

2. That he shall re-establish her creature, Baron Armfeldt, as his prime minister.

3. That he shall deprive his uncle, the Duc de Sudermania, of all authority in the state; and

4. That the young King shall marry her grand-daughter.

These demands, the Autocratrix says, are so moderate, and so consistent with the relation of Peace and amity between the neighbouring kingdoms, that she will call God and posterity to witness that the guilt of involving the two nations in war lies upon his head; and she will make a holy appeal to the Divinity, and to all the Sovereigns of Europe, upon the justice of her cause.

BOSTON, July 14.

FROM LISBON.

The schooner Catherine, Cox, in 45 days, is arrived. Reports were confidently circulated, that Spain and England had commenced war against each other, and the reports appeared to be credited by two Spanish frigates there, which immediately sailed for Spain.

FROM FRANCE.

Capt. Tibbits. His verbal information is, that hostilities were commenced on the Rhine by a victory decisively favorable to the French;—and in which 10,000 were killed.—This victory was soon after followed by another, of almost equal brilliancy, and ending in the death of 8000 men.

Letters from Paris, rate flour in that City at 5 dolls. per bbl. Letters also state, that it was hoped, through the intercession of Mr. Munroe, that the decree of the Convention, ordering Foreigners to quit Paris, would be ameliorated so as to allow Americans to continue in that city. At present they are removed.

NEW-YORK, July 15.

No good man can help regretting the interior situation of France.—While her armies carry the standard of victory into every quarter, the different parties at home seem determined to destroy the Republic, and bring the very name of free government into contempt, and apparently without any motive but to gratify the private passions of individuals. The plot that has lately been detected, wants the pretence of *tyranny* to justify it. The Convention that beleaguered the last king had a pretence—the men who took off Robespierre had a pretence—even the insurrection at the organization of the present government had a pretence, viz. *re-election of two thirds*. But the present government seems to be in general well administered, and the last conspiracy of the Jacobins seems at present to be without any plausible pretext—it appears to be a mere spirit of private revenge and faction. Let these calamities teach the Americans true and saving wisdom.

Minerva.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.

Letters of a late date from the Havanna, mention that Admiral Solano was daily expected there, that he was to sail with his squadron from Cadiz with the fleet, under the command of Richery; that as the two squadrons were to proceed as one, Admiral Mann could not attack one without annoying the other, which he could not of course attempt without provoking retaliation on the part of the Spaniards. This intelligence must remove all doubt of Richery's ability to elude the utmost activity of Mann, and would corroborate the account of the arrival of the French fleet at Santo Domingo, if that account did require corroboration. But it will be perceived from the translation we this day give from the Courier Francois, published in this city, that this important intelligence comes in a manner too direct to be doubted.—Translated from the Courier Francois.

We cannot better answer the disgusting invectives against the French nation, daily dished up in the Gazette of the United States, than by the following intelligence, which

perhaps, will cause the American Thermometer to rise a little.

Authentic Intelligence from St. Domingo, CAPE, June 24.

Villate and his accomplices are embarked on board the Hyena, sloop of war, and sent to France, where they are to stand their trial.

Dispatches transmitted by Roume (a member of the colonial commission) from Santo Domingo, and arrived at the Cape on the 23d June, announce the arrival of Richery's squadron, composed of nine ships of the line, ten frigates, four sloops of war, and four armed transports with troops on board, and five millions in specie.

This squadron, has in its passage, made twenty two prizes among which is an English frigate and a sloop of war.

The corps which marched under the orders of Rochambeau, Pageot and Bonlaint was composed of 300 troops of the line and 5000 Africans intended against Cape Nicholas Mole; they have already rendered themselves masters of Bombarde, where they surrounded a corps of above 300 English horse, and made them prisoners; they pushed forwards, and attacked an advanced post near the Mole, supported by two pieces of artillery, which they took after having put to the sword the troops that guarded the post.

BALTIMORE, July 13.

Great preparations were making at the Cape for some secret expedition; vast quantities of warlike stores had been landed from time to time by the French. Cape Nicholas Mole was thought to be the object of the enterprise, at which place it is said there are now 700 troops.

General Touiard had invested fort Bompar, which he expected to reduce.—The British had made two attempts to relieve the fort, but had failed in both—the succours being intercepted were made prisoners by the French. From the appearance of things, much blood would be shed this summer, in that ill fated island.

An American brig, with about 70 horses, probably from Norfolk, bound to the Mole, by mistak. went into Port de Paix and was immediately taken possession of by a few citizens. The horses were expected at the Cape the day the Harriot sailed.

The Toulon division, consisting of 7 sail of the line, and a number of frigates, were hourly expected to arrive.

A Spanish fleet had arrived at port St. Domingo about ten days before the Harriot left the Cape.

It was said, the Medusa and La Reunee frigates were to sail on a cruise in a few days.

NEWBERN, August 6.

Extract of a letter from Augusta.

We learn from good authority, that there will be no Indian treaty, and that the commissioners on the part of the state have protested against the proceedings of the commissioners of the United States.—The misunderstanding which has prevailed from the commencement of the business, between those who acted for the general government and those who represented this state is much to be lamented; but something of this nature has been very generally anticipated from the politics of one of our commissioners, whose influence over the others is not inconsiderable, and whose fondness for military parade and accommodating his friends induced him to take a body guard with him, which, not being perfectly consistent with continental arrangements, were not permitted to appear in that capacity on the treaty-ground; and occasioned a sourness and seclusion on the general's part which may perhaps be found to have been the cause of a cessation of public negotiation, and prove the signal for Indian hostility.

To the Electors of the Town of Newbern. Gentlemen,

I BEG leave to inform you, that I offer, as a Candidate at the next election, to represent this town in the next General Assembly, I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,
JOSEPH CLARKE.

July 9th, 1796.

Price and Strother

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that their Chart of the sea coast, extending from cape Henry to cape Roman, is now ready for the engraver; and at the same time to acquaint them, that the vast expence and labour they have been at, compels them to call on the friend of trade and navigation for their support in so arduous an undertaking, which they doubt not they will receive, when the promoters of the fine arts consider the utility of an actual survey, that will include all the shoals, capes, soundings and inlets in North-Carolina, together with the principal rivers and creeks, as far as they are navigable for sea vessels.

Any gentleman wishing to see the original, will please to call on Mr. William Johnston, from whom the terms of subscription will be known.

Newbern, August 4.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Once More!!!

IS offered for sale, the well known mill, on the river White Oak, formerly called Mundine's mills, two tub mills in order for grinding, which may now be had cheap, including nine hundred acres of land belonging thereto. Price and terms may be known by applying to capt. Daniel Shine on Trent river, Robert Nixon, Esq. on New-Top-Sail, Cape-Fear, or the subscriber, and possession given immediately.

August 6.

BAZIL SMITH.

COMMITTED to Newbern jail, on the 24th ult. a negro man who says his name is A B R A M, that he belongs to John G. Blount, Esq. of Washington. He is about five feet six inches high, and appears to be twenty two or three years of age; has a scar between his eyes occasioned by the kick of a horse.

The owner is desired to come, pay charges and take him away.

EDMUND PERKINS, Jailer.

August 6.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,
PORT-WASHINGTON.

LEONARD Deffaux, Notary-Public for the port afore said, by authority is legally and duly admitted into said office of Notary Public.

The aforesaid Leonard Deffaux informs all American seamen and others, who go over seas on foreign voyages, that his excellency the present governor of this state has been pleased to extend his goodness towards those who come under the above description, as well as for the preservation of our navigation, by causing the great seal of the state to be annexed to all protections issued by said Leonard Deffaux. None but American born, or those who have lived in America for three years past, and have paid taxes in the county they lived or sailed from, are entitled to them—and none need apply unless they can take the oath, or can procure an indifferent testimony, to answer agreeable to the above description, and those that do, faith and credit will be given to the authenticity of said protections.

Washington, August 3.

NOTICE.

THE partnership of William Peterfon and John C. Stanly, was dissolved the first day of July last, by mutual consent.

The business is carried on at the same place, by William Peterfon: He returns his most grateful thanks to those gentlemen who has favored him with their custom, and shall be happy to merit a continuance of their favours.

August 6.

TO BE LET,

THE store and dwelling house, now occupied by Mr. John Sears. Enquire of the Printer.