

The question on the Spanish treaty was then taken and unanimously agreed to. On the Indian Treaty also. That on the Algerine treaty was laid over.

Mr. MACLAY renewed his motion. It was referred to the committee on the state of the Union, and ordered to printed.

Adjourned.

*Extracts of a London Paper.*

The Chouans appear to be in great force, and to have extended their incursions in the province of Normandy where the greatest discontent prevails, on account of the alarming scarcity of every kind of provisions (the distribution of bread being limited to a quarter of a pound per diem for each individual) and of the abominable acts of oppression which are daily exercised. Stofflet has again taken up arms, and placed himself at the head of the insurgents. Stofflet has at length broken his truce with the Republic by a proclamation, in which he adopts and publishes the declaration of Louis 18th.

FEBRUARY 24.

Yesterday Lieut. Campbell arrived at the Admiralty, with dispatches from the Cape of Good Hope, after a passage of only 8 weeks to Falmouth.—He brings intelligence of the taking of Batavia by the British forces. His dispatches likewise state, that Admiral Elphinstone sailed for Madras on the 15th of November with the Monarch of 74, Arrogant 74, Echo and Rattlesnake sloops, and the Prince of Wales, having on board Gen. Clarke, and suite.

FEBRUARY 26.

An officer arrived yesterday at the Admiralty from Yarmouth, with intelligence of the Dutch fleet being at sea.

Admiral Duncan has received orders to sail in quest of them with the Brunswick, Robust, Powerful, and Ruffel, of 74 guns each, and the Phillip Ruffian man of war; but he had not left the Downs yesterday. The force of the Dutch fleet is variously stated, some accounts making it amount to only six sail of the line and frigates, while others increase the number of ships of the line to 14.

Yesterday afternoon an express was received at the Admiralty, with the intelligence which were laid before the public yesterday of the Dutch being at sea. It left the Texel on Tuesday morning. In consequence, orders have been sent for the fleet in the Downs to go in quest of it, and a squadron had been ordered to put immediately to sea for the same purpose, from Spithead, under the command of Rear Admiral Harvey.

Every ship of the line is ordered from all the dock yards for sea directly.

The French Squadron continues to cruize in the Archipelago, and by some means scruples to capture the ships of neutral Powers. Two vessels lately under Prussian colours, have been seized; although the Prussian Envoy is in hopes to get them released.

It will be seen, that every preparation is making on the part of the French, to renew the campaign with all possible expedition and vigor; that with a view to facilitate their fiscal operations, a bank has been established; and that the Chouans, according to their own accounts, are increasing in a most alarming manner, spreading disaffection and promoting desertion among the troops of the Republic, and extending their destructive measures over the whole face of the country, in the provinces of Brittany and Normandy, and in the adjacent districts.

The Bank have given in an account to the House of Commons of the sums they are in advance for government. They amount only to Eleven Millions Seven Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Pounds!

February 27.

The Dutch fleet are certainly at sea, but of what force it consists is not precisely known. A vessel arrived at Yarmouth, passed through it, and the captain represents the number to be 18, of which may be 10 or 12 of the line.

Another account says—the Glatton India, ship of war, captain Trollop, saw the Dutch fleet on the 24th inst. and counted their line

of battle to consist of 17 sail; viz. five from 74 guns down to 60, five from 50 to 44, and five frigates. By their course it was conjectured that they were going north about, in order to form a junction with the British fleet.

A report prevailed yesterday in the highest circles, that Gen. Clairfayt is dead. The credit which it received from those who had the best opportunity of ascertaining its validity, induces us to think that it is but too true.—His loss in the present state of affairs will be most severely felt.

NEW BERN, APRIL 30.

From the COURIER FRANCAISE of the 13th inst. translated for the NORFOLK HERALD. COLONIES.

Authentic Relation of the Occurrences at St. Domingo, and the Mountain of Port de Paix, in the month of February, 1796.

In the night of the 9th and 10th of February, when a faint glimmering of security was preparing our minds for the re-establishment of confidence, an insurrection appeared in the work houses of Paillet, Tendron, Bessard, Colas and those of the neighbourhood. They all united, having at their head *Baptiste* and *Louis*, and went to carry off *Jean Baptiste*, whom general Lavaux had appointed inspector of the work shops of the Mountain. They murdered him with the butt end of a musket, stripped him, and carried him to *Etienne*, a canton at the head of the canal belonging to the widow Audrand, at the Three Rivers and surrounded by insurgents, called in from all quarters.

10th. Soon as the news of this violence was spread abroad, the workmen embodied themselves, rushed into the highways, seized on all the avenues, and placed themselves in ambuscade in the bushes and covers. Numbers of banditti dispatched from the meeting at the head of the canal blocked to the mountain, bind Courleau de Navailles, and dear to the prayers, tears, and cries of his wife, fainting at their feet, drag him away to *Etienne*; they then pretend to carry him back again, but massacre him at about a quarter of a league's distance. They then return to Navailles, where the unfortunate wife perceived on one of them the pantaloons of her murdered husband.

11th. Morange, (a Creole) was bound with cords by his own negroes, and massacred whilst imploring their pity, and begging, as the last favour, to embrace his son before his death.—*Souverbie*, before supper, entering his own house *Yves*, under the gallery, about 40 armed men.—on his asking why aimed at such an hour, they replied by a discharge of their pieces.—He escapes into the hall, where he and his family fly to their arms, but wishing to avoid extremities, orders his men not to fire; but a second discharge from the assassins wounding his man *Neptune* and two others, they return the fire, and the negroes fly.

12th. *Magnot* (a Nantefe) Secretary and Counsel of *Etienne*, hearing the failure of the evening attack, sent a fresh supply of ammunition, and promised the command of the whole district of the mountain to him who would bring *Souverbie's* head to *Etienne*. At ten in the morning the murderers again returned, and after a thousand instances of the rankest cowardice and treachery, after violating the most solemn promises to *Souverbie* they massacre himself and all his faithful attendants. *Jean Louis de Souverbie* one of the assassins, carried his old master's head in triumph to *Etienne*—*Simon*, a still greater monster, boasted to have eaten bread, made of his master's blood, and added that all the other negroes had participated this horrid banquet; *Compey* ratified the assertion by observing, that the blood of the whites was sweet and that he must drink it all.

13th. The next day they attacked the houses of *Baranger de la Rochelle* and *Hirde de Versailles*, each seventy years old, whom after much barbarity they massacred—the wife of the latter, escaped through the impatience of her murderer, those indignities which they first intended.

A negroes was heard to say, "He has talked to me of love: Oh God! I could now clasp him in my arms! now, that I know he has drank the blood of *Souverbie*, and that he says the blood of all whites is sweet."

*Baracid*, another leader, stopped the execution of *Paul Colas*, who remained faithful to his master—"Bring me a goblet," The glass is brought—the cannibal drinks.

The head of *La Perriere* (a Creole inhabitant of St. Louis du Nord) was carried to *Etienne*, suspended from the bough of an organe tree, and afterwards thrown down on the glacis.—They then formed a circle, round which they tossed the head as a ball in play, or banded it around with the butts of their muskets, whilst the females in the drunkenness of their joy, cried out, "Give us a bit of it to put in our *Calobore*." Twenty six unfortunate inhabitants of Port de Paix, St. Louis, and Fros Morne, were the victims of this frightful insurrection.

Such are the happy consequences of that liberty which we here enjoy; and such the example offered by the Africans of their principles. Principles which point out to them not even to spare their own species, for the negroes who do not wish to associate with them are the first objects of their fury.

\* Our translator is at a loss for this word.

MARRIED.] On Thursday evening last, Mr. JAMES M'KINLAY, Merchant, to Miss POLLY DAVIS, both of this town.

THE Subscriber hereby requests all persons in the district of Newbern, who are indebted to the Trustees of the University by donation or otherwise, to pay their several arrearages to William Slade Esq. on or before the first day of May next, otherwise he will be under the necessity of suing without distinction all those who do not avail themselves of this notice.

GAVIN AEVES,  
April 30. Treasurer to the Trustees.

LOST, or what is more probable, lent to some gentleman of the law; CROMPTON'S PRACTICE, and the 1st. Volume of MORGAN'S ESSAYS. Whoever may have those books in possession, is requested to leave them at the Printing-Office, or to return them to BENJAMIN H. MARTIN.  
Trenton, April 28th, 1796.

FOR SALE  
AT THE  
PRINTING-OFFICE,  
A FEW COPIES OF THE  
LAST ACTS OF ASSEMBLY.  
April 9.

FOR PROVIDENCE, (R. I.)  
THE SCHOONER  
MARK ANTHONY,  
Captain WADE,  
WILL sail next week, she has good accommodations for passengers. For passage apply to the captain on board, or to  
April 30. DAVID P. WHITING.

THE subscriber will sell or rent his Tannery, with about six or eight acres of land under good fence joining the same; also may be had with it the Tanning and Curying utensils and a quantity of Bark.  
A. NEALE.  
April 23.

FRENCH SCHOOL.  
MONSIEUR REVERCHON informs the citizens of Newbern, and its vicinity, that he intends by permission, opening a School at the Palace on Monday the 3d of May next, for the purpose of instructing young gentlemen and ladies in the principles of the French language. His terms may be known by application to himself, or Mr. Thomas P. Irving.  
April 23.