, as he is. He is no equivocator either of the rights of the South or of the North. He carries his heart in his hand. The thunder of artillery, nor the clash of arms, nor the tumult of strife, ever create "so much noise and confusion" but what his sentiments can be heard. In whatever emergency or situation his country calls for his services, he has always been found there, nobly doing his whole duty as a man and as a soldier. Honesty is his name-Integrity his motto, and Duty his watch word. He has probably never seen a 'lire King or President, and knows nothing about bowing before the royal robe and regal sceptre. He is plain old ZACK TAYLOR-honest and incorruptible-the man whom the People delight to honor! Such is ZACH-ARY TAYLOR, and no man who believes in our pure Republican Government, can doubt for a moment

that the People will justly appreciate and reward his meritorious deeds.

137 We have received a Note from a Democratio We have given above, the character of the candid- friend of this City, covering a Communication from ates of our opponents for Governor of North Caro- another Democrat, signed-"A Democratic Freelina, and for the Presidency of the United States. - bolder," with a request that we would publish it in We will now proceed to place in justa position the our Paper. The gentleman sending it to us, says

> I received a few days since from my old friend and neighbor ----- of Granville, the first of a series of articles on the subject of the proposed change in the State Constitution, for publication in a Democratic paper; but I was requested, under certain contingencies to procure its publication in any of the City papers. I therefore send you the Communication herewith, and request for it an early insertion in the "Register."

The "contingencies" here spoken of, must mean, that in case the " Democratic" papers should refuse to publish the Communication, then get some of the Whig Editors to do it. And has it come to this? Are the opinions of intelligent and patriotic gentlemen to be stifled, because they dare think differently from their would be masters, Reid, Holden and Douglass? Does this tally with their professions of liberality? The author is an open, avowed Democrat, and as respectable a gentleman as any in the County in which he resides-why then exclude him from the columns of his party paper. "Free Suffrage," it appears will do for them, but Free Discusion, is quite another matter. Are they afraid for the truth to shine through their columns, even for once? Shame-shame !!! The People will mark this attempt to strangle a free discussion of this subject by our Democratic contemporaries. and remember to put their mark of reprobation on it in August next.

The Communication of "A Democratic Freeholler" shall appear in the next Register.

GEN. CASS AND THE VOLUNTEERS. The Hon. ANDREW STEWART, of Pennsylvania ecently made another of his effective speeches, in the House of Representatives, in the course of which he fired a succession of shots into the Locofoco and burning eloquence. camp, which produced the greatest confusion and dismay among the enemy. He dwelt upon a variey of subjects, connected with the general politics of the country and the Presidential question, and the inflictions he visited upon General Cass, President POLK, and the Locofoco party in general, cannot fail to be long remembered and felt. Among other things Mr. STEWART charged Mr Cass with introducing and passing, during the present Session, a bill to take from the Volunteers, after they had gone o Mexico, more than one-third of the amount allow- | yield his assent, and aid in its amendment whenever | I recommend the wearied traveller. After spending ed them for clothing. Here is the Act, word for it could be shown that it contained radical defects, or a pleasant day, I left Oxford highly pleased with word, as reported and passed :-

A bill to provide clothing for Volunteers in the service of the United States. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Represen-

tatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in lieu of the money, which under existing laws, is allowed to volunteers as a commutation for clothing, the President be, and he is hereby, authorised to cause the volunteers to be furnished with clothing in kind, at the same rates, according to grades, as is provided for the troops of the regular army.

FOR THE REGISTER. MR. MANLY, AT WILKESBORO', &c. TO THE EDITOR OF THE REGISTER: Knowing that you feel a deep interest in common with the whole Whig party of the State in the progress of the present political campaign for the Gubernstorial Chair and the success of our gallant Whig leader, I propose to give you a hasty sketch of several discussions between the two rival candidates, which it has been my good fortune to hear in some of the western Counties.

Happening to be at Wilkesboro' on the day ap-pointed for the discussion at that place, I there had the pleasure for the first time of hearing Mr. Manly, of whose reputation as a popular debater, I had previously heard much through the medium of the

newspapers. The day was fine, and at an early hour, that gallant old Whig County poured in her hundreds of the bone and sinew of the county, eager and anxious to hear the strains of truth and oquence from the lips of the noble standard-bearer their party-nor were they disappointed-for bravely did he perform his duty. It was Mr. Manly's day to lead in the discussion, and there being a pitable inhabitantants to spend the ensuing day, and goodly number of highly respectable and intelligent adies present, Mr. M. opened with a beautiful and eloquent sulogium on the virtues and influence of of July. he sex, after which he proceeded in a masterly manner to review the course of the present Administration of the General Government, particularly n reference to the War with Mexico, the Sub-Freasury humbug and other subjects of national importance, while those matters of State policy which have been brought into the discussion were

not forgotten. The unconstitutionality and utter want of necessity of the Mexican War were clearly shown-the vast national debt, not less probably than \$150,000.-000 which has been incurred, at the same time the party in power were cutting down the Tariff which afforded the only means (except direct taxation,) of paying his debt-the great amount of human suffering which has been endured-the loss of life el-South. ther in battle or by the diseases of the climate of

some 20 or 25,000 of those gallant spirits who volunteered their services in the cause of their country. many of whom acted upon the patriotic principle of defending their country, right or wrong, and the flagrant injustice perpetrated by the Administra-tion towards that noble old hero Gen. Zachary Tay-otic sire, was read by the Hon. R. B. Gilliam. The lor, were all pourtrayed in strains of glowing truth Orator of the day, Mr. Wm. R. Wiggins, a gradu-

The new issue of pretended equal suffrage and qual political rights brought forward by Col. Reid. and in the aspect presented by him, was shown by Mr. M. to be so unequal and unjust as to be positively absurd, if not ridiculous-so much so, that even some of Col. Reid's Democratic friends characterized it as a mere fanciful idea. While Mr. M. professed the most profound reverence for our glori- his audience. ous Constitution, the best perhaps in the United States for the security of life, liberty and property, the Union Hotel, where my host Col. W. W. Young, and the guarantees of civil and political rights, a had prepared for the occasion, a festal board filled constitution framed by the ablest and purest men of with the delicacies of the season, and the costliest all parties, he nevertheless felt himself bound to wines that could be obtained; and to his hospitality

whenever it failed to answer the great purposes for which it was established. As yet, however, he had heard of no complaint against it—no grievances punder it—but said him complaints shall be made, and there shall be found grievances to exist, let all

parties, Whig and Democrat units together and by the instrumentality of the ablest men and purest patriots of all parties remedy those defects and redress those grievances in a sober and deliberative manner, divested of all party feeling and free from all party excitement. You will doubtless recollect that Col. Reid's proposition is simply to amend the Constitution so that all those who are now entitled to vote for a member of the House of Commons shall also vote for a member of the Senate. He repudiates all idea of abolishing the present basis of representation in the Senate, to wit, taxation-or the property qualification required for members of both Houses, but at the same time professes to be the great advocate of equal rights. Now let us see how this scheme would work, and how near it would come towards making all men equal. The County of II ertford, for instance, on account of its taxation, to the Legislature. This County at the last Gubernatorial election gave, all told, 560 votes. The Counties of Wilkes, Caldwell, Burke and McDowthe last election for Governor, 3873 votes. So that if Col. Reid's scheme be adopted for making men equal, he would make one man in Hertford equal to nearly seven in Wilkes, Caldwell, Burke and Mc-Dowell. And by the same vote of equality he would make one man in Warren equal to nearly five, and one in Nash equal to four and a half of those in the

ing man. He told me it was a fact, for he had ex-amined the Journal, but expressed the opinion we had better say nothing about it, for it would do Mr. Reid an injury. Now, sir, I can't stand such as this. I can't be fooled in this way. I was told in 1840, that the approving the law showed Gen. Harrison to be a Federalist, and sow I am asked to vote for Cass and Reid, who were in favor of a law containing the same principles ! I can't do it; and there are many honest old men down my way, who are of gress on the 17th inst. the same opinion, and will go for Manly and that The debate was resu brave old Patriot and Republican, Zachary Taylor. I can't see how the doing a thing in 1840 makes a man a Federalist, and doing the same thing in 1848 makes him a Republican!

A DEMOCRAT NOW AND FOREVER.

FOR THE REGISTER. FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION IN OXFORD.

MR. EDITOR :- While passing through Oxford, on my way to a summer resort in the eastern portion of this State, I was prevailed upon by many of its hospartake of some of the festivities and enjoyments that were to take place upon the celebration of the 4th to the vote and passed ; and then,

Early upon the ensuing morning, I was aroused by the ringing of Church bells, and the discharge of volley after volley of musketry in commemoration of the glorious occasion. I found business, animosities, and the cares of secular duties, all laid aside, by reason of the holiness of the day; soul was commingled with soul, and worldy anxieties forgetten in the revelry of delight.

About 10 o'clock the procession was formed by the Marshal, Col. Richard Taylor, and preceded by Mr. Hargrave's band of music, began to move down Raleigh street to the Baptist Church. I joined in the procession. And as I approached. I found the Church nearly filled with the bright faces of the ladies-with which portion of its population, Oxford can challenge a comparison with any village of the

The exercises were commenced by an appropriate prayer from the Rev. Mr. Devons, and after an interlude, the Declaration of Independence was read by Dr. Henry Herndon. Washington's Farewell ate of Washington College, Pa., then came forward, and with a graceful and easy manner, chained to him his audience for about half an hour, with a beautiful, chaste, and highly interesting oration .--He was peculiarly happy in the selection of his top-

ics, and the manner in which he treated, and linked them together with rhetorical bouquets He was frequently cheered by the enthusiastic plaudits of After the delivery, of the oration, I repaired to

the celebration, and the kindness of the inhabitants -and almost persuaded to return and spend there a ted. portion of the Summer season.

OLD POINT.

FOR THE REGISTER.

CONGRESS.

THE Subscribers will soll at the late residence of John W. TarLok, dep'd., in Greens County, N. C., on the 10 day of August next, TWENTY-FOUR LIKELY NEGROES. The Vice President laid before the Senate, on July 5, a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, relating to the mode of paying the interest on public loans, which were ordered to be printed.

Consisting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls. Terms The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of sale, six months credit, notes with approved accuri-ty will be required of the purchasers before, the title of the foint resolution for the adjournment of Con-

The debate was resumed on the pending Presidential canvage, and five hours were devoted to the discussion. The resolution was finally amended so as to declare that the session should close the last of July and was then laid on the table. On motion the Senate then adjourned.

ilities with that country.

iver and harbor Resolutions, offered a few days pose of it very low. Address F. H., Box 351, Post-ince by Mr. Hunt. The first resolution was put office, Baltimore, Md. since by Mr. Hunt. The first resolution was put

On motion, the House went into Committee of the Whole and took up the Civil appropriation Bill. The amendments to the bill were consid-ered and several acted on The Divid were consid-in Equity. ered: and several acted on. The Committee then rose, and the House soon adjourned.

Shortly after convening on July 6th, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the order of the day, being the bill establishing a territorial Government in Oregon.

Mr. Mason addressed the Senate in opposition o the right of Congress to legislate on the subject of the introduction of slavery into the territories of the United States.

Mr. Atherton has the floor on this question for to-morrow.

On Mr. Atherton's motion the Senate then took up the Civil Appropriation between, a message ceeding to its consideration, however, a message was received from the President of the United will be set for hearing and heard ex par te. WILLIAM BARROW, C. M. E. (Pr. Adv. 35 624.) 55 6w ook up the Civil Appropriation Bill. Before proceeding to its consideration, however, a message swer or demur to the said petition, or otherwise it

The message and accompanying documents were referred to the committee on Foreign Relations, and 5000 copies ordered to be printed. The Senate then adjourned.

The House of Representatives was engaged n Committee of the Whole the greater portion of the day on the Post Office and Indian appropriation Bills. Without definite action on either of the bills, the committee rose.

A message in writing was received from the President of the United States communicating he Treaty of Peace between Mexico and the United States. The President recommends acion relative to the provisions of the treaty. He says that territory has been obtained, and indemity for the past and future.

Mr Burt moved the reference of the message to the appropriate committees, and that it be prin-

Mr. Vinton, in an impassioned strain, reviewed at Jackson, the first Monday of June, A. D. 1848, he course of the President relative to the Mexi. and in the 72nd year of American Independence. can war.

Without action on the message, the House, on Pr. Adv. \$5 625.

motion, then adjourned.

MR. S. W. FOWLE,

of said property is changed. W M. H. B. TAYLOR. JAMES G. BRIGGS, July 5, 1848.

A RARE CHANCE FOR SALE, the License, Gost Will Fixtures of a LOTTERY and EXCHAN The House of Representatives took up and pas-ted this morning, the bill allowing half pay to the widows and orphans of American citizens who died in Mexico during the pendency of hosis surpassed by none in the city. The present On motion, the House agreed to take up the prietor, desirous of retiring from business, will dis-55 3t July 1.

Petition for Partition and Sale of Land. Mathew Bryant,

Peterson Beyant, et. al. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendants, Willie Lambertson, James Lamber son, Martha Lambertson, Thomas Lambertson, Mary Lambertson, John Lambertson, William Lambert son and Elijah Lambertson, are non-fesidents : It is ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Reg-ister for six weeks, notifying the said Defendants to appear at the next term, to be held for the County of Northampton, at the Court House in the Town of Jackson, on the fifth Monday after the fourth Men day in September next, then and there to plead, an-

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA NORTHAMPTON COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, June Term, 1848.

Thomas J. Garner, et. als.

Richard H. Garner, et. als.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court. that the defendants, John Ferguson and wife Mary, Lockhart Ferguson and wife Cherry, Elias King, the Heirs of John Garner, dec'd., and Williamson Glover reside beyond the limits of this State : It is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for six weeks, notifying them to appear at the next term of our said Court to be held at the Court House, in the town of Jackson, on the first Monday in September next, then and there to plead. answer or demur to the petition, or the same will be heard er parte. Witness, John B. Odom, Clerk of our said Court.

JNO. B. ODOM, C. C. C.

55 Gw

Petition for Partition of Land. · · · · • • • • • •

MR. MANLY'S PROGRESS.

Our accounts from the West, represent the Whig candidate for Governor as even excelling himself in that fine healthy region. A letter just to hand, from a gentleman competent to judge, and who has heard Messrs. MANLY and REID in several Counties, contains the following :

"Our friend Manly stands the fatigues of the camplign much better than I expected. So far as I have heard him, he has sustained himself most admirably. in every instance proving himself greatly an overmatch for his opponent, and winning golden opinions from his friends, and even from his political enemies. A prominent Democrat of this County declared the other day, after hearing Mr. M., that he considered ham or Morehead. In fact, no man could occupy his present position with more success, or give more general satisfaction to his friends, than he does. His course is so conciliatory, so fair and just to his politpolitical principles, that all parties are pleased with him. He offends no one, even the most fastidious, whilst he fastens the affections of his friends to his have proved a more worthy and successful leader; and unless I am greatly mistaken in the signs of the times, you will hear the Whig thunder of the West booming over your Eastern plains in August next, of our opponents, and convincing them that new is-

tandums, won't catch our Western Whigs. Whigs; while, on the contrary, many of his Democratic friends repudiate it. Although they may not vote against him on that account, yet I am persuaded

that the intelligent and thinking men of his own party disapprove the principle."

The last Asheville "Messenger," contains the following:

hardly room to notice the discussion which took, place between the two Candidates for Governor, at this place, on the 4th of July. They spoke from 1 till 7 o'clock, P. M., and were attentively listened to, pair of boots. during that time, by a very large and intelligent number of the people of this and the other adjoining counties. Of the merits of the two speakers, we do not (nor do we suppose any candid man can) hesiitate to give the decided preference to Mr. Manly. In fact he is one of the best popular speakers we ever listened to, and it has been our good fortune, to hear some of the best stump speakers in the country.

Chaste and elegant in his language, he intermingles with sound and lucid arguments numerous well told and appropriate anecdotes and illustrations, the telling effect of which, nobody who has once heard him can forget.

His opponent is remarkably gentlemanly, and courteous in his conduct of the canvass, and though infinitely inferior to Mr. Manly as a speaker, manages a bad cause with considerable tact.

Mr. Manly has surpassed even the high expectations of his friends in this quarter, and the reputa-

Can anything be plainer than this? The President is authorised and directed to cause the volun-

teers to be supplied with the same clothing as regulars, in lucu of the amount of money previously allowed them, viz: \$3,50 per month. Now the average value of the clothing of regulars was but \$2,35 per month, as stated by the Adjutant-General, and for infantry but \$1,91. But it is now pretended that the bill gives the Volunteers the option to take forms a Senatorial District, and sends one Senator him superior, as a popular speaker, to either Gra- the money or clothing. Can any thing be more absurd ? If this was intended by Gen. Cass, why did he not say so in his bill ? Why not say that the ell form one Senatorial District, and send one Senvolunteers might draw their clothing from the pub- ator to the Legislature. These Counties gave at ical opponents, yet so firm and decided in his own lie stores, at the same price as the regulars, and then that it should be deducted from the \$3,50 per month, and not as the bill says, in lieu of the \$3,50 in monperson and principles as with hooks of steel. No ey? This would have been honest and fair. But, man could have been selected of our party who would no! they were bound to take the clothing in lieu of the pay. But to say that, after the indignant volunthe pay. But to say that, after the indignant volun-teers had hung and burnt General Cass in effigy, the construction of the law was altered, won't do.— Counties before mentioned. This would be equali-ty with a vengeance. Col. R. will hardly get the mountain boys to agree to this, at least in a physical the construction of the law was altered, won't do .-striking political terror and dismay into the ranks It only shows that Gen. Cass's law was so bad, so unjust, that they dare not execute it-that being a sues, got up on the eve of an election, mere ad cappalpable violation of an executed contract, it was So far as I know or have heard, the new issue pre- unconstitutional and void, and could not-dare not. sented by Col. Reid has had no effect among the be enforced. If Gen. Cass could take a part, he

> could take the whole, the principle was precisely the same. Gen. Cass can charge and receive while living at

Detroit, in luxury and ease, \$30 per day of the people's money, and vest it in public lands, in that town and its vicinity, now constituting a princely fortune

Our paper is ready to go to press, and we have but does not hesitate to take from the brave, poor Volunteers, part of their pittance of \$3,50 per month for clothing-not so much as would pay for a hat or

> What will the Volunteers, what will the friends of the volunteers, the honest and patriotic people, say to this? We will see in November next .-Could Old ZACH have acted thus? No, never! He would rather give the volunteer his own hat and shoes, than take a cent from him. Here is the law, it speaks for itself-it is too plain for any ingenuity to explain it away. To say it was not enforced only make the matter worse. It admits its injustice and unconstitutionality.

Mr. Stewart deserves well of his country, of every honest man, for having thus exposed this barefaced robbery of the public treasury, and this scandalous attempt to rob the Volunteers, and their families of the pittance allowed for the perils, dangers

point of view. Various other subjects of less importance were introduced by both gentlemen into the discussion of which I have not time to speak. The debate continued for at least six hours, and through the whole period the audience was attentive and respectful-The Whigs of course highly delighted with their champion, and many of them while pronouncing him

fully equal as a popular debater to Gov. Graham or Ex-Governor Morehead, would enquire if we had any more of the same sort left. From Wilkes, Messrs. Manly and Reid proceeded in the order of their appointments, to Caldwell.

Burke and McDowell, in all of which Counties I had the pleasure of hearing them, but as the discussion in all these Counties was necessarily of the same general topics, and the points at issue presented in the same general aspect, it would be tedious to particularize.

It is due to both parties to say, that the discussion in all these Counties was conducted in a spirit of fairness, with becoming dignity and respect, and avoiding all personalities as well as bitter denunciations of either individuals or parties. This is as it should be, and in all future contests for the same high distinction, the example of these gentlemen will be well worthy of imitation.

Justice to Col. Reid and a disposition for fair dealing, requires me to say that he maintained his ject, and in less than one hour after his voice had positions with a respectable ability, and considering been heard in the sanctuary, it was stilled and that it must be an uphill business to defend the administration for its course towards Mexico, and especially towards Gen. Taylor, in attempting to throw

upon him the responsibility of bringing on hostilities. is political friends have no reason to complain of the manner in which he discharges his duties. In conclusion, Mr. Editor, permit me to express the opinion, founded as I think on reliable informawill be found on the day of election, as heretefore, to use a cant phrase, wide awake and duly sober, and that both in August and November, it will be found as firm to its principles and as impregnable to as-

LINES, ADDRESSED TO MRS. W*****, ON THE BIRTH OF HER DAUGHTER. By Miss -

Take this child, and murse it for me, saith the Lord." Yes, take it, and nurse it for me.

So innocent, fragile and fair, There's nought can avail for its nurture But a mother's affectionate care.

Yes, take it in all its fresh beauty, With eyes of so lovely a hue; O, what upon earth so enchanting To you, as their delicate blue?

Its gentle, young face is unsullied By traces of sorrow or sin ; The light which beams from it betokens. The peace of the spirit within.

Its smiles, like the beam of the morning. Can chase the dull shadows away, While the ocean of love in thy bosom Grows bright 'neath the beautiful ray.

Its first lisping words will enchant thee, Its first tottering steps will delight, And numberless charms still be springing, Like flowers, to gladden thy sight.

But remember, remember the giver ! And nurse the sweet baby for me : Then, in thine old age, or in sorrow, She'll be like an angel to thee.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

THE RATIFIED TREATY .- The "Union" conains the ratified treaty which was signed by the President on the 4th of July. It has not been altered since it passed the Senate.

The twelfth article states the "consideration" which the United States will pay for this extension of territory. The money to be paid is fifteen million of dollars ; three million of which is to be paid to Mexico on her ratifying the treaty, and the remaining twelve million to be paid in four annual instalments of three million each, with interest at six per cent. The United States, moreover, agrees to assume all the claims, of every kind, against Mexico by our citizens, on the day of the signing of the treaty.

DEAD .- Rev. Thos. Goulding, DD., the veneable pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Columbus, Georgia, died very suddenly on the evening the 21st of June, in his 62nd year. He officiated as usual on that evening at his Church, and on his return home was seized with a spasmodic affection of the heart, to which he had long been subcold in death.

Adjacent to the spot where the corner stone of the monument was laid in the city of Washington on Tuesday last, was erected an arch handsomely embelished. The National Intelligencer says: But its most interesting and attractive orna-

WISTAR'S BALSAM AT HOME. Boston, April 14, 1846.

tion of many of my friends, to make known to the public through you, the great benefit, I have derived from the use of the medicine called "WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, in the hope that others suffering from lung complaints may find the same relief by its use that I have done. The latter part of last summer, and in the fall, I suffered greatly from a severe cough, pain in the side, difficulty of breathing, loss of appetite, and other symptoms which indicated a rapid decline. Three of the most learned and intelligent medical practitioners pronounced my case consumption, and stated to me that nothing but a change of climate could be of the least benefit to me, as my lungs were in a very inflamed and diseased state. At this time, in hopes I might find a temporary relief for my cough, I bought a bottle of the Balsam, which not only gave me the relief that my failing strength required, but seemed to give me new life and energy.

After taking several bottles of the medicine, my appetite returned, with it my strength ; my cold entirely left me, as also the night sweats, which previous 25 whole tickets, \$130 | 25 quarters, to this had been very profuse. In five weeks' time I 25 halves, ever since to take my accustomed exercise, a walk of from three to four miles a day, and attend to my regular business. I should be most happy to have you refer any one, who may wish further particulars, to me, at my place of business, No. 305 Washington Very truly yours, WM. H. HOLBROOK. street.

None genuine, unless signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper.

For sale in Raleigh, wholesale and retail, by WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO., and by Drug- 25 half do. gists generally in North Carolina.

From the London Times.

As a general rule, we have a profound contempt for patent medicines and infalible nostrums: but Hastings' Compound Syrup of Naphtha is working such well-authenticated cures in Asthmas, Consumptions, &c., all around us, that we hail it as a most important discovery, and recommend it to the notice of those whom it may concern. Many of our medical friends have tried experiments with it, which have been astonishingly successful.

For further particulars of the efficiency of the above medicine see advertisement in another column of to-day's paper.

MLA IRIRIEID

At the residence of Mrs. Martha Pope, in Hali fax County, on the 27th ult., by the Rev. Thos. G. more can have their uncurrent money immediately Lowe, Dr. John B. Doggett, to Miss Anna Louisa converted into gold or bankable funds, by applying Campbell, daughter of John Campbell, Esq. of at our office, No. 1 Light st. Weldon.

WE are authorized to announce Maj 13 REUBEN FLEMMING, as a Candidate for the House of Commons in the next Legislature from Wake County, at the Elec-

NO B

" Our doubts are traitors."-SHARE. PYFER & CO... Lottery Brokers and BANK NOTE DEALERS.

Dear Sir :- I have been induced at the sugges- NO. 1 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, MD. THIS old establishment and truly lucky Lottery firm, is famed from one extreme of the Union to the other as the oldest, most fortunate, celebrated and popular Lottery agency in the country. IF Prizes promptly paid in Gold ! Orders from any section of the country, (with the mount to be invested enclosed,) will be faithfully and immediately attended to. The printed official drawings always sent by the first mail to those who order from our firm. One order to us may realize a Fortune !

JULY LOTTERIES: 3 of \$25,000 cach. Saturday, July 15, 1848. 75 Numbers, 12 Drawn Ballots. 3 Prizes of \$25,000 is \$75,000 ! åc. drc. Tickets \$10, shares in proportion. Certificates of \$32 50 65 25 eighths, 16 25 \$40:000 !

Saturday, July 22, 1848. 18 drawn ballots out of 75 numbers. 1 prize of \$40,000 is \$40,000 12,730 is 12,730 do &c. Tickets \$15, shares in proportion. Certificates of

25 whole tickets for \$180 | 25 guarter tickets \$45 00 90 25 eighth do 22 50

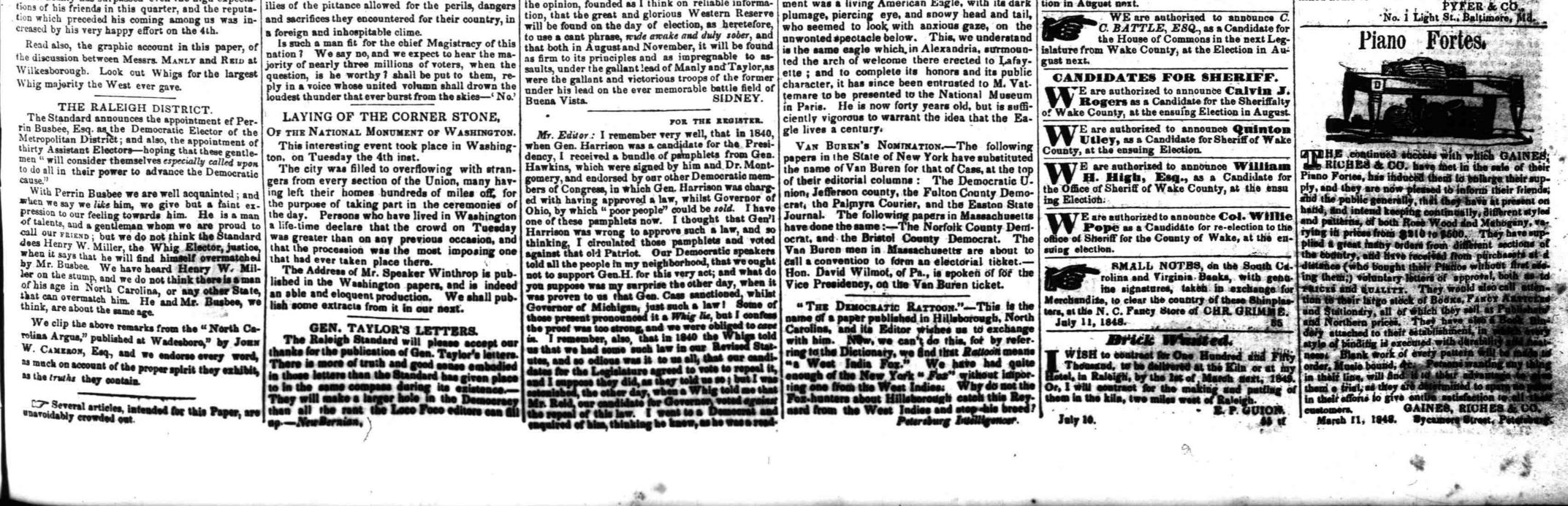
30;0	00 Do	Hars.	1. 20	53
Wedne	sday,	July 2	6.	2.4 大臣
72 numbers	and 13	drawn ba	llote.	- 124
1 Prize of 3			000,0	A 44 4 3
1 of1	2,500 is		2,500	an an an
&c.	åc.	&c.	10.0	ni (1004) Si (1664)
Tickets \$1	0, shares	in proport	ion.	1990 (1990) 2
Certificate of		and the second		19. 1
whole tickets,	\$120 24	quarters,	100	30 0
halves.	60 24	eighths.		15 0

We very respectfully solicit persons at a distance from Baltimore to favor us with orders for packages, certificates, single tickets or shares, in any of the above splendid letteries. Pyfer & Co., invite particular attention to the advantage gained by ordering packages of tickets, as at least 20 per cent. is thereby saved Strangers passing through or visiting Balti-

The exchange business in all its branches is conducted at the lowest rates,

TT PYFER & CO.'S Bulletin of Lotteries forwarded free to all who wish it.

For a haudsome prize and prompt returns always address the far-famed, truly lucky, and old established house of



ment was a living American Engle, with its dark | tion in August next.