

Liverpool, which he left the 6th of April. From a paper of the 4th we have extracted the following paragraph:

"Official information has just been received by James Maury, Esq. American consul at this port, that the present posture of affairs between the United States of America and the Dey and Regency of Algiers, render it very hazardous for the vessels of that country to venture into those seas which are frequented by Algerine cruizers; and that this danger will continue until it shall be duly notified by the government of the United States of America, that peace is fully established between the two countries.

PETERSBURG, June 3.

We understand that the two persons, Reynolds and Goochely, who were charged with robbing the mail at York town, have been tried, at the Federal Court, now sitting in Richmond, and acquitted.

Accounts are said to have been received in town of several expeditions of the British army in the West Indies; that they had drove the French from Grenada, St. Lucia, and had laid close siege to Guadaloupe—at the latter it is probable they will make a stand for some time—and should the French have received a reinforcement of 30,000 men, accounts of which have repeatedly been published, the British may experience as many defeats in the West Indies as they have in Europe.

The Governor of Virginia having received information, to be relied on, that the Yellow Fever, or some other infectious disorder, has spread its baneful contagion so generally over the whole of the West-India islands, as to excite just ground of apprehension, that without much caution, the disease may be brought into this commonwealth: has issued a proclamation, directing the superintendants of quarantine at the several ports of this commonwealth, to use every exertion on their parts, to prevent the introduction of so fatal a calamity—to require of all masters of vessels, coming from any of the West-India islands, the Bahama and Bermuda islands, or from the port of New-Orleans, the requisite declaration of the state of the health of their respective crews, &c. and if necessary, to direct such vessels to perform quarantine at the anchorage ground off Craney-island, for the space of twenty days.

The following numbers were the five last drawn in the Susquehanna Canal Lottery, each of which were 20,000 dollars. No. 9294, 33,012, 38,751, 40,651, and 45,713.

SAVANNAH, May 24.

Arrived on Sunday last, brig Aurora, capt. Morton, from Barbadoes, and 17 days from St. Bartholomew's, who was embarked at Barbadoes, and left there on the 29th April; informs, that of 15,000 troops in the British fleet, a detachment of 1500 had gone against Demerara, and it was reported they had gained possession of it; two other detachments were dispatched, one against Grenada and the other against St. Vincents, and the remainder of the fleet, 120 sail, had gone against St. Lucia.

By arrival of two American vessels at Barbadoes, who made their escape from St. Lucia, information was received that the fleet had commenced a very severe attack on that place, but met with spirited opposition by the French, who sunk a number of their boats, and otherwise disabled them; that all was in flames when those vessels came out.

It was reported, the day capt. Morton failed, that three or four English transports had arrived at Martinique from St. Lucia, with disabled troops; and that orders were received at Barbadoes for a reinforcement.

Capt. Morton further informs, that a 20 gun ship of the Cork victualling fleet, arrived at Barbadoes, which about 5 or 6 days sail to windward fell in with a French squadron of 6 ships of the line and 7 frigates, that captured a part, and was supposed the whole, of the Cork fleet with provisions, as the above mentioned ship is the only one known to have escaped.

CHARLESTON, May 26.

Yesterday arrived the sloop Speedwell, Clarke, Gonaives, in 18 days.—Capt. C. brings accounts of the arrival of 180 sail of British transports, with troops, at Cape-Nichola-Mole, from windward; that the English now consider Hispaniola in a state of blockade, and take every American vessel bound to the French ports; and that they torn away American vessels that arrive from the French islands.

May 27. Capt. Clarke was informed that the troops arrived at Capt. Nichola-Mole were direct from Europe; their number was said to be 15,000; the report was that they intended to proceed against the Cape, where they understood great dissensions existed. Admiral Parker was at Jamaica; the Leviathan, Africa, & one frigate, were all the English vessels cruising on the north side of Hispaniola. No accounts had been received at Gonaives, when capt. C. failed, of the arrival of a French fleet at the Cape.

Capt. Clarke's information respecting the capturing American vessels differs from what we inserted yesterday; he says that the captains of the English cruizers, when they meet an American vessel going to a French port, endorse on her register that the port she intended to go to was blockaded, and disallow her; if they are found returning they

are captured; but all vessels coming from French ports are captured and sent to Jamaica. The British men-of-war continue to prey American seamen, and pay no respect to any protection, if it is not from the secretary of state; they frequently take slaves out of their owners vessels.

FAYETTEVILLE, JUNE 9.

The following sums are appropriated by acts of congress for carrying into effect the treaties with Great-Britain, Spain, the Dey of Algiers, and certain Indian tribes north-west of the Ohio.

For the treaty with Great-Britain, a sum not exceeding 80,808 dollars.

For the Spanish treaty, 18,693 dollars.

For the treaty with Algiers, 24,000 dollars per annum as long as the treaty is in force.

For the Indians:—
To the Wyandots 1000 dol. Delawares 1000
Shawanoes 1000 Ottawas 1000
Chippewas 1000 Miamis 1000
Eel River, Weea, Kickapoo, Piankashaw, Kaskaskias—Each 500 dollars as long as the treaty is in force.

APPOINTMENTS BY AUTHORITY.

Rufus King, minister plenipotentiary of the United States to the court of London.

David Humphreys, minister plenipotentiary of the United States to the court of Spain.

Matthew Clarkson, of Pennsylvania, commissioner on the part of the United States, under the article of the Spanish treaty relative to spoiliations.

Oliver Wolcott is elected governor of the state of Connecticut, and Samuel Adams governor of the state of Massachusetts.

James Hillhouse is appointed a senator in the congress of the United States for the state of Connecticut, in the room of Oliver Ellsworth, resigned.

Gen. Knox, we understand, has declined accepting the appointment of commissioner to settle the eastern boundary of the United States.

On the 16th ult. Robert Liston, Esq. was received by the President of the United States, as envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from his Britannic majesty to the United States of America.

On the 17th ult. Edward Thornton, Esq. was presented to the President of the United States by the British minister, as his Britannic majesty's secretary of legation to the United States.

On the 15th ult. Major Lewis, aid de camp to Gen. Wayne, passed through Albany with dispatches from the President of the United States to Lord Dorchester, Governor General of Canada.

On the 25th ult. the following communication was received from the President in the Federal House of Representatives:

"Gentlemen of the Senate and of the House of Representatives,

"The measures now in operation for taking possession of the posts of Detroit and Michilimichinac, render it proper, that provision should be made for extending to those places and any others alike circumstanced, the civil authority of the Northwestern territory. To do this will require expence, to defray which the ordinary salaries of the governor and secretary of that territory appear to be incompetent. The forming of a new county or counties, and the appointment of the various officers which the just exercise of government must require, will oblige the governor and secretary to visit those places, & to spend considerable time in making the arrangements necessary for introducing and establishing the government of the United States. Congress will consider what in this case will be proper. G. WASHINGTON."

By a gentleman who left Louisville a day or two past (says an August paper of May 26th) we are told, that his Excellency the Governor received an express from the Indians on the 18th, informing that they were favourably disposed towards the treaty about to be held, and that they would generally attend—that about the first or second of June, 4000 chiefs and warriors would be at Colerain, by whom all, or most of the towns would be represented.—Just before the arrival of the express General Pickens, one of the federal commissioners, left Louisville on his way to Colerain to attend the treaty.

A gentleman who came passenger in the Andromache, lately arrived at Charleston, informs, that several of the American claims for depredations committed in the West-Indies, had been determined on by the lords of appeals in London—in every instance the decision was in favour of the American owner.

A London paper states the amount of neutral property captured by the British in 1795 at 194,760 quarters of wheat—38,222 barrels of flour—9,110 quarters of rye—8,573 quarters of Indian corn—5,866 quarters of meal—besides smaller articles.—Government imported in that year, 82,481 quarters of wheat—1,900 do. rye—2,256 barrels of flour.

The bank of England has given an account to the house of commons of the sums they are in advance for government. They amount only to eleven millions seven hundred and eighteen thousand pounds.

Collector's Office, Charleston District, April 1. Value of exports from the port of Charleston, from the 1st of Jan. to 1st of April, 1796, to foreign

ports, 3,301,899 dollars, 49 cents.—In which period was shipped 54,440 barrels of rice.

A law was passed at the last session of the General Assembly of South-Carolina, enacting that after the 1st of January last, all accounts in the public offices of that state, and all accounts of the tax collectors, are to be expressed in dollars, dimes, cents & mills. And that the verdicts of the juries, on all contracts, made after the first day of May last, are to be expressed conformably to that regulation.



To the OFFICERS and SOLDIERS

WHO served in the army of the United States of America during the war with Great-Britain, the Subscriber offers his services—Such as may think proper to communicate with, or call upon him, may be assured his best exertions shall be made to become useful to them, and on moderate terms. He has already received many applications from this USEFUL class of citizens, and therefore has resolved to devote a part of his time to their benefit.

His OFFICE is opened at Warrenton for the purpose, where diligent attention will be given to all persons applying. WILL. FALKNER.

COME IN TIME, AND YOU MAY BE SERVED WITH GOOD EFFECT. 12

NOTICE.

WHEREAS a certain ISAAC SIMS privately eloped from this neighbourhood, on the 11th of June at night, and took with him a mare of mine for twenty-eight gallons and one quart of brandy, given the 28th of May. He also has a bay Mare of mine, near 15 hands high, branded on the near thigh, three years old this spring: For which property he was to have made me a title to the land whereon he then resided; which he failed to do, and on examination no right is found to be vested in him: This is therefore to forewarn all persons from trading for the said mare or mare. It is not known what route said Sims went. I will be much obliged to any person that will give me information of him, which may be done by a line by post. WILLIAM AVERA, sen.

P. S. The day before said Sims went off, he gave another person a bond for titles to the same land, and received a valuable mare of him; which he also carried off, together with his wife and four children. He is of a light complexion, about six feet high, and about 26 years of age. Cumberland county, near Averasburg, June 6.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS the taxes due on certain pieces of land in Montgomery county, entered in the name of John Porterfield, and given in by John G. Blount, and David Allison, Esqrs. amounting to one hundred and sixty three thousand two hundred acres, which taxes amounting to one hundred fifty-six pounds 8s. for 1795, have not been paid agreeable to law—These are therefore to notify those concerned, that unless the said tax is paid, so much of said land will be disposed of at public sale as will satisfy the tax aforesaid, &c. on Tuesday the fifth day of July next at the Court-house in the town of Henderson—The sale will be continued from day to day, until a sufficient sum is raised for the purpose aforesaid. JOHN DAVIDSON, Sheriff.

May 15. 11 3

On Saturday the 24th June next, will be sold at public sale, to the highest bidder, at Moore Court-house—

ABOUT or upwards of 250,000 Acres of LAND, the property of John G. Blount or David Ellison, to satisfy the Tax due thereon, for the year 1795—And, likewise will be sold at Moore Court-house, at public sale, on Tuesday the 16th August next, the following Tracts of Land, viz.—220 Acres on Wet Creek, in said county, supposed to be the property of one Hooper—100 Acres do. joining the Montgomery county line, on Wolf Creek, supposed to be the property of one Wilkins—200 Acres on Horse Creek, supposed to be the property of George Lucas—100 Acres on Wet Creek by the name of Waddles old Fields; in like manner to satisfy the Tax due thereon, for the year 1795. MALCOLM M'NEIL, Sheriff.

May 12th, 1795.

FRESH TEAS.

HYSON and Soufhong Teas, of superior quality, just received and for sale by ROBERT DONALDSON & Co.

Who take this opportunity of informing the public, that they have removed from the store lately occupied by them, to the two story brick house, on the street leading from the State-house to Hay-Mount. 8 Fayetteville, May 9.

RAN-AWAY from John Blackman, on the 1st inst. when on his way to the western country, about 20 miles from Hillsborough, a Negro man slave, the property of Ann Blackman, named Simon, about 21 years of age, well set, very black, country born, and pretty sensible. Any person that will apprehend and deliver him to the subscriber, near the Six-Runs, in Sampson county, shall be generously rewarded. April 27. 6 4 HENRY KING.