

gallant defence, I am grieved to add, they were under the necessity of capitulating, to a very great superiority of numbers.

I herewith inclose a list of the killed and wounded, and I have every reason to believe it correct.

Lieut. Col. Hely, 11th Foot killed.
Major Gen. Coote, wounded.
Colonel Campbell, 3d Guards, wounded.
Major Donkin, 44th Foot, wounded.
Capt. Walker, Royal Artillery, wounded.
And near 60 rank and file killed and wounded.

HENRY WARDE.

Capt. and Lieut. Col. 1st Guards.

The affair near Oltend was not considered in England as a disaster, as Gen. Coote succeeded in the entire object of his expedition, and as they have a greater number of French prisoners in England, which they wish to get rid of for any thing like an equivalent.

Last evening a brig anchored in this harbour belonging to Norfolk, last from Grenada, which on her passage has been taken by a French privateer—After separating from which, the Americans rose and retook the vessel, conveying a principal part of the Frenchmen. A few days afterwards fell in with the Assistance, British ship, and put 6 Frenchmen on board of her. One of the privateer's crew still remains in the brig.

NEW-YORK, July 18. INTERESTING.

It is with peculiar pleasure we present to our readers the following letters. The Miss Murrays have done themselves high honour by this interesting and splendid offering on the altar of patriotism. From the known character of the Washington troop, composed of gentlemen distinguished not less for their courage and attachment to government than for their rank and fortune, the Miss Murrays may rest assured that this rich banner will always proudly wave in the field of honor. Who would not be an American soldier, to be thus distinguished—thus rewarded. *Mars* has always been the favorite of *Venus*. The lovely harbinger of day, as she moves in her bright circle, keeps close to her resplendent orb, seeking his guardianship and care: mean time the sweet enchantress lavishes her smiles and tenderness on her protector.—So, may the fair ever smile on those who draw their swords in their defence.

To COLONEL GILES.

Animated by those sentiments which warm the breast of every true American, we offer to the troop which you have the honor to command, a standard, the only testimony we are permitted to give, of our attachment to our country. Do us the favour to accept it, and may your conduct in the day of battle give it value. Accept, likewise, our best wishes for your happiness; may he who rules the Universe protect you in every danger, and may the great and glorious name you have adopted, together with your own principles of honor, form an impenetrable bulwark against every attack on the dignity and independence of the American nation.

MARY & HANNAH MURRAY.

New York, July 18, 1798.

New York, July 19, 1798.

I have received, Ladies, your letter of yesterday, with the standard which it offers to the troop under my command—It is a pleasing task to me to be the organ of the gratitude to you, for a testimony of your attachment to your country, and in its relation to them so flattering. They regard it as a sacred deposit which they hope never to dishonour. An incitement so interesting and affecting, from a source so amiable, cannot but add enthusiasm to their patriotism and energy to their fortitude.

With true respect and regard,

I have the honor to be, Ladies,

Your very obedient and humble servant,

A. GILES,

Commanding the Washington Troop
of Light Dragoons.

To Misses MARY & HANNAH MURRAY.

PHILADELPHIA, July 23.

Lyon, whose endeavours, like those of his associate and fellow laborer Livingston, tended to excite mobs and riots for the overthrow of the government and constitution, has become himself the object of popular contempt. On his arrival at Trenton, an immense concourse of people attended him with their compliments, and the firing sound of sundry rattling drums, to the tune of the "Rogue's March" revived the grateful recollection of his warlike exploits at the wooden sword redoubt, on Onion river. On resuming his seat in the stage, the admiring populace, with loud acclamations, still followed the redoubted knight and the drums, still rattling to the accustomed sound, cheerily waving the gentle patriot along, fairly drummed him out of town. The hisses and hootings of the crowd, were loud and universal. At Brunswick the same honours awaited our renowned hero, this pink of chivalry, gentility and knighthood.

Extract of a letter from New York, July 21.

"I hasten to communicate to you the honours bestowed on citizen Lyon of Spitting Memory. He

went on in the stage before us. At Trenton during dinner, he was serenaded with the Rogue's March, and departed with the hisses and curses of the crowd—at Brunswick, he was escorted over the bridge by a Drum and Fife playing the same tune, amidst the hisses and shouts of children and others who followed. The people gathered as he passed along to look at him. Nothing was wanting to complete the procession but the Wooden Sword. This is nothing the honours which await him, on his return to his own district in Vermont."

July 24.

The London papers, to the 24th May, give the particulars of the late descent by the British on the Flemish coast. The expedition succeeded, in the destruction of the boats of the enemy, the canal of Bruges, Sluices, &c. But general Coote, with all the land forces, after being surrounded, were compelled to capitulate.

For the Information of Merchants.

A Letter from Mr. Daniel Clark, jun. of New Orleans, dated on the 14th ult. has been received by the Secretary of State, communicating the information, that the Intendant of Louisiana has consented to permit as long as the war lasts, the importation for sale in New Orleans of every species of merchandize in American vessels, subject only to a duty of 6 per centum; and the exportation of the produce of that province in American bottoms on the payment of the same duty. He has also exempted from duty all exports from New Orleans to the American settlements on the Mississippi and Ohio.

Department of State,

July 23, '98.

JACOB WAGNER, Chief Clerk.

Extract of a letter from the Spanish territory of Louisiana, dated June 20th, 1798.

"On a representation to the Intendant of this place, by Mr. Daniel Craik, jun. who acts as consul for the United States, the former with the consent of his tribunal, has granted free entrance in this port of all neutral vessels, under the same restriction, only as the colonial; that is on paying six per cent duty on their cargoes and have also granted liberty to export the produce of the colony under the same restrictions. This is to the American commerce a matter of the greatest consequence, which by treaty is not permitted, New Orleans being the ONLY DEPOT. Nor is the privilege of exporting Spanish produce in other vessels granted by treaty. The produce of the ceded territory is nothing but cotton, an article which cannot load a vessel, on account of its bulk and lightness, without an amazing quantity of ballast. This evil is remedied by this circumstance, which permits them to load with the Spanish articles of logwood, peltries, &c."

FAYETTEVILLE, AUGUST 11.

The Election closed here last evening, and the following persons were duly elected to represent the town and county.

Thomas Davis, Town Member.
Samuel D. Purviance, } Commoners.
Neil Smith, }
Daniel McLean, Senator.

APPOINTMENT

Of Commissioners under the act to provide for the valuation of lands and houses, and for the enumeration of slaves—for the state of NORTH-CAROLINA.

1st. division, John Skinner,
2 Spyres Single on,
3 Joseph John Williams,
4 Absalom Tatem,
5 Thomas Henderson,
6 Wallace Alexander,
7 Joseph Dixon.

Appointments by Authority.

Henry Grants, of South Carolina, Consul for the port of Leith in Scotland.
John Spence West, Marshal for the North Carolina District.

By capt. Buffington arrived at Salem, the 16th ult. in 17 days from Martinique, information is brought of the arrival of a vessel there in 20 days from London, bringing the intelligence of a complete defeat of the French in an attempt to effect a descent on England. A considerable number of troops having landed they were all cut off to a man, and 80 gun boats having on board 16,000 men, were entirely destroyed by Admiral Nelson and Sir Sydney Smith. The French failed from Brett.

GALLANT EXPLOIT.

The brig Fly, Brice, from Philadelphia for Cowes, was captured on her passage by a French privateer. The crew were taken out, except the captain and mate, and 10 Frenchmen put on board. Capt. Brice seized an opportunity when three of the Frenchmen were below, and the other seven collected about the after hatchways, to assault them with his mate (both unarmed) and after knocking down several of them, secured the rest under hatchways, and retook the vessel.

The Rev. Mr. Thayer, in a discourse delivered before the Roman Catholic Congregation, at Boston, on the 5th of May last, the day of our national fast, speaking of France, says that their own writers confess that, by the different modes of destruction, the guillotine, shooting, drowning, and the like, upwards of 30,000 persons were killed at Lyons; from 27,000 to 40,000 at Nantz, chiefly by drowning, which they call the national baptism, so that the water of the Loire, near which the city stands, became putrid and was forbidden to be drunk. At Paris, 150 thousand, and at Lavendee, 300,000 were destroyed. He says, they own themselves, that since the beginning of their revolution, two millions of their nation have been sacrificed, of which 2,400,000 were women, and 30,000 children; and that this calculation is exclusive of the soldiers, who have perished in camp, or fallen in battle, and of unborn infants, who have been destroyed together with their mothers.

Accounts have been received that Lord Fitzgerald had been taken at the house of a feather merchant in Dublin, and confined a prisoner in the castle. He was stabbed with a dagger, and dangerously wounded Mr. Swan and Capt. Ryan, who with a party of soldiers were sent to arrest him.

New York, July 21.

Yesterday morning, about 3 o'clock, Mr. Gardie went to his wife's bed, and, with a knife, stabbed her to the heart! Her screams awoke her son, about 10 years old—he got up, and, before he had time to leave the room, he saw Mr. Gardie plunge the same knife into his own belly! They both expired on the spot! They were at lodgings at the noted French boarding-house, the corner of Pearl and Broad-streets.

The cause of this very dreadful catastrophe is attributed to extreme penury, and her refusing to accompany him to France, whither he was going shortly, having taken his passage. This refusal created jealousy; tho' there is no grounds for the suspicion.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS agreeably to an Act of Assembly, passed at Raleigh, in 1795, and extended in 1797, the subscriber was last county court appointed Treasurer and Superintendent of Public Buildings, in Cumberland county.

The former Commissioners and other persons having monies in their hands, which ought to be applied to the repairs and improvements of the public buildings for the district of Fayetteville—will take notice, that unless they come forward and settle their respective accounts with me, previous to the first day of October next, that they will be proceeded against agreeably to the direction of the above recited acts of Assembly.

S. MURLEY, Treasurer.

Fayetteville, August 10.

Public Buildings.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intending to leave the state for some months, requests all those who may have business with him during his absence, to apply to Mr. Gaven Alves, at Snow-Hill, on Little River, near Hillsborough. JAMES HOGG.

NEGROES, FURNACE, MILL, &c. &c. FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD on Thursday the 22d day of November next, to the highest bidder for ready money, in Stokes county, on Dan River, at the mouth of Snow-Creek; several likely NEGROES, among which is a likely young Fellow, an excellent Collier of a good character, and several Women and Boys; four or five Feather Beds and furniture, and other household goods; three Waggon and Teams; Also will be sold the same day, 500 acres of good LAND on the north side of Dan-River, from the mouth of the said Snow-Creek, up the said Dan River above the Red-Shoal-Ford, known by the name of Clayton's Tract—there is about 100 acres cleared land on it, chiefly low-ground, equal in quality to any land from the Upper-Sawry-Town on the said river;—there is a dwelling house on it, three rooms below stairs, a brick chimney and one fire place up stairs, a kitchen &c. a good apple orchard, peaches, cherries, &c.—and one tract of land joining Colonel James Martin, on the said creek, about six miles above the mouth, containing 300 acres, about 80 acres cleared, a good dwelling house and kitchen, a good peach orchard on it.—The above tracts of land will be sold one half for ready money, the other half in twelve months. There will be offered for sale the same day, a new and well built Furnace, Forge and Grift Mill, on the said creek; a good plantation from the Furnace down the creek to the river, and 500 acres of well timbered land—Terms, part ready money, and the other part on a credit as may be agreed to on that day. There is a very good set of patterns and flasks for casting.

Any person inclining to purchase, will be shewn the lands by applying to Nicholas Perkins, jun. at the Iron works. PETER PERKINS.

July 9.

N. B. If the Furnace, Forge, Mill and Timber Land is not sold on that day, it will be rented.